Name: Bhargav K. Vasani

Roll No.: 25

Enrollment Number: 20SOECE13030

20SOECE13030 - Lab Manual

Tutorial – 1:- implement lexical analyzer in c.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
#include<ctype.h>
#include<conio.h>
int main()
{
  int i, a[100], len, count, l;
  char s[100], j[10], s1[100], var [100];
  printf("Enter the string:");
  gets(s);
  len = strlen(s);
  for (i = 0; i < len; i++)
     if (isalpha(s[i]))
       if (s[i] == 'i' \&\& s[i + 1] == 'n' \&\& s[i + 2] == 't') {
          printf("%c%c%c is keyword n", s[i], s[i + 1], s[i + 2]);
          i = i + 2;
       }
       else if (s[i] == 'f' \&\& s[i + 1] == 'o' \&\& s[i + 2] == 'r') {
          printf("%c%c%c is keyword n ", s[i], s[i + 1], s[i + 2]);
          i = i + 2;
       else if (s[i] == 'w' && s[i + 1] == 'h' && s[i + 2] == 'i' && s[i + 3] == 'l') {
          printf("%c%c%c%c is keyword n , s[i], s[i + 1], s[i + 2], s[i + 3]);
          i = i + 3;
       else if (s[i] == 'a' \&\& s[i + 1] == 'u' \&\& s[i + 2] == 't' \&\& s[i + 3] == 'o') {
          printf("%c%c%c%c is keyword n ", s[i], s[i + 1], s[i + 2], s[i + 3]);
          i = i + 3;
       else if (s[i] == 'c' && s[i+1] == 'a' && s[i+2] == 's' && s[i+3] == 'e') {
          printf("%c%c%c%c is keyword \n ", s[i], s[i + 1], s[i + 2], s[i + 3]);
          i = i + 3;
       else if (s[i] == 'c' && s[i + 1] == 'h' && s[i + 2] == 'a' && s[i + 3] == 'r') {
          printf("%c%c%c%c is keyword \n ", s[i], s[i + 1], s[i + 2], s[i + 3]);
          i = i + 3;
       else if (s[i] == 'e' && s[i + 1] == 'l' && s[i + 2] == 's' && s[i + 3] == 'e') {
          printf("%c%c%c%c is keyword n ", s[i], s[i + 1], s[i + 2], s[i + 3]);
          i = i + 3;
       } else if (s[i] == b' \& s[i+1] == r' \& s[i+2] == e' \& s[i+3] == a' \& s[i+4]) {
          printf("%c%c%c%c%c is keyword n, s[i], s[i + 1], s[i + 2], s[i + 3], s[i + 4]);
```

```
i = i + 4;
  } else
     printf("%c is identifier \n ", s[i]);
} else if (isdigit(s[i])) {
  printf("%c", s[i]);
  while (isdigit(s[i + 1]) | | s[i + 1] == '.') {
  printf("%c", s[i + 1]);
     i++;
  printf(" is digit \n");
} else if (s[i] == '+' || s[i] == '-' || s[i] == '*' || s[i] == '/') {
  if (s[i + 1] == '+') {
     printf("%c%c is increment operator n", s[i], s[i + 1]);
     i++;
  } else if (s[i + 1] == '-') {
     printf("%c%c is decrement operator \n", s[i], s[i + 1]);
     i++;
  } else {
     printf("%c is arithmetic operator n , s[i]);
else if (s[i] == '=') {
  if (s[i + 1] == '=') {
     printf("%c%c is relational operator n", s[i], s[i + 1]);
  } else if (s[i - 1] == '!') {
     printf("%c%c is relational operator\n ", s[i], s[i - 1]);
     i++;
  } else {
     printf("%c is assignment operator \n ", s[i]);
} else if (s[i] == '<' || s[i] == '>') {
  if (s[i] == '>' \&\& s[i + 1] == '>' || s[i] == '<' \&\& s[i + 1] == '<') {
     printf("%c%c is bitwise operator n", s[i], s[i + 1]);
     i++;
  else if (s[i + 1] == '=') {
     printf("%c%c is relational operator\n ", s[i], s[i + 1]);
     i++;
  } else {
     printf("%c is relational operator \n", s[i]);
\} else if (s[i] == '\&' || s[i] == '|' || s[i] == '^' || s[i] == '^') {
  printf("%c is bitwise operator \n", s[i]);
}
```

}

:: Output ::

```
Enter the string:bhargav > 2
b is identifier
h is identifier
a is identifier
r is identifier
g is identifier
a is identifier
v is identifier
> is relational operator
2 is digit
```

Tutorial – 2:- implement regular expression in c.

1. a*

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
void main()
  char s[10], flag;
  int i = 0;
  printf("Enter The String For a*:");
  gets(s);
  while (s[i] != '\0') {
     if (s[0] == '\0') {
       flag = 1;
     }
     if (s[i] == 'a') {
       flag = 1;
     } else {
       flag = 0;
       break;
     }
     i++;
  if (flag == 1) {
     printf("Valid");
  } else
     printf("In Valid");
}
```

:: Output ::

Enter The String For a*:aaaaaa Valid

2. a*b

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
int main()
  int flag, length, i = 0;
  char str[15];
  printf("\nEnter The String For a*b:\n");
  gets(str);
  if (strlen(str) == 1) {
     if (str[0] == 'b') {
       flag = 0;
     } else {
       flag = 1;
     }
  }
  if (strlen(str) > 1) {
     length = strlen(str);
     while (i < length-1) {
       if (str[length - 1] == 'b' && str[i] == 'a')
       {
          flag = 0;
       } else {
          flag = 1;
          break;
       }
          i++;
     }
  }
  if (flag == 0) {
     printf("Valid \n");
  if (flag == 1) {
     printf("Invalid \n");
  }
}
```

:: Output ::

Enter The String For a*b: aaab Valid

3. (a/b)*

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
int main() {
  char str[10], is;
  int i = 0;
  char state = 'x';
  printf("\n Enter String :");
  gets(str);
  for (i = 0; i < strlen(str); i++) {
     is = str[i];
     if (state == 'x' && is == 'a') state = 'x';
     else if (state == 'x' && is == 'b') state = 'x';
  }
  if (state == 'x')
     printf("\n String is Valid ");
     printf("\n String is Invalid ");
}
```

:: Output ::

Enter String :ababa

String is Valid

4.00(0/1)*

```
#include<conio.h>
#include<string.h>
void main() {
  char str[8], is;
  int i = 0;
  char state;
  printf("Enter String :");
  gets(str);
  for (i = 0; i < strlen(str); i++) {
     is = str[i];
     if (str[i]=='0' || str[i]=='1'){
       if (str[0]=='0' && str[1]=='0') state = 'z';
     }else{
       state = 'x';
     }
  }
  if (state == 'z') {
     printf("\nValid String");
  } else {
     printf("\nInvalid String");
  }
}
```

:: Output ::

Enter String :001

Valid String

5. (a/b)*abb

```
#include<conio.h>
#include<string.h>
int main()
{
  char str[8], is;
  int i = 0, length = 0;
  char state = 'x';
  printf("Enter String :");
  gets(str);
  for (i = 0; i < strlen(str); i++)
     is = str[i];
     if (state == 'x' && is == 'a') state = 'x';
     else if (state == 'x' && is == 'b') state = 'x';
  }
  length = (strlen(str));
  if (str[length - 3] == 'a' && str[length - 2] == 'b' && str[length - 1] == 'b')
  {
     state = 'x';
  }
  else
  {
     state = 'f';
  }
  if (state == 'x')
     printf("Valid String");
  if (state == 'f')
     printf("Invalid String");
}
```

:: Output ::

Enter String :abbabb Valid String

6. (0/1)*01(0/1)*

```
#include<conio.h>
#include<string.h>
int main()
  char str[8], is;
  int i = 0;
  char state = 'x';
  printf("Enter String :");
  gets(str);
  for (i = 0; i < strlen(str); i++)
     is = str[i];
     if (state == 'x' && is == '0') state = 'y';
     else if (state == 'x' && is == '1') state = 'x';
     else if (state == 'y' && is == '0') state = 'y';
     else if (state == 'y' && is == '1') state = 'z';
     else if (state == 'z' && is == '0') state = 'z';
     else if (state == 'z' && is == '1') state = 'z';
  }
  if (state == 'z')
     printf("Valid String");
  }
  else {
     printf("Invalid String");
  }
}
```

:: Output ::

Enter String :0010 Valid String

7. aⁿbⁿ,n>1

```
#include<conio.h>
#include<string.h>
int main()
  char str[8], a, b;
  int i = 0, counter = 0, flag = 0;
  printf("Enter String :");
  gets(str);
  while (str[i] == 'a')
    counter++;
  }
  while (str[i] == 'b')
    counter--;
    i++;
  }
  if (str[i] == 'a' || str[i] == 'b')
    flag = 1;
  if (counter == 0 && flag == 0)
     printf("Valid Sring");
  }
  if (flag == 1)
     printf("Invalid String");
}
```

:: <u>Output ::</u>

Enter String :ab Valid Sring

8. a^nb^m , n > = m#include<conio.h> #include<string.h> int main() char str[8], a, b; int i = 0, counter = 0, flag = 0; printf("Enter String :"); gets(str); while (str[i] == 'a') counter++; i++; while (str[i] == 'b') counter--; i++; if (str[i] == 'a' || str[i] == 'b') flag = 1; if (counter >= 0 && flag == 0) printf("Valid Sring"); } if (counter < 0 | | flag == 1) printf("Invalid String"); } }

:: Output ::

Enter String :aab Valid Sring

```
9. a<sup>n</sup>b<sup>2m</sup> ,n=m
#include<conio.h>
#include<string.h>
int main()
  char str[8], a, b;
  int i = 0, counter1 = 0, counter2 = 0, flag = 0;
  printf("\nEnter The String:");
  gets(str);
  while (str[i] == 'a')
     counter1++;
     i++;
  while (str[i] == 'b')
     counter2++;
     i++;
  if (str[i] == 'a' || str[i] == 'b')
     flag = 1;
  if ((counter2 == 2 * counter1) && flag == 0)
     printf("Valid String");
  if ((counter2 != 2 * counter1) || flag == 1)
     printf("Invalid String");
  }
}
```

:: Output ::

Enter The String:abb Valid String

10. a^nb^m , n is odd and m is even

```
#include<conio.h>
#include<string.h>
int main()
{
  char str[8], a, b;
  int i = 0, counter1 = 0, counter2 = 0, flag = 0;
  printf("Enter String :");
  gets(str);
  while (str[i] == 'a') {
    counter1++;
    i++;
  while (str[i] == 'b') {
    counter2++;
    i++;
  if (str[i] == 'a' || str[i] == 'b') {
    flag = 1;
  if (counter1 % 2 != 0 && counter2 % 2 == 0 && flag == 0)
     printf("Valid String");
  else
  {
     printf("Invalid String");
  }
}
```

:: Output ::

Enter String :abb Valid String

Tutorial – 3:- implement Finite Automata in c.

```
//Finite automata for a*b
#include<conio.h>
int main() {
  int state[2], i, j, c, d;
  char isymbol[4];
  printf("Enter No. of State for a*b:");
  for (i = 0; i < 2; i++) {
    scanf("%d", & state[i]);
  printf("Enter No. of I/p Symbol for a*b:");
  for (j = 0; j < 2; j++) {
    scanf("%s", & isymbol[j]);
  }
  //finite automata for a*b
  printf("\ta \t b\n");
  printf("----");
  printf("\ns1\n\ns2");
  for (c = 0; c < 2; c++) {
    for (d = 0; d < 2; d++) {
       if (state[c] == 1 && isymbol[d] == 'a') {
         gotoxy(8, 12);
         printf("%d", state[c]);
       if (state[c] == 1 && isymbol[d] == 'b') {
         gotoxy(18, 12);
         printf("%d", state[d]);
       if (state[c] == 2 && isymbol[d] == 'a') {
         gotoxy(8, 14);
         printf("%d", state[d]);
       if (state[c] == 2 && isymbol[d] == 'b') {
         gotoxy(18, 14);
         printf("%d", state[0]);
       }
    }
  }
```

:: Output ::

```
Enter No. of State for a*b:1

2
Enter No. of I/p Symbol for a*b:a
b
a
b
----
s1
1
2
```

Tutorial – 4:- implement lexical analyzer using LEX tool.

:: Output ::

int a[10];

int is keyword a is variable
[is a special character
10 is integer
] is a special character
; is a special character

Tutorial – 5:- implement syntax analyzer using YACC tool.

Cacl.y

```
%{
#include <stdio.h>
int regs[26];
int base;
%}
%start list
%token DIGIT LETTER
%left '|'
%left '&'
%left '+' '-'
%left '*' '/' '%'
%left UMINUS /*supplies precedence for unary minus */
%% /* beginning of rules section */
list: /*empty */
list stat '\n'
list error '\n'
yyerrok;
stat: expr
printf("%d\n",$1);
}
LETTER '=' expr
regs[$1] = $3;
};
expr: '(' expr ')'
$$ = $2;
expr '*' expr
$$ = $1 * $3;
expr '/' expr
$$ = $1 / $3;
```

```
expr '%' expr
$$ = $1 % $3;
expr '+' expr
$$ = $1 + $3;
expr '-' expr
$$ = $1 - $3;
expr '&' expr
$$ = $1 & $3;
expr'|'expr
$$ = $1 | $3;
'-' expr %prec UMINUS
$$ = -$2;
LETTER
$$ = regs[$1];
number
number: DIGIT
$$ = $1;
base = ($1==0) ? 8 : 10;
number DIGIT
$$ = base * $1 + $2;
%%
main()
return(yyparse());
```

```
yyerror(s)
char *s;
fprintf(stderr, "%s\n",s);
yywrap()
return(1);
Calc.l
%{
#include <stdio.h>
#include "y.tab.h"
int c;
extern int yylval;
%}
%%
"";
[a-z] {
c = yytext[0];
yylval = c - 'a';
return(LETTER);
}
[0-9] {
c = yytext[0];
yylval = c - '0';
return(DIGIT);
}
[^a-z0-9\b] {
c = yytext[0];
return(c);
Output -
Example-1
5 + 3
8
Example-2
6 *
```

Syntax invalid