

PHYS755 Homework 1

Ex. 1.1.3 (pg 4), Ex. 1.1.4 (pg 5), Ex. 1.1.5 (pg 5), Ex. 1.3.1 (pg 15), Ex. 1.3.2 (pg 16)

1.1.3) f, g, h are vectors; a and b are scalars

	$f(0) = f(4) = 0$	$f(0) = f(4)$	$f(0) = 4$
$f + g \in \mathcal{V}$	✓	✓	✗
$a(f+g) = af + ag$	✓	✓	✓
$(a+b)f = af + bf$	✓	✓	✓
$a(bf) = abf$	✓	✓	✓
$f+g = g+f$	✓	✓	✓
$f+(g+h) = (f+g)+h$	✓	✓	✓
$f+0 = f$	✓	✓	✓
$f+(-f) = 0$	✓	✓	✓

Functions satisfying $f(0) = 4$ do not have closure.

- $f(0) + g(0) = 4 + 4 = 8$
 $\therefore f+g \notin \mathcal{V}$
- $a f(0) = a(4)$
 $\therefore af \in \mathcal{V}$
iff $a = 1$.

$$1.1.4) |1\rangle = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad |2\rangle = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad |3\rangle = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & -1 \\ 0 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \quad a|1\rangle + b|2\rangle + c|3\rangle = |0\rangle$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & a \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} b & b \\ 0 & b \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} -2c & -c \\ 0 & -2c \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{matrix} b - 2c = 0 \\ a + b - c = 0 \end{matrix} \quad \rightarrow \begin{matrix} b = 2c \\ a + c = 0 \Rightarrow a = -c \Rightarrow b = 2c = -2a \end{matrix}$$

$$\text{Let } b=2, c=1, \text{ and } a=-1 \quad \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} -2 & -1 \\ 0 & -2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

In addition, $|3\rangle$ can be written as $|1\rangle - 2|2\rangle$

$$|1\rangle - 2|2\rangle = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & -1 \\ 0 & -2 \end{bmatrix} = |3\rangle$$

Therefore $|1\rangle$, $|2\rangle$, and $|3\rangle$ are not linearly independent

$$1.1.5) (1,1,0), (1,0,1), (3,2,1); (1,1,0), (1,0,1), (0,1,1)$$

$$a \begin{vmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{vmatrix} + b \begin{vmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{vmatrix} + c \begin{vmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{vmatrix} \quad \begin{array}{l} a + b + 3c = 0 \quad (1) \\ a + 2c = 0 \quad (2) \\ b + c = 0 \quad (3) \end{array} \rightarrow \begin{array}{l} a = -2c \\ b = -c \end{array} \quad \text{Let } c=1, b=-1, a=-2$$

$$-2 \begin{vmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{vmatrix} + (-1) \begin{vmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{vmatrix} + 1 \begin{vmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{vmatrix} \quad \begin{array}{l} -2 - 1 + 3 = 0 \checkmark \\ -2 + 2 = 0 \checkmark \\ -1 + 1 = 0 \checkmark \end{array} \therefore a \begin{vmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{vmatrix} + b \begin{vmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{vmatrix} + c \begin{vmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{vmatrix} \text{ if } a=2b=-2c$$

$$a \begin{vmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{vmatrix} + b \begin{vmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{vmatrix} + c \begin{vmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{vmatrix} \quad \begin{array}{l} a + b = 0 \quad (1) \\ a + c = 0 \quad (2) \\ b + c = 0 \quad (3) \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} a = -b \\ a = -c = -b \\ b = -c \end{array} \Rightarrow \text{True only if } a=b=c=0$$

$$1.3.1) \vec{A} = 3\hat{i} + 4\hat{j} \quad \vec{B} = 2\hat{i} - 6\hat{j} \quad |A\rangle = [3, 4] \quad |B\rangle = [2, -6]$$

$$|1\rangle = \frac{|A\rangle}{|A|} = \frac{[3, 4]}{\sqrt{3^2 + 4^2}} = \left[\frac{3}{5}, \frac{4}{5} \right] \quad \langle 1|B\rangle = \left[\frac{3}{5}, \frac{4}{5} \right] \cdot [2, -6] = \frac{6}{5} - \frac{24}{5} = -\frac{18}{5}$$

$$|2'\rangle = |B\rangle - |1\rangle \langle 1|B\rangle = [2, -6] - \left[\frac{3}{5}, \frac{4}{5} \right] \left(-\frac{18}{5} \right) = \left[2 + \frac{54}{25}, -6 + \frac{72}{25} \right] = \left[\frac{104}{25}, -\frac{78}{25} \right]$$

$$|2'\rangle = \sqrt{\left(\frac{104}{25} \right)^2 + \left(-\frac{78}{25} \right)^2} = \sqrt{\frac{16900}{625}} = \sqrt{\frac{676}{25}} = \frac{26}{5}$$

$$|2\rangle = \frac{|2'\rangle}{|2'|} = \left(\frac{5}{26} \right) \left[\frac{104}{25}, -\frac{78}{25} \right] = \left[\frac{4}{5}, -\frac{3}{5} \right]$$

$$\langle 1|2\rangle = \left[\frac{3}{5}, \frac{4}{5} \right] \cdot \left[\frac{4}{5}, -\frac{3}{5} \right] = 0 \quad \therefore |1\rangle \text{ and } |2\rangle \text{ are an orthonormal basis}$$

$$|3\rangle = \frac{|B\rangle}{|B|} = \frac{[2, -6]}{\sqrt{4+36}} = \left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{10}}, -\frac{3}{\sqrt{10}} \right] \quad \langle 3|A\rangle = \left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{10}}, -\frac{3}{\sqrt{10}} \right] \cdot [3, 4] = \frac{3-12}{\sqrt{10}} = -\frac{9}{\sqrt{10}}$$

$$|4'\rangle = |A\rangle - |3\rangle \langle 3|A\rangle = [3, 4] + \left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{10}}, -\frac{3}{\sqrt{10}} \right] \left(\frac{9}{\sqrt{10}} \right) = \left[\frac{39}{10}, \frac{13}{10} \right]$$

$$|4'\rangle = \sqrt{\left(\frac{39}{10} \right)^2 + \left(\frac{13}{10} \right)^2} = \sqrt{\frac{1690}{100}} = \frac{13}{\sqrt{10}}$$

$$|4\rangle = \frac{|4'\rangle}{|4'|} = \frac{\sqrt{10}}{13} \left[\frac{39}{10}, \frac{13}{10} \right] = \left[\frac{3}{\sqrt{10}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{10}} \right]$$

$$\langle 3|4\rangle = \left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{10}}, -\frac{3}{\sqrt{10}} \right] \cdot \left[\frac{3}{\sqrt{10}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{10}} \right] = 0 \quad \therefore |3\rangle \text{ and } |4\rangle \text{ are an orthonormal basis.}$$

$$1.3.2) |I\rangle = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad |II\rangle = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} \quad |III\rangle = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{to} \quad |1\rangle = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad |2\rangle = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1/\sqrt{5} \\ 2/\sqrt{5} \end{bmatrix} \quad |3\rangle = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -2/\sqrt{5} \\ 1/\sqrt{5} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$|1\rangle = \frac{|I\rangle}{|I|} = \frac{1}{3} \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad \langle 1|II\rangle = [1 \ 0 \ 0] \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

$$|2'\rangle = |II\rangle - |1\rangle\langle 1|II\rangle = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} - 0 \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} \quad |2\rangle = \frac{|2'\rangle}{|2'|} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1^2+2^2}} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1/\sqrt{5} \\ 2/\sqrt{5} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\langle 1|III\rangle = [1 \ 0 \ 0] \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix} = 0 \quad \langle 2|III\rangle = [0 \ 1/\sqrt{5} \ 2/\sqrt{5}] \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix} = 0 + \frac{2}{\sqrt{5}} + \frac{10}{\sqrt{5}} = \frac{12}{\sqrt{5}}$$

$$|3'\rangle = |III\rangle - |1\rangle\langle 1|III\rangle - |2\rangle\langle 2|III\rangle = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix} - 0 \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} - \frac{12}{\sqrt{5}} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1/\sqrt{5} \\ 2/\sqrt{5} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 12/5 \\ 24/5 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -2/5 \\ 1/5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$|3\rangle = \frac{|3'\rangle}{|3'|} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{(-2/5)^2 + (1/5)^2}} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -2/5 \\ 1/5 \end{bmatrix} = \sqrt{5} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -2/5 \\ 1/5 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -2/\sqrt{5} \\ 1/\sqrt{5} \end{bmatrix}$$