

The 2022 ICPC Vietnam Southern Provincial Programming Contest University of Science, VNU-HCM October 30th, 2022



Problem M Two Specials

Time Limit: 8 seconds
Memory Limit: 512 megabytes

In order to make Fabulous City a more attractive place for tourists, the government came up with the following plan: choose two roads of the city and call them SPECIALS. Certainly, these SPECIALS will be proclaimed extremely important special places, which should attract tourists worldwide.

The city can be represented as a graph with the vertices as crossroads and the edges as roads connecting two crossroads. In total, there are n vertices and m edges in the graph, you can move in both directions along any road. You can get from any crossroad to any other by moving only along the roads. Each road connects two different crossroads and no two roads connect the same pair of crossroads.

In order to reduce the traffic along the SPECIALS, it was decided to introduce a toll on each SPECIAL in both directions. Now you need to pay 1 coin for one pass along the SPECIAL. The other roads cost you 0 coin.

Analysts have collected a sample of k citizens, and the i^{th} citizen needs to go to work from the crossroad u_i to the crossroad b_i . After two SPECIALS are chosen, each citizen will go to work along the path with minimal cost.

In order to earn as many coins as possible, it was decided to choose two roads as two SPECIALS, so that the total number of coins paid by these *k* citizens is maximized. Your task is to help the government: according to the given scheme of the city and a sample of citizens, find out which two roads should be made SPECIALS, and how many coins the citizens will pay according to this choice.

Input

Each test consists of multiple test cases. The first line contains one integer t ($1 \le t \le 10^5$) — the number of test cases.

The first line of each test case contains two integers n and m $\left(3 \le n \le 5 \times 10^5, n-1 \le m \le 5 \times 10^5, m \le \frac{n(n-1)}{2}\right)$ - the number of crossroads and roads, respectively.

The next m lines contain the description of roads, the i^{th} line contains two integers s_i and f_i ($1 \le s_i, f_i \le n, s_i \ne f_i$) — indexes of crossroads which are connected by the i^{th} road. It is guaranteed that no two roads connect the same pair of crossroads, you can get from any crossroad to any other by moving only along the roads.

The next line contains a single integer k ($1 \le k \le 5 \times 10^5$) — the number of citizens in the sample.

The next k lines contain the description of citizens, the i^{th} line contains two integers u_i and v_i ($1 \le u_i, v_i \le n, u_i \ne v_i$) - the i^{th} citizen goes to work from crossroad u_i to crossroad v_i .

Let M be the sum of m over all test cases and K be the sum of k over all test cases. It is guaranteed that $M, K \le 5 \times 10^5$.



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Output

For each test case, print the answer to the problem.

In the first line, print the total amount of coins that citizens will pay.

In the second line, print two integers x_1 and y_1 - the numbers of crossroads that will be connected by the first SPECIAL.

In the third line, print two integers x_2 and y_2 - the numbers of crossroads that will be connected by the second SPECIAL.

The numbers of crossroads connected by a SPECIAL can be printed in any order, each of the printed roads should be among m roads of the city, chosen roads should be different.

Sample Input

Sample Output

Sample input	Sample Output
3 5 5	5 1 5
5 5	1 5
1 2 2 3	3 2 5
2 3	5
3 4	4 2
4 5	5 4
5 1	
6	
1 5	
1 3 1 3 2 4	
1 3	
2 4	
2 5	
5 3	
6 5	
1 2	
2 3	
2 4	
4 5	
4 6	
3	
1 6	
5 3	
2 5	