SEC: CSE4

### Part A

### Aim:

Database Querying – Simple queries.

Prerequisite: Oracle.

Outcome: Understanding and use of various Oracle functions.

### **Procedure:**

- 1. Formulate the query for given problem.
- 2. Write the SQL query with proper input.
- 3. Execute the query.

## **Practice Exercise:**

## Sailors(sid, sname, sage, srating)

- 1. Display all the sailors names avoid duplicates.
- 2. Find the name and the age of the youngest sailor
- 3. Find the sailor id's of sailors whose rating is better than some sailor called Bob
- **4.** Find the sailor id's of sailors whose rating is better than every sailor called Bob.
- 5. Count the number of different sailor names.
- **6.** Calculate the average age of all sailors.
- 7. Find the name and the age of the youngest sailor.
- **8.** Find the average age of sailors for each rating level.
- 9. Find the average age of sailors for each rating level that has at least two sailors.
- **10.** Order the names in ascending order.
- 11. Find the sailor id's of sailors with the highest rating
- 12. Find the name and age of the oldest sailor.

### **Instructions:**

- 1. Write and execute the query in Oracle SQL server.
- 2. Paste the snapshot of the output in input & output section.

# Part B

## **Code and Output:**

create table Sailors(sid number(2), sname varchar(15), srating number(2), sage float(4));



create table Sailors( $\underline{sid}$  number(2), sname varchar(15),  $\underline{srating}$  number(2), sage float(4));

Sailors Table created











