305 Lecture 8.2 - Probability Revision

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 This is a short lecture just for revising some of the basic principles about probability.



None - this is just revision

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- 3. A and ¬A are exclusive.
- 4. So, from 1, 2, 3, we get $Pr(A) + Pr(\neg A) = 1$.
- 5. So, from 4, we get $Pr(\neg A) = 1 Pr(A)$.

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Multiplying both sides by Pr(B) gives us

$$Pr(A \wedge B) = Pr(A|B) Pr(B)$$

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- 6. Also by the multiplication rule, $Pr(\neg A \land B) = Pr(B|\neg A) Pr(\neg A)$.
- 7. Putting all these together, we get

$$Pr(B) = Pr(B|A) Pr(A) + Pr(B|\neg A) Pr(\neg A)$$

Another Conditional Probability Rule

Putting that formula for Pr(B) into the definition of conditional probability, we get

$$Pr(A|B) = \frac{Pr(A \land B)}{Pr(B|A) Pr(A) + Pr(B|\neg A) Pr(\neg A)}$$

Yet Another Conditional Probability Rule

$$\begin{split} \Pr(\mathsf{B}|\mathsf{A}) \times \frac{\Pr(\mathsf{A})}{\Pr(\mathsf{B})} &= \frac{\Pr(\mathsf{B} \wedge \mathsf{A})}{\Pr(\mathsf{A})} \times \frac{\Pr(\mathsf{A})}{\Pr(\mathsf{B})} \\ &= \frac{\Pr(\mathsf{A} \wedge \mathsf{B})}{\Pr(\mathsf{A})} \times \frac{\Pr(\mathsf{A})}{\Pr(\mathsf{B})} \\ &= \frac{\Pr(\mathsf{A} \wedge \mathsf{B})}{\Pr(\mathsf{B})} \\ &= \Pr(\mathsf{A}|\mathsf{B}) \end{split}$$

Yet Another Conditional Probability Rule

Or, as it is usually written

$$Pr(A|B) = \frac{Pr(B|A) Pr(A)}{Pr(B)}$$

For Next Time

 We will look at a more complicated example of inverting conditional probabilities.