305 Lecture 5.4 - Strategies 1: Working Backwards

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This lecture discusses strategies for constructing proofs that involve working backwards.

Associated Reading

forall x, section 17.1.

Big Picture

- When you are given a proof to do, you are told what the intended conclusion is.
- · That conclusion will usually have a connective in it.
- And when it does, it will often be good to aim to use the introduction rule for that connective to complete the proof.
- Thinking about how that could happen will often give us something to aim for.

Iteration

- The strategies they discuss in chapter 17 apply recursively.
- Whenever we talk about a 'target' or a 'conclusion', that could be the conclusion of the whole argument, but it does not have to be.
- It could just be something else we've set as a target.

Working Backwards: And

The ∧I rule says

• From X, and Y, infer $X \wedge Y$.

So if the last line is a conjunction, one strategy is to aim to prove both parts.

No Rule Found			1.	A ∧ B	PR
			2.	С	PR
1. A /\ B	:PR	+	3.	""	
2. C 3.	:PR	+ A	4.		
4.		Δ	5.	nn	
5. 6.		Δ	6.		
7.		Δ	7.	nn	
8. 9.		Δ	8.	nn	
10.		Δ	9.	nn	
11. (A /\ C) /\ (B /\	C) :/\I	?	10.	ш	
			11.	(A ∧ C) ∧ (B ∧ C)	ا۸

Writing out premises and conclusion

No Rule Found			1.	A ∧ B	PR
			2.	С	PR
1. A /\ B	:PR	+	3.	ш	
2. C 3.	: PR	+ _	4.		
4.		Δ	5.	1111	
5. 6. A /\ C		∆	6.	A ^ C	
7.		Δ	7.	""	
8. 9.		△	8.		
10. B /\ C		Δ	9.	""	
11. (A /\ C) /\ (B /\ C)	:/\I	?	10.	B∧C	
			11.	(A ∧ C) ∧ (B ∧ C)	ا۸

Setting up \wedge introduction

```
1.
                                                                             A \wedge B
No Rule Found
                                                                             С
    1. A /\ B
                                     :PR
                                                                             Α
    2. C
                                     : PR
                                                                             С
                                                                      4.
    3. A
    4. C
                                                                             A \wedge C
    5. A /\ C
                                                             Δ
    6.
    7.
                                                                             ....
                                                                             ....
    9. B /\ C
   10. (A /\ C) /\ (B /\ C) :/\I
                                                                             B \wedge C
                                                                            (A \wedge C) \wedge (B \wedge C)
```

PR

PR

ΔГ

Working backwards from $A \wedge C$

		1.	A ^
		2.	С
:PR	+	3.	Α
	+ +	4.	С
:R 2	+	5.	AA
:/\I 3,4	*	6.	
	Δ	7.	
	I	8.	
) :/\I	?	9.	В∧
		10.	(A ^
	:PR :/\E 1 :R 2 :/\I 3,4	:PR + :/\E 1 + :R 2 + :/\I 3,4 +	2. :PR

A ^ B	PR
С	PR
Α	∧E 1
С	R 2
A ^ C	∧I 3, 4
IIII	
1111	
""	
B∧C	
$(A \land C) \land (B \land C)$	٨١
	A C

Filling in rules

No Rule Found			1.	A∧B	PR
			2.	С	PR
1. A /\ B	:PR	+	3.	Α	∧E 1
2. C 3. A	:PR :/\E 1	+	4.	С	R 2
4. C	:R 2	+	5.	A ^ C	∧I 3, 4
5. A /\ C 6. B	:/\I 3,4	+ _	6.	В	
7. C		Δ.	7.	С	
8. B /\ C 9. (A /\ C) /\ (B /\ C)	:/\I	^ ?	8.	B∧C	
	-, -		9.	(A ∧ C) ∧ (B ∧ C)	ا۸
				•	

Working backwards from $B \wedge C$

1. 2.	A∧B	PR
2.	С	PR
3.	Α	∧E 1
4.	С	R 2
3.4.5.6.	A ^ C	∧I 3, 4
	В	∧E 1
7.	С	R 2
8.	B ∧ C (A ∧ C) ∧ (B ∧ C)	∧I 6, 7
9.	(A ∧ C) ∧ (B ∧ C)	٨١

Filling in line numbers for the second half

```
A \wedge B, C \vdash (A \wedge C) \wedge (B \wedge C)
    1. A /\ B
                                  :PR
    2. C
                                  :PR
    3. A
                                  :/\E 1
    4. C
                                  :R 2
    5. A /\ C
                                  :/\I 3,4
    6. B
                                  :/\E 1
    7. C
                                  :R 2
    8. B /\ C
                                 :/\I 6, 7
    9. (A /\ C) /\ (B /\ C) :/\I 5, 8
```

1.	A ∧ B	PR
2.	С	PR
3.	Α	∧E 1
4.	С	R 2
5.	A ^ C	∧I 3, 4
6.	В	∧E 1
7.	С	R 2
8.	B∧C	∧I 6, 7
9.	(A ∧ C) ∧ (B ∧ C)	∧l 5, 8

Filling in line numbers for the final line

No Rule Found			1.	$A \rightarrow B$	PR
			2.	mii .	
1. A -> B	:PR	+	3.	nn	
2.		Δ	4.	ш	
3. 4.		Δ.	5.		
5.		Δ.	6.	IIII	
6. 7.		Δ.	7.		
8. (A /\ C) -> ((B /\ C)	Δ		(4 0) : (5 0)	
			8.	$(A \land C) \rightarrow (B \land C)$	

Premise and conclusion

lo Rule Found		1.	$A \rightarrow B$	PR
	PR + +	 3. 4. 6. 7. 8. 9. 	A ∧ C 	AS →I 2-8

Setting up $\rightarrow I$

No Rule Found		
1. A -> B 2. A /\ C	:PR :AS	+
3. 4. B 5.		Δ
6. C 7. B /\ C 8. (A /\ C) -> (B /\ C)	:/\I 4, 5	? ? ?

$A \rightarrow B$	PR
A ^ C	AS
ш	
В	
IIII	
С	∧E 2
B∧C	∧I 4, 5
$(A \land C) \rightarrow (B \land C)$	→I 2-6

Setting up $\wedge I$

1.

Rule Found			1.	$A \rightarrow B$	PR
			2.	A ^ C	AS
1. A -> B 2. A /\ C	:PR :AS	+ +	3.	Α	∧E 2
3. A	:/\E 2	+	4.	В	→E 1, 3
4. B	:->E 1, 3	+ _	5.	""	
4. B 5. 6. C 7. B /\ C		Δ	6.	С	
7. B /\ C 8. (A /\ C) -> (B /\	:/\I \ () :->I 2-8	?	7.	B∧C	٨١
01 (11 / (6 /	((, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		8.	$(A \land C) \rightarrow (B \land C)$	→I 2-8

Getting the first conjunct

No Rule Found		
1. A -> B	:PR	+
2. A /\ C	:AS	+
3. A	:/\E 2	+
4. B	:->E 1, 3	+
5. C	:/\E 2	+
6. B /\ C	:/\I	?
7. (A /\ C) -> (B /\ C)		?

	$A \rightarrow B$	PR
2.	A A C	AS
3.	A	∧E 2
ŀ.	В	→E 1, 3
j.	c	∧E 2
6.	B∧C	٨١
' .	$(A \land C) \rightarrow (B \land C)$	→I 2-8

Getting the second conjunct

o Rule Found			1.	$A \rightarrow B$	PR
			2.	A ^ C	AS
1. A -> B 2. A /\ C	:PR :AS	+ +	3.	Α	∧E 2
3. A	:/\E 2	+	4.	В	→E 1, 3
4. B 5. C	:->E 1, 3 :/\E 2	+ +	5.	С	∧E 2
6. B /\ C	:/\I 4, 5	+	6.	B∧C	∧l 4, 5
7. (A /\ C) -> (B /\	C) :->I 2-8	?	7.	$(A \land C) \rightarrow (B \land C)$	→I 2-8

Line numbers for the \land I step

\rightarrow B \vdash (A \land C) \rightarrow (B \land C)	1. A → B 2. A ∧ C
1. A -> B :PR 2. A /\ C :AS 3. A :\\E 2 4. B :->E 1, 3 5. C :\\E 2 6. B /\ C :\\I 4, 5 7. (A /\ C) -> (B /\ C) :->I 2-6	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

Line numbers for the \rightarrow I step

PR
AS

^E 2
→E 1, 3

^E 2

^I 4, 5
→I 2-6

No Rule Found		1	. A → B	PR
		2	¬B	PR
1. A -> B	:PR	+ 3		
2. ∼B 3.	:PR	+ _A 4		
4.		Δ 5	j. nn	
5. 6.		Δ 6	j. III	
7.		△ 7	. ""	
8. ~A		Δ 8	3. ¬A	
			'	

Premises and Conclusion

1. A ->	В	:PR	+
2. ~B		:PR	+
3.	Α	:AS	+
4.			
5.	!?	:~E	?
5. 6. ~A		:~I	?
01 ·A		• • •	

$A \rightarrow B$	PR
¬В	PR
A	AS
1111	
	¬E
¬A	٦

Setting up ¬I

1.

lo Rule Found			1.	$A \rightarrow B$	PR
			2.	¬B	PR
1. A -> B 2. ~B	:PR :PR	+	3.	A	AS
3. A	:AS	+	4.	В	→E 1, 3
4. B 5. !?	:->E 1,3 :~E 2, 4	+	5.	_	¬E 2, 4
6. ~A	:~I	?	6.	¬A	اد

Getting the Contradiction

1. A	-> B	:PR	+
2. ~B	}	:PR	+
3.	Α	:AS	+
4.	В	:->E 1, 3	+
5. 6. ~A	!?	:~E 2, 4	+
6. ~A		:~I 3-5	+

1.	A → B	PF
1. 2.	¬В	PF
3.	Α	AS
4.	В	→E 1, 3
5.	Т	¬E 2, 4
6.	¬A	¬I 3-5

Finishing the Proof

Working Backwards

- What if the conclusion is a disjunction?
- · Don't work backwards!



• We'll look at strategies that involve going forwards.