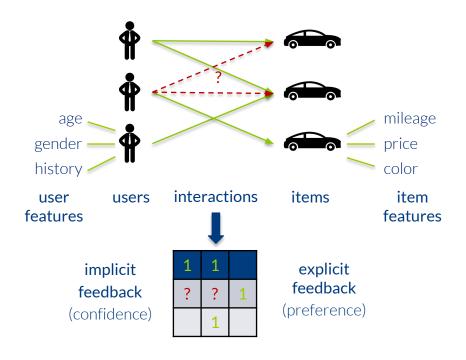


#### Introduction



#### Definition

Finds items suited to user's requirements

Order by relevance

- news
- research papers

⇒ Implicit feedback

**Predict ratings** 

- movies
- music
- apps
- ⇒ Explicit feedback

Types

Collaborative Filtering

Cold-start-problem

Sparsity

Demographic Recommender

Obvious recommendations

Content-based Recommender

Context-based Recommender

Types

Collaborative Filtering





Content-based Recommender

Hybrid Recommender

#### Factorization Machines - Motivation

- Use information about items to avoid cold start
- > Problems
  - a. Data contains many features
  - b. Data is sparse: many features are zero

How to efficiently compute predictions? Reduce dimensionality!

#### Factorization Machine - Basic Concept

- Implements polynomial regression
  - Extend linear regression by taking interaction between features into account

- Learn high-dimensional representation of input as low-dimensional product of latent factors
  - Model weights as lower-dimensional matrix
  - Can be computed in polynomial time

#### Factorization Machine - Training

- Minimize loss function
  - › Binary classification: sigmoid function
  - > Regression: sum of squared errors

Add regularization to avoid overfitting

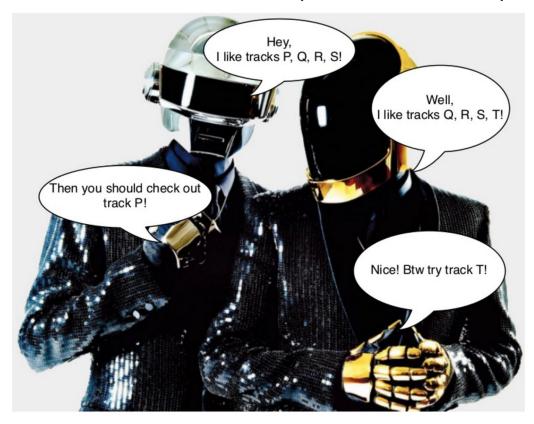
- Many optimization strategies
  - > We will use gradient descent

Factorization Machine - Time To Code

Your turn!

05\_1\_factorization\_machine.ipynb

### Recommender Systems @ Spotify

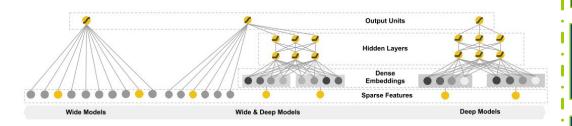


Erik Bernhardsson: http://benanne.github.io/2014/08/05/spotify-cnns.html

State-of-the-Art: Deep Learning



Wide & Deep Learning for Recommender Systems [Cheng et al., Google; 2016]



- Memorization (wide) + Generalization (deep)
- > Joint training of both components
- Google Play

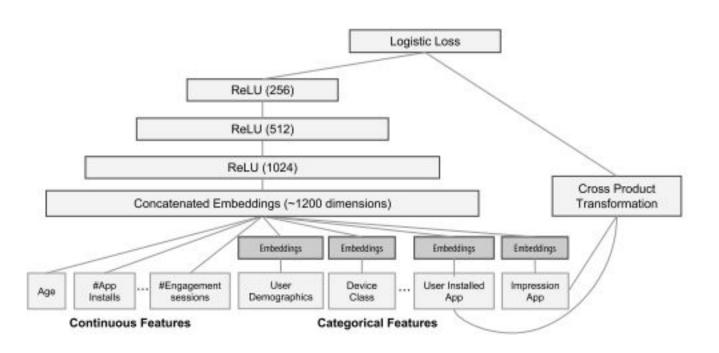
Deep Neural Networks for YouTube Recommendations [Covington et al., Google; 2016]

A Multi-View DL Approach for Cross Domain User Modeling in RS [Elkahky et. al., Microsoft; 2015]

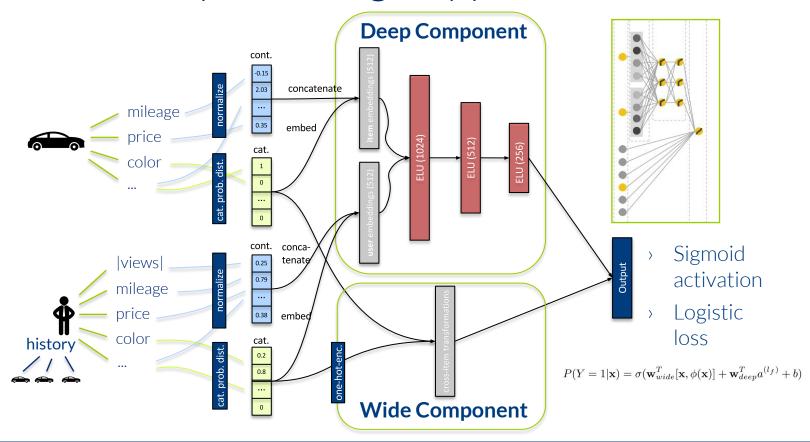
Bayesian Personalized Ranking with Multi-Channel User Feedback [Loni et al.; 2016]

• • •

Wide & Deep Learning - Model Architecture



### Wide & Deep Learning - Approach



#### Wide & Deep Learning - Training

- Minimize loss function
  - Binary classification: logistic loss
  - Regression: sum of squared errors

 Add dropout or weight regularization to avoid overfitting

Optimize using gradient descent

#### Model Comparison



Wide & Deep Learning - Time To Code

Your turn!

05\_2\_wide\_n\_deep.ipynb

#### References

- [1] Cheng, Heng-Tze, et al. "Wide & deep learning for recommender systems." Proceedings of the 1st Workshop on Deep Learning for Recommender Systems. ACM, 2016.
- [2] Covington, Paul, Jay Adams, and Emre Sargin. "Deep neural networks for youtube recommendations." *Proceedings of the 10th ACM Conference on Recommender Systems*. ACM, 2016.
- [3] Elkahky, Ali Mamdouh, Yang Song, and Xiaodong He. "A multi-view deep learning approach for cross domain user modeling in recommendation systems." Proceedings of the 24th International Conference on World Wide Web. ACM, 2015.
- [4] Loni, Babak, et al. "Bayesian Personalized Ranking with Multi-Channel User Feedback." *Proceedings of the 10th ACM Conference on Recommender Systems*. ACM, 2016.

