

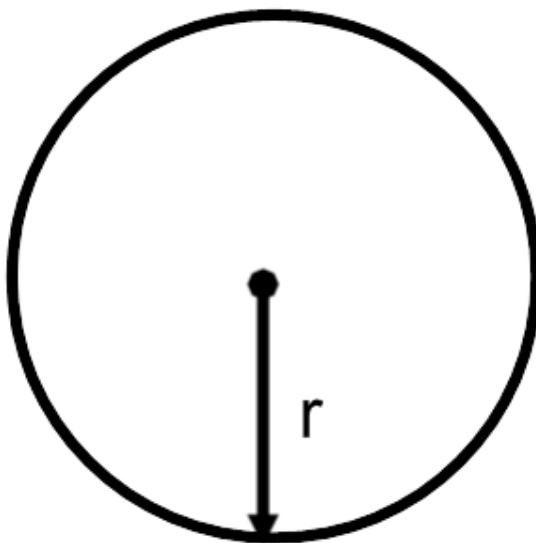
# More Than One Rate

## General steps for solving Related Rates problems.

- Introduce variables, identify the given rate and unknown rate.
- Draw a picture.
- Find equations.
- Differentiate with respect to  $t$ .
- Evaluate and solve.

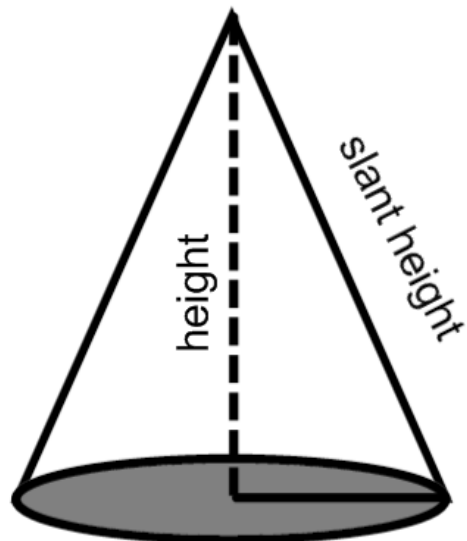
## Recitation Questions

**Problem 1** *The radius of a circle is increasing at a rate of 2 inches per minute.*

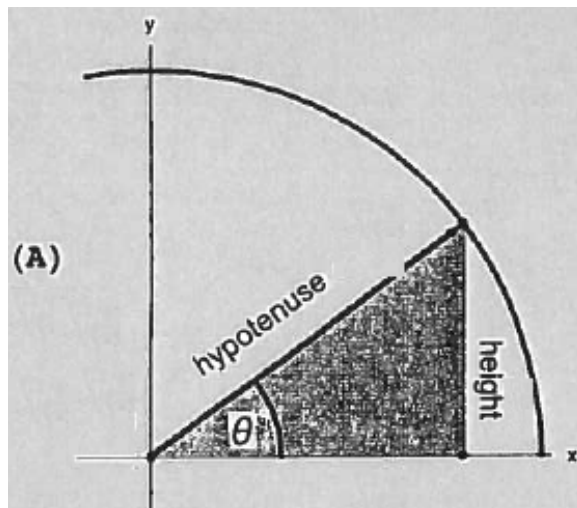


- (a) *At what rate is the circumference of the circle changing when the radius is 10 inches?*
- (b) *At what rate is the area of the circle changing when the radius is 12 inches?*

**Problem 2** A right cone has a fixed slant height (see figure below) of 9 ft. The cone's height is shrinking at a rate of 0.5 ft/sec. At what rate is the **volume** of the cone changing when the height is 6 ft? Be sure to label the picture.

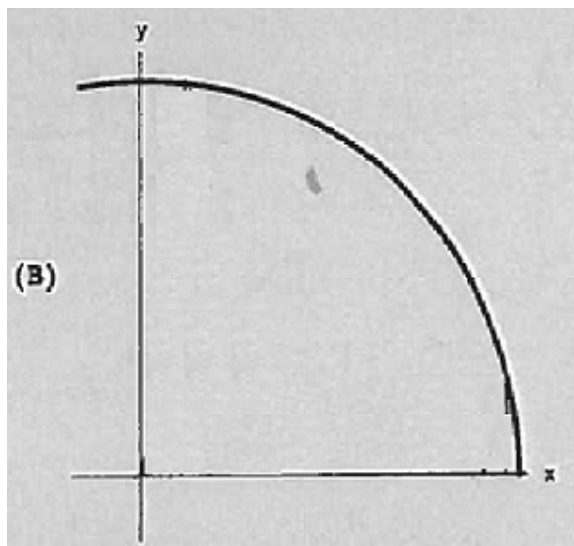


**Problem 3** A part of a circle centered at the origin with radius  $r = 7$  cm is given in the figure (A) below. A right triangle is formed in the first quadrant (see Figure (A)). One of its sides lies on the  $x$ -axis. Its hypotenuse runs from the origin to a point on the circle. The hypotenuse makes an angle  $\theta$  with the  $x$ -axis. Assume that the angle  $\theta$  changes at the rate  $\frac{d\theta}{dt} = 0.2$  radians per second.



(a) Label Figure A.

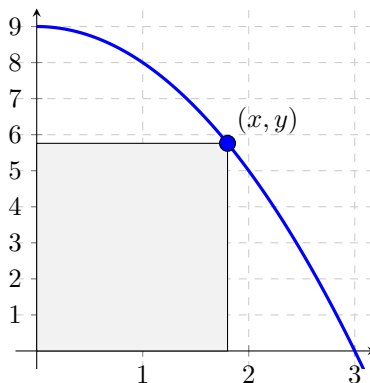
(b) In Figure B, draw the triangle twice; once when  $\theta$  is small and once more, when  $\theta$  is close to  $\frac{\pi}{2}$ .



(c) Find the rate of change of the height of the triangle when  $\theta = \frac{\pi}{3}$

(d) Find the rate of change of the area of the triangle when  $\theta = \frac{\pi}{3}$

**Problem 4** A rectangle in the first quadrant is constructed by taking a point  $(x, y)$  on the graph of the function  $f(x) = 9 - x^2$ , drawing a line segment vertically downward to the  $x$ -axis and a line segment horizontally leftward to the  $y$ -axis, as in the picture below. Denote the **length of the base** (along the  $x$ -axis) of the rectangle by  $x$ , the **height of the rectangle** (along the  $y$ -axis) by  $y$  (in meters), and the **PERIMETER** of the rectangle by  $P$ . When  $x = 2$  m (and only at that moment), the height  $y$  is shrinking at a rate of  $\frac{1}{5}$  m/s. Find the value of  $\left[\frac{dP}{dt}\right]_{x=2m}$  **by performing the steps below.**



- (a) **Find a formula** for the height,  $y$ , of the rectangle as a function of  $x$ . (This is denoted as  $y(x)$ .)
- (b) **Find the value** of  $\left[\frac{dx}{dt}\right]_{x=2m}$ .
- (c) **Find a formula** for the perimeter,  $P$ , of the rectangle as a function of  $x$ . (This is denoted as  $P(x)$ .)
- (d) **Find the value** of  $\left[\frac{dP}{dt}\right]_{x=2m}$ .
- (e) **Write a sentence to explain** what the value found in (d) means about the rectangle. (Don't forget UNITS.)