

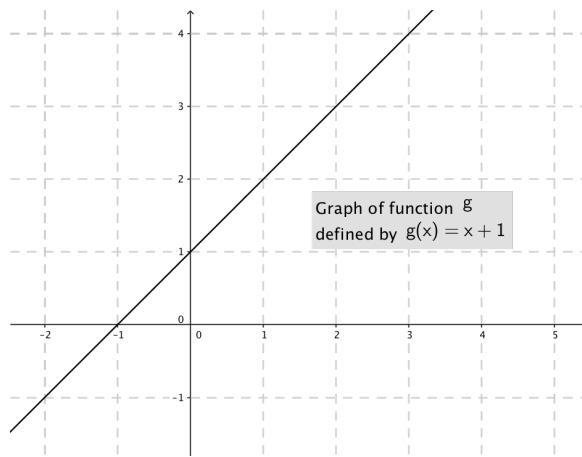
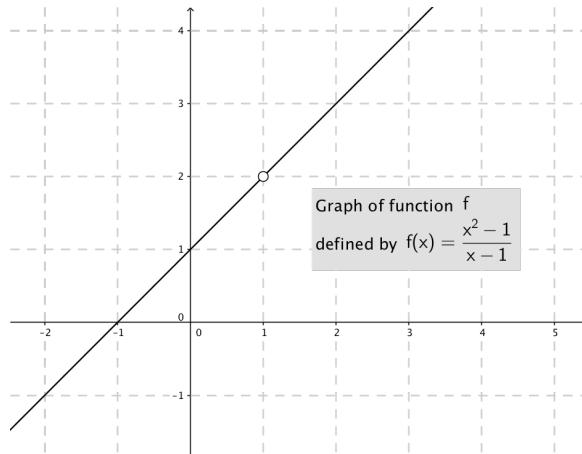
What is a Limit?

Recitation Questions

Problem 1

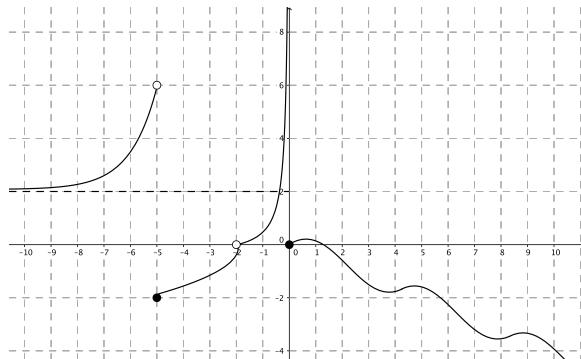
- (a) True or False: To find $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} f(x)$, it's enough to know the values of $f(2.1)$, $f(2.01)$, $f(2.001)$, and so on.
- (b) True or False: If we know the value of $f(2)$, then can we conclude that $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} f(x) = f(2)$?

Problem 2 Use the graphs and the given definitions of the following two functions to answer the questions below.



- (a) Find the domain of f and the domain of g .
- (b) Is $f = g$? (Why or why not?)
- (c) Looking at the graphs, find $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} f(x)$ and $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} g(x)$.

Problem 3 The graph of a function f is given below. Use this graph to answer the following questions.



(a) Find the domain of f .

(b) Find the range of f .

(c) Find the following values.

(i) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -2} f(x) =$

(ii) $f(-2) =$

(iii) $f(-5) =$

(iv) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} f(x) =$

(v) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} f(x) =$

Problem 4 Sketch a possible graph of a function that satisfies all of the given properties. (You do not need to find a formula for the function.)

$$\text{Domain: } [-4, 3) \cup (3, 5)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -1^-} f(x) = -2$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} f(x) = 1$$

$$f(1) = 3$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -1^+} f(x) = 1$$

$$f(-1) = 1$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} f(x) = 2$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -4^+} f(x) = 1$$

$$f(-4) = 1$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^+} f(x) = -1$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 5^-} f(x) = 1$$

Problem 5 True/False: Give an explanation or counterexample. Assume a and L are finite numbers.

(a) If $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x) = L$, then $f(a) = L$.

(b) If $\lim_{x \rightarrow a^-} f(x) = L$, then $\lim_{x \rightarrow a^+} f(x) = L$.

(c) If $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x) = L$ and $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} g(x) = L$, then $f(a) = g(a)$.

(d) $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{f(x)}{g(x)}$ does not exist if $g(a) = 0$.