## 3D Crustal Temperature Modeling over Japan by Combine Thermal Remote Sensing and Well-logging Data for Geothermal Resource Assessment



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#### **Declaration**

I hereby declare that except where specific reference is made to the work of others, the contents of this dissertation are original and have not been submitted in whole or in part for consideration for any other degree or qualification in this, or any other university. This dissertation is the result of my own work and includes nothing which is the outcome of work done in collaboration, except where specifically indicated in the text. This dissertation contains fewer than 100,000 words including appendices, bibliography, footnotes, tables and equations and has fewer than 150 figures.

Bingwei Tian September 2014

#### **Abstract**

This is where you write your abstract ...

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test[1]

### References

[1] Y. Teng and K. Koike. Three-dimensional imaging of a geothermal system using temperature and geological models derived from a well-log dataset. *Geothermics*, 36:518–538, 2007. ISSN 03756505. doi: 10.1016/j.geothermics.2007.07.006.

### **Appendix A**

### R Code of Preamble

#### **A.1** R Code Chunk Options

```
library(knitr)
### Speed Up
options(replace.assign=TRUE, width = 80, digits = 5, max.print=80)
# replace "=" with "<-"
# R output can go to 72 characters per line before wrapping
# print 3 significant digits,
# If I ask to see a big matrix or something, only show 72 lines
### Fontsize: tell knitr to use smaller font for code chunks
opts_chunk$set(size='footnotesize')
### Cache
opts_chunk$set(cache = TRUE)
opts_chunk$set(cache.path = "/home/tian/Dropbox/2data/cache/")
### Figure Setup
opts_chunk$set(fig.path = "/home/tian/Dropbox/3figs/Rnw_PDF/Fig-")
opts_chunk$set(dev = "pdf") # 0:pdf 0:png
#opts chunk$set(fig.width = 8, )
opts_chunk$set(fig.align='center')
opts_chunk$set(fig.show='hold') #0: behind text, 1:hold in asis
opts template$set(
 fig.3by3 = list(fig.width = 3, fig.height = 3),
 fig.5by5 = list(fig.width = 5, fig.height = 5),
 fig.6by3 = list(fig.width = 6, fig.height = 3),
 fig.6by4 = list(fig.width = 6, fig.height = 4),
  fig.6by5 = list(fig.width = 6, fig.height = 5),
  fig.6by6 = list(fig.width = 6, fig.height = 6),
  fig.7by4 = list(fig.width = 7, fig.height = 4),
  fig.7by5 = list(fig.width = 7, fig.height = 5),
  fig.7by6 = list(fig.width = 7, fig.height = 6),
  fig.7by7 = list(fig.width = 7, fig.height = 7)
```

```
### Tidy and Wrap and Highlight (Code Color)
opts chunk$set(concordance=TRUE)
### Long Line
#opts_chunk$set(tidy=TRUE)
#opts_knit$set(progress = F, verbose = F)
### export formats
opts_chunk$set(highlight=TRUE) # 0:TRUE
## nocode
opts_chunk$set(echo=FALSE) # 0: TRUE
## no results
#opts_chunk$set(eval=FALSE) # control the export 0:TRUE, with figures
## no coments sign
opts_chunk$set(prompt=FALSE) # 0:TRUE >
opts_chunk$set(comment=NA) # 0:##
opts_chunk$set(message=FALSE) #0:TRUE
opts_chunk$set (warning=FALSE)
opts_chunk$set (error=FALSE)
```

#### A.2 R Variables and Fuctions in this Dissertaion

```
## R code chunk: Phd Thesis Variables and Functions
# Extent of Study area of Japan in Phd Thesis
xlimJP \leftarrow c(128.5, 146.5)
ylimJP \leftarrow c(30.2, 45.8)
certerJp <- c(137.5, 38)
# Coordinate Reference Systems of Japan
## Geographic Coordinate Reference Systems
#tokyoGRS <- "+init=epsg:4301"</pre>
tokyoGRS <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=bessel +no_defs"</pre>
#wgs84GRS <- "+init=epsg:4326"</pre>
wgs84GRS <-"+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84 +datum=WGS84 +no_defs +towgs84=0,0,0"
#jqd2000GRS <- "+init=epsq:4612"
jgd2000GRS <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=GRS80 +towgs84=0,0,0,0,0,0,0 +no_defs"
## Projected Coordinate Reference Systems
lccBessel <- "+proj=lcc +lat_1=32.8 +lat_2=43.2 +lat_0=38 +lon_0=137.5 +x_0=10000000 +y_0
## change the datum to WGS84 20140508
lccWgs84 <- "+proj=lcc +lat_1=32.8 +lat_2=43.2 +lat_0=38 +lon_0=137.5 +x_0=1000000 +y_0=
# +ellps=WGS84 +towgs84=0,0,0
codeDir <- "~/Dropbox/1code"</pre>
dataDir <- "~/Dropbox/2data"</pre>
dataData <- "~/Dropbox/2data/data"</pre>
dataRaw <- "~/Dropbox/2data/dataRaw"</pre>
dataPro <- "~/Dropbox/2data/dataProduct"</pre>
```

```
figsDir <- "~/Dropbox/3figs"</pre>
phd.slice100m <- function(df, v, int=100) {</pre>
        ## creat slice factors
        intervals <- as.numeric()</pre>
         ## TODO power <- log(10,int)
        for (i in 1:length(v)) {
                 if(round(v[i],-2) == round(v[i],-1)) {
                          \#\#intervals[i] \leftarrow round(v[i], -2)%/%int
                          intervals[i] <- round(v[i],-2)</pre>
                 } else {
                          intervals[i] <- NA</pre>
        df$slice <- intervals
        data <- na.omit(df)</pre>
        ## Delete very rared duplicated case in one slice
        undup <- function(df) {</pre>
                 df[!duplicated(df[,1]),] # Careful for ID
        data.l <- by(data, data$slice, undup)</pre>
        if (require(plyr)){
                 data.d <- rbind.fill(data.l)</pre>
        }
### for voxler soft export
        data.d$from <- data.d$slice - 50
        data.d$to <- data.d$slice + 50
        return (data.d)
phd.url.table <- function(url, table = 1 ) {</pre>
        ## scrape the table to dataframe from a url website
      if(!require(XML)){
               installed.packages("XML")
      } else {
               url.doc <- htmlParse(url)</pre>
               url.l <- readHTMLTable(url.doc)</pre>
               url.d <- url.l[[table]]</pre>
      return (url.d)
## # url <- "http://ja.wikipedia.org/wiki/%E5%9C%B0%E7%86%B1%E7%99%BA%E9%9B%BB"
### phd.urltable(url,3)
phd.write.csv <- function(df) {</pre>
        ## write data.frame as csv and rds file into data folder using df name itselt
        now <- format(Sys.time(), "_%y%m%d_%H%M%S")</pre>
        csvName <- paste(deparse(substitute(df)), now, ".csv", sep = "")</pre>
        rdsName <- paste(deparse(substitute(df)), now, ".Rds", sep = "")
        write.table(df, csvName, sep = ",", quote = F, row.names = F)
        saveRDS (df, rdsName)
phd.write.csv2 <- function(df) {</pre>
        ## write data.frame as csv and rds file into data folder using df name itselt
        now <- format(Sys.time(), "_%y%m%d_%H%M%S")</pre>
```

```
csvName <- paste(deparse(substitute(df)), now, ".csv", sep = "")</pre>
        rdsName <- paste(deparse(substitute(df)), now, ".Rds", sep = "")
        write.table(df, csvName, sep = ";", quote = F, row.names = F)
        saveRDS(df, rdsName)
phd.saveshp.prj <- function(obj) {</pre>
        ## write obj as shp, rds and csv file
        wd <- getwd()
        if(!file.exists("./data/shp")) {
                dir.create("./data/shp", recursive = TRUE)
        setwd(paste0(wd, "/data/shp"))
        now <- format(Sys.time(), "_%y%m%d_%H%M%S")</pre>
        csvName <- paste(deparse(substitute(obj)), now, ".csv", sep = "")</pre>
        rdsName <- paste(deparse(substitute(obj)), now, ".Rds", sep = "")
        shpName <- paste(deparse(substitute(obj)), now, sep = "")</pre>
        write.table(as.data.frame(obj), csvName, sep = ",", quote = F, row.names = F)
        saveRDS (obj, rdsName)
        if (require (rgdal)) {
                writeOGR(obj, dsn = '.', layer = shpName, driver = "ESRI Shapefile")
        setwd (wd)
phd.saveshp.geo <- function(obj) {</pre>
        ## write obj as shp, rds and csv file
        wd <- getwd()
        if(!file.exists("./data/shp")) {
                dir.create("./data/shp", recursive = TRUE)
        }
        setwd(paste0(wd, "/data/shp"))
        now <- format(Sys.time(), "_%y%m%d_%H%M%S")</pre>
        csvName <- paste0(deparse(substitute(obj)), now, ".csv")</pre>
        rdsName <- paste0 (deparse (substitute (obj)), now, ".Rds")
        shpName <- paste0 (deparse (substitute (obj)), now)</pre>
        kmlName <- paste0(deparse(substitute(obj)), now)</pre>
        kmlDsn <- paste0("./", kmlName, ".kml")</pre>
        write.table(as.data.frame(obj), csvName, sep = ",", quote = F, row.names = F)
        saveRDS (obj, rdsName)
        if (require (rgdal)) {
                 writeOGR(obj, dsn = '.', layer = shpName, driver = "ESRI Shapefile")
                writeOGR(obj, dsn = kmlDsn, layer = kmlName, driver = "KML")
        setwd (wd)
phd.ggsave <- function(name) {</pre>
        ## write data.frame as csv and rds file into data folder using df name itselt
wd <- getwd()
setwd (paste0 (wd, "/ggsave"))
now <- format(Sys.time(), "_%y%m%d_%H%M%S")</pre>
## eps/ps, tex (pictex), pdf, jpeg, tiff, png, bmp, svg and wmf (windows only).
pngName <- paste0(deparse(substitute(name)), now, ".png")</pre>
tifName <- paste0(deparse(substitute(name)), now, ".tiff")
```

```
pdfName <- paste0(deparse(substitute(name)), now, ".pdf")</pre>
ggsave (pngName)
ggsave (tifName)
ggsave (pdfName)
setwd (wd)
phd.fishnet \leftarrow function(x1, x2, y1, y2, rx=1000, ry=rx) {
        x.range.v <- seq(as.numeric(x1), as.numeric(x2), by = rx)</pre>
        y.range.v <- seq(as.numeric(y1), as.numeric(y2), by = ry)</pre>
        grid.m <- outer(x.range.v, y.range.v, paste, sep = ",")</pre>
        grid.v
                   <- as.vector(grid.m)
                 <- as.data.frame(grid.v)</pre>
        grid.d
        fishnet.d <- data.frame(do.call('rbind', strsplit(as.character(grid.d[,1]), '</pre>
        colnames (fishnet.d) <- c("x", "y")</pre>
}
phd.crsTransfer <- function(df, x, y, xName, yName, fromCRS, toCRS) {</pre>
      ### 140510 transfer CRS in a dataframe fromat, x, y will be repaced in data.fra
             <- df[, which(colnames(df) == as.character(substitute(x)))]</pre>
       df$y <- df[, which (colnames (df) == as.character(substitute(y)))]</pre>
      library(sp)
      library(rgdal)
      coordinates(df) <- c("x", "y")</pre>
      proj4string(df) <- CRS(fromCRS)</pre>
      df <- spTransform(df, CRS(toCRS))</pre>
      df <- as.data.frame(df)</pre>
      names(df) [which(names(df) == "x")] <- as.character(substitute(xName))</pre>
      names(df) [which(names(df) == "y")] <- as.character(substitute(yName))</pre>
      return (df)
    phd.wraplm <- function(lm) {</pre>
      #wrap a lm resuts to data frame format
      cf <- coef(lm)
      tinfo <- summary(lm)$coefficients[2, c(2, 4)]
      r2 <- summary(lm)$r.squared
      data.frame(intercept = cf[1], slope = cf[2], n = length(resid(lm)),
                  slope.se = tinfo[1], pval = tinfo[2], Rsq = r2)
    #20140524
phd.voxler.collars <- function(ID, Easting, Northing, Elevation, Azimuth = 0, Dip =
      ID <- ID
      well <- as.data.frame(ID)</pre>
      well$Easting <- Easting
      well$Northing <- Northing
      well$Elevation <- Elevation</pre>
      well$Azimuth <- Azimuth
      well$Dip <- Dip
      well$Depth <- Depth
      well[sort(well$ID),]
      return (well)
```

```
phd.voxler.trajectories <- function(ID, MD, Azimuth = 0, Inclination = 0) {</pre>
      ID <- ID
      well <- as.data.frame(ID)</pre>
      well$MD <- MD
      well$Azimuth <- Azimuth
      well$Inclination <- Inclination</pre>
      well[sort(well$ID),]
      return(well)
phd.voxler.samples <- function(ID, From, To, V1, ...) {</pre>
      ID <- ID
      well <- as.data.frame(ID)</pre>
      ## From to can get from phd.slice100m
      well\$From <- From
      well$To <- To
      well$V1 <- V1
      well[sort(well$ID),]
      return (well)
    ## Add linear function and R2 on the line in ggplot
    #http://stackoverflow.com/questions/7549694/ggplot2-adding-regression-line-equation-
lm_eqn = function(m) {
        1 <- list(a = format(coef(m)[1], digits = 2),</pre>
                  b = format(abs(coef(m)[2]), digits = 2),
                   r2 = format (summary (m) $r.squared, digits = 3));
        if (coef(m)[2] >= 0)
            eq <- substitute(italic(y) == a + b %.% italic(x) *", "~~italic(r)^2~"="~r2,1]
        } else {
            eq <- substitute(italic(y) == a - b %.% italic(x) *", "~~italic(r) ^2~"="~r2,1"
        as.character(as.expression(eq));
phd.geocode <- function(nameLst) {</pre>
          # get longitude, latitude, and Name of given place
          lonlata <- ggmap::geocode(nameLst, output = "latlona")</pre>
          names <- do.call("rbind", strsplit(lonlata[,3], ","))</pre>
          name <- Hmisc::capitalize(names[,1])</pre>
          lonlatn <- cbind(lonlata[,c(1,2)], name)</pre>
          return(lonlatn)
phd.spatialize.wgs84 <- function(df, x, y) {
         # spatialize a data frame to spdf
         d <- df
         d$x <- d[, which(colnames(d) == as.character(substitute(x)))]
              <- d[, which (colnames (d) == as.character(substitute(y)))]</pre>
         wgs84GRS <- "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84 +datum=WGS84 +no_defs"
         coords <- d[, c("x", "y")]
```

```
m <- as.matrix(coords) #sp need numeric matrix
         mode(m) <- "numeric"</pre>
          sp <- sp::SpatialPoints(m, proj4string = sp::CRS(wgs84GRS))</pre>
          spdf <- sp::SpatialPointsDataFrame(m, data = d, proj4string=sp::CRS(wgs84GRS)</pre>
          return (spdf)
phd.bbox <- function(xmin, xmax, ymin, ymax, crs = NA) {</pre>
        ### Make a bbox rect SPDF from LL and TR point.
        Polygon <- sp::Polygon(cbind(c(xmin, xmin, xmax, xmax, xmin),
                             c(ymin, ymax, ymax, ymin, ymin)))
        Polygons <- sp::Polygons(list(Polygon), 1) #ID for row.names = 1
        SP <- sp::SpatialPolygons(list(Polygons))</pre>
        data_d <- data.frame(name = "bbox", row.names= row.names(Polygons))</pre>
        SPDF <- sp::SpatialPolygonsDataFrame(SP, data = data_d)</pre>
        sp::proj4string(SPDF) <- crs</pre>
        return (SPDF)
phd.grid <- function(SPDF, x, y = x, type = "regular") {</pre>
        sp <- sp::spsample(SPDF, type = type, cellsize = c(x,y), offset =c(0.5, 0.5))
        df <- data.frame(id = as.factor(1:length(sp)))</pre>
        spdf <- sp::SpatialPointsDataFrame(sp, data = df)</pre>
}
phd.sp2SPDF <- function(sp) {</pre>
        df <- data.frame(as.factor(1:length(sp)))</pre>
        spdf <- sp::SpatialPointsDataFrame(sp, df)</pre>
        grd <- spdf
        sp::gridded(grd) <- TRUE</pre>
        grd_SPDF <- as(grd, "SpatialPolygonsDataFrame")</pre>
        return (grd_SPDF)
phd.spdf2SPDF <- function(spdf) {</pre>
        grd <- spdf
        sp::gridded(grd) <- TRUE</pre>
        grd_SPDF <- as(grd, "SpatialPolygonsDataFrame")</pre>
        return (grd_SPDF)
}
phd.bigpolys <- function(x, area) {</pre>
        polys <- lapply(x@polygons , slot , "Polygons" )</pre>
        area_fun <- function(y) {</pre>
            sapply(y@Polygons, function(z) z@area)
        areas_l <- lapply(x@polygons, area_fun)</pre>
        bigpolys <- sapply(areas_1, function(a) which(a > area))
        return(bigpolys)
phd.kml2spdf <- function(kml, name = FALSE) {</pre>
  ### Extracting Information from Kml to Dataframe [2014-06-26 Thu]
        cha <- readLines(kml)</pre>
        doc <- XML::htmlParse(cha) # xmlParse not work here!!!</pre>
```

```
nod <- XML::xpathApply(doc, "//description")</pre>
        des_d <- as.data.frame(t(sapply(nod, function(x)unname(XML::xmlSApply(x, XML:::
        xy_l <- XML::xpathSApply(doc, "//coordinates", XML::xmlValue)</pre>
        xy_d <- as.data.frame(do.call("rbind", strsplit(xy_l,",")))</pre>
        names(xy_d) <- c("lon", "lat")</pre>
        if (name) {
                 ### for same bad structure of KML
                name d <- as.data.frame(XML::xpathSApply(doc, "//name", XML::xmlValue
                 names (name_d) <- "Name"</pre>
                kml_d <- cbind(name_d, xy_d, des_d) }</pre>
        else
                kml_d <- cbind(xy_d, des_d)</pre>
        kml_d <- kml_d[, colSums(kml_d != "") != 0] ## Clear Empty Column
        coords <- kml_d[, c("lon","lat")]</pre>
        coords_m <- as.matrix(coords) #sp need numeric matrix</pre>
        mode (coords_m) <- "numeric"</pre>
        options(digits=15) #based on orgin data
        kml_sp <- sp::SpatialPoints(coords_m, proj4string = sp::CRS(wgs84GRS))</pre>
        kml_spdf <- sp::SpatialPointsDataFrame(coords_m, data =kml_d, proj4string=sp::Cl
        return (kml_spdf)
        #phd.saveshp.geo(kml spdf)
phd.largestPolys <- function(SPDF, Polygon = FALSE, Polygons = FALSE) {</pre>
        ### TODO: lvl = match.type("Polygons", "Polygon", "polygons")
        ### Extract Largest Polygons (Layer) from SPDF to SPDF1 08-14
        if (class(SPDF)[1] != "SpatialPolygonsDataFrame")
        stop("Must be a SpatialPolygonsDataFrame object")
        crs <- sp::proj4string(SPDF)</pre>
        areas_Polygons <- sapply(SPDF@polygons, function(Polygons) Polygons@area)
        id_Polygons <- which.max(areas_Polygons)</pre>
        SPDF1 <- SPDF[id_Polygons,]</pre>
        ### Extract Largest Polygon to SPDF2
        area_fun <- function(polygons) {</pre>
                 sapply(polygons@Polygons, function(Polygon) Polygon@area)
        areas_Polygon <- lapply(SPDF@polygons, area_fun)</pre>
        mx_Polygons <- areas_Polygon[[id_Polygons]]</pre>
        id_Polygon <- which.max(mx_Polygons)</pre>
        mx_Polygon <- SPDF@polygons[[id_Polygons]]@Polygons[[id_Polygon]]</pre>
        toPolygons <- sp::Polygons(list(mx Polygon), id Polygon) #ID for row.names = 1
        toSP <- sp::SpatialPolygons(list(toPolygons))</pre>
        SPDF2 <- as(toSP, "SpatialPolygonsDataFrame")</pre>
        ### Extract Largest Polygon in each Polygons to SPDF3
        ids_mxpolys <- lapply(areas_Polygon, function(x) which.max(x))</pre>
        Polygons_l <- list()</pre>
        for (i in 1:length(ids_mxpolys)) {
             Polygons_1[[i]] <- SPDF@polygons[[i]]@Polygons[[ids_mxpolys[[i]]]]</pre>
        }
        toPolygons <- sp::Polygons(Polygons_1, 1) #ID for row.names = 1
        toSP <- sp::SpatialPolygons(list(toPolygons))</pre>
        SPDF3 <- as(toSP, "SpatialPolygonsDataFrame")</pre>
        sp::proj4string(SPDF1) <- crs</pre>
```

```
sp::proj4string(SPDF2) <- crs</pre>
        sp::proj4string(SPDF3) <- crs</pre>
        if (Polygons) {
                return (SPDF3)
        } else if (Polygon) {
                return (SPDF2)
        } else {
                return (SPDF1)
        }
###sp::plot(phd.largestPolys(jp1, Polygons = TRUE))
phd.selectPolys <- function(SPDF, area) {</pre>
        ### Extract Polygons (Layer) by Area to SPDF1
        crs <- sp::proj4string(SPDF)</pre>
        areas_Polygons <- sapply(SPDF@polygons, function(Polygons) Polygons@area)
        ids_polygons <- which (areas_Polygons >= area)
        SPDF1 <- SPDF[ids_polygons,]</pre>
##SP::plot(phd.selectPolys(SPDF,1))
phd.getGoogleMap <- function(lon, lat, zoom, prefix = "google") {</pre>
        ### ggmap 4 type of google map and save to Rds 08-15
        require(ggmap)
        x <- deparse(substitute(lon))</pre>
        y <- deparse(substitute(lat))
        z <- deparse(substitute(zoom))</pre>
        now <- format(Sys.time(), "_%y%m%d_%H%M")</pre>
        for (i in c("terrain", "satellite", "roadmap", "hybrid")){
                 fileName <- paste0 (prefix, "_google_", i, "_", x, "_", y, "_zoom", z, now
                 file <- get_googlemap(center = c(lon = lon, lat = lat), zoom = zoom,
                              maptype = i, filename = fileName)
                 saveRDS(file, file = fileName)
## phd.getGoogleMap(142.5, 43.5, 7, "hkd")
```