GRTS Survey Designs for a Linear Resource

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1 Preliminaries

This document presents example GRTS survey designs for a linear resource. The linear resource used in the designs is streams that comprise the Luckiamute watershed in Oregon. Four survey designs will be presented: (1) an unstratified, equal probability design; (2) a stratified, equal probability design with an oversample; (3) a stratified, unequal probability design with an oversample and a panel structure for survey over time. The sampling frame used for the survey designs is contained in either an ESRI shapefile or an sp package object. The frame contains the coordinates for a set of line segments that define the linear resource in addition to attribute data associated with the line segments. The coordinate system for the set of points in the sampling frame is an equal area projection rather than latitude and longitude. An equal area projection is used so that calculation of distance between points is valid.

The initial step is to use the library function to load the spsurvey package. After the package is loaded, a message is printed to the R console indicating that the spsurvey package was loaded successfully.

Load the spsurvey package

```
> # Load the spsurvey package
> library(spsurvey)
>
```

Version 2.5 of the spsurvey package was loaded successfully.

2 Shapefile attribute data

The next step is to read the attribute data from the shapefile. The read.dbf function in the spsurvey package is used to read the attribute (dbf) file in the shapefile and assign it to a data frame named att. The initial six lines in the att data frame are printed using the head function

Next, two attributes, stream type and Strahler stream order, that will be used to define, respectively, stratum codes and unequal selection probability (multidensity) categories for the survey designs are examined. Stream type is contained in a variable named "Per_Int", and Strahler stream order is contained in a variable named "Strah_Cat". For stream type, streams are classified as either perennial or intermittent. For Strahler stream order, streams are classified as either first order ("1st"), second order ("2nd"), or third order and higher ("3rd+"). The table and addmargin functions are used to produce a table displaying number of stream segments for each combination of values for the strata and multidensity category variables.

Finally, frame stream length is summarized for the strata and multidensity category attributes. Note that stream length measured in kilometers is contained in the variable named "Length_km". The tapply function is used to calculate total stream length for each combination of stream type and Strahler stream order. The addmargins function is applied to the output from tapply to calculate stream length for each category of stream type and Strahler stream order, and the round function is used to round value to two decimal places. Finally, the resulting cross-tabulation of sum of stream length in kilometers for Strahler stream order and stream type is displayed.

Read the attribute table from the shapefile

```
> # Read the attribute table from the shapefile
> att <- read.dbf("Luck_Ash_streams")
>
```

Display the initial six lines in the attribute data frame

> # Display the initial six lines in the attribute data frame
> head(att)

```
      Per_Int Strah_Cat Length_km length_mdm

      1 Perennial
      2nd 2.3261097 2326.1097

      2 Intermittent
      1st 0.5785829 578.5829

      3 Intermittent
      1st 0.7796058 779.6058

      4 Perennial
      1st 1.8757176 1875.7176

      5 Intermittent
      1st 1.0012245 1001.2245

      6 Perennial
      1st 1.6464196 1646.4196
```

>

Display number of stream segments cross-classified by the strata and multidensity category variables

- > # Display number of stream segments cross-classified by the strata and
- > # multidensity category variables

>

> addmargins(table("Stream Type"=att\$Per_Int, "Strahler Order"=att\$Strah_Cat))

Strahler Order

```
      Stream Type
      1st 2nd 3rd+ Sum

      Intermittent
      137 20 2 159

      Perennial
      104 78 88 270

      Sum
      241 98 90 429
```

>

Summarize frame stream length by stratum and multidensity category

- > # Summarize frame stream length by stratum and multidensity category
- > temp <- tapply(att\$Length_km, list(att\$Per_Int, att\$Strah_Cat), sum)
- > temp <- round(addmargins(temp), 2)</pre>
- > names(dimnames(temp)) <- list("Stream Type", "Strahler Order")</pre>
- > temp

Strahler Order

```
      Stream Type
      1st
      2nd
      3rd+
      Sum

      Intermittent
      305.53
      20.51
      3.03
      329.07

      Perennial
      200.53
      133.10
      159.79
      493.42

      Sum
      506.06
      153.61
      162.82
      822.49
```

>

Streams in the Luckiamute watershed are displayed in Figure 1 classified by stream type and in Figure 2 classified by Strahler stream order category. To produce the figure, first the read shape function in the spsurvey package is used to read the shapefile and assign it to an object named shp. The shp object takes the form of a spatial data object defined in the sp package. Specifically, shp belongs to class "SpatialLinesDataFrame". For further information about spatial data objects, see documentation for the sp package. The spplot function in the sp package is used to create the figures.

Read the shapefile

```
> shp <- read.shape("Luck_Ash_streams")
Plot streams in the Luckiamute watershed classified by stream type
> spplot(shp, zcol="Per_Int", col.regions=c("red", "blue"))
Plot streams in the Luckiamute watershed classified by Strahler stream order
> spplot(shp, zcol="Strah_Cat", col.regions=c("red", "green", "blue"))
```

3 Unstratified, equal probability, GRTS survey design

The first survey design is an unstratified, equal probability design. The set seed function is called so that, if necessary, the designs can be replicated.

The initial step is to create a list named Equaldsgn that contains information for specifying the survey design. Since the survey design is unstratified, the list contains a single item named "None" that also is a list. The "None" list includes two items: panel, which is used to specify the sample size for each panel, and seltype, which is used to input the type of random selection for the design. For this example, panel is assigned a single value named "PanelOne" that is set equal to 50, and seltype is assigned the value "Equal", which indicates equal probability selection.

The grts function in the spsurvey package is called to select the survey design. The following arguments are included in the call to grts: (1) design: the named list of stratum design specifications, which is assigned the Equaldsgn list; (2) DesignID: name for the design, which is used to create a site ID for each site and is assigned the value "EQUAL"; (3) type.frame: the type of frame, which is assigned the value "linear" to indicate a linear resource; (4) src.frame: source of the frame, which is assigned the value "shapefile" to indicate a shapefile frame; (5) in.shape: name of the input shapefile, which is assigned the value "Luck_Ash_streams"; (6) att.frame: the data frame of attributes associated with elements in the frame, which is

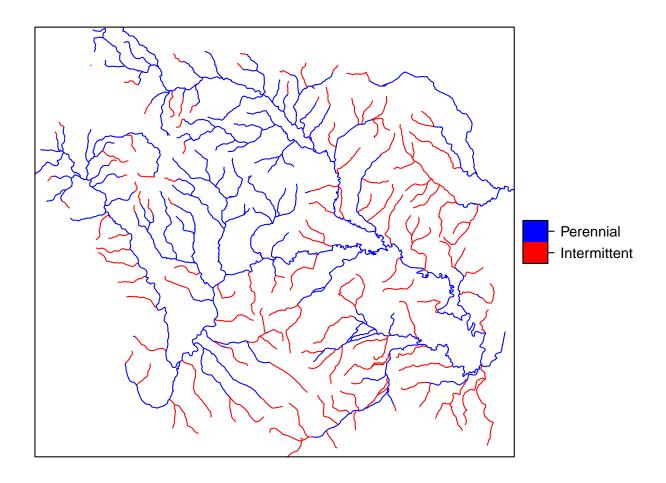


Figure 1: Streams in the Luckiamute Watershed Classified by Stream Type.

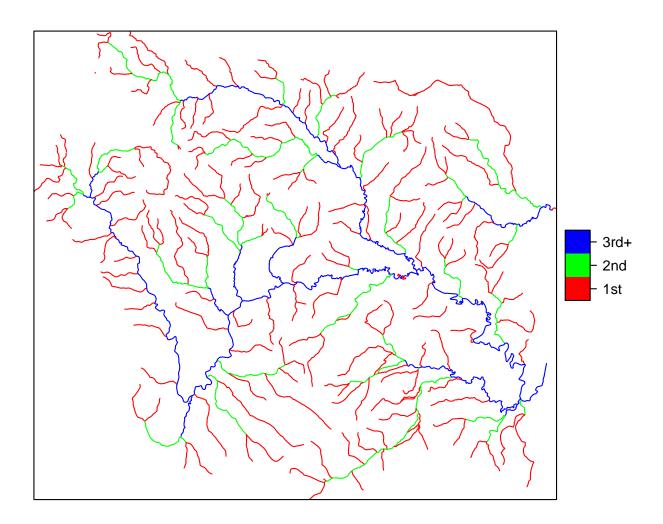


Figure 2: Streams in the Luckiamute Watershed Classified by Strahler Stream Order Category.

assigned the att data frame; and (7) shapefile: option to create a shapefile containing the survey design information, which is assigned FALSE.

During execution of the grts function, messages are printed that indicate the initial number of hierarchical levels used for the GRTS grid, the current number of levels, and the final number of levels. The set of messages is printed for each stratum, and is labeled with the stratum name. For this example, the set of messages is labeled "None", i.e., the name used in the Equaldsgn list. Upon completion of the call to grts, the initial six sites for the survey design and a design summary are printed.

Call the set.seed function so that the design can be replicated

```
> # Call the set.seed function so that the survey designs can be replicate
> set.seed(19742003)
>
Create the design list
> # Create the design list
> Equaldsgn <- list(None=list(panel=c(PanelOne=50), seltype="Equal"))
Select the sample
> Equalsites <- grts(design=Equaldsgn,</pre>
                      DesignID="EQUAL",
                      type.frame="linear",
                      src.frame="shapefile",
                      in.shape="Luck_Ash_streams",
                      att.frame=att,
                      shapefile=FALSE)
Stratum: None
Initial number of levels: 3
Current number of levels: 3
Current number of levels: 4
Final number of levels: 4
Print the initial six lines of the survey design
> # Print the initial six lines of the survey design
> head(Equalsites@data)
```

```
siteID
             xcoord ycoord mdcaty
                                         wgt stratum
                                                         panel EvalStatus
1 EQUAL-01 -2119063 2739299
                              Equal 16449.76
                                                 None PanelOne
                                                                  NotEval
2 EQUAL-02 -2117586 2726770
                              Equal 16449.76
                                                 None PanelOne
                                                                  NotEval
3 EQUAL-03 -2140807 2721474
                              Equal 16449.76
                                                 None PanelOne
                                                                  NotEval
4 EQUAL-04 -2143508 2728881
                              Equal 16449.76
                                                 None PanelOne
                                                                  NotEval
5 EQUAL-05 -2127398 2735785
                              Equal 16449.76
                                                 None PanelOne
                                                                  NotEval
6 EQUAL-06 -2125650 2721219
                                                 None PanelOne
                              Equal 16449.76
                                                                  NotEval
  EvalReason
                  Per_Int Strah_Cat
                                      Length_km
1
                Perennial
                                 1st 11.2514779
2
             Intermittent
                                      2.5907186
                                 1st
3
                Perennial
                                3rd+
                                      2.7692863
4
                Perennial
                                 2nd 3.8583344
5
                Perennial
                                 1st 2.5709407
6
             Intermittent
                                 1st 0.9140192
>
Print the survey design summary
```

- > # Print the survey design summary
- > dsgnsum(Equalsites)

Design Summary: Number of Sites

stratum None Sum 50 50

>

4 Stratified, equal probability, GRTS survey design with an oversample

The second survey design is a stratified, equal probability design with an oversample. The stream type attribute is used to identify strata. List Stratdsgn is assigned design specifications. Since the survey design is stratified, Stratdsgn includes two lists named "Perennial" and "Intermittent" that contains three items: panel, seltype, and over. Note that the names for the two lists match the levels of the stratum variable. For both lists, the values for panel and seltype are the same as the ones used for the equal probability design. The third item, over, assigns the value 50 for size of the oversample. An oversample provides additional sample sites to replace sites that cannot be used, e.g., to replace sites in the sample that are not accessible.

For this survey design, a shapefile will be used as the sampling frame. The following arguments are included in the call to grts: (1) design: assigned the Stratdsgn list; (2) DesignID: assigned the value "STRATIFIED"; (3) type.frame: assigned the value "linear"; (4) src.frame: assigned the value "shapefile"; (5) in.shape: assigned the value "Luck_Ash_streams"; (6) att.frame: assigned the att data frame; (7) stratum: name of the column in the attributes data frame that identifies the stratum code for each element in the frame, which is assigned the value "Per_Int"; and (8) shapefile: assigned the value FALSE. Upon completion of the call to grts, the initial six sites for the survey design and a design summary are printed.

Create the design list

```
> Stratdsgn <- list(Perennial=list(panel=c(PanelOne=50),</pre>
                                    seltype="Equal",
+
                                    over=50),
                     Intermittent=list(panel=c(PanelOne=50),
                                        seltype="Equal",
                                        over=50))
Select the sample
> Stratsites <- grts(design=Stratdsgn,
                      DesignID="STRATIFIED",
+
                      type.frame="linear",
                      src.frame="shapefile",
                      in.shape="Luck_Ash_streams",
                      att.frame=att,
                      stratum="Per_Int",
                      shapefile=FALSE)
Stratum: Perennial
Initial number of levels: 4
Current number of levels: 4
Current number of levels: 5
Final number of levels: 5
Stratum: Intermittent
Initial number of levels: 4
Current number of levels: 4
Current number of levels: 5
Current number of levels: 6
Final number of levels: 6
```

Print the initial six lines of the survey design

> # Print the initial six lines of the survey design

1st 11.251478

> head(Stratsites@data)

```
siteID
                   xcoord ycoord mdcaty
                                               wgt
                                                     stratum
                                                                panel EvalStatus
1 STRATIFIED-001 -2148177 2746498
                                   Equal 9868.441 Perennial PanelOne
                                                                         NotEval
2 STRATIFIED-002 -2130818 2739798
                                   Equal 9868.441 Perennial PanelOne
                                                                         NotEval
3 STRATIFIED-003 -2129984 2733147
                                   Equal 9868.441 Perennial PanelOne
                                                                         NotEval
4 STRATIFIED-004 -2141371 2730953
                                   Equal 9868.441 Perennial PanelOne
                                                                         NotEval
5 STRATIFIED-005 -2138567 2738921
                                   Equal 9868.441 Perennial PanelOne
                                                                         NotEval
6 STRATIFIED-006 -2119534 2738224
                                   Equal 9868.441 Perennial PanelOne
                                                                         NotEval
  EvalReason Strah_Cat Length_km
1
                        1.875718
                   1st
2
                        3.351032
                   1st
3
                  3rd+ 2.963369
4
                   1st 2.248107
5
                   2nd 2.097773
```

Print the survey design summary

- > # Print the survey design summary
- > dsgnsum(Stratsites)

Design Summary: Number of Sites Classified by panel and stratum

stratum

panel	Perennial	${\tt Intermittent}$	Sum
OverSamp	50	50	100
PanelOne	50	50	100
Sum	100	100	200

>

>

5 Stratified, unequal probability, GRTS survey design with an oversample

The third survey design is a stratified, unequal probability design with an oversample. As for the second survey design, the stream type attribute is used to identify strata. Strahler order categories are used to identify multidensity categories. List Unequaldsgn is assigned

design specifications. Unequaldsgn includes the same two lists with three items (panel, seltype, and over) as used for the stratified, equal probability design plus a value for caty.n. For both lists, panel specifies a single panel, and seltype is assigned "Unequal" to indicate unequal probability sampling. Note that the value 0 is assigned to over for the "Intermittent" stratum, i.e., no oversample. The over item could have been omitted from the list for "Intermittent". The vector assigned to caty.n specifies sample sizes for each of the three multidensity categories. Note that the sum of values provided in caty.n must equal the value in panel.

For this survey design, an sp package object will be used as the sampling frame. Recall that the read.shape function was used to read the shapefile and assign its output to an sp object named shp. The following arguments are included in the call to grts: (1) design: assigned the Unequaldsgn list; (2) DesignID: assigned the value "UNEQUAL"; (3) type.frame: assigned the value "linear"; (4) src.frame: assigned the value "sp.object" to indicate that the sampling frame is provided by an sp object; (5) sp.object: name of the sp object, which is assigned the shp object; (6) att.frame: assigned the att data frame; (7) stratum: assigned the value "Per_Int"; (8) mdcaty: name of the column in the attributes data frame that identifies the unequal probability category for each element in the frame, which is assigned the value "Strah_Cat"; (9) shapefile: assigned the value FALSE. Upon completion of the call to grts, the initial six sites for the survey design and a design summary are printed.

Create the design list

Select the sample

Stratum: Perennial

Initial number of levels: 4

Current number of levels: 4 Current number of levels: 5 Current number of levels: 6 Final number of levels: 6

Stratum: Intermittent

Initial number of levels: 3 Current number of levels: 3 Current number of levels: 4 Current number of levels: 5 Final number of levels: 5

Print the initial six lines of the survey design

- > # Print the initial six lines of the survey design
- > head(Unequalsites@data)

```
siteID
                xcoord ycoord mdcaty
                                                             panel EvalStatus
                                                  stratum
                                           wgt
1 UNEQUAL-001 -2124367 2743509
                                  1st 8021.238 Perennial PanelOne
                                                                      NotEval
2 UNEQUAL-002 -2133590 2738266
                                  2nd 5324.034 Perennial PanelOne
                                                                      NotEval
                                 3rd+ 6391.609 Perennial PanelOne
3 UNEQUAL-003 -2139340 2726639
                                                                      NotEval
                                  2nd 5324.034 Perennial PanelOne
4 UNEQUAL-004 -2131126 2726422
                                                                      NotEval
5 UNEQUAL-005 -2138546 2743004
                                 3rd+ 6391.609 Perennial PanelOne
                                                                      NotEval
6 UNEQUAL-006 -2149032 2736713
                                 3rd+ 6391.609 Perennial PanelOne
                                                                      NotEval
  EvalReason Length_km
1
             1.7852580
2
             2.5738358
3
             0.5642644
4
             1.0838318
5
             3.9999820
             0.6595996
6
```

>

Print the survey design summary

- > # Print the survey design summary
- > dsgnsum(Unequalsites)

Design Summary: Number of Sites Classified by mdcaty (Multidensity Category) and stratum

stratum

${\tt mdcaty}$	${\tt Perennial}$	${\tt Intermittent}$	Sum
1st	36	24	60
2nd	33	6	39
3rd+	42	2	44
Sum	111	32	143

Design Summary: Number of Sites Classified by panel and stratum

stratum

panel	Perennial	Intermittent	Sum
OverSamp	36	0	36
PanelOne	75	32	107
Sum	111	32	143

Design Summary: Number of Sites Classified by mdcaty (Multidensity Category), panel, and stratum

, , stratum = Perennial

panel

${\tt mdcaty}$	OverSamp	PanelOne	Sum
1st	9	27	36
2nd	10	23	33
3rd+	17	25	42
Sum	36	75	111

, , stratum = Intermittent

panel

mdcaty	OverSamp	PanelOne	Sum
1st	0	24	24
2nd	0	6	6
3rd+	0	2	2
Sum	0	32	32

, , stratum = Sum

panel

mdcaty	OverSamp	PanelOne	Sum
1st	9	51	60
2nd	10	29	39
3rd+	17	27	44

Sum 36 107 143

>

6 Stratified, unequal probability, GRTS survey design with an oversample and a panel structure for survey over time

The fourth survey design is a stratified, unequal probability design with an oversample and a panel structure for survey over time. List Paneldsgn is assigned design specifications. Analogous to the stratified, unequal probability design, Paneldsgn includes two lists named "Perennial" and "Intermittent". For the "Perennial" stratum, a vector identifying sample sizes for three panels is assigned to panel. For the "Intermittent" stratum, the sample size for a single panel named "Annual" is assigned to panel. The value "Unequal" is assigned to seltype for both lists, which indicates unequal selection probabilities. For both lists, the third item, caty.n, assigns sample sizes for each of the three multidensity categories. Again, note that the sum of sample sizes provided in caty.n must equal the sum of sample sizes in panel. For the "Perennial" stratum, the value 50 is assigned to over, which specifies an oversample of 50 sites. No oversample is specified for the "Intermittent" stratum, and so over is not included in the list. The grts function attempts to distribute the oversample proportionately among sample sizes for the multidensity categories. If the oversample proportion for one or more categories is not a whole number, a warning message is printed and the proportion is rounded to the next higher integer.

For this survey design, a shapefile will be used as the sampling frame. The following arguments are included in the call to grts: (1) design: assigned the Paneldsgn list; (2) DesignID: assigned the value "UNEQUAL"; (3) type.frame: assigned the value "linear"; (4) src.frame: assigned the value "shapefile"; (5) in.shape: assigned the value "Luck_Ash_streams"; (6) att.frame: assigned the att data frame; 7) stratum: assigned the value "Per_Int"; (8) mdcaty: assigned the value "Strah_Cat"; (9) shapefile: assigned the value FALSE. Upon completion of the call to grts, the initial six sites for the survey design and a design summary are printed.

Create the design list

Select the sample

```
> Panelsites <- grts(design=Paneldsgn,
                     DesignID="UNEQUAL",
                     type.frame="linear",
                     src.frame="shapefile",
                     in.shape="Luck_Ash_streams",
                     att.frame=att,
                     stratum="Per_Int",
                     mdcaty="Strah_Cat",
                     shapefile=FALSE)
Stratum: Perennial
Initial number of levels: 4
Current number of levels: 4
Current number of levels: 5
Final number of levels: 5
Stratum: Intermittent
Initial number of levels: 3
Current number of levels: 3
Current number of levels: 4
Current number of levels: 5
Current number of levels: 6
Final number of levels: 6
```

Print the initial six lines of the survey design

- > # Print the initial six lines of the survey design
- > head(Panelsites@data)

	${ t siteID}$	xcoord	ycoord	mdcaty	wgt	stratum	panel	EvalStatus
1	UNEQUAL-001	-2134568	2740846	3rd+	7989.511	Perennial	Annual	${\tt NotEval}$
2	UNEQUAL-002	-2151457	2736794	1st	13368.731	Perennial	Annual	${ t NotEval}$
3	UNEQUAL-003	-2129716	2733538	3rd+	7989.511	Perennial	Annual	${ t NotEval}$
4	UNEQUAL-004	-2121378	2739006	2nd	8873.391	Perennial	Annual	${ t NotEval}$
5	UNEQUAL-005	-2135252	2741591	3rd+	7989.511	Perennial	Annual	${ t NotEval}$
6	UNEQUAL-006	-2139503	2726319	3rd+	7989.511	Perennial	Annual	${ t NotEval}$
	EvalReason I	Length_km						
1		1.331251						
2		3.711475						
3		2.963369						
4		4.690253						
5		1.042877						
6		1.034233						

>

Print the survey design summary

- > # Print the survey design summary
- > dsgnsum(Panelsites)

Design Summary: Number of Sites Classified by mdcaty (Multidensity Category) and stratum

stratum

${\tt mdcaty}$	Perennial	${\tt Intermittent}$	Sum
1st	36	20	56
2nd	24	4	28
3rd+	40	3	43
Sum	100	27	127

Design Summary: Number of Sites Classified by panel and stratum

stratum

panel	Perennial	${\tt Intermittent}$	Sum
Annual	16	27	43
OverSamp	50	0	50
Year1	17	0	17
Year2	17	0	17
Sum	100	27	127

Design Summary: Number of Sites Classified by mdcaty (Multidensity Category), panel, and stratum

, , stratum = Perennial

panel

mdcaty	Annual	OverSamp	Year1	Year2	Sum
1st	4	18	6	8	36
2nd	5	12	2	5	24
3rd+	7	20	9	4	40
Sum	16	50	17	17	100

, , stratum = Intermittent

panel

${\tt mdcaty}$	Annual	${\tt OverSamp}$	Year1	Year2	${\tt Sum}$
1st	20	0	0	0	20
2nd	4	0	0	0	4
3rd+	3	0	0	0	3
Sum	27	0	0	0	27

, , stratum = Sum

panel

mdcaty	Annual	${\tt OverSamp}$	Year1	Year2	Sum
1st	24	18	6	8	56
2nd	9	12	2	5	28
3rd+	10	20	9	4	43
Sum	43	50	17	17	127

>