

# WSD: Unsupervised



# Unsupervised

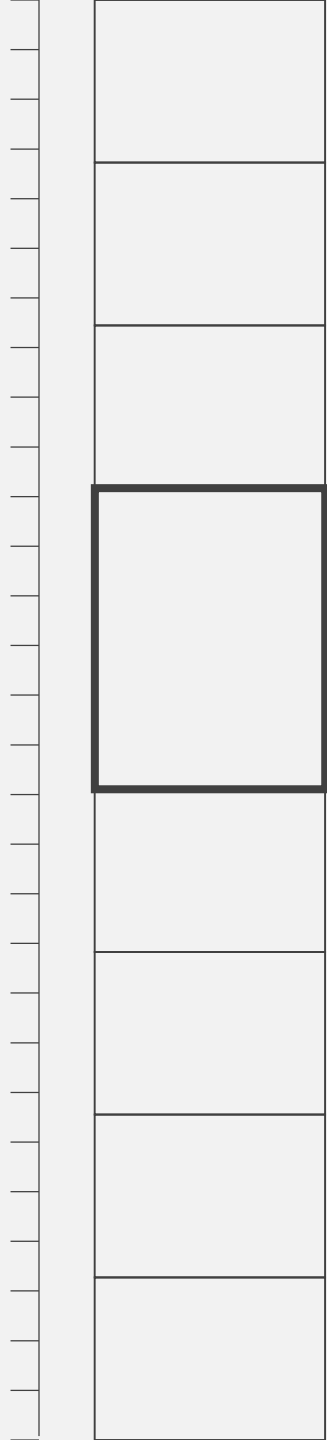
It is expensive and difficult to build large corpora in which each word is labeled for its word sense.

In unsupervised approaches, we start with no known answers, and **no predefined senses**.

The set of “senses” is created automatically from the instances of each word in the training set.

**Word sense induction: clustering**

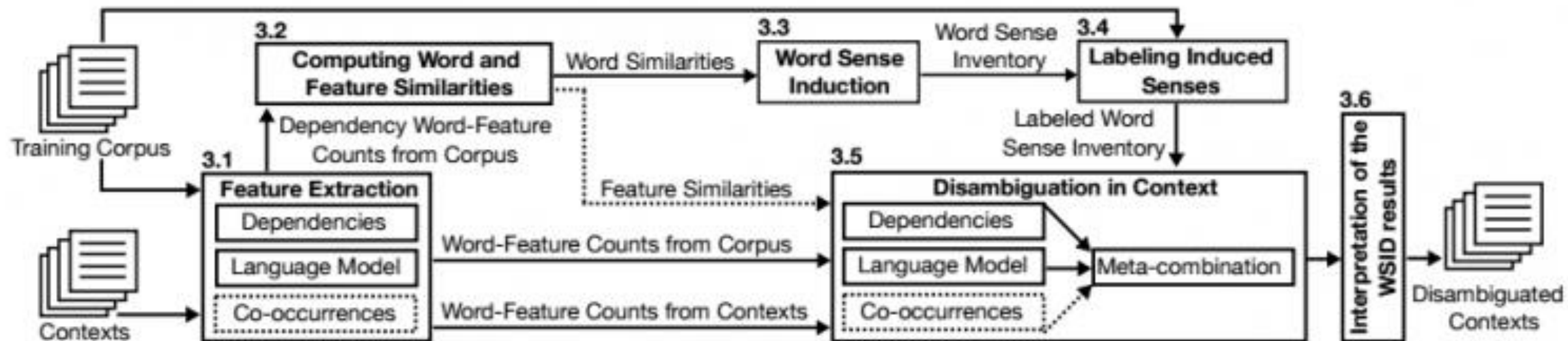
**Word sense induction: clustering**  
**Disambiguate**

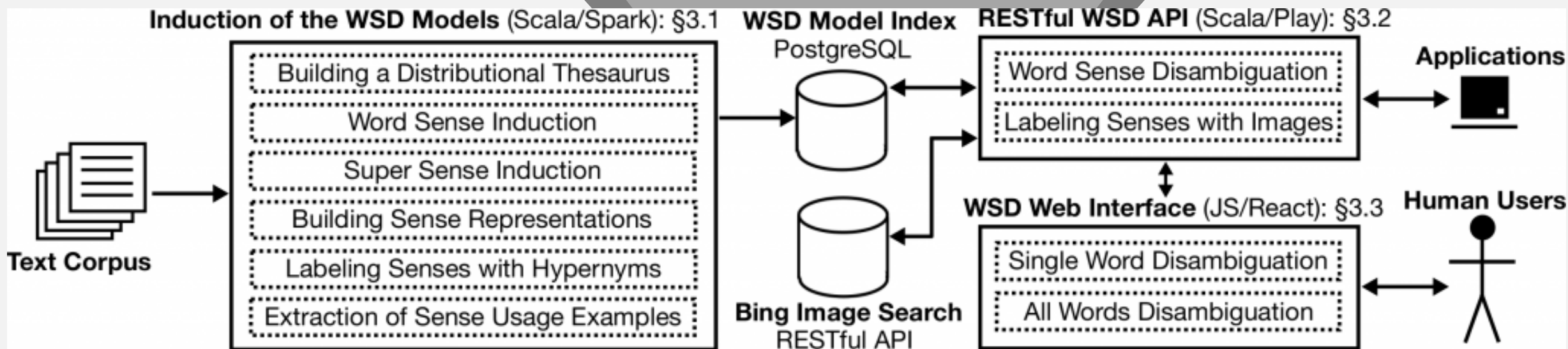


**JoBim Text**

# Method

1. extraction of context features
2. computing word and feature similarities
3. word sense induction
4. labeling of clusters with hypernyms and images
5. disambiguation of words in context  
based on the induced inventory
6. Interpretation of the model

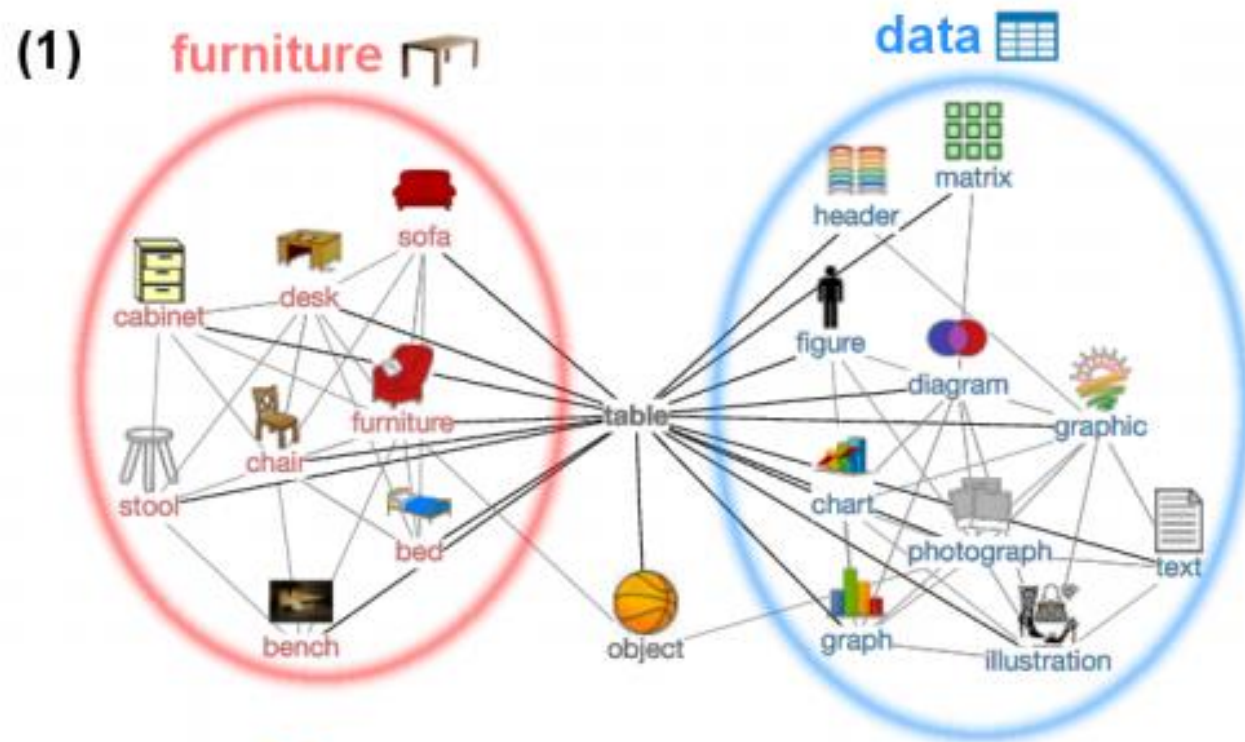








# Extraction of context features

1. Stanford Dependencies
2. Co-occurrence features
3. Tri-gram features



(2) **furniture**  **data** 

seating#NN#conj_and	graph#NN#-conj_and
counter#NN#-conj_and	index#NN#-conj_and
bench#NN#-conj_and	knot#NN#nn
folding#JJ#amod	row#NN#prep_with
desk#NN#-conj_and	graph#NN#appos
lunch#NN#nn	above#JJ#dep
furnish#VB#-prep_with	above#RB#-npadvmod
sofa#NN#-conj_and	diagram#NN#conj_and
booth#NN#-conj_and	below#IN#amod
stool#NN#conj_and	draw#VB#amod
armchair#NN#-conj_and	reproduce#VB#rcmod
...	...

(3)

Below is a table of **data | LM** information, which lists all **furniture | cooc** cookies **data | cooc** deployed and used on our **data | cooc** website.

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**Algorithm 1:** Unsupervised WSD of the word  $t$  based on the induced word sense inventory  $I$ .

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**input** : Word  $t$ , context features  $C$ , sense inventory  $I$ , word-feature table  $F$ , use largest cluster back-off  $LCB$ , use feature expansion  $FE$ .  
**output**: Sense of the target word  $t$  in inventory  $I$  and confidence score.

```
1  $S \leftarrow \text{getSenses}(I, t)$ 
2 if  $FE$  then
3    $C \leftarrow \text{featureExpansion}(C)$ 
4 end
5 foreach  $(\text{sense}, \text{cluster}) \in S$  do
6    $\alpha[\text{sense}] \leftarrow \{\}$ 
7   foreach  $w \in \text{cluster}$  do
8     foreach  $c \in C$  do
9        $\alpha[\text{sense}] \leftarrow \alpha[\text{sense}] \cup F(w, c)$ 
10    end
11  end
12 end
13 if  $\max_{\text{sense} \in S} \text{mean}(\alpha[\text{sense}]) = 0$  then
14   if  $LCB$  then
15     return  $\arg \max_{(\cdot, \text{cluster}) \in S} |\text{cluster}|$ 
16   else
17     return  $-1$  // reject to classify
18   end
19 else
20   return  $\arg \max_{(\text{sense}, \cdot) \in S} \text{mean}(\alpha[\text{sense}])$ 
21 end
```

---

The algorithm starts by retrieving induced sense clusters of the target word (line 1). Next, the method starts to accumulate context feature weights of each sense in  $\alpha[\text{sense}]$ . Each word  $w$  in a sense cluster brings all its word-feature counts  $F(w, c)$ : see lines 5-12. Finally, a sense that maximizes mean weight across all context features is chosen (lines 13-21). Optionally, we can resort to the largest cluster back-off (LCB) strategy in case if no context features match sense representations.



<http://ltbev.informatik.uni-hamburg.de/wsd/single-word>

# Try

Table:

He spread out the newspaper on the table.

The offer on the table is a 10% wage increase.

Apply the style to each table in the document.

## 1. table (item)

Similarity score: 0.000131 / Confidence: 99.07% / Sense ID: table#1 / BabelNet ID: bn:00075813n

He spread out the newspaper on the table.

Hypernyms

item furniture product object

Related words

desk the table kitchen table chair dining table coffee table sofa bed shelf the counter furniture

aka Cluster words

the desk couch stool dinner table tray seating floor fireplace dresser 130 more not shown

Features

aka Context features

live: 0.000049 say: 0.00013 open: 0.00097 go: 0.00077 sit: 0.018 kill: 0.000027 hold: 0.00023  
close: 0.000018 pay: 0.00014 send: 0.000075 see: 0.00023 offer: 0.00016 take: 0.00046 set: 0.00040  
meet: 0.00026 head: 0.00039 run: 0.00042 percent: 0.0000070 make: 0.00044 fall: 0.0020  
33485 more not shown

Matching features

spread: 0.000083 newspaper: 0.000047

# Unsupervised Knowledge Free Word Sense Disambiguation

## 1. table (item)

Similarity score: 0.0000416 / Confidence: 39.87% / Sense ID: table#1 / BabelNet ID: bn:00075813n

Hypernyms

item furniture product object

Related words

desk the table kitchen table chair dining table coffee table sofa bed shelf the counter furni

aka Cluster words

the desk couch stool dinner table tray seating floor fireplace dresser 130 more not shown

Features

aka Context features

live: 0.000049 say: 0.00013 open: 0.00097 go: 0.00077 sit: 0.018 kill: 0.000027 hold: 0.00023  
close: 0.000018 pay: 0.00014 send: 0.000075 see: 0.00023 offer: 0.00016 take: 0.00046 set: 0.00040  
meet: 0.00026 head: 0.00039 run: 0.00042 percent: 0.0000070 make: 0.00044 fall: 0.0020  
33485 more not shown

Matching features

offer: 0.000031 increase: 0.0000023 wage: 0.0000011 10: 0.0000071

The offer on the table is a 10% wage increase.



## 1. table (item)

Similarity score: 0.000126 / Confidence: 57.24% / Sense ID: table#2 / BabelNet ID: bn:00011641n

Apply the style to each table in the document.

Hypernyms

- item
- object
- element
- page

Related words

- Table
- Tables
- figure
- section
- Appendix
- paragraph
- Figure
- clause
- Paragraph
- Clause
- see section

aka Cluster words

- see Section
- Section
- magnitude
- Version
- See Section
- Annex

Features

aka Context features

- live: 0.000076
- open: 0.000014
- kill: 0.0000079
- hold: 0.000019
- pay: 0.00021
- send: 0.000081
- see: 0.000043
- offer: 0.000029
- percent: 0.000094
- make: 0.000025
- play: 0.000011
- build: 0.00013
- raise: 0.000024
- face: 0.000029
- catch: 0.000052
- arrest: 0.00018
- show: 0.00045
- strike: 0.000043
- act: 0.000088
- try: 0.000026
- 8490 more not shown

Matching features

- apply: 0.00012
- document: 0.0000081



# REFERENCE

J+M\_C. 8

Panchenko, Alexander, et al. "Unsupervised Does Not Mean Uninterpretable: The Case for Word Sense Induction and Disambiguation." Conference of the European Chapter of the Association for Computational Linguistics 2017.

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Jobim: <http://ltmaggie.informatik.uni-hamburg.de/jobimtext/wsd/>  
<http://ltbev.informatik.uni-hamburg.de/wsd/single-word>

<https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/generated/sklearn.cluster.AgglomerativeClustering.html>

[http://sambrody.info/Lectures/Brody\\_unsupervised\\_JHU.pdf](http://sambrody.info/Lectures/Brody_unsupervised_JHU.pdf)

# THANK YOU FOR WATCHING

