

## Cryptography Assignment - 7

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**1: Show that the following procedure defines a cryptosystem. Let  $w$  be a string over  $\{A,B, \dots, Z\}$ . Choose two Caesar cipher keys  $k_1$ , and  $k_2$ . Encrypt the symbols of  $w$  having odd index using  $k_1$  and those having even index using  $k_2$ . Then reverse the order of the encrypted string. Determine the plaintext space, the cipher text space, and the key space.**

A cryptosystem is defined as a tuple  $\{P,C,K,E,D\}$ , where in

- $P$  is plaintext space. Its elements are plaintexts.
- $C$  is cipher text space. Its elements are cipher texts.
- $K$  is key space. Its elements are keys.
- $E$  is a set of family of functions which converts plaintext to cipher text.
- $D$  is a set of family of functions which converts cipher text to plaintext.

Let's consider  $w = \text{"OKLAHOMA"}$

Symbols of  $w$  having even indexes,  $w_e = \{O,L,H,M\}$

Symbols of  $w$  having odd indexes,  $w_o = \{K,A,O,A\}$

According to the question statement we encrypt  $w_o$  using key  $k_1$  and encrypt  $w_e$  using  $k_2$ .

Let's consider  $k_1 = 2$  and  $k_2 = 4$

Encrypted  $w_e = \{S,P,L,Q\}$

Encrypted  $w_o = \{M,C,Q,C\}$

Our encrypted text before reversing is "SMPCLQQC".

Our cipher text becomes (reversed above text) "CQQLCPMS"

Plaintext space is  $\Sigma = \{A,B,C,\dots,Z\}$

Cipher text space is  $\Sigma = \{A,B,C,\dots,Z\}$

To find the key space, we will have to look at the combinations possible. Since there are 26 letters are present in both plaintext and cipher text spaces, we will have  $26 \times 26$  possibilities for selecting keys. Therefore, key space for the above cryptosystem is  $26 \times 26$ , that is,  $26^2$ .

**2: What is the maximum number of different encryption functions of a block cipher over the alphabet  $\{O, I\}$  with block length  $n$ ?**

The encryption functions of a block cipher are permutations. Therefore, the maximum number of encryption function is  $(|\Sigma|^n)! = 2^n!$

**4: Suppose that we use Caesar cipher with multiplication over  $Z/26Z$  (i.e. affine cipher):  $[c = 11p + 5]$  Can you find the formula for decryption? What is the cipher text for "TEXAS"? What is the plaintext for "OKLAHOMA" if we treat it as cipher text?**

A=0 B=1 C=2 D=3 E=4 F=5 G=6 H=7 I=8 J=9 K=10 L=11 M=12 N=13 O=14  
P=15 Q=16 R=17 S=18 T=19 U=20 V=21 W=22 X=23 Y=24 Z=25

"TEXAS"

T=19, E=4, X=23, A=0, S=18

For T,  $11(19)+5 \bmod 26 \Rightarrow 6$ . Which is "G"

For E,  $11(4)+5 \bmod 26 \Rightarrow 23$ . Which is "X"

For X,  $11(23)+5 \bmod 26 \Rightarrow 24$ . Which is "Y"

For A,  $11(0)+5 \bmod 26 \Rightarrow 5$ . Which is "F"

For S,  $11(18)+5 \bmod 26 \Rightarrow 21$ . Which is "V"

Hence, Cipher text for "TEXAS" is "**GXYFV**"

"OKLAHOMA"

O=14, K=10, L=11, A=0, H=7, O=14, M=12, A=0

Assuming  $11x = 1 \bmod 26$ , we will solve for  $x$  using Euclidian Algorithm

$$26=2*11+4$$

$$11=2*4+3$$

$$4=1*3+1$$

$$\text{So, } 1=4-1*3=4-1*(11-2*4)=3*4-1*11=3(26-2*11)-1*11=3*26-7*11$$

$$\text{Thus, } x=-7 \bmod 26 = 19$$

$$\text{We can write, } 19*11*p = 19(c-5)$$

$$19*11*p \bmod 26 = p \bmod 26 = 19(c-5) \bmod 26$$

Therefore, the formula for decryption is  **$19(c-5) \bmod 26$**

For O,  $19(14-5) \bmod 26 \Rightarrow 15$ . Which is "P"

For K,  $19(10-5) \bmod 26 \Rightarrow 17$ . Which is "R"

For L,  $19(11-5) \bmod 26 \Rightarrow 10$ . Which is "K"

For A,  $19(0-5) \bmod 26 \Rightarrow 9$ . Which is "J"

For H,  $19(7-5) \bmod 26 \Rightarrow 12$ . Which is "M"

For O,  $19(14-5) \bmod 26 \Rightarrow 15$ . Which is "P"

For M,  $19(12-5) \bmod 26 \Rightarrow 3$ . Which is "D"

For A,  $19(0-5) \bmod 26 \Rightarrow 9$ . Which is "J"

Hence, Plaintext for "OKLAHOMA" is **"PRKJMPDJ"**

### **3: Read the page**

**[https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Frequency\\_analysis](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Frequency_analysis)**

**and write a program to calculate the frequencies of English letters (case-insensitive) in the section "History and usage" (not including the title of the section and the text in the figures).**

Below is the Python program which takes "frequency.txt" as input and gives frequencies of every letter in the file. "frequency.txt" holds history and usage content from the Wikipedia page mentioned above.

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In [1]: from string import ascii_lowercase
with open("frequency.txt") as f:
    text = f.read().strip().lower()
    dic = {}
    for x in ascii_lowercase:
        dic[x] = text.count(x)
    for k,v in dic.items():
        print("Frequency of letter "+"'"+ k+ "'"+ " is",v)
```

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Frequency of letter 'a' is 207
Frequency of letter 'b' is 45
Frequency of letter 'c' is 104
Frequency of letter 'd' is 82
Frequency of letter 'e' is 312
Frequency of letter 'f' is 65
Frequency of letter 'g' is 36
Frequency of letter 'h' is 110
Frequency of letter 'i' is 183
Frequency of letter 'j' is 3
Frequency of letter 'k' is 16
Frequency of letter 'l' is 107
Frequency of letter 'm' is 54
Frequency of letter 'n' is 170
Frequency of letter 'o' is 156
Frequency of letter 'p' is 68
Frequency of letter 'q' is 12
Frequency of letter 'r' is 166
Frequency of letter 's' is 205
Frequency of letter 't' is 223
Frequency of letter 'u' is 73
Frequency of letter 'v' is 20
Frequency of letter 'w' is 34
Frequency of letter 'x' is 14
Frequency of letter 'y' is 67
Frequency of letter 'z' is 2
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