

Критерий Колмогорова

$\xi \sim R[0, 9]$ - непрер.

$H_0: \uparrow$

$H_1: \bar{H}_0$

$$\vec{x}_n = (\underbrace{0, \dots, 0}_5, \underbrace{1, \dots, 1}_8, \dots, \underbrace{9, \dots, 9}_7)$$

\tilde{F} на python

$$\tilde{\Delta} = \sqrt{n} \max(\dots) = 1,43$$

$$\Delta \sim K(x)$$

$$p\text{-value} = P(\Delta \geq \tilde{\Delta}) = 1 - P(\Delta < \tilde{\Delta} | H_0) =$$

$$= 1 - K(\tilde{\Delta}) =$$

$$= -2 \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} (-1)^k e^{-2k^2 \tilde{\Delta}^2} = 0,032 < \alpha$$

отвергаем

~~отвергаем~~

~~б) $\xi \sim N(\theta_1, \theta_2^2)$~~

$$b) H_0: \xi \sim N(\theta_1, \theta_2^2), \theta_2 > 0$$

$$H_1: \bar{H}_0$$

$$A_i: (-\infty, 1) [1, 2) [2, 3) [3, 4) [4, 5) [5, 6) \dots [9, +\infty)$$

$$m_i: \quad 5 \quad 8 \quad 6 \quad 12 \quad \dots \quad 7$$

$n p_i > 5$ невязно

$$P(A_0) = \int_{-\infty}^1 \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi} \theta_2} e^{-\frac{(\theta_1 - x)^2}{2\theta_2^2}} dx = p_0$$

$$P(A_1) = \int_1^2 \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi} \theta_2} e^{-\frac{(\theta_1 - x)^2}{2\theta_2^2}} dx = p_1$$

$$p_9 = P(A_9) = \int_9^{+\infty} p(x) dx$$

$$L(\vec{\theta}) = (p_1)^5 \cdot (p_2)^8 \cdot \dots \cdot (p_9)^7 \rightarrow \max$$

$$\tilde{\theta}_1 = 5,28$$

$$\tilde{\theta}_2^2 = 2,679$$

$$\hat{\Delta} = 9,8$$

$$\Delta \rightsquigarrow \chi^2(10 - 1 - 2) = \chi^2(7)$$

$$\infty) \quad p\text{-value} = P(\Delta \geq \hat{\Delta} | H_0) = 0,2 > \alpha$$

нет оснований

отвергнуть H_0

Критерий Колмогорова

$$H_0: \xi \sim N(\theta_1, \theta_2^2)$$

$$H_1: \bar{H}_0$$

$$\hat{\theta}_1 = \bar{x}$$

$$\hat{\theta}_2^2 = S^2$$

несмещ. оценка

$$\hat{\Delta} = 1,002$$

$$p\text{-value} = 0,82 > \alpha$$

нет оснований отвергнуть H_0