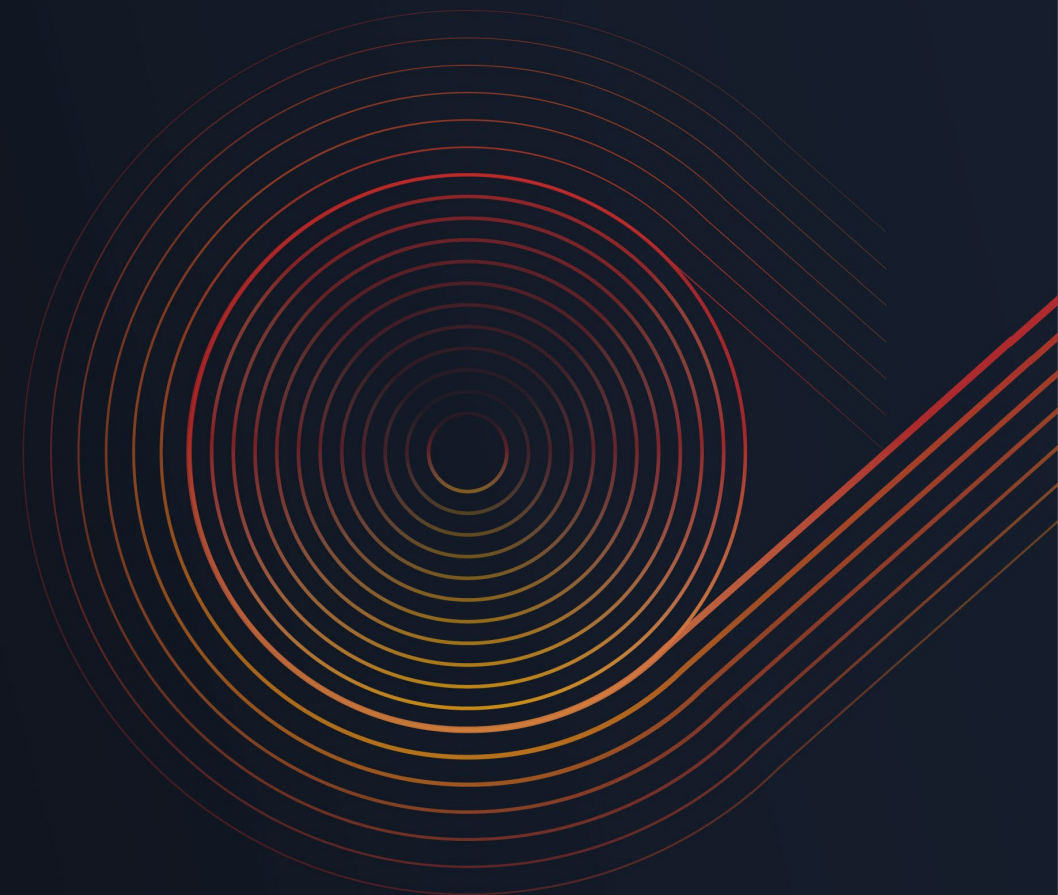




# From Monolithic to Microservices: Evolving architecture patterns

Rohini Gaonkar  
Senior Developer Advocate  
Amazon Internet Services Private Limited (AISPL)

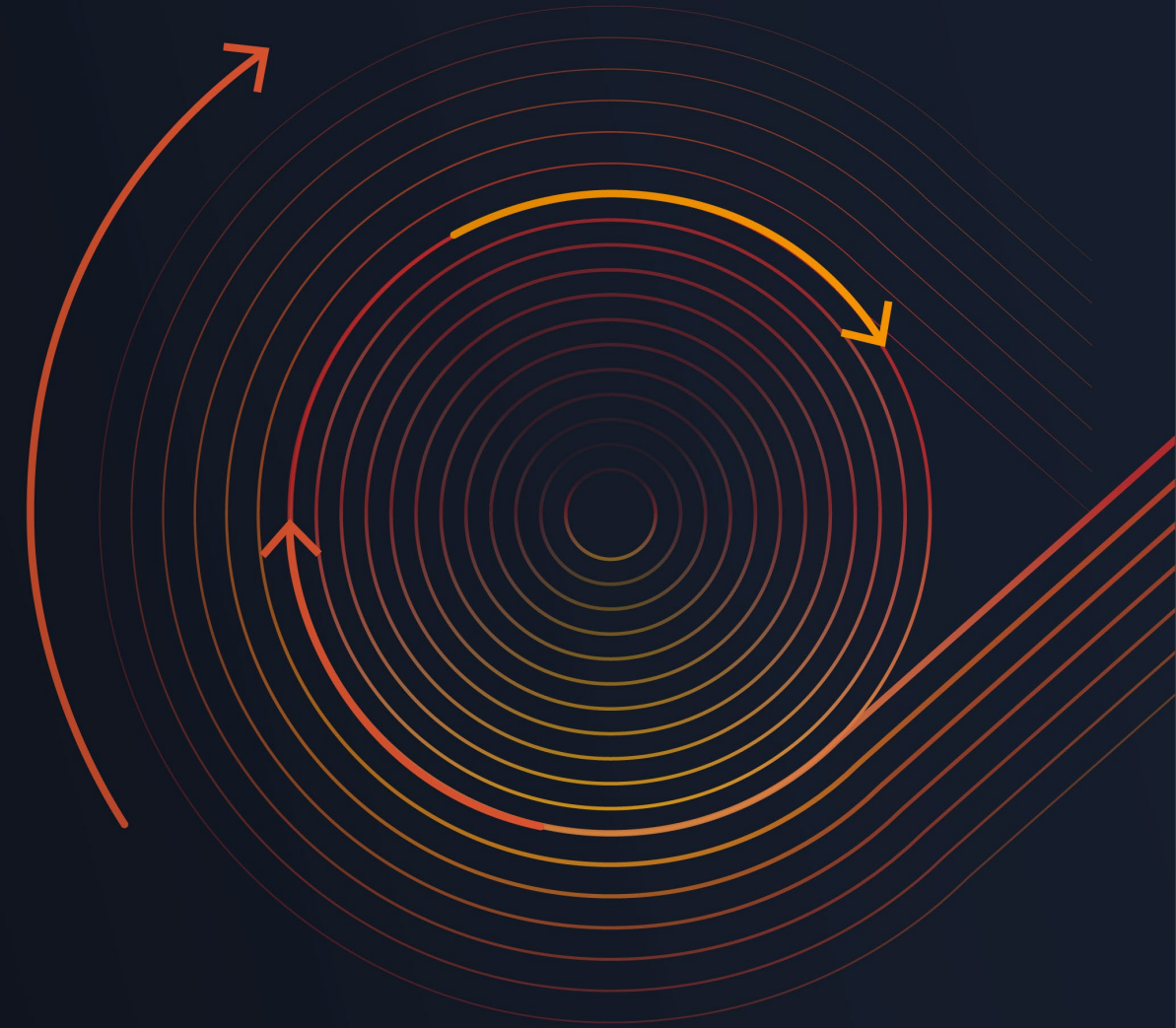


# Agenda

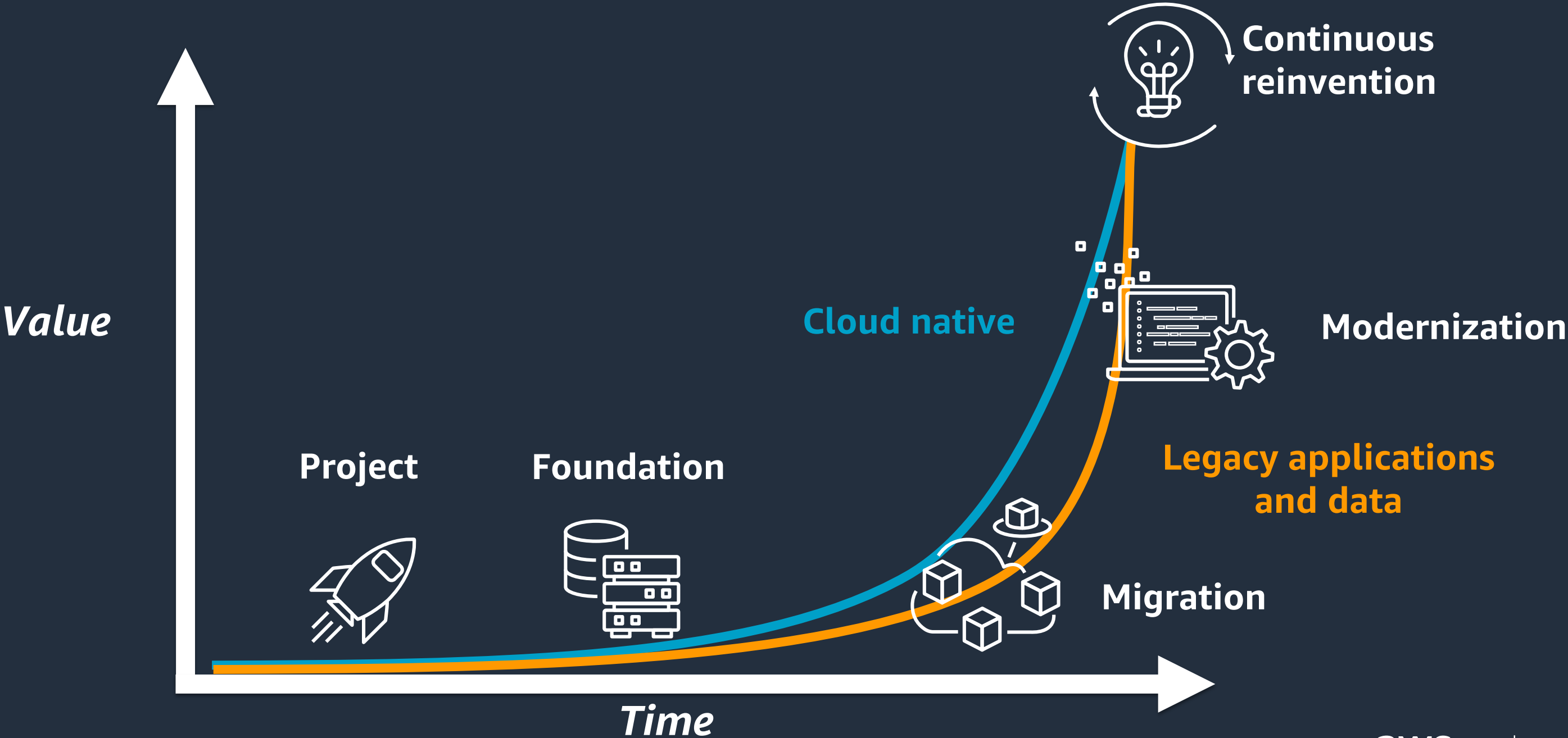
- Migration & modernization
- Breaking down the Monolith into Microservices to build Modern Applications
  - Architecture patterns
  - Operational model
  - Software delivery



# Migration & modernization



# Getting started in your cloud journey

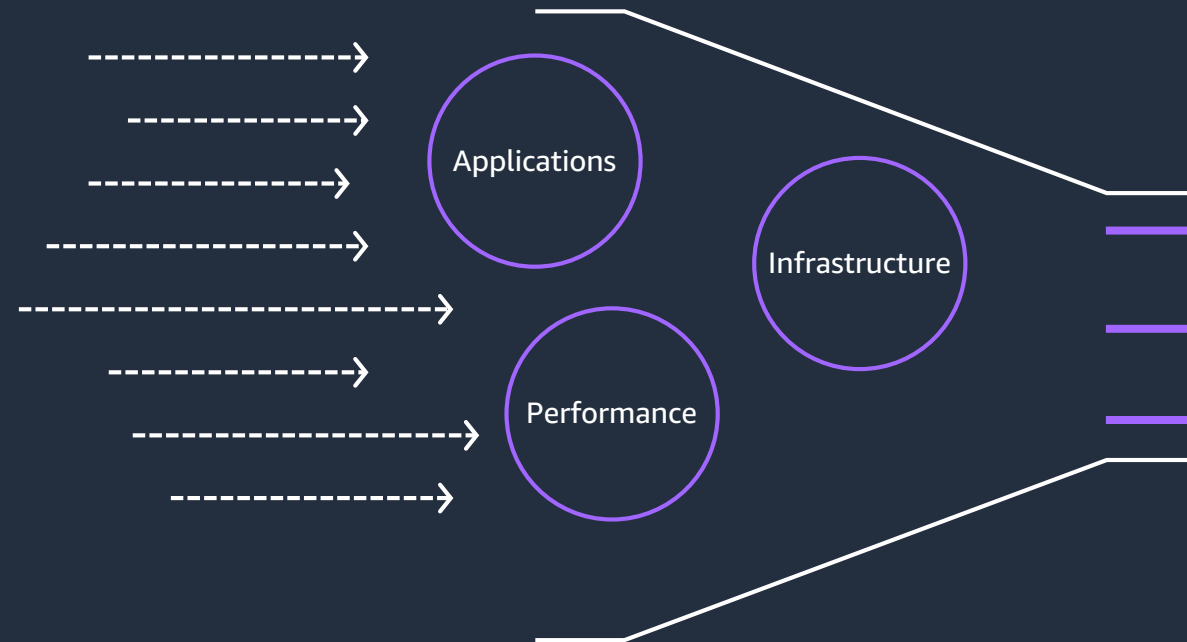


# Migration planning

## Current IT snapshot



## Discover & organize data



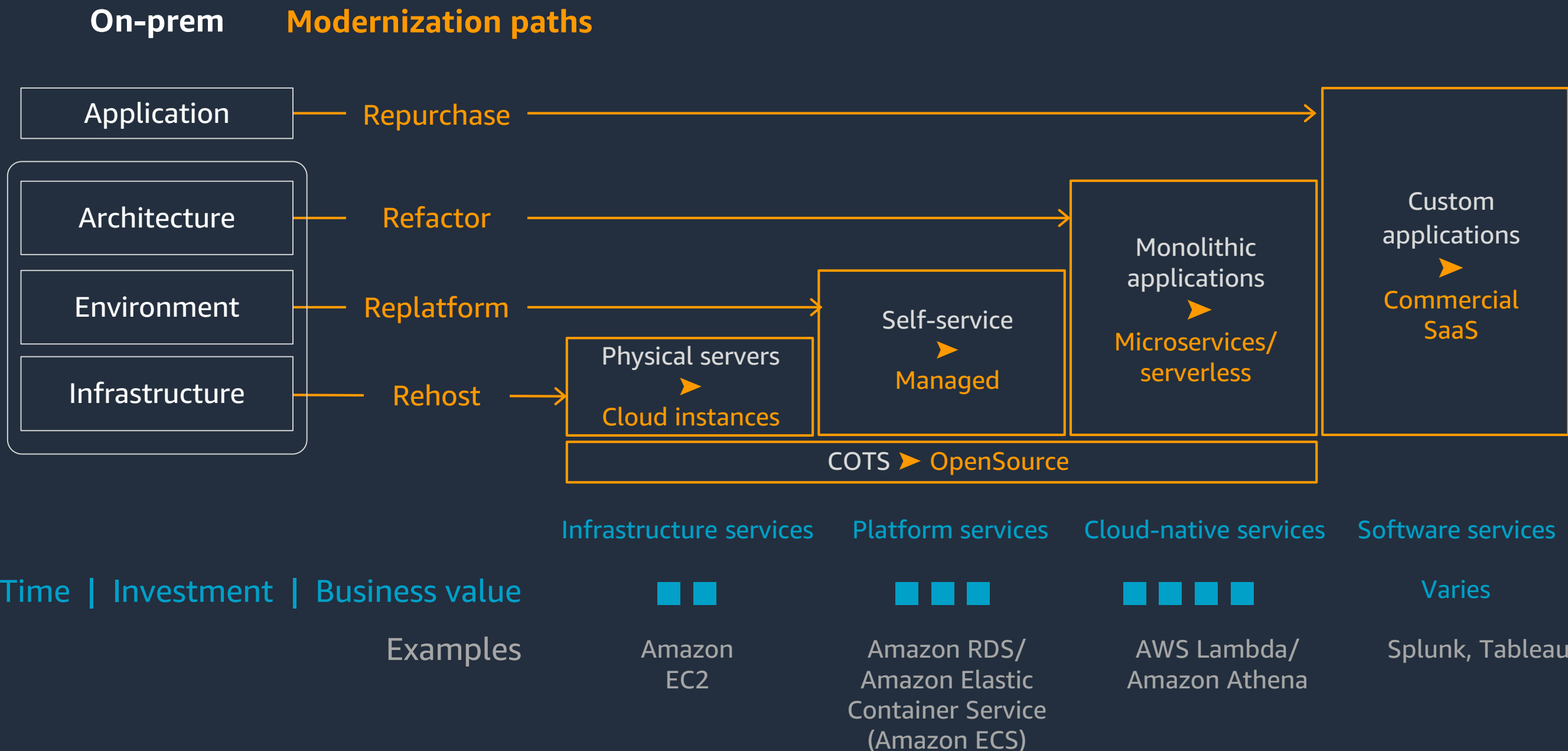
## Migration strategies for each workload (i.e. 7Rs)

- Refactor
- Replatform
- Repurchase
- Rehost
- Relocate
- Retain
- Retire

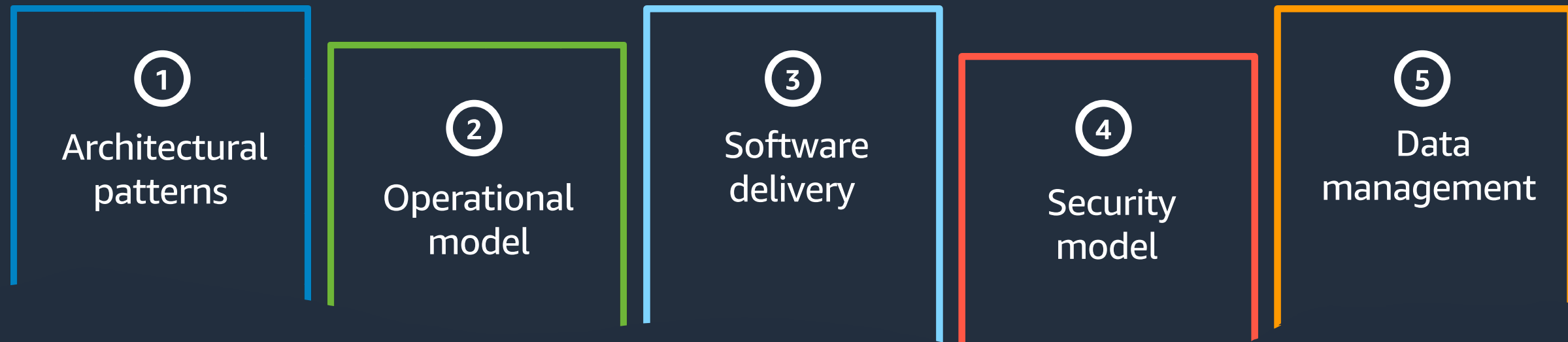
↑  
*Level of effort*  
↓

Migration strategy decision criteria should be based on both business and technical needs

# Modernization example

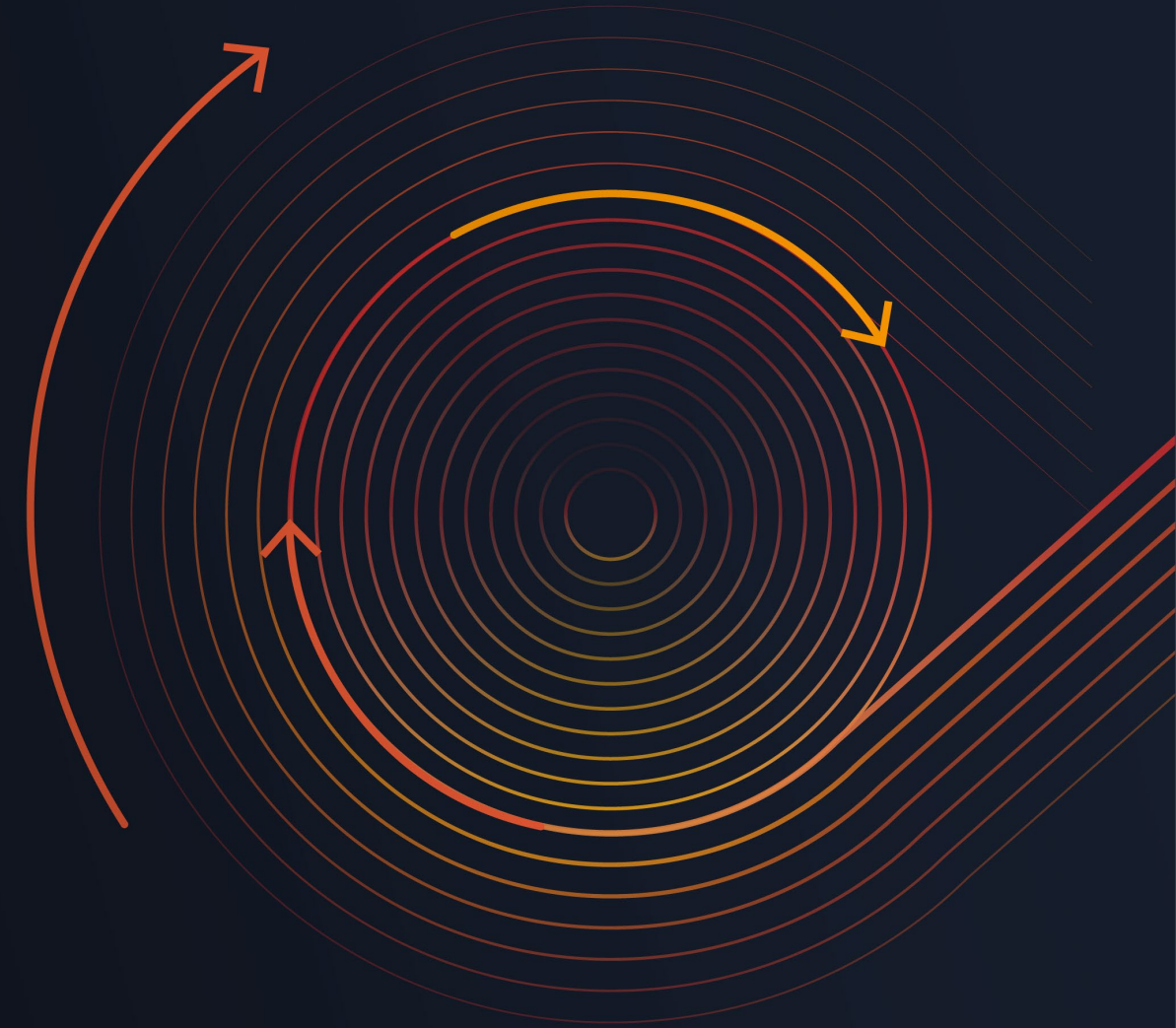


# What changes have to be made in our new world?





# Changes to the architectural patterns





# Monoliths are OK



**Monolith**  
does everything

# Monolith challenges



- Poor agility
- Tightly coupled
- Overprovisioning for scale
- Operational management
- Achieve high availability
- Hard to fail fast

# Microservices

When the impact of change is small, release velocity can increase



**Microservices**  
does one thing

# Common questions

How do I break the monolith?

How do I get started?

What workloads do I move first?

How do we manage workloads  
in the cloud?

What do I have in my environment?

How do I get my team re-skilled?

What should I move to the cloud?

How do I migrate these workloads?

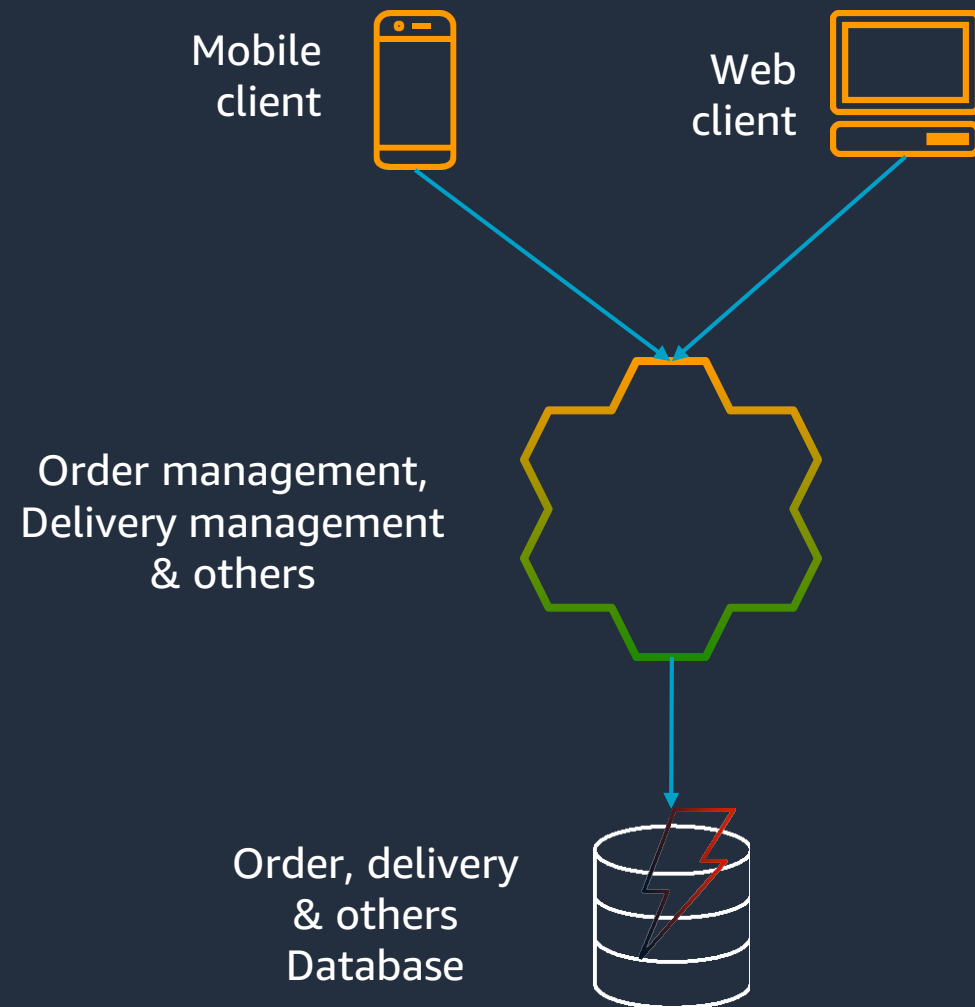
# Microservices refactoring

1. Implement **new functionality** as services
2. **Extract** services from the monolith



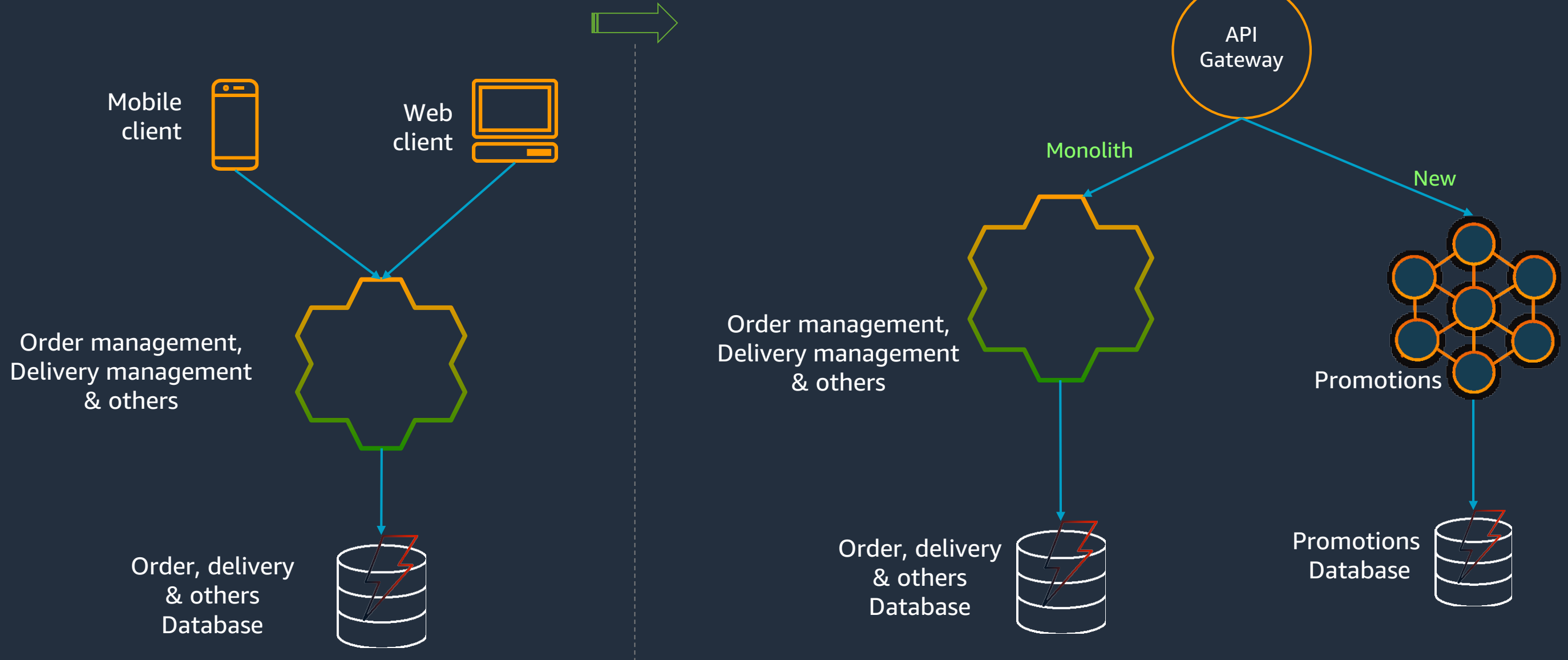
# Microservices refactoring

Implement **new functionality** as services



# Microservices refactoring

Implement **new functionality** as services





# Breaking the Monolith



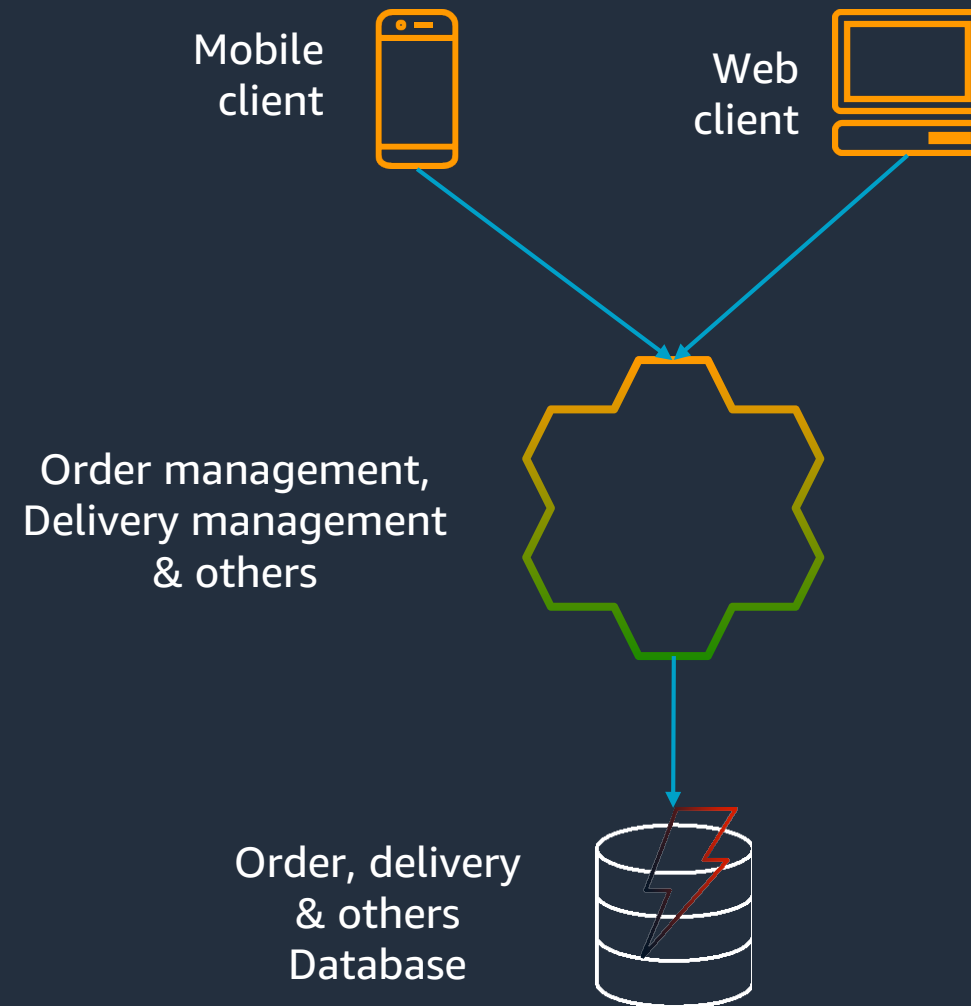
# How do I get started with decoupling?



- Start simple
- Decouple capability, not code
- Capabilities that change frequently and are important to the business
- Minimize dependency back to monolith
- Macro **vs** micro

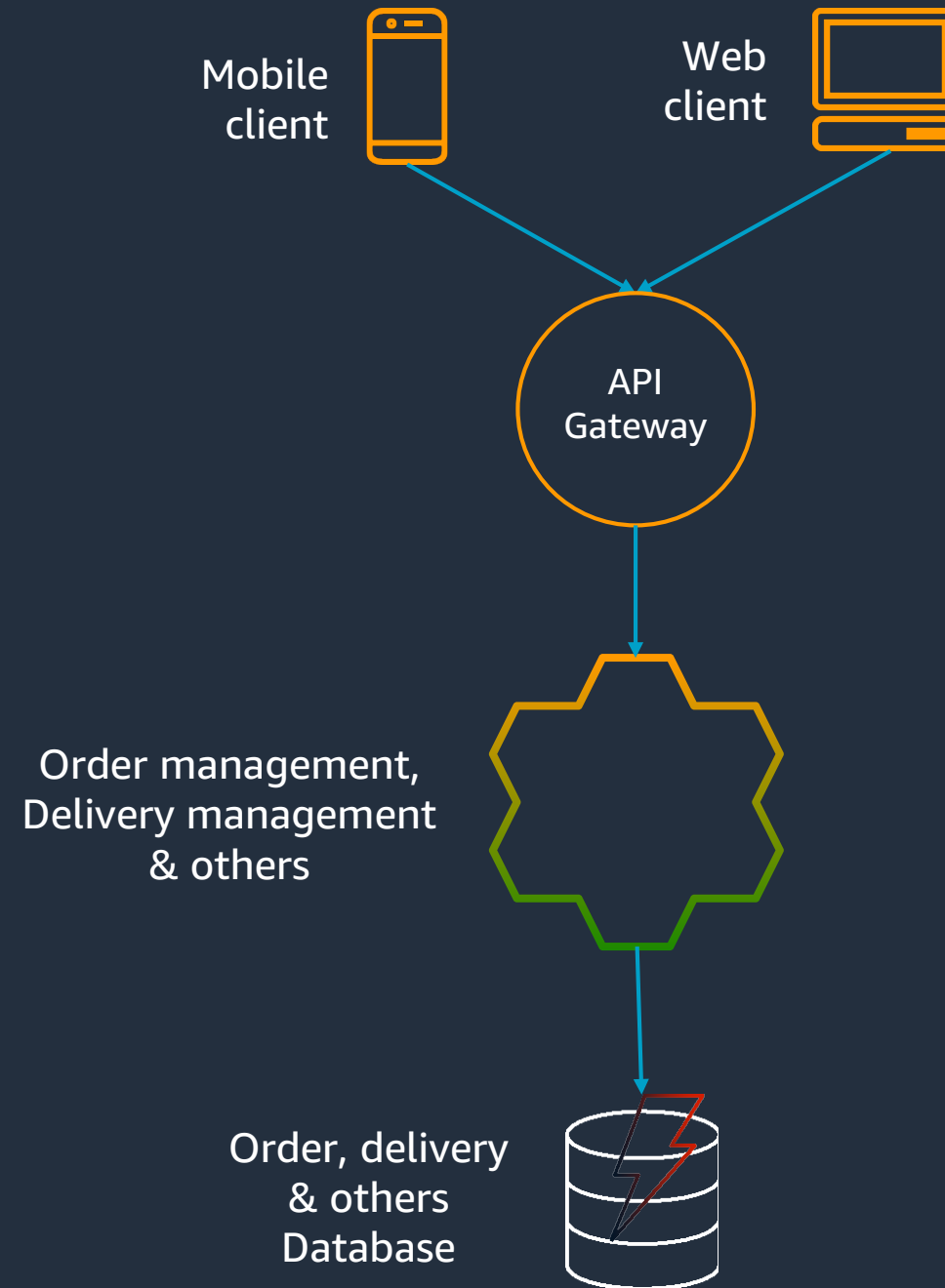


# Sample Monolith Application



# Add API Layer for abstraction

- Security
- Resiliency
- Operations monitoring
- Real-Time
- Lifecycle management
- Metering
- ... and more

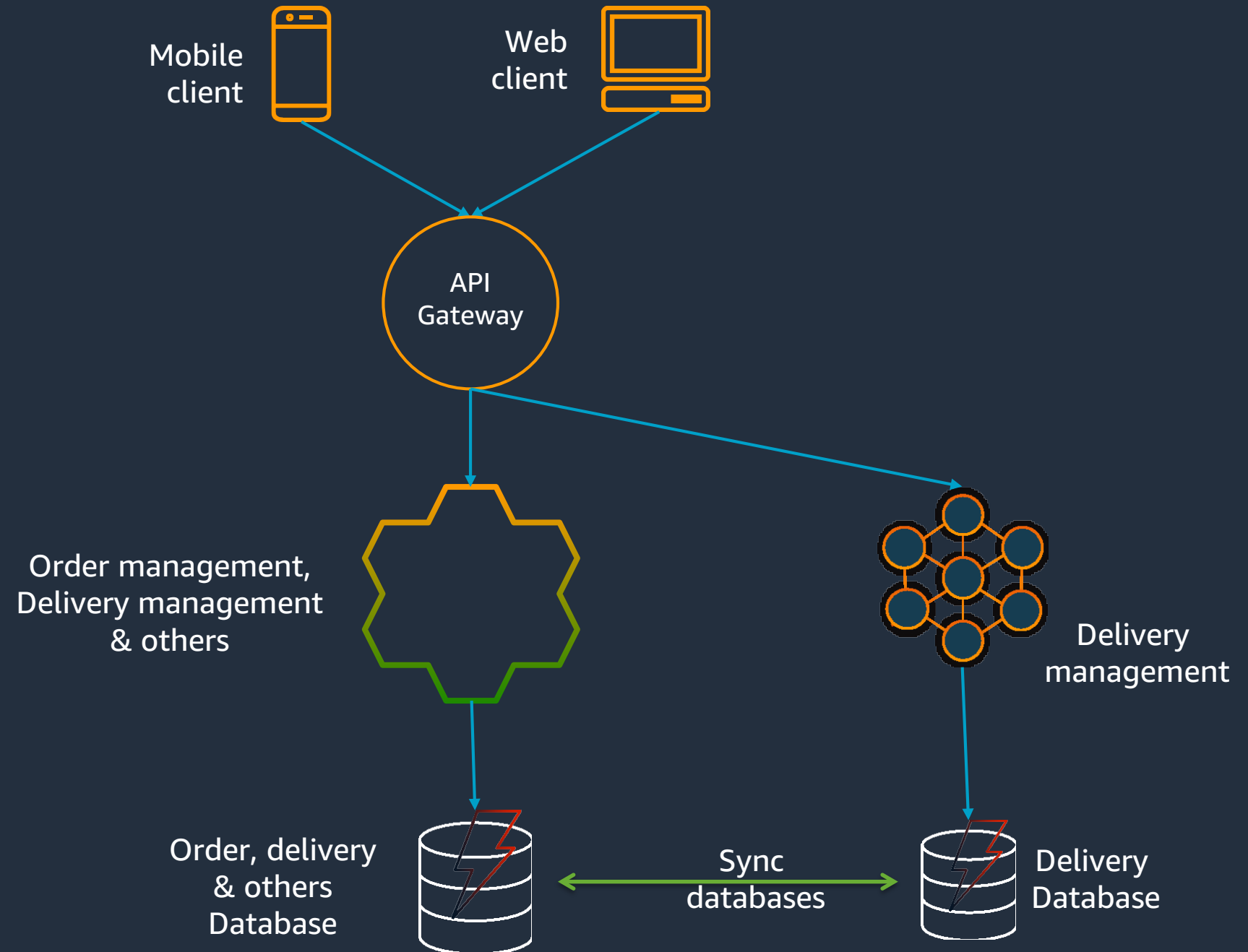
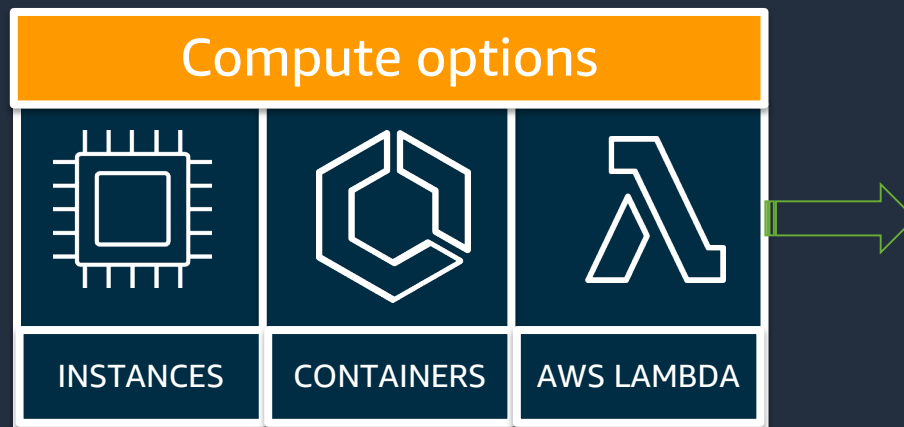


# Strangler Pattern

Retire & Rewrite

VS

Extract & Reuse



# Serverless Compute



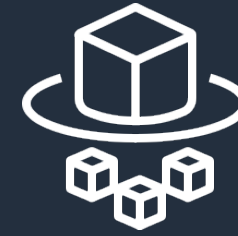
## AWS Lambda

Serverless event-driven  
**code** execution

Short-lived

All language runtimes

Data-source integrations



## AWS Fargate

Serverless compute engine  
for **containers**

Long-running

Bring existing code

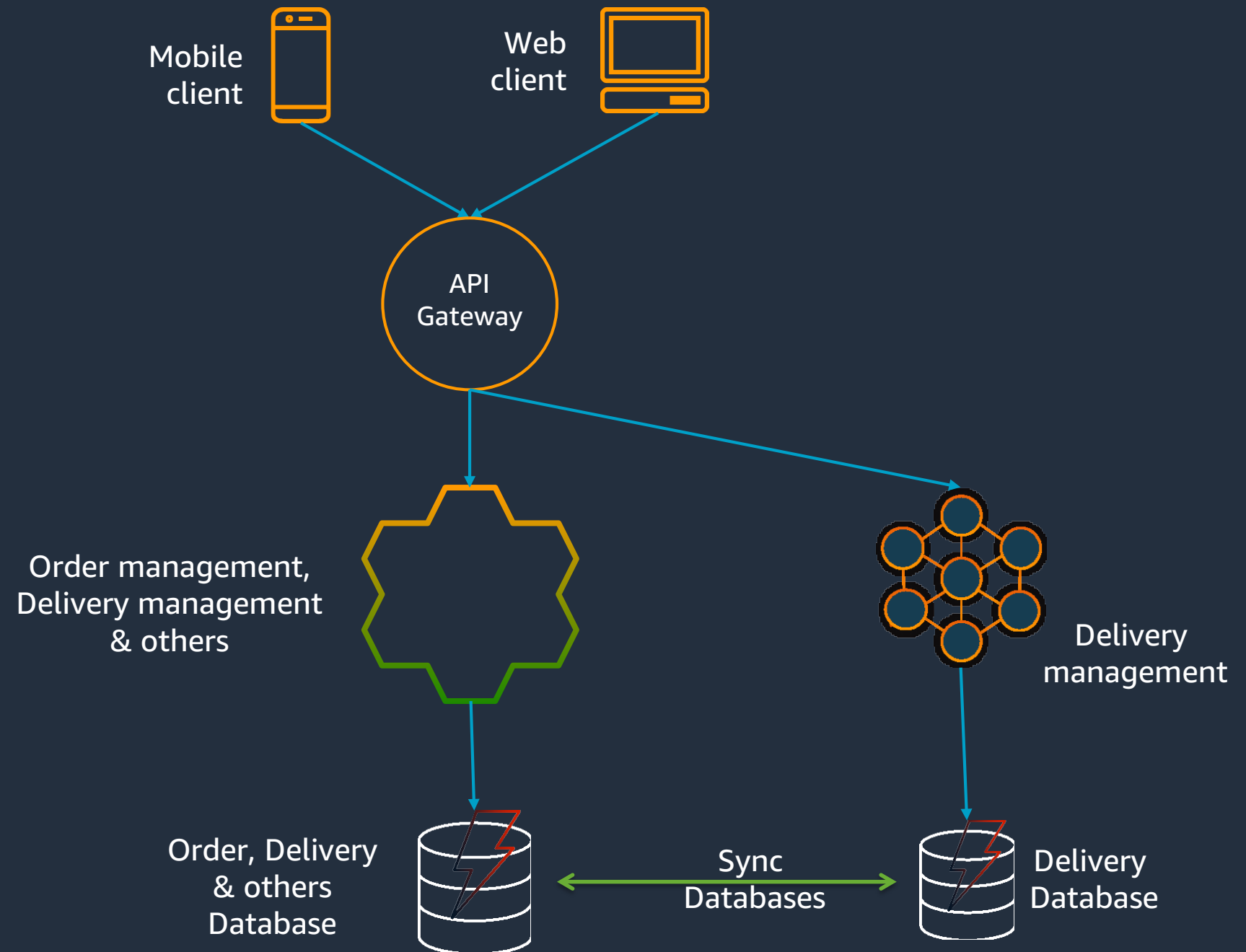
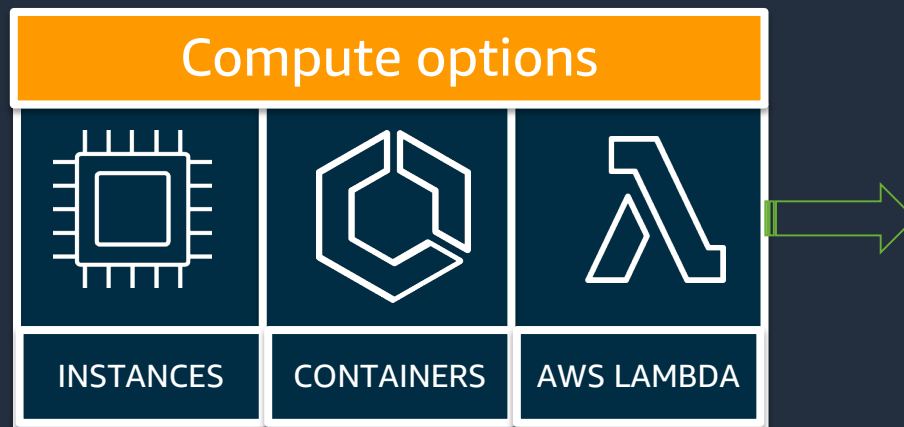
Fully managed orchestration

# Straggler Pattern

Retire & Rewrite

VS

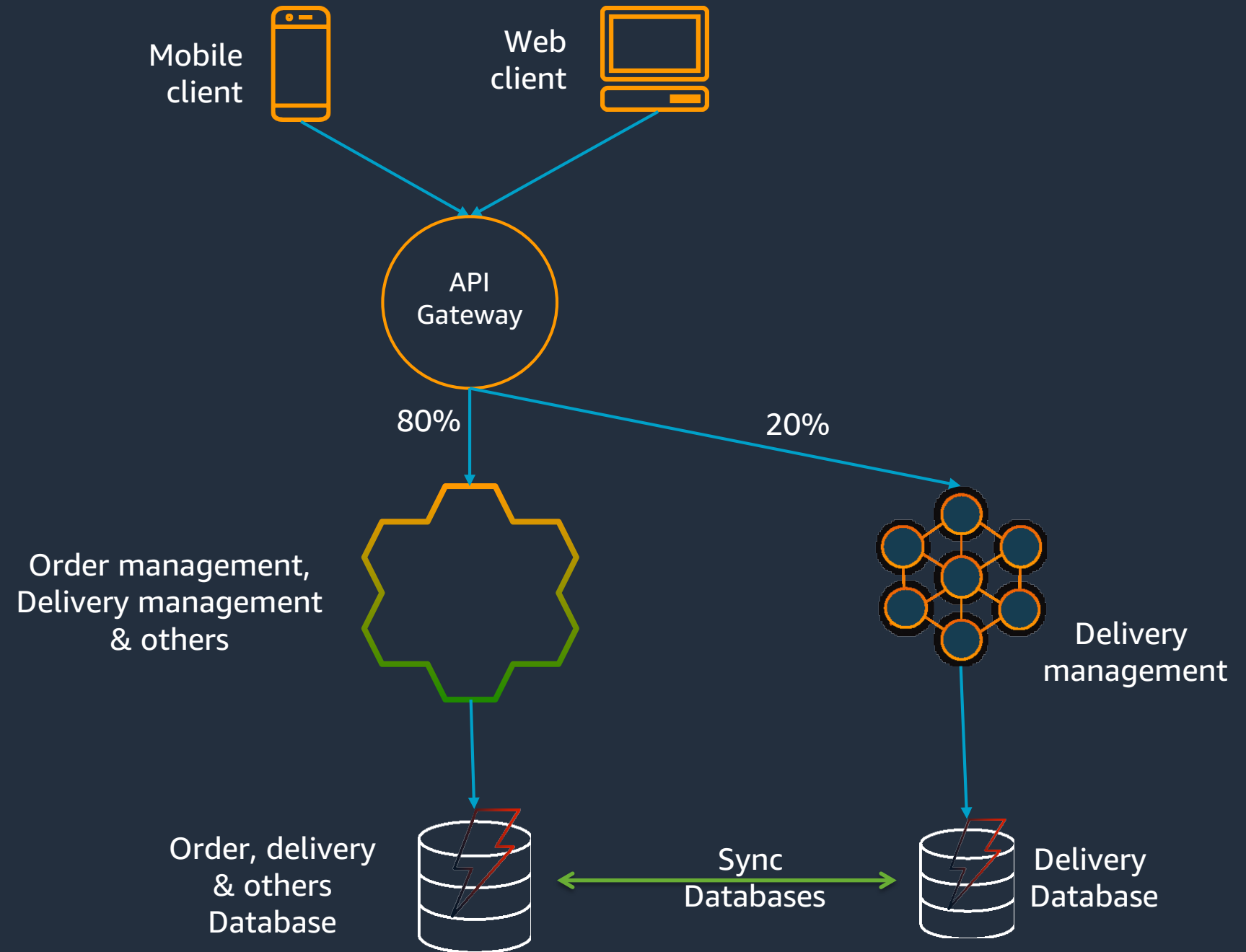
Extract & Reuse





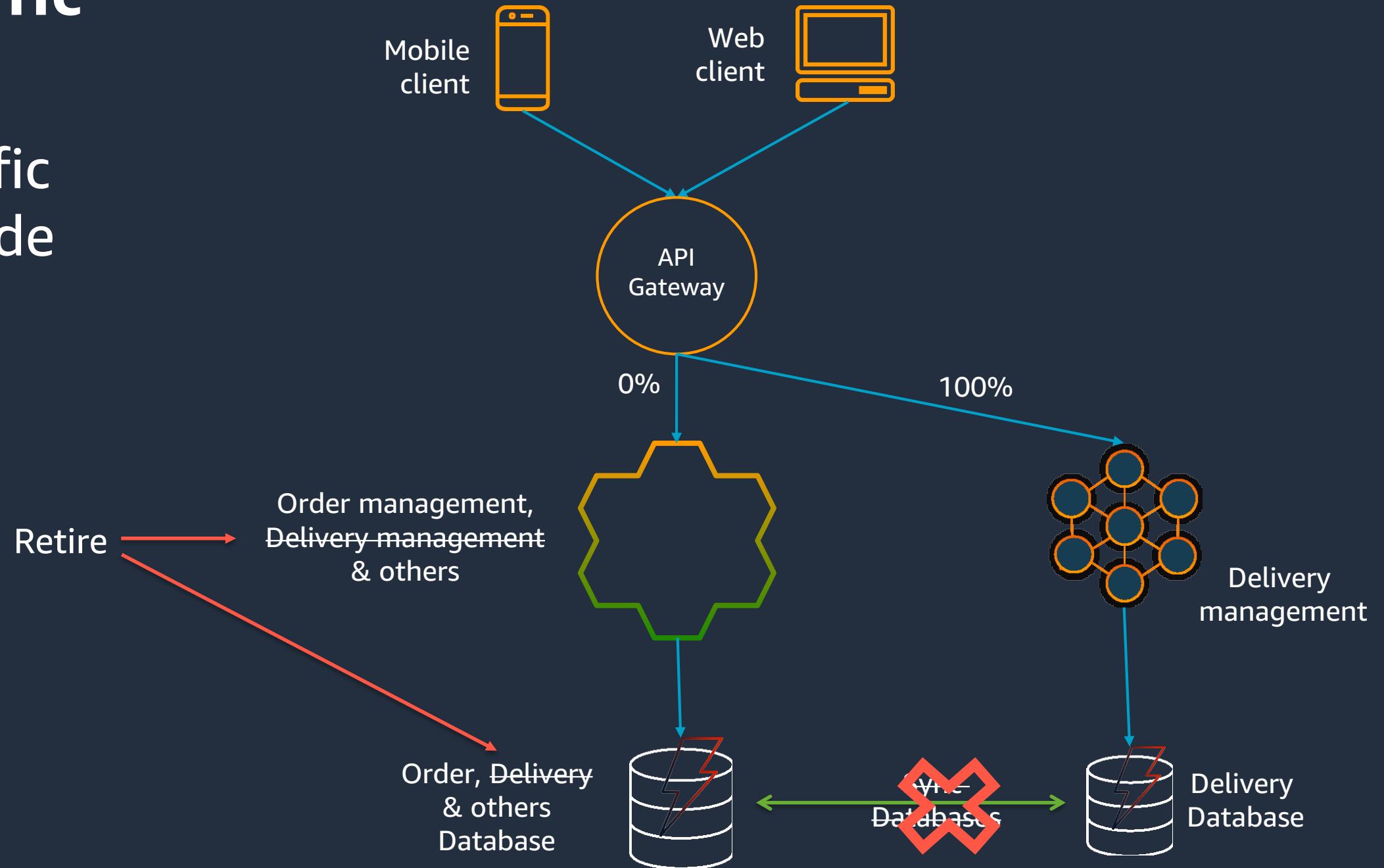
# Toggle Traffic

Test application  
rollback, if required



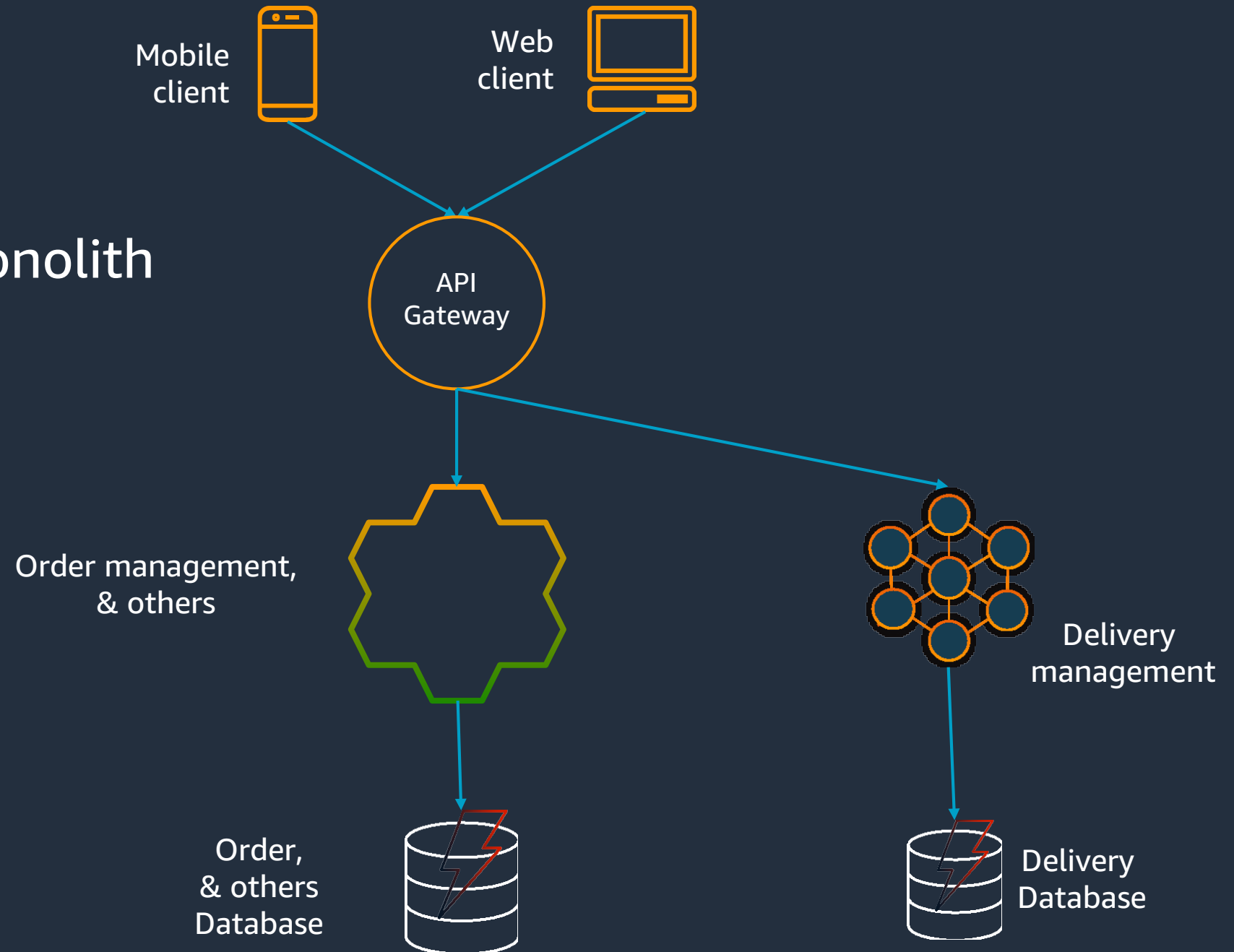
# Toggle Traffic

Redirect traffic  
Retire old code



# Coexistence

## Continue refactoring the Monolith

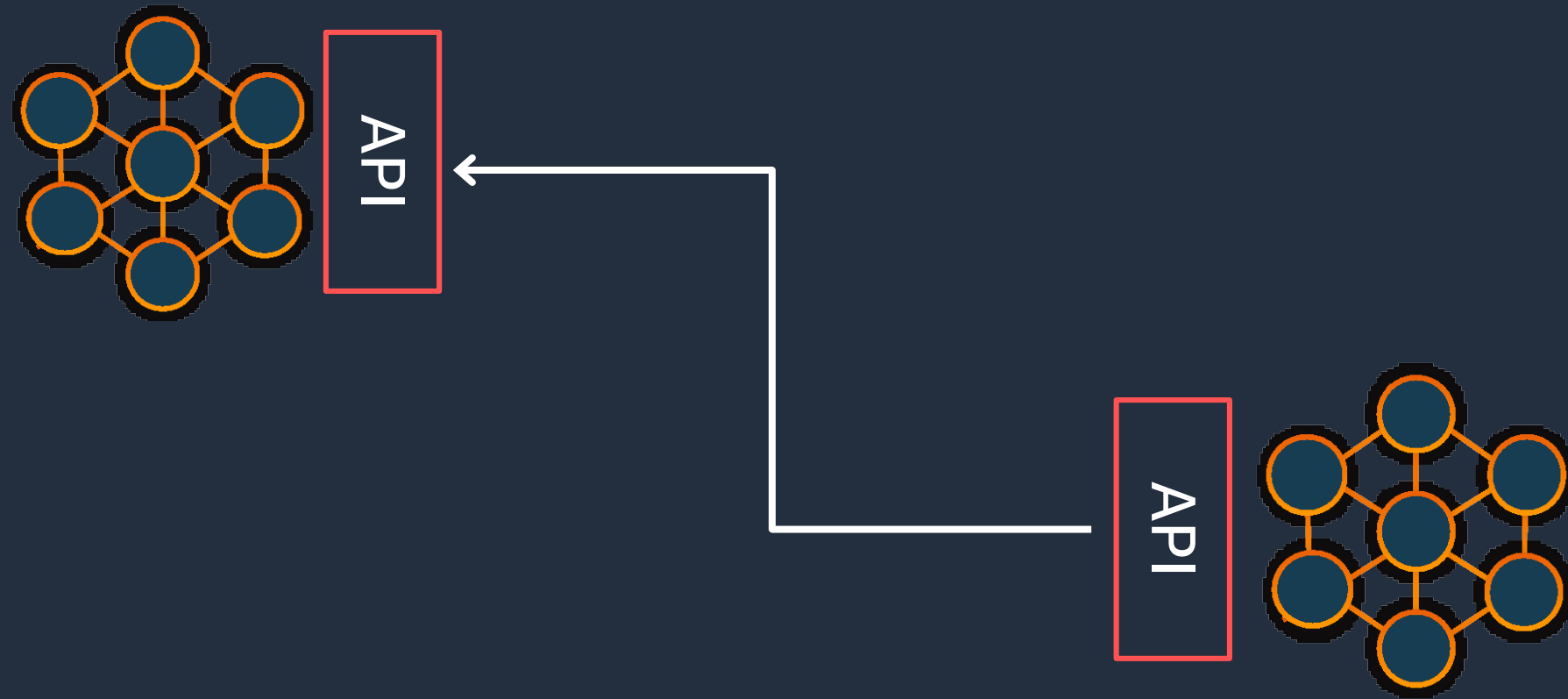




# APIs are the front door of microservices

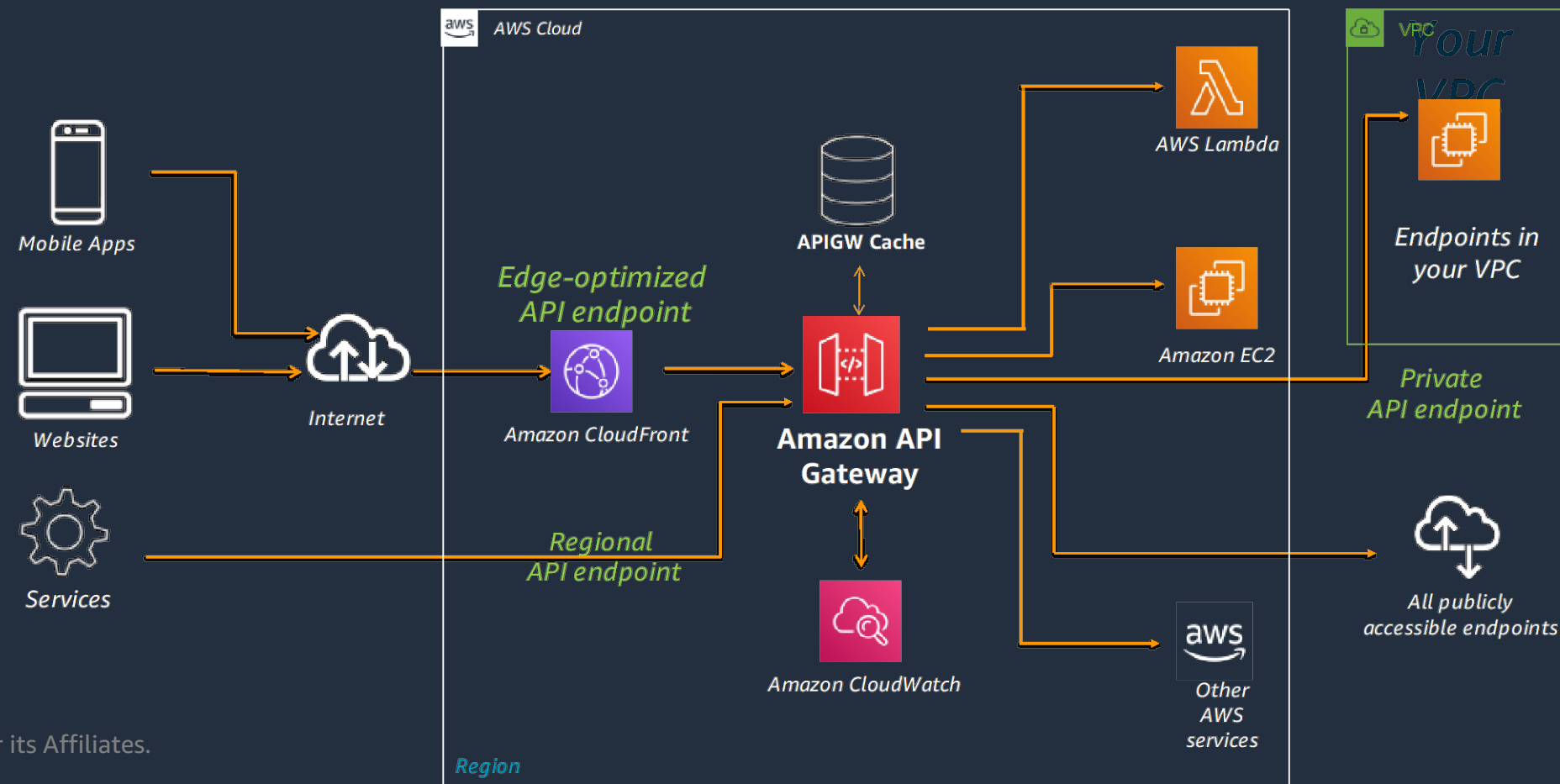


# APIs are hardened contracts



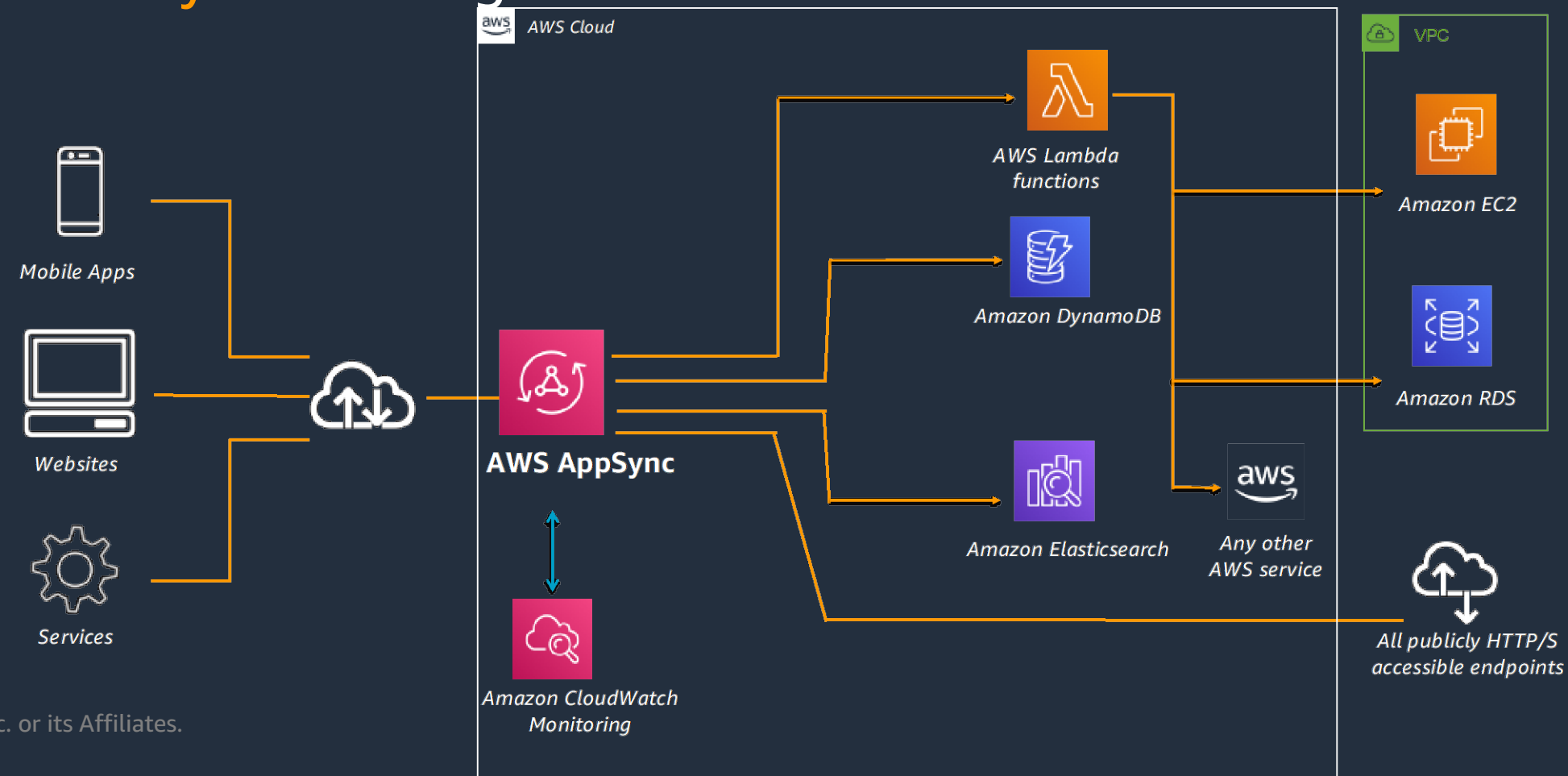
# Amazon API Gateway - RESTful APIs and WebSocket APIs

- Create a **unified API frontend** for multiple microservices
- **DDoS protection, caching** and **throttling** for your backend
- **Authenticate** and **authorize** requests to a backend
- Throttle, **meter**, and **monetize API** usage by third-party developers

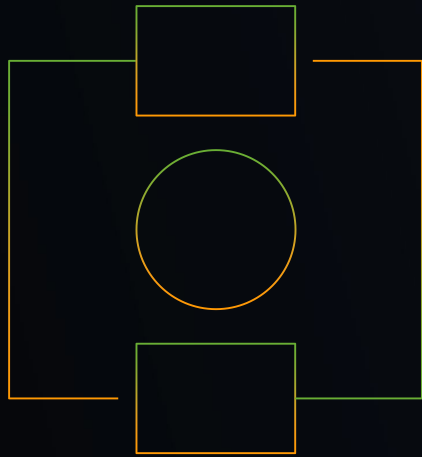


# AWS AppSync - Managed GraphQL APIs

- **Offline data synchronization** - Interact with and update your data, even when offline, with the Amplify DataStore
- Data querying, filtering, and search in app with **preconfigured access to AWS data sources**
- Enterprise **security** and fine-grained **access control**

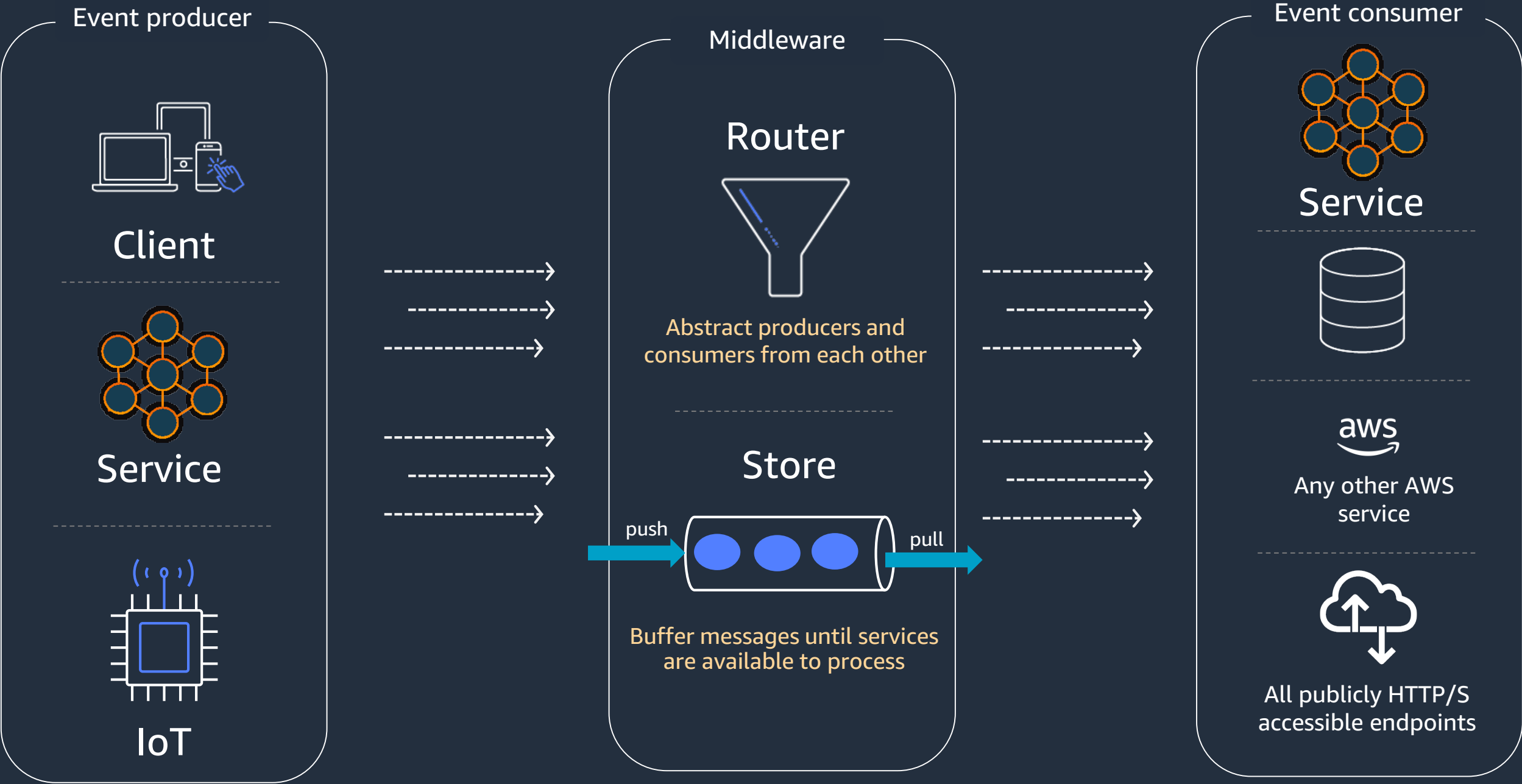






# Events are the connective tissue of modern applications

# Event-driven architecture



**It's not just about  
computing & infrastructure!**

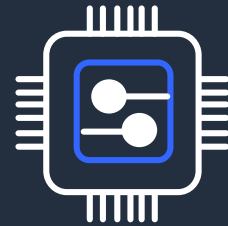


# Data model and store



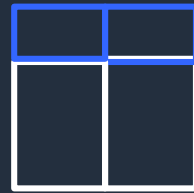
Relational

Referential integrity, ACID transactions, schema-on-write



In-memory

Query by key with microsecond latency



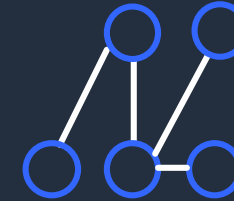
Key-value

High throughput, low-latency reads and writes, endless scale



Document

Store documents and quickly access querying on any attribute



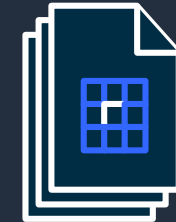
Graph

Quickly and easily create and navigate relationships between data



Time-series

Collect, store, and process data sequenced by time



Ledger

Complete, immutable, and verifiable history of all changes to application data

Common Use Cases

Lift and shift, ERP, CRM, finance

Leaderboards, real-time analytics, caching

Real-time bidding, shopping cart, social, product catalog, customer preferences

Content management, personalization, mobile

Fraud detection, social networking, recommendation engine

IoT applications, event tracking

Systems of record, supply chain, health care, registrations, financial

AWS Service(s)

Amazon Aurora, Amazon RDS

Amazon ElastiCache

Amazon DynamoDB

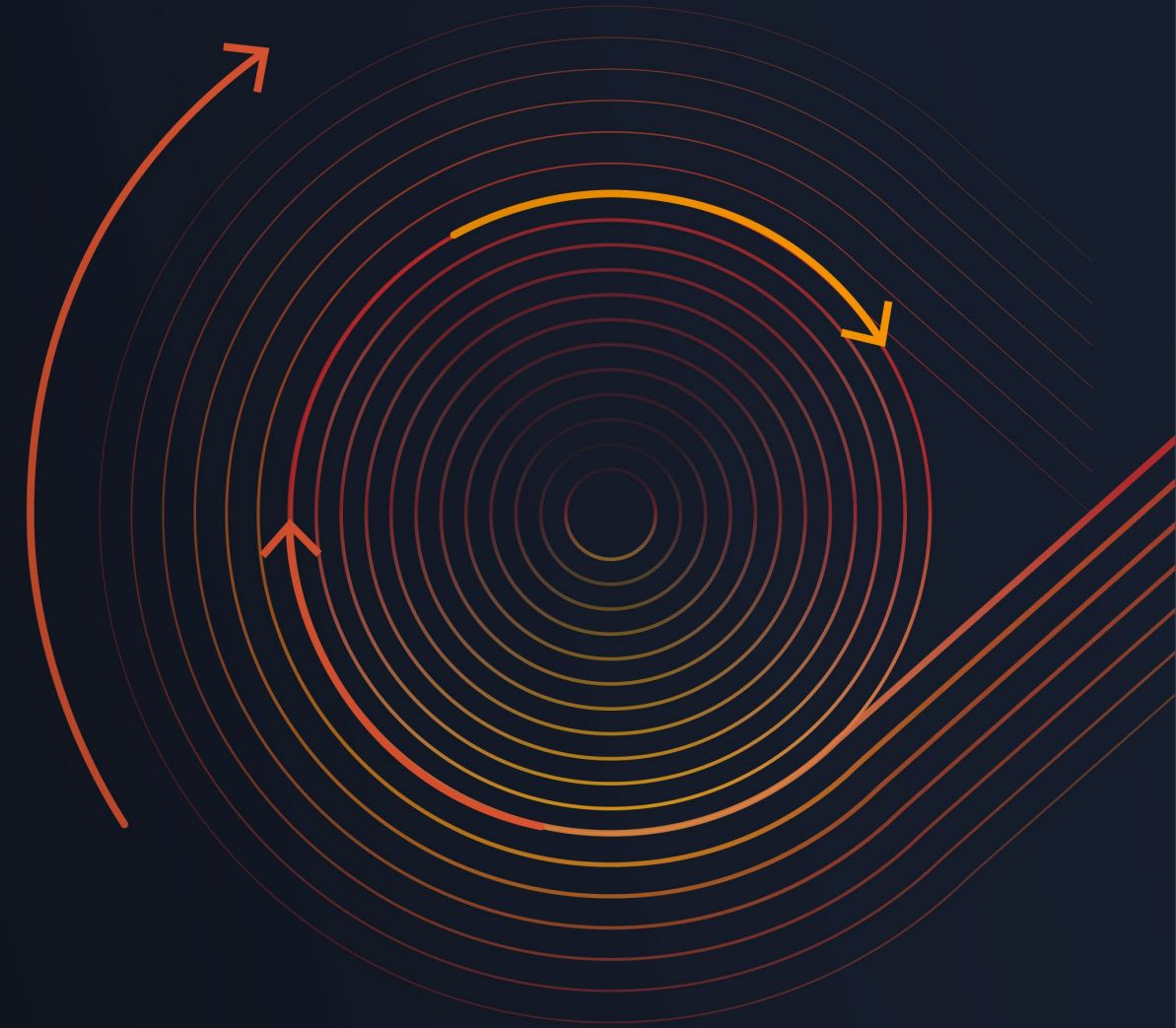
Amazon DocumentDB

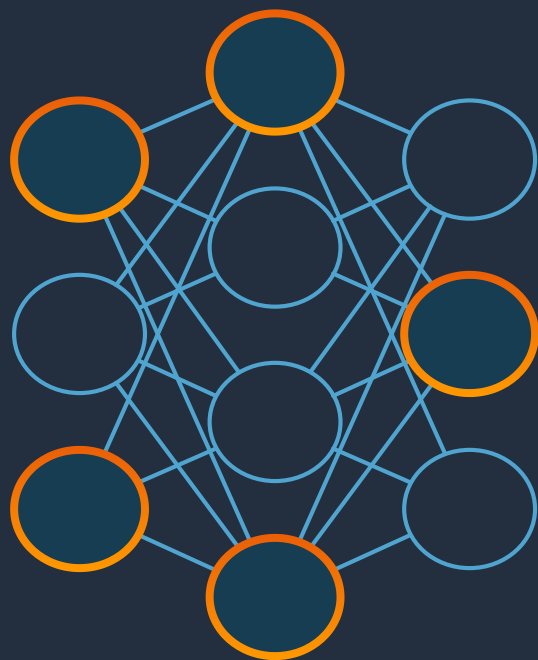
Amazon Neptune

Amazon Timestream

Amazon QLDB

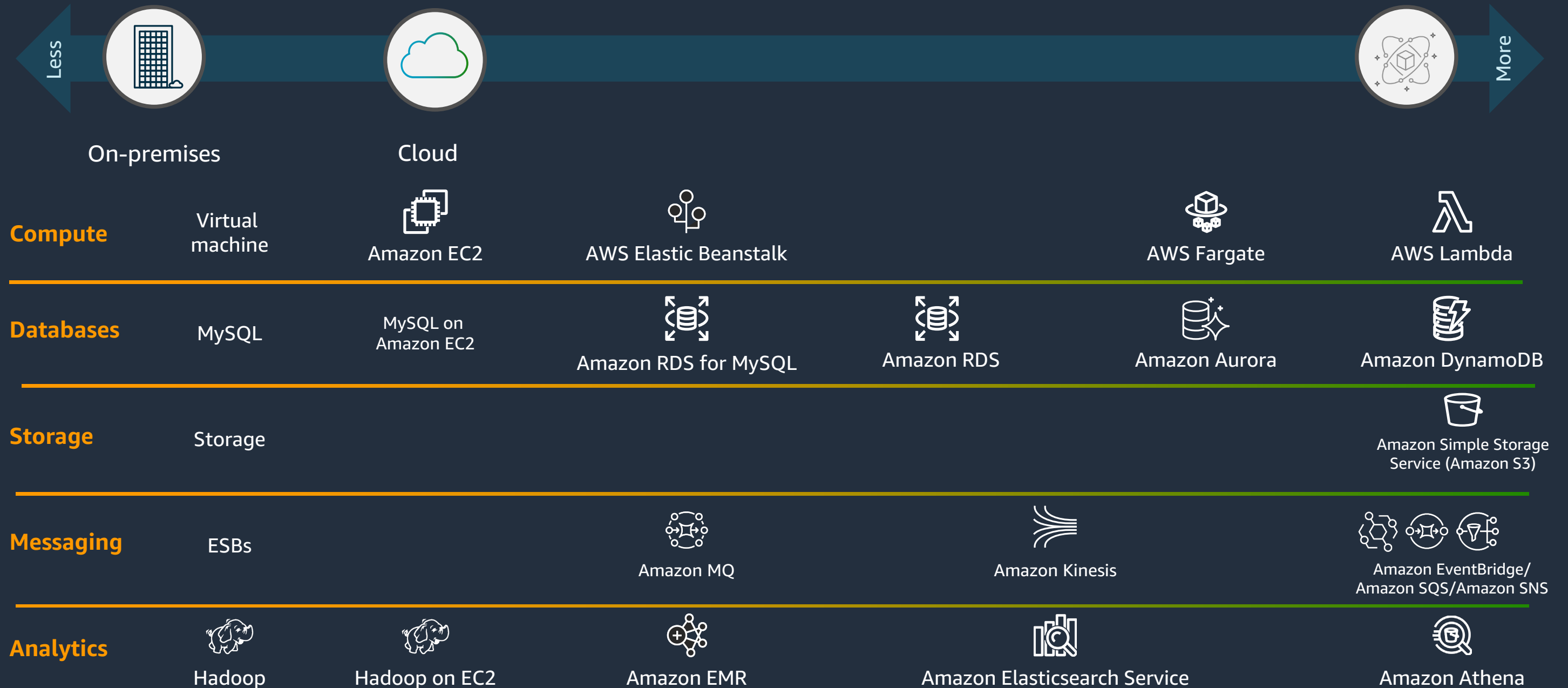
# Changes to the operational model





**Isn't all of this very hard now that  
we have lots of pieces to operate?**

# AWS operational responsibility models





# Comparison of operational responsibility - Compute

More Opinionated

## AWS manages

## Customer manages

**AWS Lambda**  
Serverless functions

- Data source integrations
- Physical hardware, software, networking, and facilities
- Provisioning

- Application code

**AWS Fargate**  
Serverless containers

- Container orchestration, provisioning
- Cluster scaling
- Physical hardware, host OS/kernel, networking, and facilities

- Application code
- Data source integrations
- Security config and updates, network config, management tasks

**Amazon ECS/Amazon EKS**  
Container-management as a service

- Container orchestration control plane
- Physical hardware software, networking, and facilities

- Application code
- Data source integrations
- Work clusters
- Security config and updates, network config, firewall, management tasks

**Amazon EC2**  
Infrastructure-as-a-Service

- Physical hardware software, networking, and facilities

- Application code
- Data source integrations
- Scaling
- Security config and updates, network config, management tasks
- Provisioning, managing scaling and patching of servers

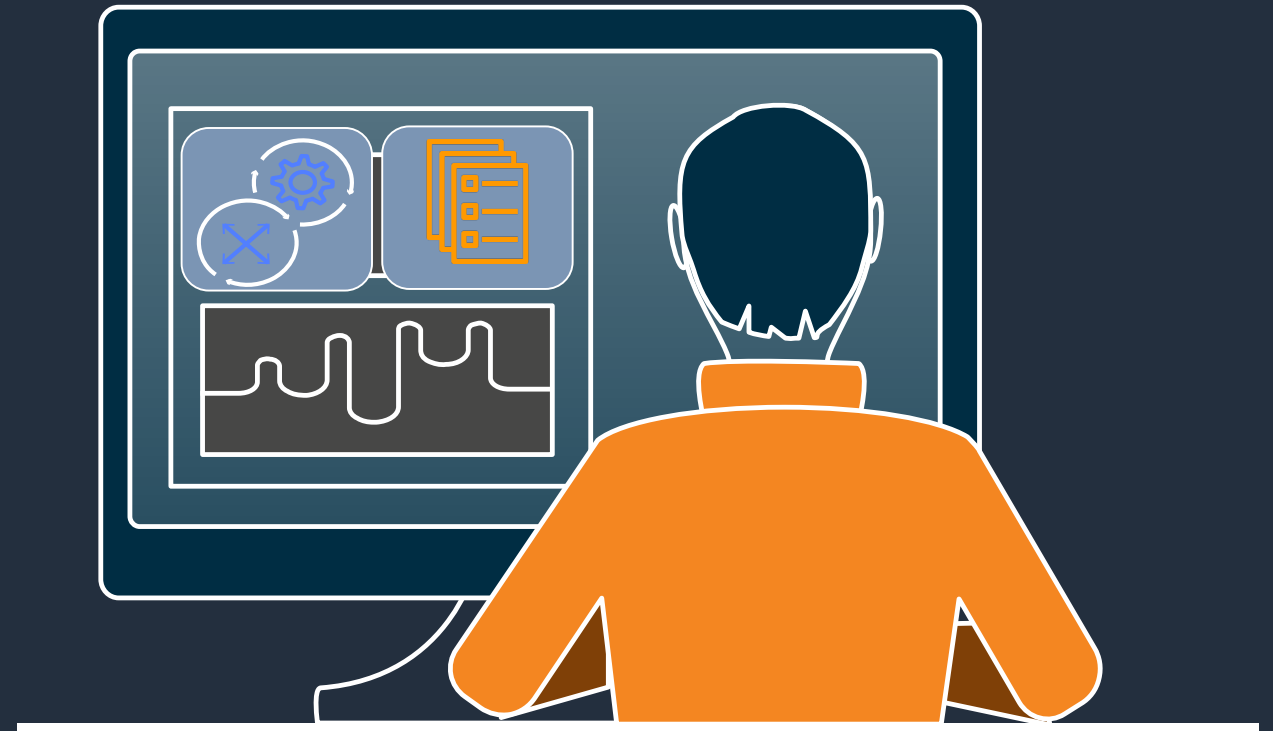
Less Opinionated

# Application should guide infrastructure

AWS Lambda



AWS Fargate



# Serverless is an operational model that spans many different categories of services

## Compute



AWS Lambda



AWS Fargate

## Data stores



Amazon S3



Amazon Aurora Serverless



Amazon DynamoDB

## Integration



Amazon API  
Gateway



Amazon  
SQS



Amazon SNS



AWS Step  
Functions



AWS AppSync

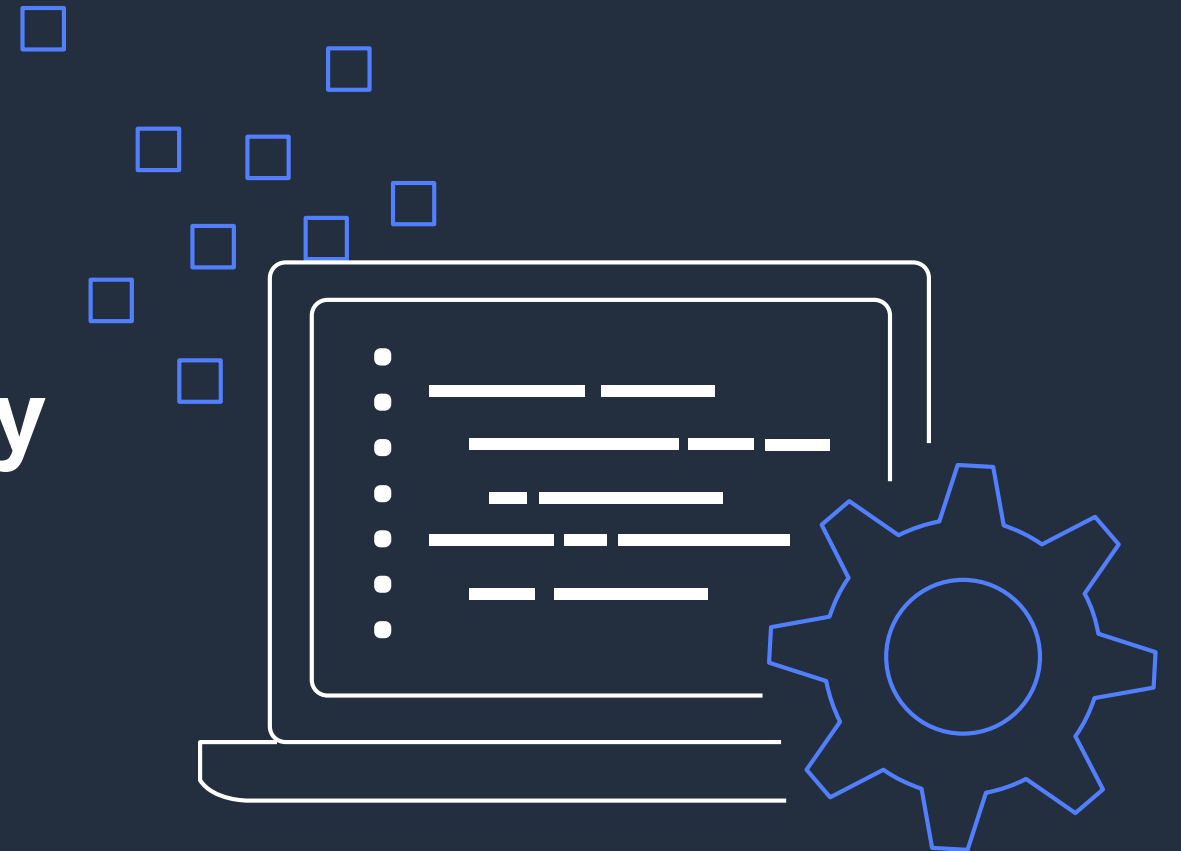


Amazon EventBridge

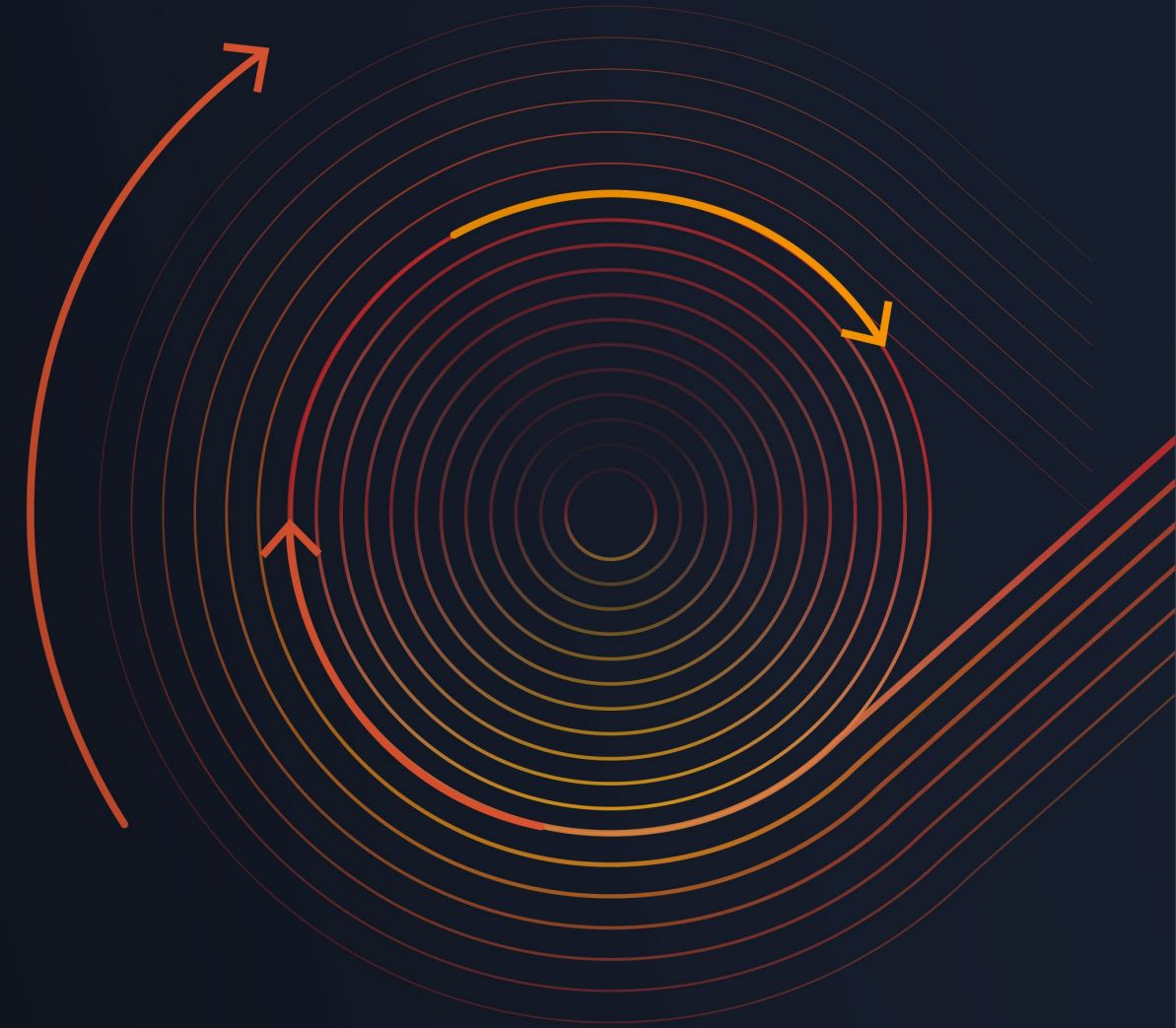
<https://aws.amazon.com/serverless/>

# Accelerating developer productivity

As you move up the layers of simplicity at AWS,  
your team goes faster



# Changes to the delivery of software

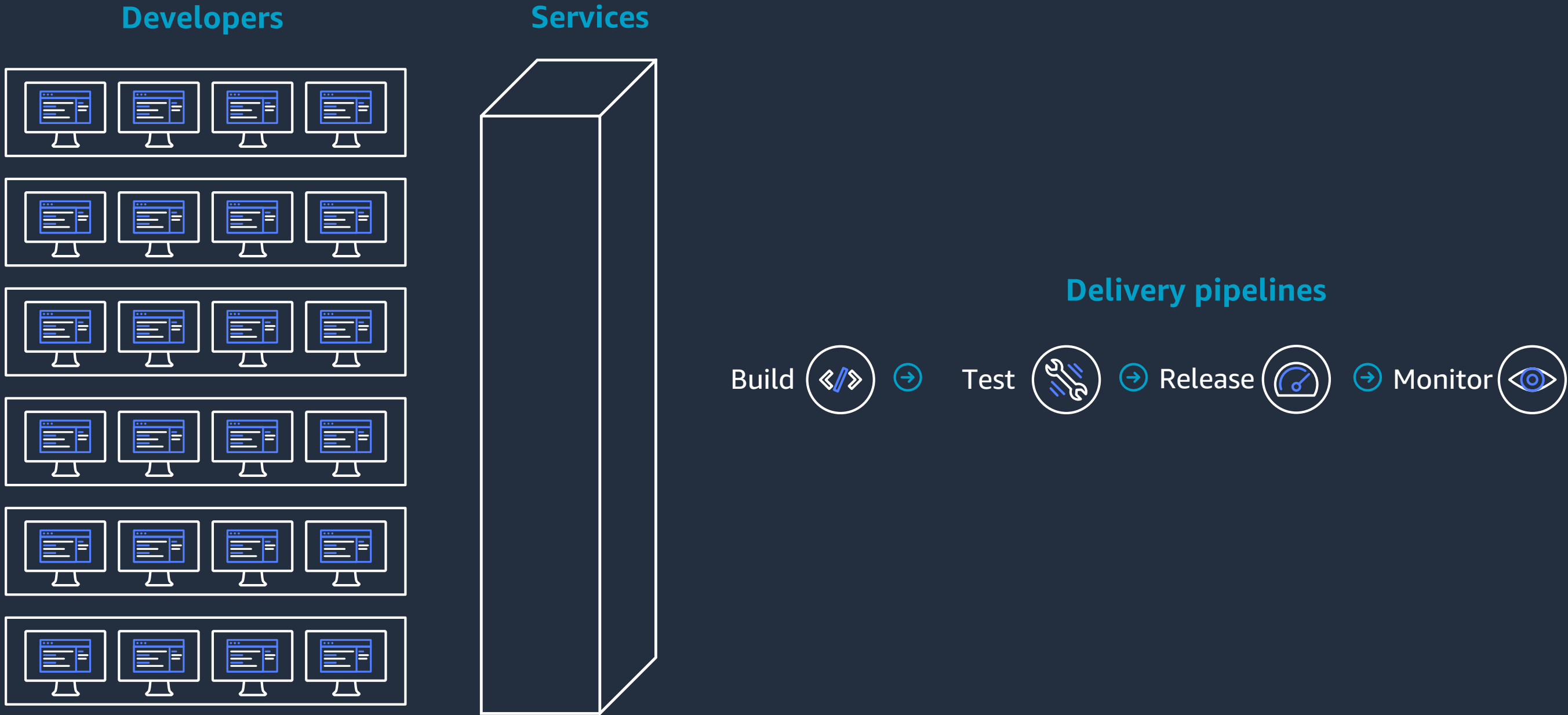




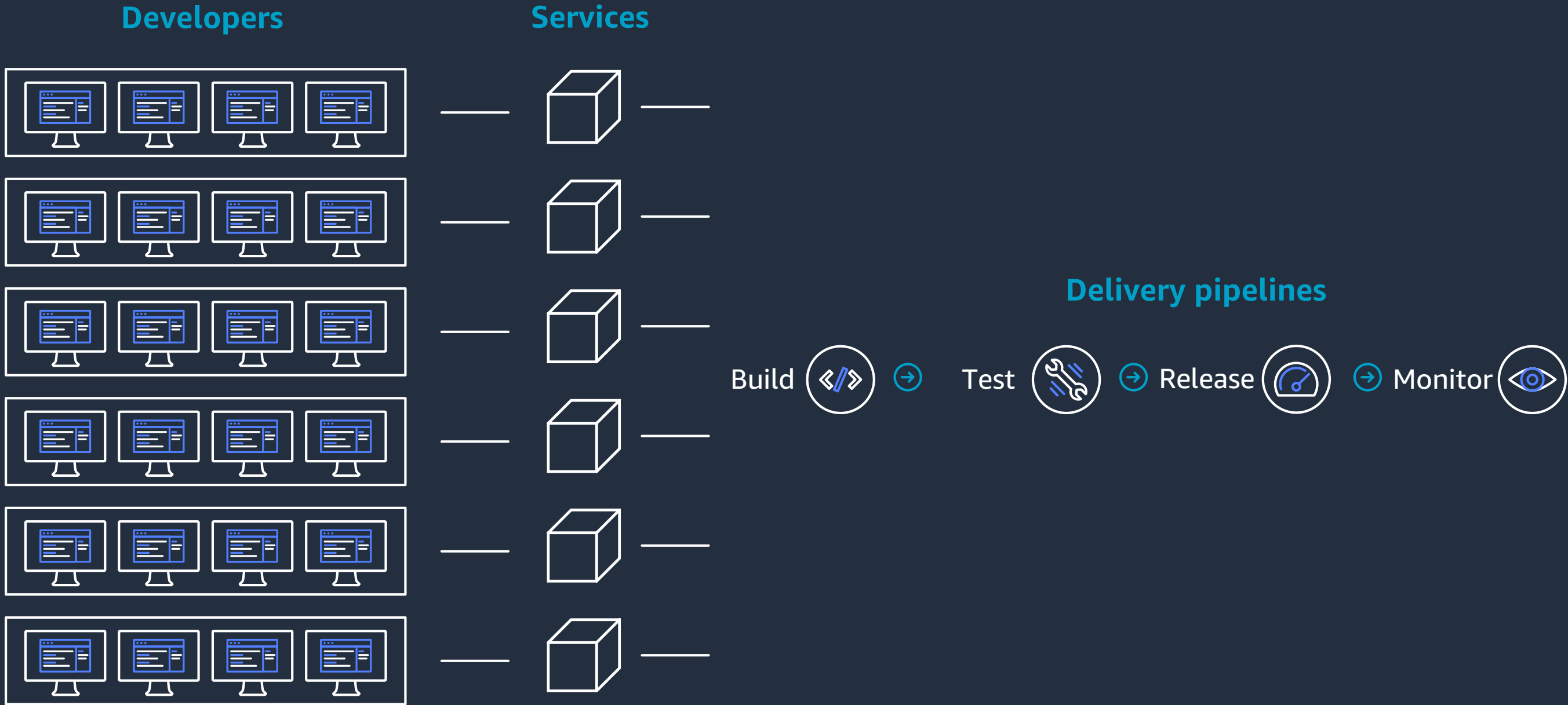
# How do I develop and deploy code in a serverless microservices architecture?



# Monolith development lifecycle

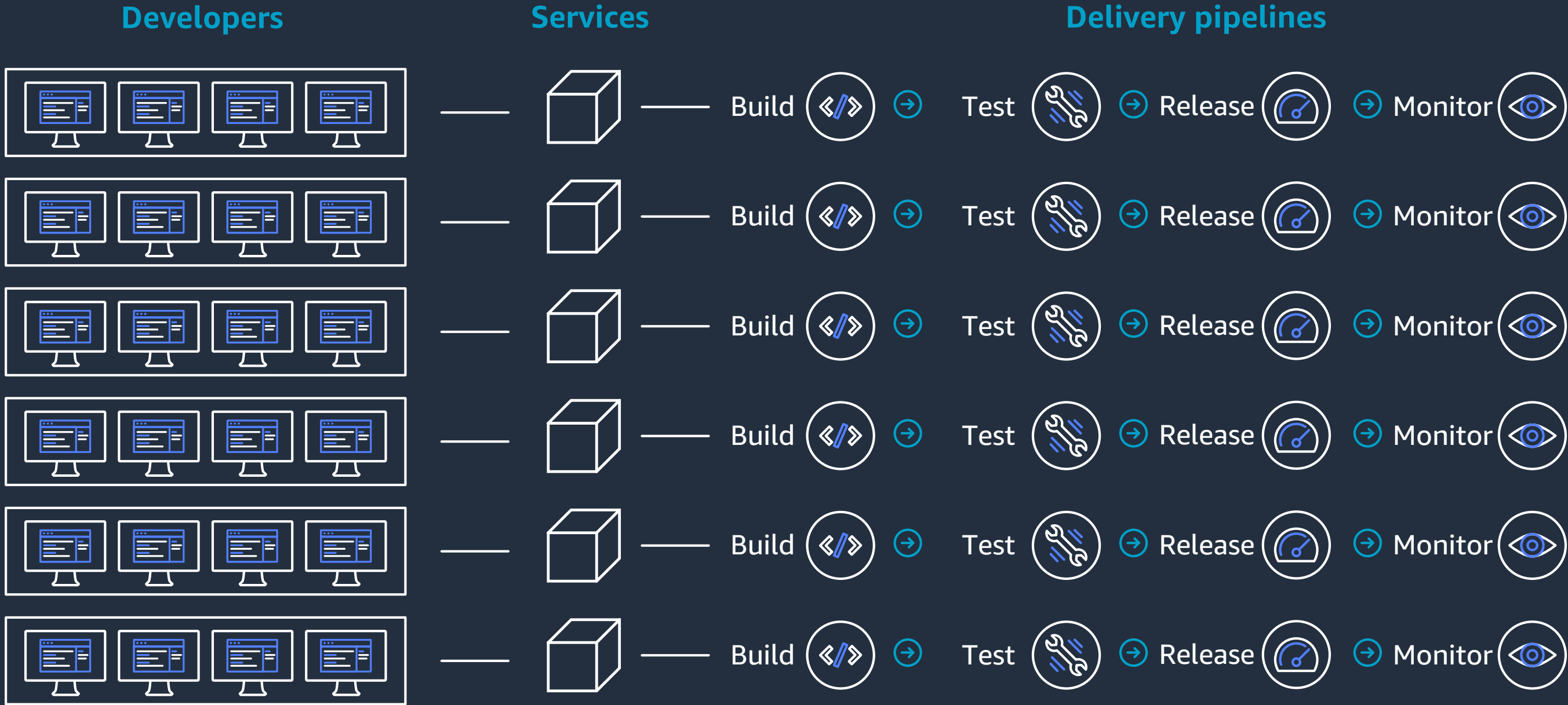


# Microservice development lifecycle





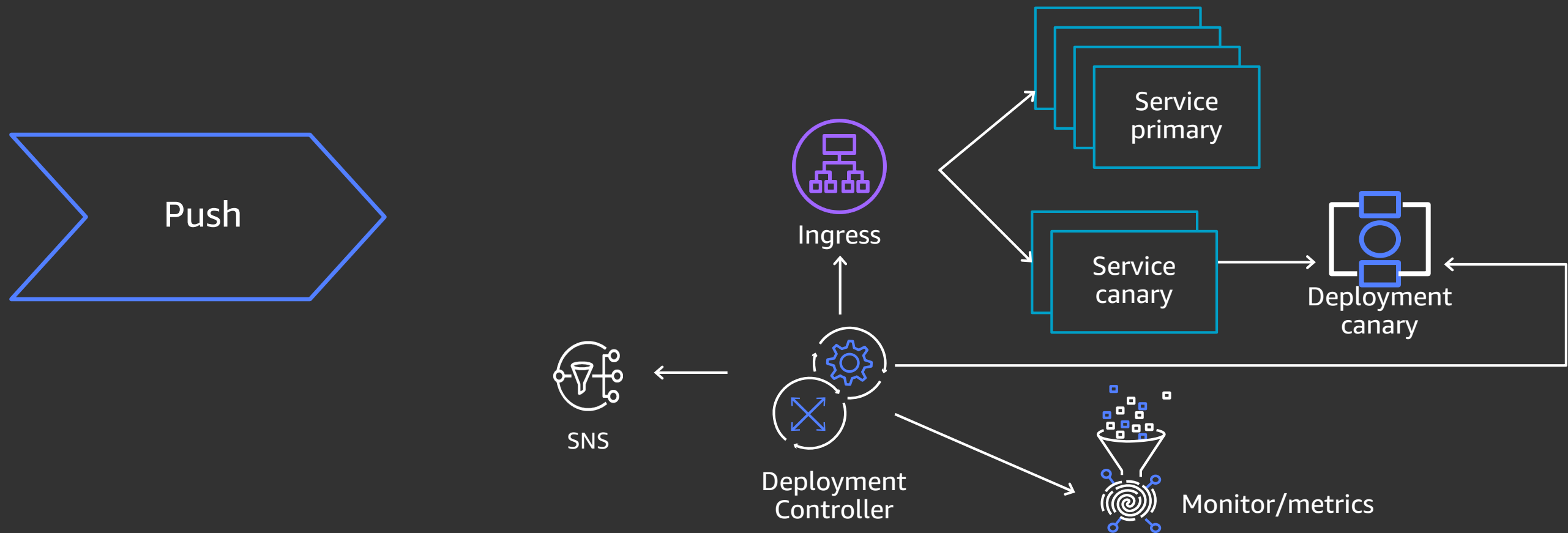
# Microservice development lifecycle



# Pipeline per team



# Automated deployment



# Infrastructure and application



**Cloud resources and application**

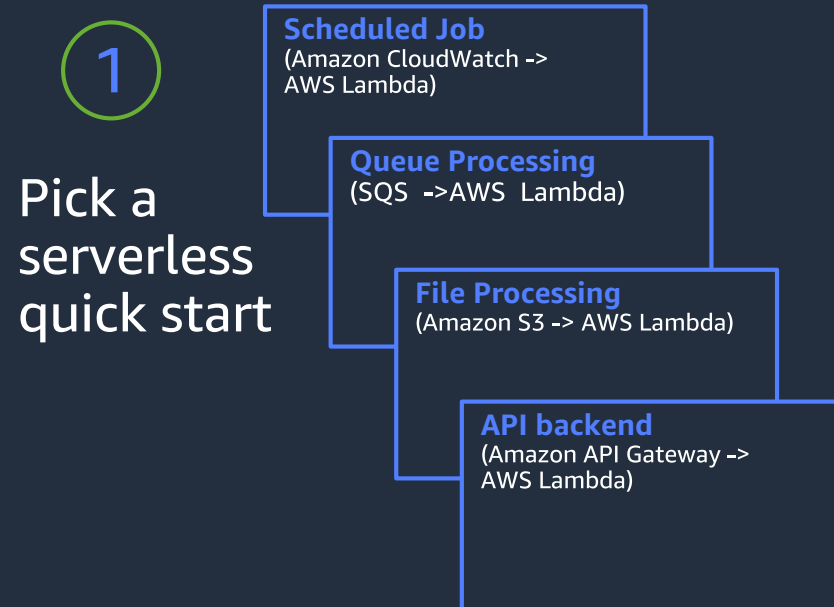
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**Common code review process**

---

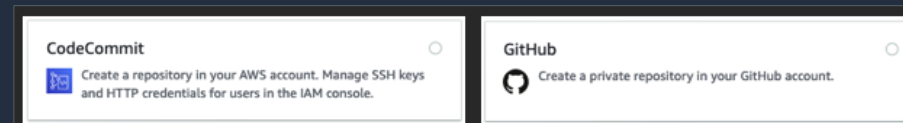
**Deployed as a package**

# Recent : SAM start right



2

## Configure your application's repository



3

## Get a complete deployment pipeline

Serverless application

Automated deployment pipeline



Source

Build

Deploy

# Best practices



Decompose for agility  
*(microservices, 2 pizza teams)*



Automate everything



Standardized tools



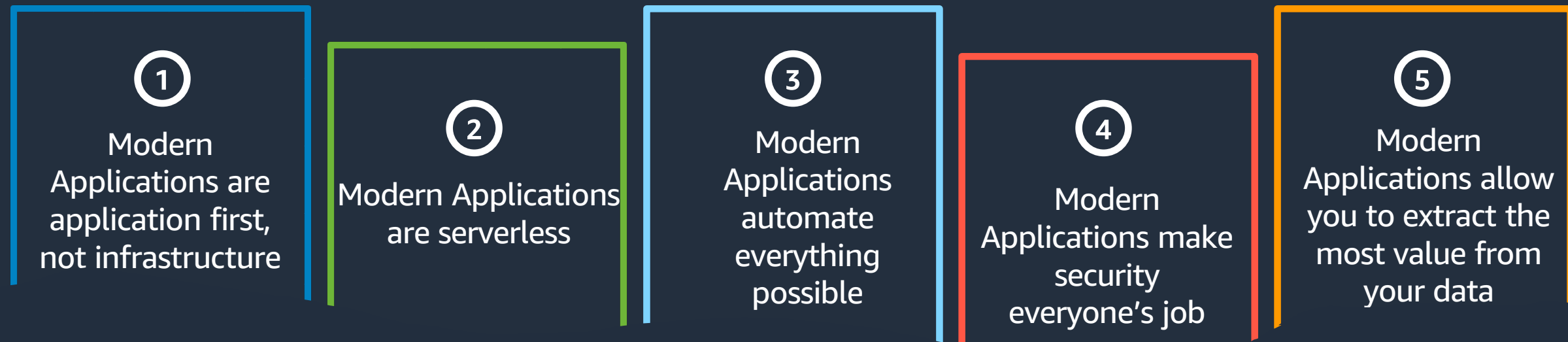
Belts and suspenders  
*(governance, templates, DevSecOps)*



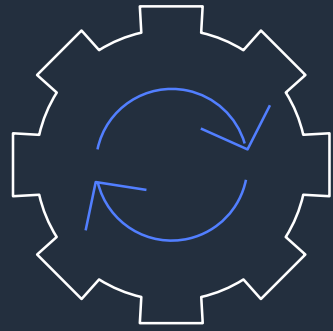
Infrastructure as Code



# Five pillars of Modern Applications



# Deliver innovation



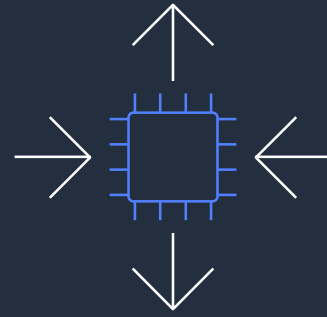
## Agility

“We relied on AWS Lambda to get our platform on the market in under four weeks. Within six months, we had scaled to 40,000 users without running a single server.”

—A Cloud Guru

“We can have a commit roll into production in literally minutes—as well as provide a bunch of flexible routing options dynamically.”

—Pinpoint



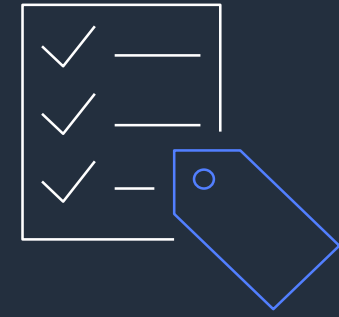
## Elasticity

“Using Lambda-based serverless applications, Resnap can run multiple Machine Learning models on an average of 600 photos, which results in thousands of invocations and still generates a photo book within one minute.”

—Resnap

“Our serverless-based approaches allow us to serve ads to audiences 60% faster than with instance-based approaches.”

—Infinia Mobile



## Total cost efficiency

“Our costs dropped by more than 25% and our monthly average time to complete data processing dropped to 7 seconds, making the process over 99% faster.”

—Speed Shift Media

“Using AWS Lambda & AWS Step Functions, we cut customer onboarding times from 20 minutes to 30 seconds and their ‘expected costs are \$20 USD per 10,000 orders.’”

—Mercury



# Visit the Modern Applications Resource Hub for more resources

Dive deeper with these newly created whitepapers and e-books to accelerate your modernization journey.

- Modern Applications e-book
- Accelerating your AWS journey: Migration & Modernization
- Journey to serverless-first report
- Modernize today with containers on AWS
- ... and more!



[https://tinyurl.com/  
aws-modern-apps](https://tinyurl.com/aws-modern-apps)

**Visit resource hub »**

# Accelerate Your Modernization Journey

## Develop skills in designing, building, and managing modern applications

90% of IT decision makers report cloud skills shortages<sup>1</sup>. A lack of cloud skills impacts modern application development. Start your modern application development journey with AWS Training & Certification.



### Take free digital training

With a little time and initiative, learners can enhance their practical cloud knowledge through free digital training. These on-demand courses, which vary in length from 10 minutes to several hours, can help one broaden their understanding of specific subjects such as [serverless](#), [containers](#), and [developer tools](#).



### Get live, hands-on, instructor-led training

Whether physical or virtual, classroom training offers more in-depth instruction for people who want to deepen their technical skills. Classes are a mix of presentations, hands-on labs, and group discussions led by experts in their fields. Courses include [Developing on AWS](#) and [Advanced Developing on AWS](#).



### Quickly ramp up your modern application skills

Independent learning allows people to fill in knowledge gaps and learn new topics at their own pace. There's a wide range of whitepapers, blog posts, videos, webinars, use cases, and peer resources available for IT professionals who want to dive deep into specific technical topics. [Learn more](#).

<sup>1</sup> 451 Research, *Demystifying Cloud Transformation: Where Enterprises Should Start*, September 2019.

# Thank you for attending AWS Modern Applications Online Series

We hope you found it interesting! A kind reminder to **complete the survey**.  
Let us know what you thought of today's event and how we can improve the event experience for you in the future.



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**Thank you!**

