

WebSphere Application Server Version 6.1 Sales and Technical Enablement Workshop Lab 01 – Install and Configuration

Introduction

WebSphere Application Server Version 6.1 provides centralized administration of multiple nodes, allowing you to administer multiple nodes on the same machine or multiple machines. This lab will guide you through configuring a Network Deployment installation by creating a profile with an already federated node (cell profile). You will configure and manage the web server through the WebSphere Administrative Console.

The Profile Management Tool (PMT) used in this version of WAS has changed from the Profile Creation Tool used in WAS 6.0.x. The PMT is Eclipse based and provides more flexibility. It is enhanced with an additional profile for creating a pre-configured cell with a single node. It also has additional options for fine-grained control over the profile creation process.

You will investigate the WebSphere Installation Factory. The Installation Factory combines the installation image for a version or release of a WebSphere software product with applicable maintenance packages, a configuration archive, one or more enterprise archive files, customization scripts, and other files, to create a customized installation package.

Lab Requirements

This lab assumes that the following setup is complete prior to starting the lab:

- VMware Player 1.0.x or VMware Workstation v5.5.x installed on your machine. A free VMware player is available from http://www.vmware.com/products/player/
- A machine with 2 GB is RAM is preferred.
- The STEW VMware image is available.

What you should be able to do after you complete this lab

- Configure WebSphere Application Server v6.1 Profiles
- Install and Configure IBM HTTP Server (IHS) and WebSphere plug-ins
- Create a Custom Install Package and Build definition using the Installation Factory.

Reference variables and locations used during the lab

Some instructions in this lab may be Linux operating-system specific. If you plan on running the lab on a different operating system, you will need to execute the appropriate commands, and use appropriate files (.sh vs. .bat) for your operating system. The directories and pertinent file locations are specified in the lab instructions as follows:

Reference Variable	Location
<was_home></was_home>	/opt/IBM/WAS61/AppServer
Installation Factory	/opt/IBM/InstallationFactory
WebSphere Plug-in	/opt/IBM/HTTPServer/Plugins
<ihs_home></ihs_home>	/opt/IBM/HTTPServer
WAS 6.1 installation image	/wasv61image

Part 1: Configure a WebSphere Profile

After installing the core product files for the Network Deployment product, you must create a profile. It can be a deployment manager profile, a cell profile, an application server profile, or a custom profile. This procedure describes how to create a **cell profile** with the Profile Management tool, which is a graphical user interface. A cell profile contains a deployment manager profile and a federated Application Server node profile. You can federate additional Application Server node profiles into this deployment manager profile after initial creation of the cell profile.

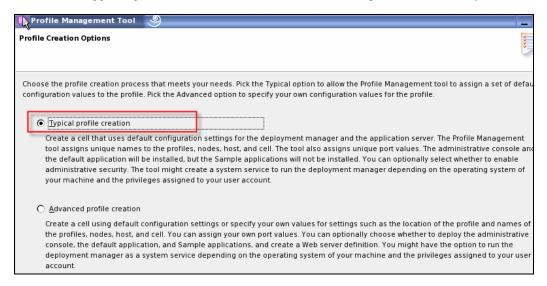
- ____ 1. Start the Profile Management Tool (PMT)
 - __ a. From the SLES desktop, click on the **terminal window** icon



- __ b. Enter the command: cd /opt/IBM/WAS61/AppServer/bin/ProfileManagement
 - (Tip: The TAB key is the file completion character)
- __ c. To start the Profile Management Tool, enter the command: ./pmt.sh
- d. Click Next in the Welcome window
- __ e. Select the **Cell** profile and click **Next**



__f. Select Typical profile creation to have default values generated for this profile. Click Next



- __ g. Ensure the **Enable administrative security** box is checked
- __ h. Enter the following values in the spaces provided. **Do not use copy and paste here. Prevent any mistakes by using the keyboard to enter every value.**

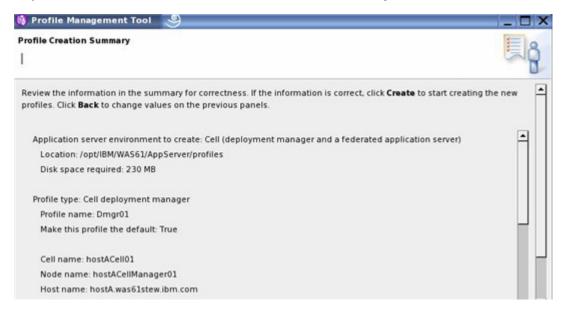
User name: jdoe10 Password: jdoe10 Confirm password: jdoe10



__ i. Click Next



_ j. Examine the information in the Profile Creation Summary



- __ k. Click **Create** and wait while the profile is created.
- __ I. Uncheck Launch the First steps console and click Finish

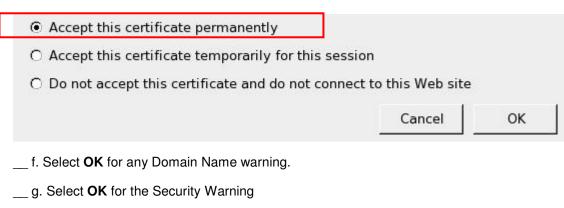
2. Testing the Profile Configuration

In this section of the lab, you will start the WebSphere Application Server components and test the newly created cell profile.

- __ a. Follow instructions from the Common Tasks in **Appendix A** (at the end of this document) to start the Deployment Manager. The Deployment Manager profile is **Dmgr01**.
- _ b. Follow instructions from the Common Tasks in Appendix A to start the Node Agent. The Node Agent is member of the AppSrv01 profile.
- __ c. Start a **browser** window from the desktop

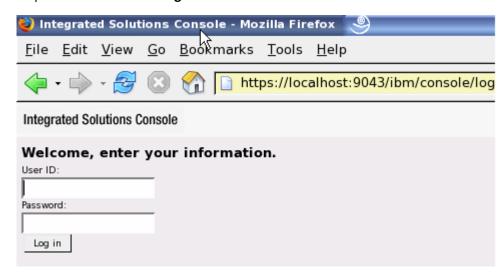


- d. Enter the address http://localhost:9060/ibm/console or http://hosta:9060/ibm/console
- __ e. Because global security is enabled, you will be redirected to a secure page. There will be a prompt to accept a certificate. Select Accept this certificate permanently. Click OK

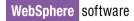




__ h. Enter jdoe10 for both **User ID** and **Password**. Please do not use copy and paste for the password. Click the **Log in** button.

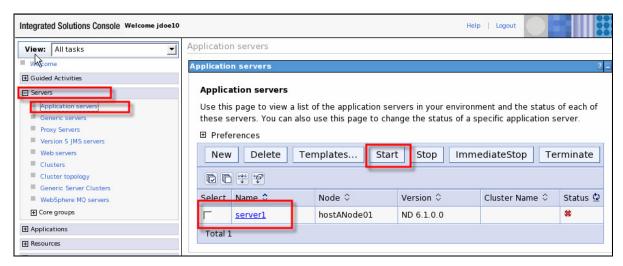


__ i. Enter **Never for the Site** to remember the password





__ j. In the Navigation panel, click on Servers → Application Servers



- __ k. **Start server1.** Follow the instructions from **Appendix A Common Tasks** if you are not familiar with this activity.
- __ I. Open another browser window and enter http://localhost:9080/snoop. The snoop servlet should display if the configuration was successful.



Part 2: Web Server and Plug-in Configuration

The lab image comes with IBM HTTP Server v6.1 and the WAS 6.1 Plug-in installed. In this section, you will configure a Web Server instance to be administered through the WebSphere Administrative Console and enable requests for the snoop servlet to be routed through the Web Server.

- _ 1. Configure the IBM HTTP Server
 - __ a. Open the Administrative Console and navigate to Servers → Web servers



- b. In the Workspace, click **New**
- c. Enter webserver1 for Server name



- d. Leave the default node of hostANode01. Ensure Type is IBM HTTP Server
- __ e. Click Next
- __ f. Ensure the IHS template is selected and click **Next**

- __ g. Verify the **Port** is set to **80**
- __ h. Verify the Web server installation location is /opt/IBM/HTTPServer
- __ i. Verify the Plug-in installation location is /opt/IBM/HTTPServer/Plugins
- __ j. Ensure the Application mapping to the Web server is set to All

Use this page to create a new Web server.



- __ k. Click Next
- I. Click Finish
- __ m. Locate the **Messages** section. By default with WAS v6.1, the **Save** command does **not** synchronize changes across nodes. Change this option by clicking on **Preferences**
- - New server is created successfully.
 - Modify variables, resources, and other server configuration settings, such as message broker queue names before running the newly created server.
 - Changes have been made to your local configuration. You can:
 - Save directly to the master configuration.
 - Review changes before saving or discarding.

An option to synchronize the configuration across multiple nodes after saving can be enabled in <u>Preferences</u>.

The server may need to be restarted for these changes to take effect.

n. In the Console Preferences section, select Synchronize changes with Nodes

<u>Web servers</u> > <u>Save</u> > Console Preferences

Specify user preferences for the administrative console workspace.

- ▼ Turn on workspace automatic refresh
- No confirmation on workspace discard
- □ Use default scope
- Show the help portlet
- Finable command assistance notifications
- Log command assistance commands
- Synchronize changes with Nodes

Apply

Reset

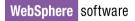
- __ o. Click Apply
- __ p. In the Messages section, click Save
- - II Your preferences have been changed.
 - Changes have been made to your local configuration.

You can:

- Save directly to the master configuration.
- Review changes before saving or discarding.

An option to synchronize the configuration across multiple nodes can be disabled in <u>Preferences</u>.

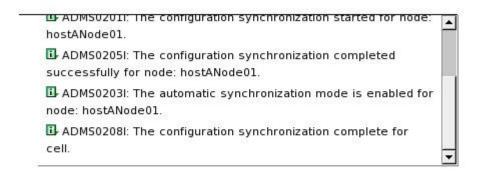
⚠ The server may need to be restarted for these changes to take effect.



__ q. The Node synchronization should complete successfully. Click OK

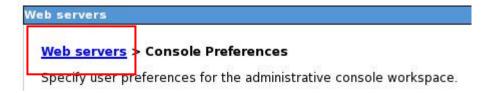
Web servers > Synchronize changes with Nodes

The current status of the Nodes being synchronized.

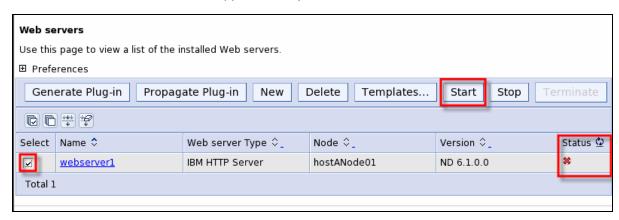




__ r. Click on the **Web servers** breadcrumb.



- 2. Test the Web Server/Plug-in Configuration
 - __ a. Start webserver1. Refer to Appendix A if you are not familiar with this task.



__ b. Open a web browser and enter <u>http://localhost/</u>. The IBM HTTP Server v6.1 home page displays.



c. Enter the URL http://localhost/snoop . The snoop servlet should display if the HTTP Server configuration was successful. Note: Previously you used http://localhost:9080/snoop to access the Snoop Servlet.



3. Test the IBM HTTP Server using mod status

IBM HTTP Server v6.1 contains new functionality. The **mod_status** module allows a server administrator to find out how well their server is performing.

__ a. Open the Administrative Console and navigate to Servers → Web servers



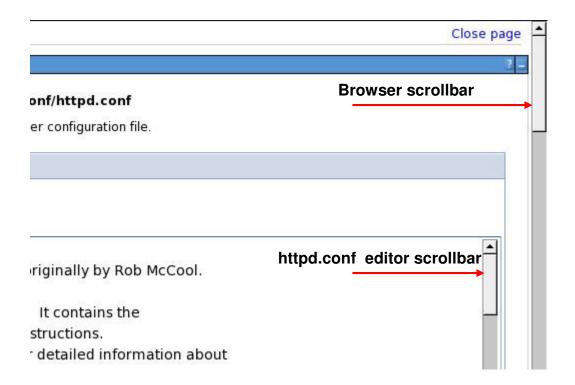
_ b. In the Workspace, click on webserver1



__ c. Locate the Configuration file name. Click the Edit button



_ d. **Resize** the browser to show **both** the httpd.conf editor scrollbar and the browser scrollbar. Refer to the picture below for details.



e. In the httpd.conf editor, locate the stanza shown below. It is approximately on line number 175 or 20% into the file.
 # ExtendedStatus controls whether Apache will generate "full" status

```
# ExtendedStatus controls whether Apache will generate "full" status
# information (ExtendedStatus On) or just basic information (ExtendedStatus
# Off) when the "server-status" handler is called. The default is Off.
#
#LoadModule status_module modules/mod_status.so
<IfModule mod_status.c>
ExtendedStatus On
</IfModule>
```

- __ f. Remove the leading # from the #LoadModule status_module modules/mod_status.so line
- __ g. The stanza should now read:

```
# ExtendedStatus controls whether Apache will generate "full" status
# information (ExtendedStatus On) or just basic information (ExtendedStatus
# Off) when the "server-status" handler is called. The default is Off.
#
LoadModule status_module modules/mod_status.so
<IfModule mod_status.c>
ExtendedStatus On
</IfModule>
```

__ h. Locate the stanza shown below. It is approximately on line number 750 or 90% into the file:

```
#
# Allow server status reports generated by mod_status,
# with the URL of http://servername/server-status
# Change the ".example.com" to match your domain to enable.
# 
**CLocation /server-status*
# SetHandler server-status
# Order deny,allow
# Deny from all
# Allow from .example.com
# 
**CLocation*
```

___ i. Enable this stanza by making the changes shown below.

j. Click the **OK** button at the bottom of the editor

- k. Click the **OK** button again, below the Configuration file name

 * Configuration file name

 \${WEB_INSTALL_ROOT}/conf/httpd.conf

 Edit
- Apply OK Reset Cancel
- __ I. Save your changes.
- __ m. Click **OK** when the changes have synchronized.
- __ n. Stop webserver1
- __ o. Start webserver1
- ___ p. Open a browser and enter http://localhost/server-status



Apache Server Status for localhost

Server Version: IBM_HTTP_Server Server Built: Apr 20 2006 07:36:40

Current Time: Tuesday, 30-May-2006 17:40:23 PDT Restart Time: Tuesday, 30-May-2006 17:39:43 PDT

Parent Server Generation: 0 Server uptime: 39 seconds

Total accesses: 0 - Total Traffic: 0 kB

CPU Usage: u0 s0 cu0 cs0 0 requests/sec - 0 B/second -

1 requests currently being processed, 49 idle workers

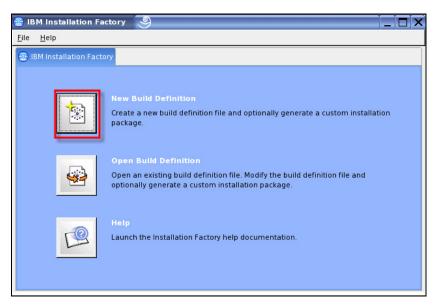
- __ q. Access <u>http://localhost/snoop</u> with multiple requests and then return to <u>http://localhost/server-status</u> to examine the results. The **Total accesses:** row should increase, along with the number of requests.
- r. Logout of the WebSphere Administration Console and close all browsers when you are finished
- __ s. Stop the NodeAgent and the Deployment Manager. Refer to Appendix A if you are not familiar with this task.

Part 3: IBM Installation Factory for WebSphere Application Server

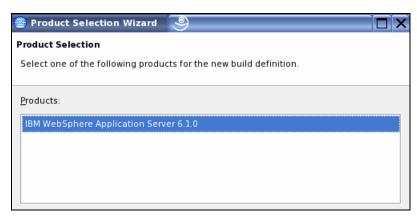
This section introduces the IBM Installation Factory for WebSphere Application Server, which you can use to create a customized installation package (CIP).

A customized installation package (CIP) is a customized WebSphere Application Server installation image that can include one or more maintenance packages, a configuration archive from a stand-alone application server profile, one or more enterprise archive files, and scripts and other files that help customize the resulting installation. The IBM Installation Factory for WebSphere Application Server creates CIPs.

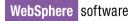
- Get started by creating a build definition for the CIP using the Installation Factory console.
 - __ a. Open a shell window and navigate to /opt/IBM/InstallationFactory/bin
 - __ b. Enter the command ./ifgui.sh



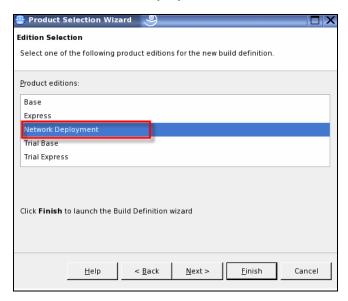
- c. Click the **New Build Definition** button
- __ d. Make sure IBM WebSphere Application Server 6.1.0 is selected in Products



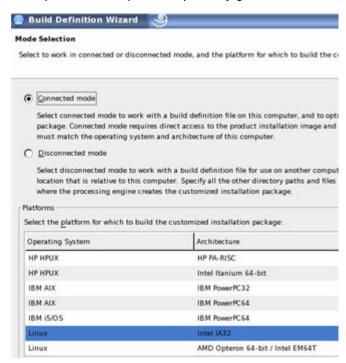
e. Click Next



__ f. Select **Network Deployment**, the edition we are using for this lab.



- __ g. Click Finish
- h. In the Mode Selection dialog, select Connected Mode. Ensure the platform is Linux Intel IA32. When the Build Definition wizard has access to the product installation image, maintenance packages, and other components required to create the CIP, you can use it in "connected mode." In this mode, the Build Definition wizard can validate the files that are provided as input and optionally generate the CIP in addition to creating the build definition file.

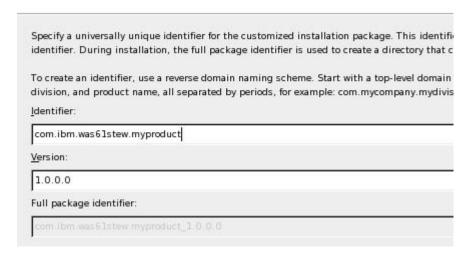


__ i. Click Next

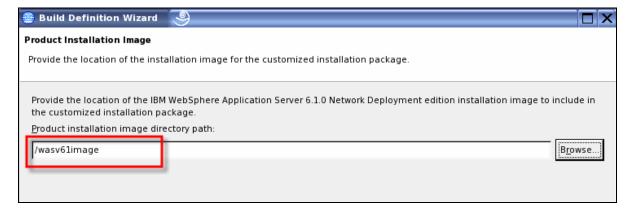
___j. Create a unique identifier for your CIP. The identifier you select will be combined with a version number to create a full package identifier. Enter an **Identifier** of com.ibm.was61stew.myproduct (Type over the highlighted myproduct)

Package Identification

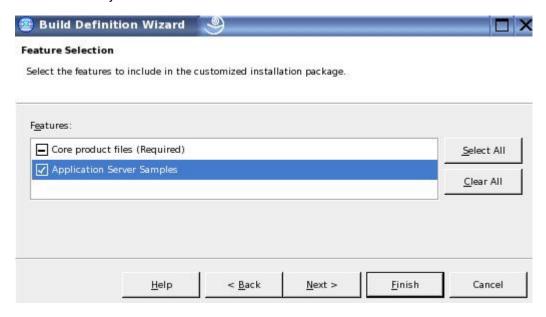
Specify an identifier and version for the customized installation package.



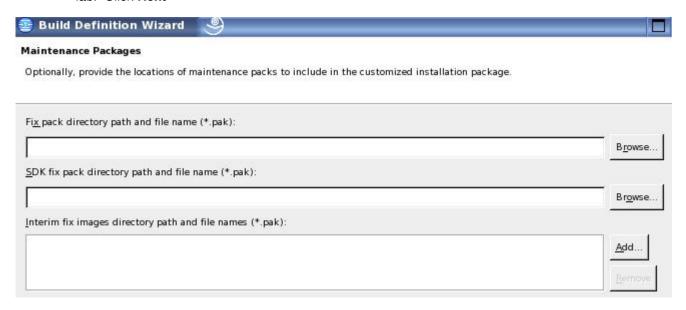
- __ k. Click **Next** (if the **Next** button is not enabled, you did not make a change in the **Identifier** field)
- __ I. Accept the defaults for Build Definition and Customized Install Package and click Next
- __ m. Enter an installation image location of /wasv61image (Use the Browse button or type in the textbox). This is the location of an Intel Linux IA32 WAS Network Deployment installation image. Click Next. The wizard will reject the location if it does not contain a valid WAS installation image.



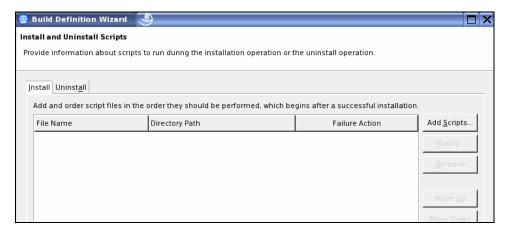
__ n. The build definition file must identify product features to include in the customized installation package (CIP). Features that you include in the CIP are displayed when an installer uses the CIP to install the product. Optional features that you do not include in the CIP are not available when an installer uses the CIP to install the product. Select **Application Server Samples** to include in your CIP and click **Next**



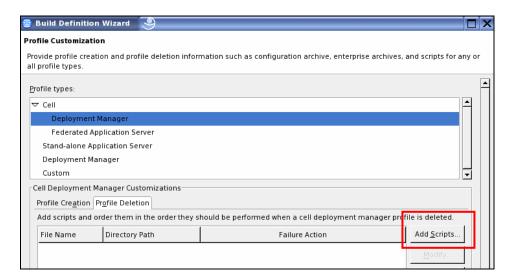
__ o. In the Maintenance packages panel, you would include all necessary maintenance. Since this lab is based on the initial WAS v6.1 release, there is no available maintenance to use for this lab. Click Next

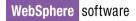


__ p. In the **Install and Uninstall Scripts** panel, you can enter scripts to customize your installation. The scripts will be run in the order listed. There are no scripts included in this lab. Click **Next**

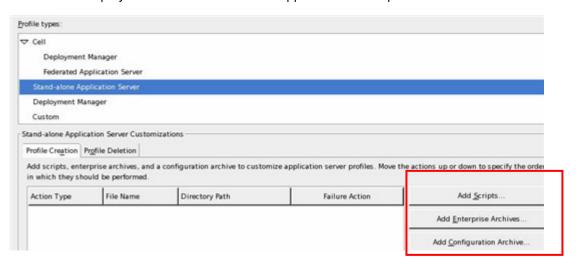


__ q. In the Profile Customization panel, you can include artifacts to customize your installation by including Configuration Archives (CARs), EARs or scripts to customize profiles. This lab will not include any customizations. With a Profile type of Deployment Manager, the Add Scripts button is active.





_ r. Now select a Profile type of Stand-alone Application Server. Notice the Add Scripts, Add Enterprise Archives, and Add Configuration Archive buttons are now active. Use a Configuration Archive to help configure a new stand-alone application server profile. You can also deploy EAR files on stand-alone application server profiles.



- s. Click Next
- __t. In the **Additional Files** screen, you can select additional files for the CIP to install. Click **Add**Files.... Select the file /root/sylvia_lg.jpg (this file has no importance, it's just for demonstration purposes)



Additional Files

Add files to the customized installation package.

Optionally specify additional files or directories that you want the customized installation package to install. For example, you can include files for a Help system that gets created when one of your scripts executes, or include a database that an application in your enterprise archive can access.

File Name Directory Path

Sylvia_lg.jpg /root/

Add Directories...

Modify...

Remove

u. Click Next

___ v. This Authorship screen gives the author of the CIP the option to add information about the CIP. For the Organization, enter IBM. For a Description enter: This is a custom installation package built by J. Doe.

Authorship

Optionally, provide additional information about the package.

	performs the installation can use the customized installation pac ollowing fields to provide additional information to the person per
Organization:	
IBM	
<u>D</u> escription:	
This is a custor	n installation package built by J. Doe.

__ w. Click Next

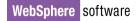
__ x. In the Preview screen, the author has the option to generate a Build definition file only or to create a full CIP. Click on the Estimate Size and Available Space button.

Customized Installation Package Preview

The following information describes the contents of the customized installation package.

Estimate Size and Available Space		
Estimated size of the customized installation package:	667	МВ
Required free space:	1695	МВ
Available free space:	15417	мв
ustomized installation package information:		

- __ y. In the interest of time, we will not create the CIP. Click **Cancel** to terminate the Build Definition Wizard and answer **Yes** to exit from the wizard.
- z. **Close** the IBM Installation Factory



2. The Installation Factory Installation Wizard

The Installation Factory installer for WebSphere Application Server is based on the Version 6.x full installer program. The Installation Factory installer program is sometimes referred to as the **CIP Installation wizard** or the Installation Factory Installation wizard.

The Installation wizard has the capability to perform a new product installation, an incremental installation by adding features to an existing installation, or an update to an existing installation that updates the installation to a new service level. The term slip install is sometimes used to describe an update to an existing installation that updates the installation to a new service level.

In this section of the lab, you will investigate installing a Custom Installation Package with the information provided in the previous section.

- _ a. Open a shell window and navigate to /opt/IBM/InstallationFactory/ifpackage/WAS
- b. Enter the command: ./install. The CIP Installation wizard for WAS v6.1 starts.



- __ c. Click on About this custom installation package...
- __ d. Examine Custom installation package information. The **Description** contains the information you entered in the previous section of the lab. Click **OK**

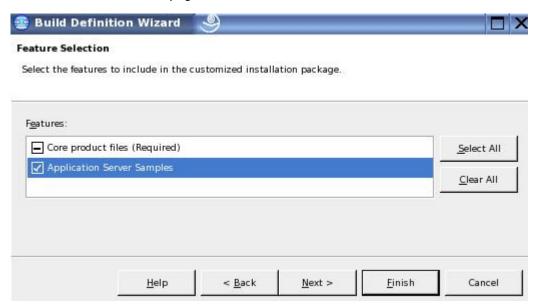


- __ e. Click **Next**
- __ f. Select I accept both the IBM and the non-IBM terms. Click Next
- __ g. After you accept the licensing terms, the Installation wizard checks for a supported operating system and prerequisite patches. Click **Next**
- _ h. The Installation wizard checks for a previous installation at the same product level. Specifically, the wizard looks for an existing Version 6.1 installation. In this lab, WAS v6.1 is already installed. Select Install a new copy of IBM WebSphere Application Server Network Deployment. Click Next

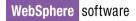
Detected IBM WebSphere Application Server Network Deployment

The installation wizard detected an existing installation of IBM WebSphere Application Server Network Deployment. You can apply maintenance and add new features to an existing copy, install a new copy or create a new profile that runs from the core product files already installed on your computer.

- Install a new copy of IBM WebSphere Application Server Network
 Deployment
- Create a new WebSphere Application Server profile using the Profile management tool
- i. The Install Sample Applications panel is available. This panel is available because during the Build Definition of the CIP, **Application Server Samples** was chosen. As a reminder, a picture of the Feature Section page from the Build Definition is shown below.



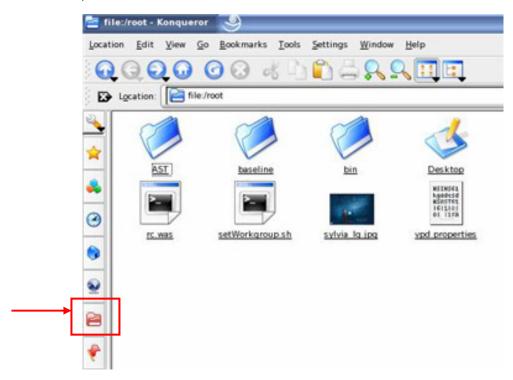
__ j. To save time, you will not complete the CIP installation. Click **Cancel**. Answer **Yes** to exit.



- __ k. Finish the exploration of the Installation Factory. WAS v6.1 was installed in this VMware image using the **CIP Installation wizard**. Explore how this appears in the filesystem.
 - 1) From the SLES Desktop, locate the KDE Panel at the bottom of the workspace. Click on the **Personal Files** icon.



2) From the left-hand icon bar, click on the **Root Folder** icon.



- 3) Navigate to /opt/IBM/WAS61/AppServer/cip
- 4) You should see two files. Click on com.ibm.was61stew.myproduct_1.0.0.0



5) Click on userFiles. You will see the sylvia_lg.jpg file specified during the CIP build. As a reference, the Additional Files panel from the Build Definition Wizard is shown below.



After creating the customized installation package, you have now seen that installing and configuring a WebSphere software product is a one-step process: install the customized installation package.

What you did in this exercise

In this exercise, you configured WebSphere Application Server 6.1 environment using the Profile Management Tool. You learned how to configure a web server instance to be administered through the WebSphere administration tools. You also configured the web server for routing of requests for the snoop servlet. You walked through a basic scenario of creating a custom installation package using the Installation Factory.

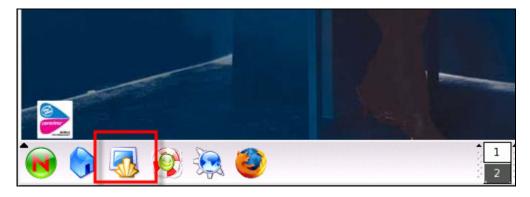


Appendix A: Common Tasks Used Throughout the Exercise

This section contains instructions for simple tasks that are done many times during this lab exercise. References to these tasks from other parts of the exercise are made when they need to be performed.

Common Task 1: Start a Process

- ____ 1. The task of starting server processes is done from a command window, which will differ depending on which operating system is in use. This example illustrates the Linux/Unix case.
 - __ a. Open a Terminal Program / Linux Shell.



__ b. Navigate to the **bin** directory of the relevant profile.

For example, if your profile is **Dmgr01** -- cd /opt/IBM/WAS61/AppServer/profiles/Dmgr01/bin

__ c. To start a process, the command varies depending on the server type.

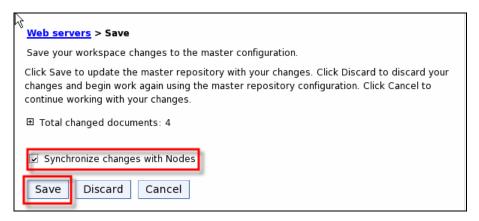
For a Deployment Manager, enter the command ./startManager.sh
For a Node Agent, enter the command ./startNode.sh
For an Application Server, enter the command ./startServer.sh <server name>

_ d. Server start is successful when the following line appears in the terminal window ADMU3000I: Server <server name> open for e-business; process id is XXX

Common Task 2: Stop a Process

2.	The task of starting server processes is done from a command window, which will differ depending on which operating system is in use. This example illustrates the Linux/Unix case.
_	a.Open a Terminal Program / Linux shell
_	b.Navigate to the bin directory of the relevant profile. For example, if your profile is Dmgr01 cd /opt/IBM/WAS61/AppServer/profiles/Dmgr01/bin
_	c. To stop a process, the command varies depending on the server type.
	If global security is not enabled:
	For Deployment Manager, enter the command ./stopManager.sh For Node Agent, enter the command ./stopNode.sh For an Application Server, enter the command ./stopServer.sh <server name=""> To stop all servers on a node use ./stopNode.sh -stopservers</server>
_	d.lf global security is enabled:
	Use the options -username <user name=""> and -password <password> with the commands inc. above</password></user>
-	e.Server stop is successful when the following line appears in the terminal window ADMU4000I: Server <server name=""> stop completed.</server>
Comn	non Task 3: Save the Configuration The task of saving your configuration changes to the Master Configuration is done using the Save to Master Configuration Panel. This panel can be reached in a several different ways, depending upon what configuration activities you have been doing. These instructions will document the most common ways to access the panel.
_	_ a. Click Save in the Taskbar
_	_ b. Click Save in Message(s) panel
	Messages Changes have been made to your local configuration. You can: Save directly to the master configuration. Review changes before saving or discarding. An option to synchronize the configuration across multiple nodes after saving can be enabled in Perferences. The server may need to be restarted for these changes to take effect.
	The server may need to be restarted for these changes to take effect.
-	_ c. Click Save to Master Configuration after installing an application.
	Application XDStockTrade installed successfully.
	If you want to start the application, you must first save changes to the master configuration
	Save to Master Configuration

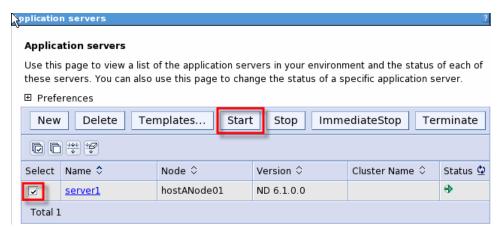
__ d. Ensure that the Synchronize changes with Nodes checkbox is checked



__ e. Click **Save** and wait for the Home Panel to be displayed, which indicates the save is complete.

Common Task 4: Start Server = <servername>

- 4. This task is used to start a single server named <servername>.
 - __ a. In the Navigation Tree, open Servers and select Application Servers
 - __ b. Select the checkbox to the left of **<servername>** in the servers list
 - __ c. Click Start



__ d. Wait until <servername> shows a status of Started (indicated by the green arrow). This may take about a minute. You may have to hit the **Refresh View** icon if the status doesn't update automatically.

Common Task 5: Stop Server = <servername>

1.	This task is used to stop a single server named <servername>.</servername>
-	a. In the Navigation Tree, open Servers and select Application Servers
	b. Select the checkbox to the left of <servername></servername> in the servers list
	c. Click Stop
-	d. Wait until <servername> shows a status of Stopped (indicated by the red X). This may take about a minute. You may have to hit the Refresh View icon if the status doesn't update automatically</servername>