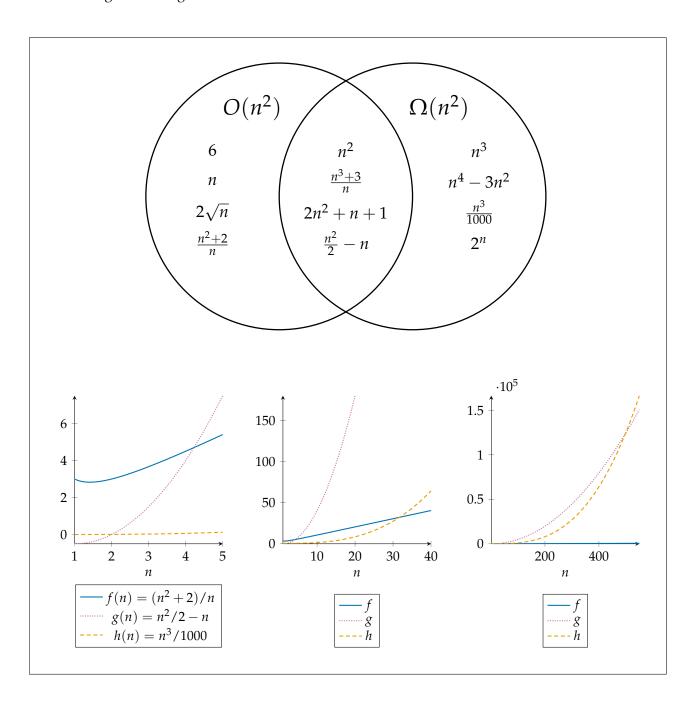
Model 1: Big-O and Big- Ω



Critical Thinking Questions I (20 minutes)

Important note: although any previous experience you have with big-O notation may be helpful, it is **not** assumed that you remember anything in particular! When answering the following questions, as much as possible, try to rely on the information provided in Model 1 rather than on your memory.

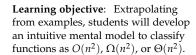
- 1 Working together, based on the Venn diagram in the model, say whether each function is $O(n^2)$, $\Omega(n^2)$, or both.
- (a) $2\sqrt{n}$
- (b) n^3
- (c) $2n^2 + n + 1$
- (d) 2^n

For Questions 2–6, consider the functions

$$f(n) = (n^2 + 2)/n$$
,
 $g(n) = n^2/2 - n$, and
 $h(n) = n^3/1000$.

Graphs of these functions are shown in the model (or rather, one graph is shown three times at different zoom levels).

- 2 Look at the graphs to determine which function is biggest when $2 \le n \le 4$.
- 3 The following table has four columns representing different intervals for *n*. For each interval, the table is supposed to show which function is smallest, which is biggest, and which is in between. A couple entries have already been filled in for you. Using



Process objective: Students will process information from a model to explore the meaning of big-O and big-Omega notation.

Process objective: Students will think critically to discover counterexamples and assemble evidence.

 $\boldsymbol{\Omega}$ is pronounced "big omega" (amusingly, "o-mega" is itself Greek for "big O", although they meant "big" in the sense of a long vowel, not uppercase).

the graphs in the model, fill in the rest of the table. Note that the graphs do not quite show what happens at n = 600; when filling in the last column of the table, simply use your best judgment to predict what will happen.

Make sure your group agrees on the best way to fill in the table.

biggest	f			
middle		f		
smallest				
	$2 \le n \le 4$	$5 \le n \le 30$	$35 \le n \le 450$	n = 600

- 4 Does the same relative order continue for all $n \ge 600$, or do the functions ever change places again? Justify your answer.
- 5 Again using the Venn diagram, for each function, say whether it is $O(n^2)$, $\Omega(n^2)$, or both.

(a)
$$f(n) = (n^2 + 2)/n$$

(b)
$$g(n) = n^2/2 - n$$

(c)
$$h(n) = n^3/1000$$

6 Based on your answers to the previous three questions, which grow more quickly in general, functions which are $O(n^2)$, or functions which are $\Omega(n^2)$? Write one or two sentences explaining your reasoning. Be sure to mention evidence from your answers to each of the previous three questions.

Using evidence from the model, come to a consensus within your group as to whether each of the following statements is true or false. Write a short justification for each answer.

- 7 If f(n) is $O(n^2)$, then it has n^2 in its definition.
- 8 If f(n) has n^2 in its definition, then f(n) is $O(n^2)$.
- 9 If f(n) is both $O(n^2)$ and $\Omega(n^2)$, then it has n^2 in its definition.
- 10 If $f(n) \le n^2$ for all $n \ge 0$, then f(n) is $O(n^2)$.
- 11 If f(n) is $O(n^2)$, then $f(n) \le n^2$ for all $n \ge 0$.
- 12 If $f(n) \le n^2$ for all n that are sufficiently large, then f(n) is $O(n^2)$.
- 13 If f(n) is $O(n^2)$ and g(n) is $\Omega(n^2)$, then $f(n) \le g(n)$ for all n.
- 14 Using one or more complete English sentences, propose a definition of $O(n^2)$ by completing the following statement.

A function f(n) is $O(n^2)$ if and only if...





Critical Thinking Questions II (10 minutes)

- 15 In what way(s) do you think the definition of $\Omega(n^2)$ is similar to and different from that of $O(n^2)$?
- 16 If a function is both $O(n^2)$ and $\Omega(n^2)$, we say it is $\Theta(n^2)$. For each of the below functions, say whether you think it is $\Theta(n^2)$, $O(n^2)$, or $\Omega(n^2)$. Justify your answers.

 Θ is pronounced "big theta".

(a)
$$3n^2 + 2n - 10$$

(b)
$$\frac{n^3 - 5}{n}$$

(c)
$$\frac{n^3 - 5}{\sqrt{n}}$$

(d)
$$(n+1)(n-2)$$

(e)
$$n + n\sqrt{n}$$

17 In your answers to Question 16, in which cases did you make use of evidence from the model (the Venn diagram or graphs) to justify your answers? In which cases did you make use of team members' previous knowledge?

Facilitation plan

Learning Objectives

Content objectives

• Students will develop intuitive mental models to classify functions as $O(n^2)$, $\Omega(n^2)$, and/or $\Theta(n^2)$.

Process objectives

- Information processing (interpreting Venn diagram and graph models)
- Critical thinking (finding counterexamples; synthesizing examples to come up with intuitive models for $O(n^2)$ and $\Omega(n^2)$

Announcements (2 minutes)

- Remember HW 1 due Friday. Start early, come ask for help if you need it.
- Today, take a role you haven't had. Review duties.
- Remind managers to look at the time limits on the activities, make sure you stay on track!

CTQs I (Big-O) (30 mins: 20 activity + 10 discussion)

(Up to 3 minutes to get started, look at role cards, etc.)

- Make grid, go around and tell them put up answers to T/F questions once they get there. Discuss as necessary.
- Share and discuss proposed definitions of $O(n^2)$. Note that the next activity will present the real definition, so it is not critical that students converge on an exactly correct definition; the goal is to get them to think about the important issues.

CTQs II (Big-Theta, classification) (15 mins: 10 activity + wrapup)

- Discuss answers as necessary.
- Wrap-up: today was about building intuition and examples. Promise we will see the real definition next time!



Author notes

In the past when I have used a previous version of the activity in a 50-minute class, I only made it through CTQ I and never made it to CTQ II. I hope that

- This version is more streamlined
- Encouraging managers to keep track of time will help
- so that we can get to the application questions. Some unused questions:
- f(n) being $O(n^2)$ and/or $\Omega(n^2)$ has nothing to do with whether it literally has n^2 in its definition.
- Every function f(n) is either $O(n^2)$ or $\Omega(n^2)$ (or both).
- Do you think $n^2 \cdot \log_2 n$ is $O(n^2)$, $\Omega(n^2)$, or $\Theta(n^2)$? Why?