

1. Use the ping command to successfully send 4 ICMP packets among all the three VMs in order to demonstrate that you completed steps in III. Activity

```
ltor@localhost ~$ ping -c 4 172.16.1.2
PING 172.16.1.2 (172.16.1.2) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 172.16.1.2: icmp_seq=1 ttl=128 time=0.448 ms
64 bytes from 172.16.1.2: icmp_seq=2 ttl=128 time=1.20 ms
64 bytes from 172.16.1.2: icmp_seq=3 ttl=128 time=1.13 ms
64 bytes from 172.16.1.2: icmp_seq=4 ttl=128 time=1.11 ms

--- 172.16.1.2 ping statistics ---
4 packets transmitted, 4 received, 0% packet loss, time 3003ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.448/0.975/1.209/0.306 ms
ltor@localhost ~$ ping -c 4 172.16.1.3
PING 172.16.1.3 (172.16.1.3) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 172.16.1.3: icmp_seq=1 ttl=128 time=0.342 ms
64 bytes from 172.16.1.3: icmp_seq=2 ttl=128 time=0.267 ms
64 bytes from 172.16.1.3: icmp_seq=3 ttl=128 time=0.309 ms
64 bytes from 172.16.1.3: icmp_seq=4 ttl=128 time=0.340 ms

--- 172.16.1.3 ping statistics ---
4 packets transmitted, 4 received, 0% packet loss, time 3000ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.267/0.314/0.342/0.035 ms
ltor@localhost ~$
```

```
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.17763.107]
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C:\Users\bypxtd>ping 172.16.1.1

Pinging 172.16.1.1 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 172.16.1.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=64
Reply from 172.16.1.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=64
Reply from 172.16.1.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=64
Reply from 172.16.1.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=64

Ping statistics for 172.16.1.1:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms

C:\Users\bypxtd>
C:\Users\bypxtd>ping 172.16.1.2

Pinging 172.16.1.2 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 172.16.1.2: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 172.16.1.2: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 172.16.1.2: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 172.16.1.2: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 172.16.1.2:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms

C:\Users\bypxtd>_
```

```
Command Prompt
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.17763.107]
(c) 2018 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Users\bypxtd>ping 172.16.1.1

Pinging 172.16.1.1 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 172.16.1.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=64
Reply from 172.16.1.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=64
Reply from 172.16.1.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=64
Reply from 172.16.1.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=64

Ping statistics for 172.16.1.1:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms

C:\Users\bypxtd>
C:\Users\bypxtd>ping 172.16.1.3

Pinging 172.16.1.3 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 172.16.1.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 172.16.1.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 172.16.1.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 172.16.1.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 172.16.1.3:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms

C:\Users\bypxtd>
```

2. In CentOS list the services enabled by default for public, dmz, home and internal firewall zones.

```
[toor@localhost ~]$ sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --list-services
ssh dhcpv6-client
[toor@localhost ~]$
[toor@localhost ~]$ sudo firewall-cmd --zone=dmz --list-services
ssh
[toor@localhost ~]$
[toor@localhost ~]$ sudo firewall-cmd --zone=home --list-services
ssh mdns samba-client dhcpv6-client
[toor@localhost ~]$
[toor@localhost ~]$ sudo firewall-cmd --zone=internal --list-services
ssh mdns samba-client dhcpv6-client
[toor@localhost ~]$
```

3. In CentOS add a firewall rule to open the 2222/tcp port for the dmz zone permanently. After that show that the port 2222/tcp was added correctly in the dmz zone.

```
[toor@localhost ~]$ sudo firewall-cmd --zone=dmz --permanent --add-port=2222/tcp
success
[toor@localhost ~]$ sudo firewall-cmd --reload
success
[toor@localhost ~]$ sudo firewall-cmd --zone=dmz --list-port
2222/tcp
[toor@localhost ~]$ _
```

4. In CentOS assign the public zone to the network adapter connected to the internet, and the home zone to the network adapter connected to VMnet o Private to my Network. Do not forget to restart the network service to apply configuration.

```
[toor@localhost ~]$ sudo firewall-cmd --permanent --zone=public --add-interface=ens33
success
[toor@localhost ~]$ sudo firewall-cmd --permanent --zone=internal --add-interface=ens37
success
[toor@localhost ~]$ sudo firewall-cmd --reload
success
[toor@localhost ~]$ sudo firewall-cmd --list-all
public (active)
  target: default
  icmp-block-inversion: no
  interfaces: ens33
  sources:
  services: ssh dhcpv6-client
  ports:
  protocols:
  masquerade: no
  forward-ports:
  source-ports:
  icmp-blocks:
  rich rules:

[toor@localhost ~]$ sudo firewall-cmd --zone=internal --list-all
internal (active)
  target: default
  icmp-block-inversion: no
  interfaces: ens37
  sources:
  services: ssh mdns samba-client dhcpv6-client
  ports:
  protocols:
  masquerade: no
  forward-ports:
  source-ports:
  icmp-blocks:
  rich rules:

[toor@localhost ~]$
```

5. Install and start a web server in CentOS and open the corresponding port in the homezone.

```
Total download size: 3.0 M
Installed size: 10 M
Downloading packages:
Delta RPMs disabled because /usr/bin/applydeltarpm not installed.
(1/5): apr-1.4.8-3.el7_4.1.x86_64.rpm | 103 kB 00:00:00
(2/5): apr-util-1.5.2-6.el7.x86_64.rpm | 92 kB 00:00:00
(3/5): httpd-tools-2.4.6-88.el7.centos.x86_64.rpm | 90 kB 00:00:00
(4/5): mailcap-2.1.41-2.el7.noarch.rpm | 31 kB 00:00:00
(5/5): httpd-2.4.6-88.el7.centos.x86_64.rpm | 2.7 MB 00:00:01
-----
Total | 2.2 MB/s | 3.0 MB 00:00:01
Running transaction check
Running transaction test
Transaction test succeeded
Running transaction
  Installing : apr-1.4.8-3.el7_4.1.x86_64 1/5
  Installing : apr-util-1.5.2-6.el7.x86_64 2/5
  Installing : httpd-tools-2.4.6-88.el7.centos.x86_64 3/5
  Installing : mailcap-2.1.41-2.el7.noarch 4/5
  Installing : httpd-2.4.6-88.el7.centos.x86_64 5/5
  Verifying : httpd-tools-2.4.6-88.el7.centos.x86_64 1/5
  Verifying : apr-1.4.8-3.el7_4.1.x86_64 2/5
  Verifying : mailcap-2.1.41-2.el7.noarch 3/5
  Verifying : httpd-2.4.6-88.el7.centos.x86_64 4/5
  Verifying : apr-util-1.5.2-6.el7.x86_64 5/5

Installed:
  httpd.x86_64 0:2.4.6-88.el7.centos

Dependency Installed:
  apr.x86_64 0:1.4.8-3.el7_4.1          apr-util.x86_64 0:1.5.2-6.el7
  httpd-tools.x86_64 0:2.4.6-88.el7.centos mailcap.noarch 0:2.1.41-2.el7

Complete!
[toor@localhost ~]$ sudo systemctl start httpd
[toor@localhost ~]$ _
```

6. In Windows 10 and Windows 10 clone open a web browser and access to the web site located in Centos.

