1. 显示系统时间(注：日期+时间)

Select now();

1. 查询员工号，姓名，工资，以及工资提高百分之 20%后的结果（new salary）

Select id,name,salary,salary\*1.2 “new salary” from employees;

1. 将员工的姓名按 首字母排序，并写出姓名的长度（length）

SELECT LENGTH(last\_name) 长度,SUBSTR(last\_name,1,1) 首字符,last\_name

FROM employees

ORDER BY 首字符;

4. 做一个查询，产生下面的结果

<last\_name> earns <salary> monthly but wants <salary\*3>

Dream Salary

King earns 24000 monthly but wants 72000

SELECT CONCAT(last\_name,' earns ',salary,' monthly but wants ',salary\*3) AS "Dream Salary"

FROM employees

WHERE salary=24000;

5. 使用 case-when，按照下面的条件：

job grade

AD\_PRES A

ST\_MAN B

IT\_PROG C

SA\_REP D

ST\_CLERK E

产生下面的结果

Last\_name Job\_id Grade

king AD\_PRES A

SELECT last\_name,job\_id AS job,

CASE job\_id

WHEN 'AD\_PRES' THEN 'A'

WHEN 'ST\_MAN' THEN 'B'

WHEN 'IT\_PROG' THEN 'C'

WHEN 'SA\_PRE' THEN 'D'

WHEN 'ST\_CLERK' THEN 'E'

END AS Grade

FROM employees

WHERE job\_id = 'AD\_PRES';