

Equilibrium and State Quantities

$pV = NkT$	Ideal gas law (GNS. 1.2)
$pV = mN\frac{1}{3}\left\langle v^2\right\rangle = \frac{2}{3}N\left\langle \epsilon_{\text{kin}}\right\rangle$	Kinetic theory of ideal gas (GNS. 1.10)
$\delta W = -p\,dV$	Infinitesimal work done by a change in volume (GNS. 1.20)
$\delta W = \mu\,dN$	Infinitesimal work done by adding a particle against potential μ (GNS. 1.24)
$\delta Q = C\,dT$	Infinitesimal heat added against heat capacity C (GNS. 1.25)
$\left[p + \left(\frac{N}{V}\right)^2 a\right](V - Nb) = NkT$	Van de Waals' equation (GNS. 1.33)

The Laws of Thermodynamics

$dU = \delta W + \delta Q$	First law of thermodynamics (GNS. 2.1)
$U = \frac{3}{2}NkT$	Internal energy of an ideal gas (GNS. 2.2)
$C_V = \frac{3}{2}Nk$	Specific heat at constant volume of ideal gas (GNS. 2.2 & 2.4)
$\left(\frac{T}{T_0}\right)^{3/2} = \frac{V_0}{V}, \quad \left(\frac{T}{T_0}\right)^{5/2} = \frac{p}{p_0}, \quad \frac{p}{p_0} = \left(\frac{V_0}{V}\right)^{5/3}$	Adiabatic equations of the ideal gas (GNS 2.6 & 2.7)
$\oint \frac{\delta Q_{\text{rev}}}{T} = 0$	Conservation of reduced heat for reversible cyclic processes (GNS. 2.26)
$dS = \frac{\delta Q_{\text{rev}}}{T}$	Definition of entropy (GNS. 2.28)
$\delta Q_{\text{irr}} < \delta Q_{\text{rev}} = T\,dS$	Infinitesimal change in heat in terms of entropy (GNS 2.33)
$dS = 0, \quad S = S_{\text{max}}$	Entropy of isolated system in equilibrium (GNS 2.34)
$dS \geq 0$	Second law of thermodynamics (GNS 2.35)
$dU = T\,dS - p\,dV + \mu\,dN + \phi\,dq$	First law for reversible processes (GNS 2.36)