2)
$$L = T = \pm m_1(\dot{r}_1^2 + r_1^2 \dot{\theta}_1^2) + \pm m_2(\dot{r}_2^2 + r_2^2 \dot{\theta}_2^2)$$

 $L_1 = m_1 r_1^2 \dot{\theta}_1$
 $L_2 = m_2 r_2^2 \dot{\theta}_2$
 $r_1 = -\dot{r}_2$

a)
$$E = \frac{1}{2} (m_1 + m_2) \dot{r}_1^2 + \frac{L_1^2}{2m_1 r_1^2} + \frac{L_2^2}{2m_2 r_2^2}$$

Equilibrium when
$$\frac{\partial'' V''}{\partial r_i} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{L_i^2}{m_i r_i^3} = \frac{L_z^2}{m_2 (\ell - r_i)^3}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma_{1}}{l-r_{1}} = \frac{L_{1}^{2}}{L_{2}^{2}} \frac{m_{2}}{m_{1}} \left(\equiv A \text{ for short} \right)$$

$$\Gamma_{1} = \frac{lA}{1+A}$$

$$\Gamma_{2} = \frac{l}{1+A}$$

c)
$$T = \frac{2\pi}{\omega}$$
, $\omega = \sqrt{\frac{(\partial^2 V'/\partial r_i^2)}{m_i + m_2}}$

$$\frac{3^{2}V''}{3r_{1}^{2}} = \frac{3L_{1}^{2}}{m_{1}r_{1}^{2}} + \frac{3L_{2}^{2}}{m_{2}(l-r_{1})^{4}} = \frac{3L_{1}^{2}}{m_{1}} \left[\left(\frac{1+A}{Al} \right)^{4} + \left(\frac{1+A}{l} \right)^{4} \right]$$

d)
$$T = \frac{L_1^2}{m_1 \Gamma_1^3} = \frac{L_2^2}{m_2 (l-\Gamma_1)^3} = \frac{L_1^2}{m_1 l^3} \left(\frac{1+A}{A}\right)^3$$

e)
$$\vec{F} = \vec{F_1} + \vec{F_2} = 2\tau \sin\left(\frac{\theta_1 - \theta_2}{2}\right)$$