

$$\psi_n(k) = e^{2kx} u_k^{(n)}(x)$$

$$\nabla_x^2 \psi_n(k) = \frac{2m(V-E)}{\hbar^2} \psi_n(k)$$

$$e^{2kx} (\nabla_x^2 + 2k \nabla_x - k^2) u_k^{(n)}$$

$$(\nabla_x^2 + 2k \nabla_x) u_k^{(n)} = (k^2 - \frac{2mE}{\hbar^2}) u_k^{(n)}$$

$$\text{with BC: } u_k^{(n)}(0) = u_k^{(n)}(a)$$

Try plane wave soln: $u_k^{(n)} \propto e^{i\sigma x}$

$$\text{BC: } e^{i\sigma a} = 1, \sigma a = 2\pi m, m = 0, \pm 1, \pm 2 \dots$$

put into P.E.

$$\sigma_m^2 - 2\sigma_m k + k^2 = \frac{2mE(k, m)}{\hbar^2}$$

$$E(k, m) = \frac{\hbar^2}{2m} (\sigma_m + k)^2 = \frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \left(k + \frac{2\pi m}{a}\right)^2$$

$$u_k^{(m)} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{a}} e^{2\pi \frac{m}{a} x}$$

$$m = 0, \pm 1, \pm 2$$

$$-\frac{\pi}{2} < k \leq \frac{\pi}{a}$$

$$\Rightarrow \psi_n(k) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{Na}} e^{i(k + \frac{2\pi m}{a})x}$$

$$m=1, k + \frac{2\pi m}{a} = \frac{\pi}{a} \text{ for } k = -\frac{\pi}{a}$$

$$= +\frac{3\pi}{a} \text{ " } k = +\frac{\pi}{a}$$

$$m=-1, k + \frac{2\pi m}{a} = -\frac{\pi}{a} \text{ for } k = +\frac{\pi}{a}$$

$$= -\frac{3\pi}{a} \text{ " } k = -\frac{\pi}{a}$$

3rd band

$$\alpha = \pm 2$$

2nd band

$$m = \pm 1$$

1st band

$$m = 0$$

