# Personalised Air Quality Monitoring using Wearable Sensors

STUDENT:

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ID

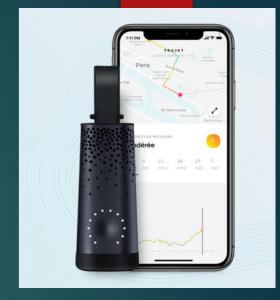
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SUPERVISOR:

DR SHIRLEY COYLE

#### Problem Definition

- Air pollution is a global health hazard and contributes to climate change.
- There are stations monitoring air quality in local areas, datasets provided by private companies and commercial products available.
- This project will look to expand on the available data and research to implement an air quality monitor for personal use with the use of wearable sensors.





Air Diag Dublin





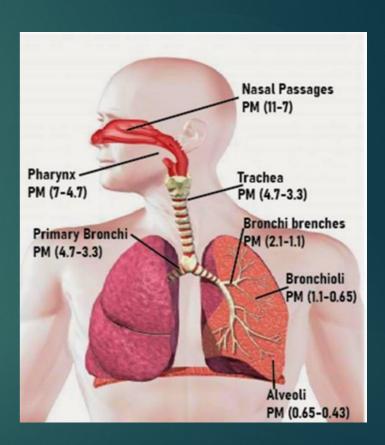


#### Project Overview

- The main goal of this project is to use wearable sensors to implement a system design to monitor air quality, to do this:
  - 1. Pollutants affecting Air Quality definition.
  - 2. Scales of representing the data collected.
  - 3. Existing implementations.
  - 4. Initial design and selection of sensors.
  - 5. Experiments curated to be performed.
- Following this the project plan will be discussed.

### 1. Air Quality Pollutants

- Some relevant contaminants:
  - 1. Particulate Matter (PM),
  - 2. Ozone (O3),
  - 3. Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC).



### 2. Air Quality Indicator (AQI)

- Raw data being displayed to a user may result in confusion.
- There are differing standards for AQI to represent contaminants measured.





Poor

Very Poor

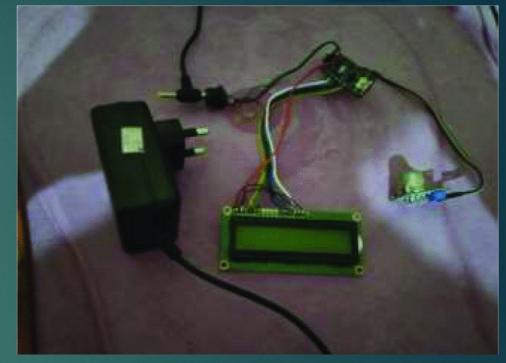
Severe

Satisfactory Moderate

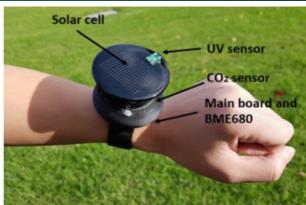
Good

#### 3. Existing Implementations

- Commercial products are available from PlumeLabs and Atmotube.
- Research papers varying in methods to design and implement a system.
  - Crude to sophisticated implementations.

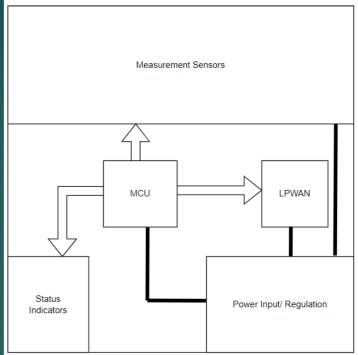


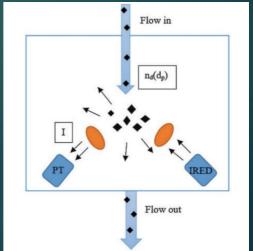




4. Initial Design and Sensor Selection

- The goal of the initial design is to breakdown the elements of the project into sections:
  - 1. Measurement Sensors,
  - 2. Low Power Wide Are Network (LPWAN),
  - 3. MCU,
  - Status Indicators,
  - 5. Power Input/Regulation.
- Sensirion SPS30 PM detector.
  - Uses laser scattering technique.





#### 5. Planned Experiments

- Initially use an Arduino to interface with SPS30.
  - 1. Measure background PM.
  - 2. Light a match to create PM.
  - 3. PM reading should jump to indicate interface and sensor is working correctly.
  - 4. Monitor the current using ammeter to gauge power consumption.

#### Personalised Air Quality Monitoring using Wearabe Sensors

Patrick Byrne		March				April					May				June				July				August				
(Schedule week starts on Sunday)  TASK	Week	1	2	3	4	1	2	3 4	4 !	5	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4
Sensor Design								Brea	k fo	or E	Exar	ns															
PM Detector Selection																											
PM Interfacing																											
Power Demands									Т																		
LPWAN																											
Selection																											
Evaluation																											
Power Consumption																											
MCU																											
Selection																											
Programming Interface																											
Interfacing Sensor																											
Interfacing with LPWAN																											
Power Consumption																											
Power																											
Power Usage Estimation																											
Power Supply Selection																											
Power Delivery																											
Component Selection																											
System Design																											
PCB Design																											
PCB Ordering																											
PCB Assembly/Testing																											
System Testing																											
Report																											

## Project Plan

#### References

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