# **Indunal T 256**

**Provisional Data Sheet** 

Emulsion polymer based on acrylates, carboxylated

Fields of Application: **Printing Inks, Architectural Coatings, Wood Finishing,** Adhesives, Paper Finishing, Textile Finishing

 Acrylic thickener for printing inks, emulsion paints and plasters, wood lacquers and stains, adhesives, paper coatings and textile coatings...

### **Performance and Characteristics:**

rheology additive

stabilisation of pigments and fillers

**Appearance** white emulsion

Solid Contents \* (DIN EN ISO 3251) 24 - 26 %

< 100 mPa·s **Viscosity** at 20℃ (DIN 53019-1) Ī (Anton Paar RheolabQC; MS: CC27; D=121 s<sup>-1</sup>)

2.5 - 4.0pH Value \* (DIN ISO 976)

Acid Value \* (DIN ISO 2114) 280 – 290 mg KOH/g solid

**Viscosity of the hydrosol** (20°C) (Anton Paar RheolabQC; MS: CC27; D=28.9 s<sup>-1</sup>) appr. 400 mPa·s

at 1.5 % solids

24 h after the neutralization

pH 7.5 - 10.5

Ionicity anionic

Freeze/Thaw Stability unstable

2007-05-15 / Version 03

<sup>\*</sup> Specification value listed in our certificate of analysis

## **Indunal T 256**

#### **Remarks:**

Indunal T 256 has to be diluted 1:3 with water before neutralization with sodium hydroxide solution, ammonia solution or amines. Before addition of this thickener solution, emulsion polymers should have a minimum pH value of 8.0.

We also recommend thickening "in situ" prior to neutralization. In this case Indunal T 256 is diluted 1:3 with water and then added under stirring to the material to be thickened. The pH of the mixture is then adjusted to 7 - 9.

The compatibility of Indunal T 256 with the grinding or let-down vehicles has to be tested before using in printing inks.

### **Neutralization:**

188 g Water

12 g Indunal T 256

1.2 g Ammonia Solution 25 %

201.2 g