Perceptron_Model

March 26, 2018

0.1 Perceptron Neural Network Model

```
In [1]: % Created: 2016/02/05, 24 Cummington, Boston
        % Byron Price
        % Updated: 2016/02/08
        % By: Byron Price
        % All functions called are placed in this directory.
        %% This code will implement a perceptron that
        %% will be capable of recognizing handwritten text
        %% Simple perceptron rule
        %% If w is a connection strength vector (or weight)
            and x is an input vector, then
        응응
             output = 0 if w*x + b <= 0
              output = 1 if w*x + b > 0
           where * is the dot product of all inputs by their
        응응
           respective weights
        %% Sigmoid perceptron
        %% If x is an input vector and w a connection strength
        %% vector, then output = 1/(1+\exp(-(w*x+b)))
        응응
        %% See www.neuralnetworksanddeeplearning.com for more information.
```

0.2 Draw a Few Figures of Digits from MNIST Training Dataset

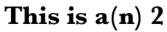
```
In [1]: load('TrainingData.mat')

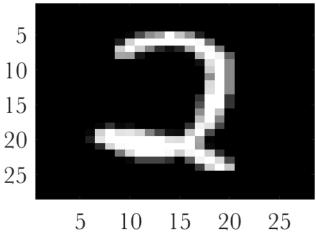
numImages = size(Images, 2);
numPixels = size(Images, 1);

for i=1:5
    index = round(rand*numImages);
    digit = Labels(index);
    image = reshape(Images(:,index),[28,28]);
```

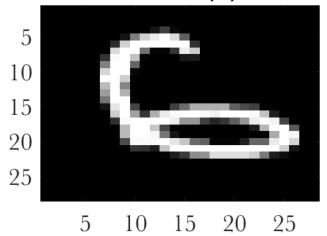
figure();imagesc(image);title(sprintf('This is a(n) %i',digit));
colormap gray;

end

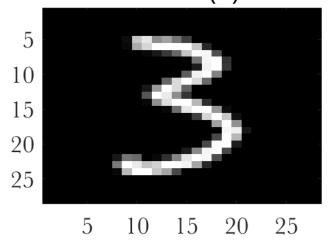




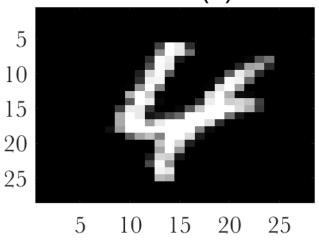
This is a(n) 6

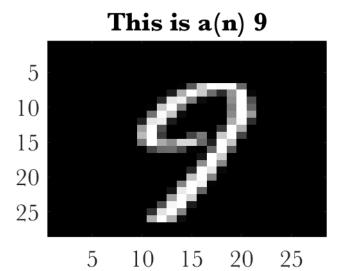


This is a(n) 3



This is a(n) 4





0.3 Build a Network with Randomized Weights and Biases

0.4 Convert Labels Matrix to Format Suitable for Comparison to Network Output

```
ans = 784 60000

ans = 10 60000
```

0.5 Stochastic Gradient Descent

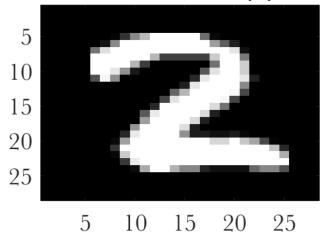
```
In [10]: batchSize = 10; % make mini batches and run the algorithm
              % on those "runs" times
         runs = 1e4;
         eta = 0.5; % learning rate
         numCalcs = size(myNet.Weights, 2);
         dCostdWeight = cell(1, numCalcs);
         dCostdBias = cell(1, numCalcs);
         for ii=1:runs
             indeces = ceil(rand([batchSize,1]).*(numImages-1));
             for jj=1:numCalcs
                 layer1 = size(myNet.Weights{jj},1);
                 layer2 = size(myNet.Weights{jj},2);
                 dCostdWeight{jj} = zeros(layer1, layer2);
                 dCostdBias{jj} = zeros(layer2,1);
             end
             for jj=1:batchSize
                 index = indeces(jj);
                 [costweight,costbias] = BackProp(Images(:,index),myNet,...
                 DesireOutput(:,index));
                 for kk=1:numCalcs
                     dCostdWeight{kk} = dCostdWeight{kk}+costweight{kk};
                     dCostdBias{kk} = dCostdBias{kk}+costbias{kk};
                 end
             end
             [myNet] = GradientDescent (myNet, dCostdWeight, dCostdBias, batchSize, eta,
         end
```

0.6 Run Network Against Test Data

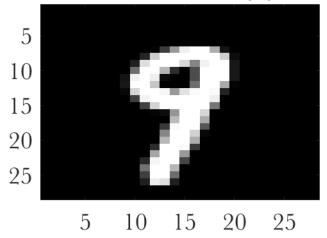
```
DesireOutput = zeros(numDigits, numImages);
         for ii=1:numImages
             numVector = zeros(numDigits,1);
             for jj=1:numDigits
                  if Labels(ii) == jj-1
                      numVector(jj) = 1;
                      DesireOutput(:,ii) = numVector;
                  end
             end
         end
         classifiedVals = zeros(numImages,1);
         count = 0;
         for ii=1:numImages
              [Output, Z] = Feedforward(Images(:,ii), myNet);
              [~, realVal] = max(DesireOutput(:,ii));
             [\sim, netVal] = max(Output{2});
             classifiedVals(ii) = netVal-1;
             if realVal == netVal
             count = count + 1;
             end
         Accuracy = count/numImages
Accuracy =
    0.9367
```

0.7 Display Figures for the Network's Classification of the Novel Test Data

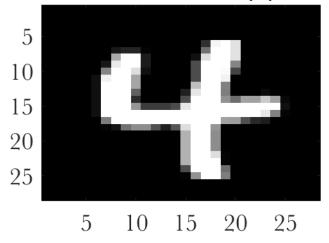
Classified as a(n) 2



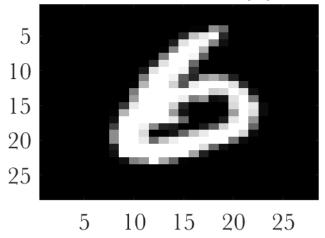
Classified as a(n) 9



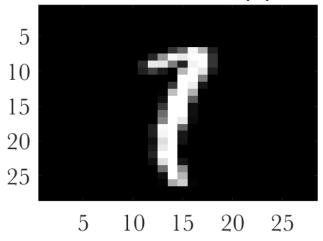
Classified as a(n) 4



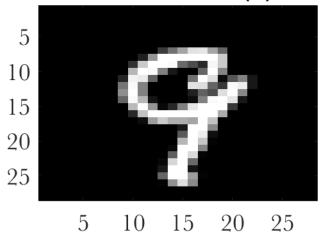
Classified as a(n) 6



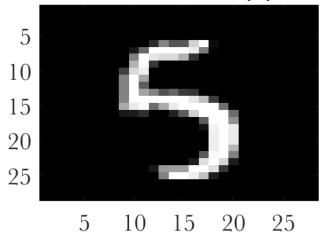
Classified as a(n) 1



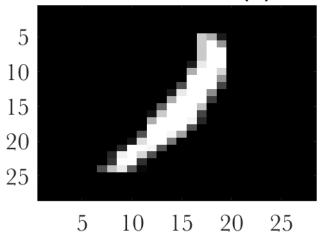
Classified as a(n) 9



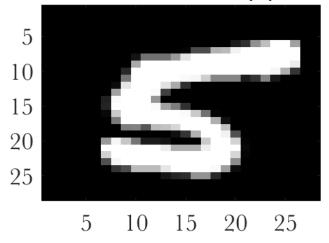
Classified as a(n) 5



Classified as a(n) 1



Classified as a(n) 5



Classified as a(n) 4

