Unit Conversion Addin

Overview, installing, and summary of use

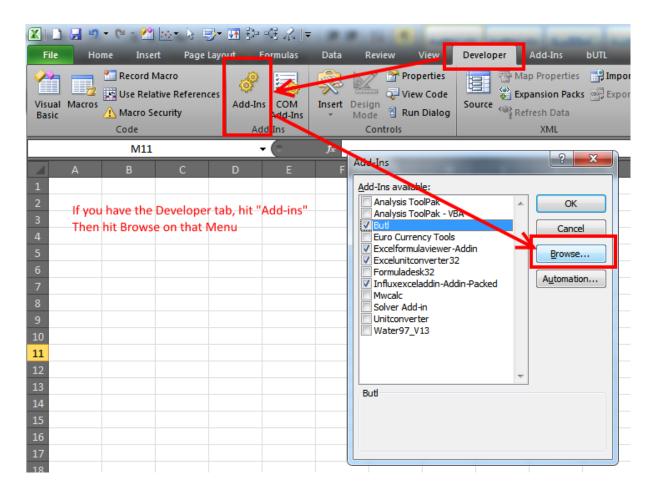
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This document is an overview of the Unit Conversion addin for Excel.

overview of the addin

The Unit Conversion addin provides a simple interface for doing unit conversion within Excel. It can support a range of units (and base dimensions). Most importantly, the addin can infer the appropriate conversions between units as long as they extend a known unit.

Installing the addin



summary of UDFs provided by addin

The addin provides for two additional functions:

function	description
Conv	converts a given value from one unit to another
ConvFactor	returns the multiplicative factor to convert from one unit to another
ConvToSi	converts a given value from one unit to the base SI unit
ConvToPref	converts a given value in one unit to a preferred unit
UnitType	returns the SI unit for a given unit

Conv(Value, UnitFrom, UnitTo)

The Conv function is used to perform a unit conversion, returning the new value after conversion.

The parameters of this function are described by the table:

parameter	type	description
value	number	the value in the base unit to be converted
unit from	string	the text for the base unit
unit to	string	the text for the desired outcome unit

If the unit conversion is valid, this UDF will return a single value which represents the converted value. If the unit conversion is not valid, then an error will be returned. There are a couple of reasons that a conversion is not valid:

- 1. The starting unit or the desired unit are not found in the database.
- 2. The starting unit and desired unit exist but they do not share a common dimension

TODO: describe how the unit conversion is done (or link to the desc)

TODO: link to how to add a new unit if not found

TODO: note about checking the UnitType

ConvFactor(UnitFrom, UnitTo)

The ConvFactor function will return the conversion factor that should be multiplied by the base value to arrive at the desired unit. Note that the conversion factor will only return the multiplicative

factor. This factor is not valid for some types of units where the conversion is defined with an offset (e.g. temperature and gauge pressure). The factor is valid, but it only covers the non-offset part of the conversion.

The parameters of this function are described by the table:

parameter	type	description
value	number	the value in the base unit to be converted
unit from	string	the text for the base unit

If the unit conversion is valid, this UDF will return a single value which represents the conversion factor. If the unit conversion is not valid, then an error will be returned. There are a couple of reasons that a conversion is not valid:

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TODO: add an image showing this working

ConvToSi(Value, UnitFrom)

The ConvToSi function is a helper function which will convert a given value in a base unit to a new value with SI units. This function can return the SI units along with the value if entered as an array formula.

The parameters of this function are described by the table:

parameter	type	description
unit from	string	the text for the base unit
unit to	string	the text for the desired outcome unit

If the unit conversion is valid, this UDF will return an array which includes the new value along with the text for the new SI unit. If the formula is not entered as an array, the returned value will only include the converted value. If you know the underlying SI units, then this is fine. More likely, you may not exactly know the SI units, and this UDF will return those if entered as an array. The UDF expects to

output to 2 cells that are 1x2 (rows x columns).

1. The starting unit or the desired unit are not found in the database.

2. The starting unit and desired unit exist but they do not share a common dimension

TODO: add an image showing this working

ConvToPref(Value, UnitFrom)

The ConvToPref function is a helper function which will convert a given value in a base unit to a new value using a "preferred" unit if setup, SI otherwise. This function will return the preferred unit along with the value if entered as an array formula.

The preferred units are controlled by an interface available from the Addins tab on the Ribbon.

TODO: add image of setting the preference

For the preferred units, they are input using the SI base. This is done this way since internally all conversions go to the SI base before going to the output unit.

The parameters of this function are described by the table:

parameter	type	description
value	number	the value to be converted
unit to	string	the text for the desired outcome unit

If the unit conversion is valid, this UDF will return an array which includes the new value along with the text for the unit. If the formula is not entered as an array, the returned value will only include the converted value. If you know the underlying unit, then this is fine. More likely, you may not exactly know the unit, and this UDF will return those if entered as an array. The UDF expects to output to 2 cells that are 1x2 (rows x columns).

- 1. The starting unit or the desired unit are not found in the database.
- 2. The starting unit and desired unit exist but they do not share a common dimension

TODO: add an image showing this working

summary of the forms for controlling the addin

TODO: add detail

summary of how the addin was built

The Unit Conversion addin was built using C#/.Net and leverages the ExcelDna library. ExcelDna provides the framework for using C# code from within Excel.

TODO: add detail