1/2/2020 README.md - Grip

#### **README.md** - Grip

# NTP time with GPSD and PPS-enabled GPS GlobalSat MR-350P-S4

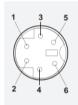
# **Operating environment**

- Ubuntu Bionic 18.04.3
- Linux kernel 5.4.3 (Vanilla kernel from kernel.org no patches required or used)

## Things you may need to buy

- 1. Buy GlobalSat MR-350P-S4 on Amazon.com (US)
- 2. Buy DB9 D-SUB RS232 Adapter (Female with Screw) on Amazon.com (US)
- 3. Buy PS/2 Mini-DIN Male-to-Female cable on Amazon.com (US)
- 4. Amazon search for DB9 D-SUB RS232 Adapter (Female with Screw)
- 5. Amazon search for PS/2 Mini-DIN Male-to-Female cable
- 6. Amazon search for GlobalSat MR-350P-S4
- 7. Buy Garmin 18x LVC GPS on Amazon.com (US) not required if you are using / buying the GlobalSat MR-350P-S4

## GlobalSat MR-350PS4 PS/2 pin-out



PS/2 Mini DIN 6-Pin Male Connecto				
Color	Function	Pin		
Black	GND	1		
Red	VCC	2		
Yellow	PPS	3		
White	RX	4		
Green	TX	5		
	N/C	6		

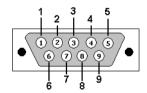
The diagram above is from GlobalSat MR-350PS4 Technical Specifications

Note that this is **NOT** the standard PS/2 pin-out.

#### **Pin Function**

- 1 GND
- 2 VCC
- 3 PPS
- 4 RX
- 5 TX
- 6 NC

# DB9 RS232 serial port pin-out



## Pin Function Direction

DCD Into computer from GPS
 RX Into computer from GPS
 TX To GPS from computer

4 DTR To GPS from computer (unused here)

5 GND -

# DB9 D-SUB RS232 Adapter (Female with Screw) screw pins



Check the pin numbering at the screw terminals - may be different from this image!

#### MR-350P-S4 PS/2 PIN Function DB9 PIN USB cable wire

1	GND	5	Black
2	VCC	-	Red
3	PPS	1	-
4	RX	2	-
5	TX	3	-
6	NC	-	-

#### Notes:

- PS/2 Pin 2 (VCC) goes ONLY to USB cable
- PS/2 Pin 1 (GND) goes to DB9 Pin 5 AND to USB cable

## NTP time with GPSD and PPS-enabled GPS Garmin 18x LVC GPS

NOTE: I have not personally tried the Garmin 18x LVC. I am only including this section in the hope that the wiring tips may help others who have or buy the Garmin 18x LVC

Note that you MUST buy the LVC version, and not the USB version(s).

## Comparison with the GlobalSat MR-250P-S4:

Garmin 18x LVC	GlobalSat MR-250P-S4
More expensive	Less expensive
Reviews say it will not work indoors (1)	Reviews say it works indoors in wood buildings (1)
1 microsecond PPS accuracy - worse (1)	50 ns PPS accuracy - better (1)
Do not need PS/2 Male-Female cable	Recommend PS/2 Male-Female cable
Casing is flat at the botton with a magnetic base	No magnetic base, more clumsy to mount

(1): GPSD Compatible Hardware

#### 2.2 GPS 18x LVC & GPS 18x -5Hz WIRING DIAGRAMS

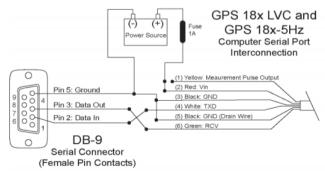


Figure 1: Computer Serial Port Interconnection

The diagram above is from Garmin 18x Technical Specifications

Note: the diagram above does not show PIN 1 (Yellow) (PPS) wire connected anywhere, but it **SHOULD** be connected to DB9 Pin 1 (DCD). Without that PPS will **NOT** work!

localhost:6419 2/8

#### Garmin 18x LVC PIN (Color) Function DB9 PIN USB cable wire

1 (Yellow)	PPS	1	-
2 (Red)	VCC	-	Red
3 (Black)	GND	5	Black
4 (White)	TX	3	-
5 (Black)	GND	-	-
6 (Green)	RX	2	-

## Package installation

apt install gpsd chrony setserial gpsd-clients pps-tools

## **Package versions**

Package	Version
gpsd	3.17-5
setserial	2.17-50
pps-tools	1.0.2-1
chrony	3.2-4ubuntu4.2
gosd-clients	3.17-5

# **Assumptions**

This guide assumes GPS device is connected on SECOND serial port - ttyS1 If this is not the case substitute /dev/ttyABC for /dev/ttyS1 in following files

- var/lib/setserial/autoserial.conf
- etc/default/qpsd

#### Do this before proceeding further

# **Configure GPSD**

- Make sure you have modified etc/default/gpsd to reflect serial port being used (if modification is required)
- Copy etc/default/gpsd to /etc/default/gpsd

#### **Enable kernel PPS**

## Check kernel config

```
grep '^CONFIG_PPS' /boot/config-$(uname -r) Output should contain:
CONFIG_PPS=m
CONFIG_PPS_CLIENT_LDISC=m
```

#### Enable loading of pps ldisc modules on boot

- Copy etc/systemd/system/pps\_ldisc.service to /etc/systemd/system
- Run systemctl enable pps\_ldisc.service
- Run systemctl start pps\_ldisc.service
- Technically this is not **REQUIRED** just to test GPSD, but if not using this service you need to do the following:
  - $\circ\,$  modprobe pps\_ldisc before starting gpsd or restart gpsd after the modprobe
  - o Do this after every reboot
  - o Without module pps\_ldisc, PPS capabilities will not be available

# Configure serial port

- Strictly NOT REQUIRED just for testing PPS with gpsd. All setserial is used for is setting the serial port into low\_latency mode may improve PPS latency / accuracy
- Make sure you have modified var/lib/setserial/autoserial.conf to reflect serial port being used (if modification is required)
- Run dpkg-reconfigure setserial and set configuration mode to MANUAL
- $\bullet \ \ Copy \verb|/lib/setserial/autoserial.conf| to \verb|/var/lib/setserial/autoserial.conf| \\$
- for op in stop start; do systemctl \$op setserial.service; done

### Disable systemd-timesyncd.service

- · systemd-timesyncd.service conflicts with chrony and if systemd-timesyncd.service is enabled, chrony will not autostart
- for op in stop disable mask; do systemctl \$op systemd-timesyncd.service ; done

#### **Setup chrony**

• copy etc/chrony/chrony.conf to etc/chrony/

## **Testing**

#### Stop gpsd (systemd variant)

```
systemctl stop gpsd.socket gpsd.service
```

#### Restart gpsd (systemd variant)

```
for op in stop start; do systemctl $op gpsd.socket gpsd.service
```

#### Run gpsd in foreground for testing

- Stop gpsd
- gpsd -b -n -N -D3 /dev/ttyS1 /dev/pps0 (IMPORTANT: replace /dev/ttyS1 with path to serial port you are using)

## Find pps device

```
ppsfind --help
pps0: name=serial1 path=/dev/ttyS1
```

## **Testing PPS capabilities**

#### sudo ppswatch /dev/pps0

```
trying PPS source "/dev/pps0"
found PPS source "/dev/pps0"
timestamp: 1577777203, sequence: 83886, offset: 1984
timestamp: 1577777204, sequence: 83887, offset: -31306
timestamp: 1577777206, sequence: 83888, offset: 5836
timestamp: 1577777206, sequence: 83889, offset: 3027
timestamp: 1577777207, sequence: 83890, offset: -24220
timestamp: 1577777208, sequence: 83891, offset: 2041
```

#### **Testing PPS with ntpshmmon**

#### ntpshmmon -n 5

```
        ntpshmmon version 1

        #
        Name Seen@
        Clock
        Real
        L
        Prec

        sample NTP2 1577776857.467580012
        1577776856.99992825
        1577776857.000000000
        0
        -30

        sample NTP2 1577776858.000449336
        1577776857.999980312
        1577776858.000000000
        0
        -30

        sample NTP2 1577776859.000728372
        1577776859.999987295
        1577776860.000000000
        0
        -30

        sample NTP2 1577776861.000665371
        1577776861.000004892
        1577776861.000000000
        0
        -30
```

#### **Testing GPS NMEA**

```
    cgps
    gpsmon
```

#### Showing chrony status

```
chronyc -m 'sources -v' tracking 'sourcestats -v'
```

# PPS details highlighted in **BOLD**Sample chrony output

^- time-a-b.nist.gov

^- clock.fmt.he.net

^- gpstime.la-archdiocese.n>

```
chronyc -m 'sources -v' tracking 'sourcestats -v'
210 Number of sources = 7
```

```
.-- Source mode '^' = server, '=' = peer, '#' = local clock.
.- Source state '*' = current synced, '+' = combined, '-' = not combined,
/ '?' = unreachable, 'x' = time may be in error, '~' = time too variable.
                                                                       - xxxx [ yyyy ] +/- zzzz
          Reachability register (octal) -.
                                                                         xxxx = adjusted offset,
          Log2(Polling interval)
                                                                         yyyy = measured offset,
                                                                         zzzz = estimated error.
MS Name/IP address
                                    Stratum Poll Reach LastRx Last sample
#* PPS
                                                                      +1318ns[+2225ns] +/-
^- 162.159.200.1
                                                                      +8603us[+8606us] +/-
                                                10
                                                       377
^- time4.google.com
                                            1
                                                10
                                                       377
                                                               983
                                                                      +1242us[+1189us] +/-
                                                                                                     24ms
```

1 10

2

1 10

10

377

377

377

128

32m

209

localhost:6419 4/8

-1836us[-1831us] +/- 4597us

-2043us[-2039us] +/-

+848us[ +667us] +/-

22ms

41ms

```
^- clock.sjc.he.net
                                                      -507us[ -507us] +/- 3927us
                                 1 10
                                         377
                                                 39
210 Number of sources = 7
                               - Number of sample points in measurement set.
                                    Number of residual runs with same sign.
                                        Length of measurement set (time).
                                            .- Est. clock freq error (ppm).
                                                        - Est. error in freq.
                                                                 - Est. offset.
                                                                    On the -
                                                                    samples.
                           Ν̈́Ρ
                               Ν̈́R
                                   Span Frequency Freq Skew
Name/IP Address
                                                                Öffset
_______
                                             +0.001
                                                         0.062
                           13
                                8
                                    194
                                                                  +13ns
                                                                         2834ns
162.159.200.1
                                                         0.820
                                                                +6442us
                           10
                                8
                                   155m
                                             -0.431
                                                                         1354us
                                                         0.509
time4.google.com
                                   223m
                                             -0.400
                                                                -1817us
                                                                         1802us
                                7
                           14
                                                         0.070
time-a-b.nist.gov
                                             -0.328
                           34
                               14
                                   568m
                                                                -1429us
                                                                         1134us
gpstime.la-archdiocese.n>
                           20
                               12
                                   327m
                                             -0 342
                                                         0.123
                                                                 -691us
                                                                          799us
clock.fmt.he.net
                           17
                               10
                                   276m
                                             -0.429
                                                         0.198
                                                                 -507us
                                                                         1020us
clock.sjc.he.net
                           13
                                5
                                   224m
                                             -0.407
                                                         0.115
                                                                 -933us
                                                                          419us
Reference ID
                  50505300 (PPS)
Stratum
                  1
Ref time (UTC)
                 Tue Dec 31 01:59:17 2019
System time
                : 0.000000606 seconds fast of NTP time
                  +0.000000953 seconds
Last offset
RMS offset
                  0.000001683 seconds
Frequency
                  25.250 ppm slow
Residual freq
                : +0.001 ppm
                 0.068 ppm
0.0010000000 seconds
Skew
Root delay
Root dispersion: 0.000021925 seconds
Update interval: 16.0 seconds
```

## Links

Leap status

- 1. GPSD Time Service HOWTO by author of GPSD
- 2. GPSD Compatible Hardware
- 3. Troubleshooting by author of GPSD
- 4. chrony with GPS for Time Synchronization

: Normal

- 5. Not quite 5 minute guide to making an NTP Server
- 6. Chrony and GPSD (Archlinux)
- 7. Synchronizing ntpd to a Garmin GPS 18 LVC via gpsd
- 8. GlobalSat MR-350PS4 Technical Specifications
- 9. RS232 Serial Cable Wiring
- 10. Crossover or "Null Modem" vs. Straight Through Serial Cable
- 11. Garmin 18x Technical Specifications
- 12. The Raspberry Pi as a Stratum-1 NTP Server Uses a Raspberry Pi "hat" module, but otherwise contains a wealth of information

#### **Contents of files**

#### File list

## etc/default/gpsd

IMPORTANT Change /dev/ttyS1 to path for serial port you are using

```
# Default settings for gpsd.
# Please do not edit this file directly - use `dpkg-reconfigure gpsd' to
# change the options.
START_DAEMON="true"
GPSD_OPTIONS="-b -n -D1"
DEVICES="/dev/ttyS1 /dev/pps0"
USBAUTO="false"
GPSD_SOCKET="/var/run/gpsd.sock"
```

#### etc/systemd/system/pps\_ldisc.service

localhost:6419 5/8

```
[Unit]
Description=Modprobe pps_ldisc
After=setserial.service

[Service]
Type=oneshot
ExecStart=/sbin/modprobe pps_core
ExecStart=/sbin/modprobe pps_ldisc

[Install]
WantedBy=gpsd.service
```

#### var/lib/setserial/autoserial.conf

IMPORTANT Change /dev/ttyS1 to path for serial port you are using

```
###AUTOSAVE-ONCE###
###AUTOSAVE-ONCE###
###AUTOSAVE##
#
# If you want to configure this file by hand, use
# dpkg-reconfigure setserial
# and change the configuration mode of the file to MANUAL. If you do not do this, this file may be overwritten automatically the
# package.
#
# dpkg-reconfigure setserial ... set configuration mode to MANUAL
# Added next line for ttyS1 for Garmin 18 LVC GPS
# From: http://www.rjsystems.nl/en/2100-ntpd-garmin-gps-18-lvc-gpsd.php
# Only needed to add 'low_latency' to default port configuration
# Print out current port configuration:
# setserial -G /dev/ttyS1
/dev/ttyS1 uart 16550A port 0x02f8 irq 3 baud_base 115200 spd_normal skip_test low_latency
```

#### etc/chrony/chrony.conf

The extra server lines in chrony.conf are totally irrelevant to using PPS

For PPS, only the line reading refclock SHM 1 offset 0 delay 0.001 refid PPS is important.

```
# This the default chrony.conf file for the Debian chrony package. After
# editing this file use the command 'invoke-rc.d chrony restart' to make
# your changes take effect. John Hasler <jhasler@debian.org> 1998-2008
# See www.pool.ntp.org for an explanation of these servers. Please
# see www.pool.ntp.org for an explanation of these servers. Please
# consider joining the project if possible. If you can't or don't want to
# use these servers I suggest that you try your ISP's nameservers. We mark
# the servers 'offline' so that chronyd won't try to connect when the link
# is down. Scripts in /etc/ppp/ip-up.d and /etc/ppp/ip-down.d use chronyc
# commands to switch it on when a dialup link comes up and off when it goes
          Code in /etc/init.d/chrony attempts to determine whether or not
# the link is up at boot time and set the online status accordingly. If
# you have an always-on connection such as cable omit the 'offline'
# directive and chronyd will default to online.
# Note that if Chrony tries to go "online" and dns lookup of the servers
# fails they will be discarded. Thus under some circumstances it is
# better to use IP numbers than host names.
# Use a local GPS device and gpsd as Staratum 0 GPS source
# Disable systemd-timesyncd.service - conflicts with chrony autostart !
    for op in stop disable mask; do systemctl $op systemd-timesyncd.service; done
# For Globalsat MR-350PS4 PPS GPS on SERIAL port
# From https://wiki.alpinelinux.org/wiki/Chrony_and_GPSD
# Commenting out NEMA and SOCK -:
   - NEMA is too inaccurate and chrony will not use anyway!
     - SOCK - does not seem to get any values !
#refclock SHM 0 delay 0.5 refid NEMA
refclock SHM 1 offset 0 delay 0.001 refid PPS
#refclock SOCK /var/run/chrony.ttyS1.sock delay 0.0 refid SOCK
# C(20180207) Setings for using USB non-PPS GPS device and GPSD
# NEMA is too inaccurate and chrony will not use anyway!
# Need to fiddle with offset (seconds) to make sure refclock is considered
# watch the output of 'chronyc sources' to see 'Last Sample'
# refclock SHM 0 offset 0.05 refid NMEA
server clock.fmt.he.net iburst
server clock.sjc.he.net iburst
server time.cloudflare.com iburst
server time.google.com iburst
```

localhost:6419 6/8

```
server time_nist.gov
server gpstime.la-archdiocese.net
#server time1.google.com iburst
#server time2.google.com iburst
#server time3.google.com iburst
#server time4.google.com iburst
#pool 0.ubuntu.pool.ntp.org iburst
#pool 2.debian.pool.ntp.org offline iburst
# Specify IP address (interface) that chronyd CLIENT will bind to
# The bindacgaddress directive sets the network interface to which
# chronyd will bind its NTP client sockets
# bindacgaddress 0.0.0.0
# Allow other NTP clients in our zone to query time
# allow 10.3/16
# allow 10.30.0/24
# (CHANGED): chronyd version 3.2 commandkey directive is no longer supported
# This directive sets the key ID used for authenticating user commands via the
# 'chronyc' program at run time.
# commandkey 1
# End of customized settings - EXCEPT lines labeled with (CHANGED)
# Look here for the admin password needed for chronyc. The initial
# password is generated by a random process at install time. You may
# change it if you wish.
keyfile /etc/chrony/chrony.keys
# I moved the driftfile to /var/lib/chrony to comply with the Debian
# filesystem standard.
driftfile /var/lib/chrony/chrony.drift
# Comment this line out to turn off logging.
log tracking measurements statistics
logdir /var/log/chrony
# Stop bad estimates upsetting machine clock.
maxundateskew 100.0
# Dump measurements when daemon exits.
dumponexit
# Specify directory for dumping measurements.
dumpdir /var/lib/chrony
# This directive lets 'chronyd' to serve time even if unsynchronised to any
# NTP server.
#local stratum 10
# This directive designates subnets (or nodes) from which NTP clients are allowed
# to access to 'chronyd'.
#allow foo.example.net
#allow 10/8
#allow 0/0 (allow access by any IPv4 node)
#allow ::/0 (allow access by any IPv6 node)
# This directive forces `chronyd' to send a message to syslog if it
# makes a system clock adjustment larger than a threshold value in seconds.
logchange 0.5
# This directive defines an email address to which mail should be sent
# if chronyd applies a correction exceeding a particular threshold to the
# system clock.
# mailonchange root@localhost 0.5
# This directive tells 'chronyd' to parse the 'adjtime' file to find out if the
# real-time clock keeps local time or UTC. It overrides the 'rtconutc' directive.
hwclockfile /etc/adjtime
# This directive enables kernel synchronisation (every 11 minutes) of the
# real-time clock. Note that it can't be used along with the 'rtcfile' directive.
rtcsvnc
```

localhost:6419 7/8

localhost:6419