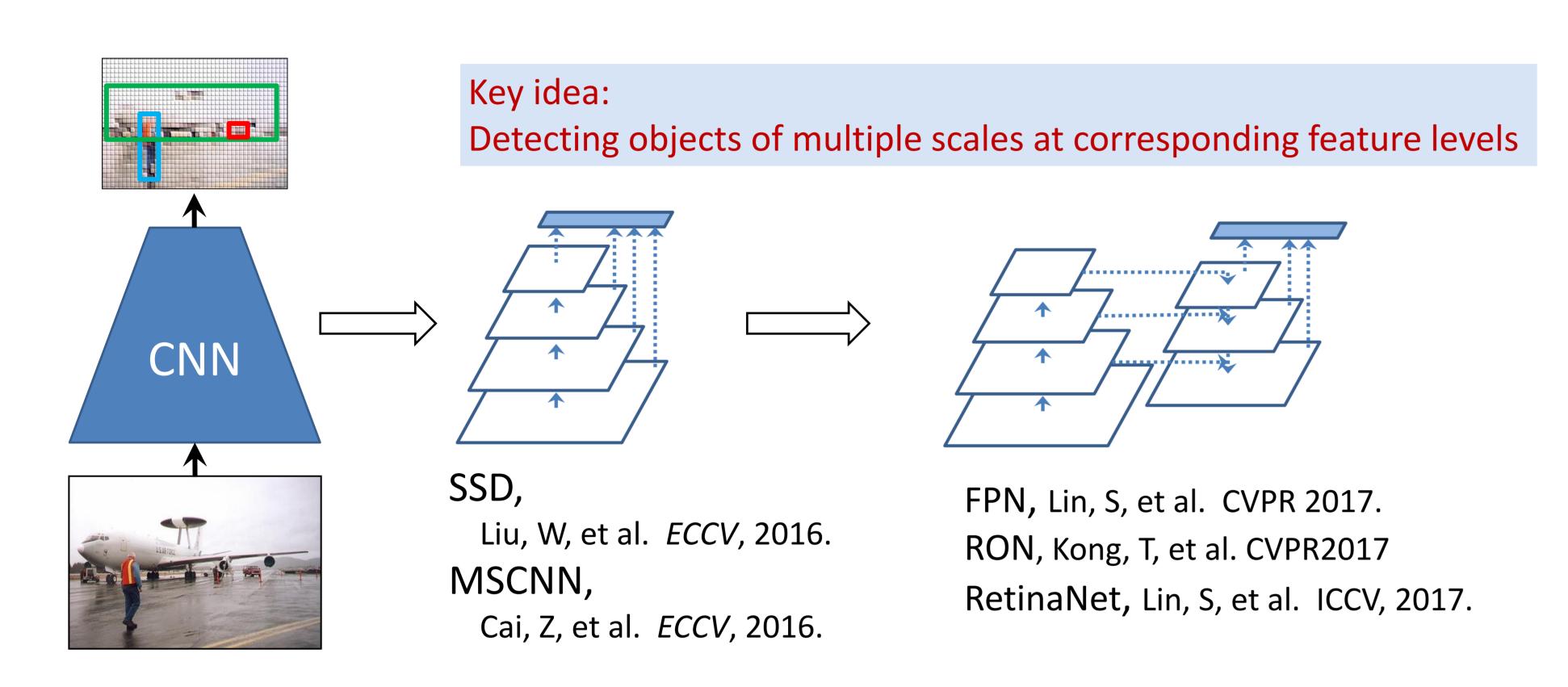


Deep Feature Pyramid Reconfiguration for Object Detection

Tao Kong¹, Fuchun Sun¹, Wenbing Huang², Huaping Liu¹
¹Department of CST, Tsinghua University, ²Tencent Al Lab

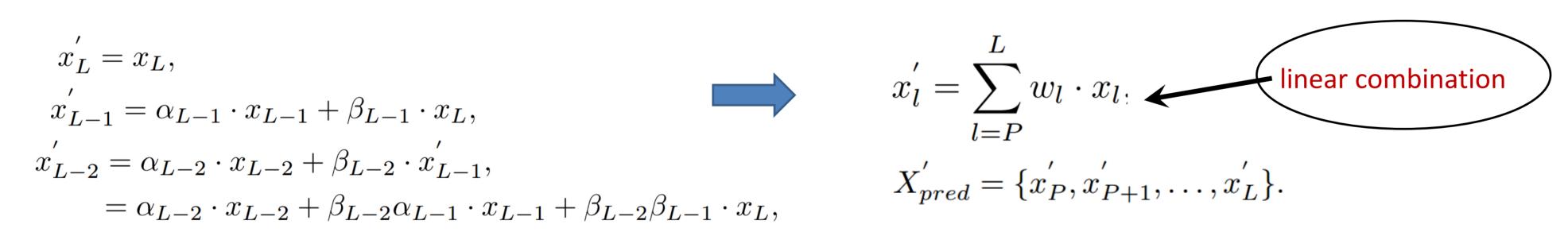


Feature pyramid based object detectors



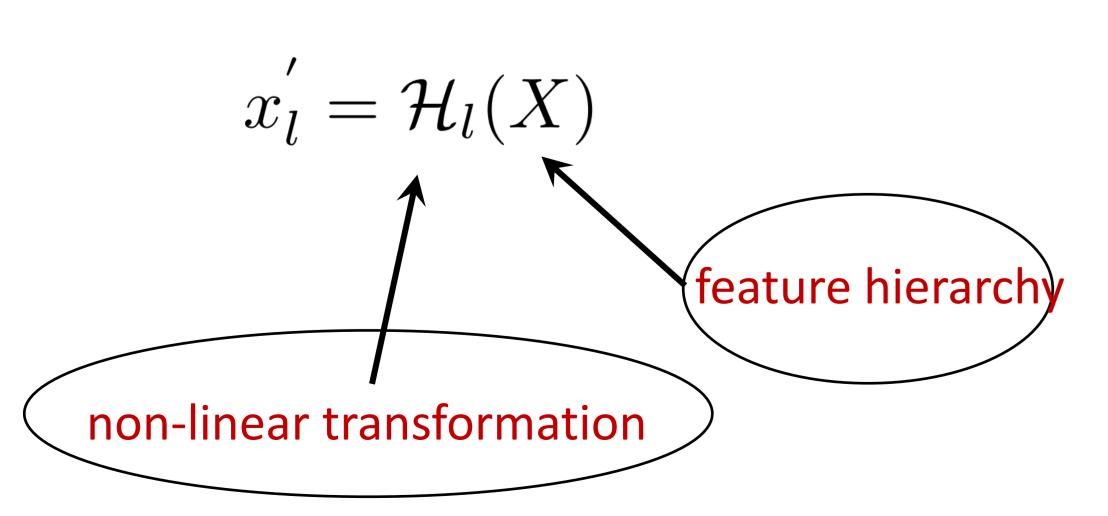
Take a deeper look at FPN

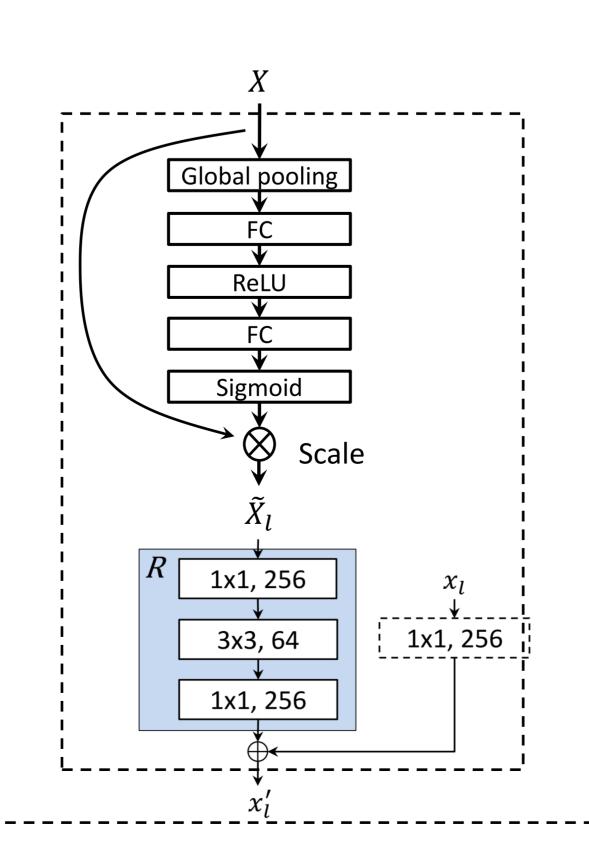
The total backbone network outputs: $X_{net} = \{x_1, x_2, ..., x_L\}$, In SSD the prediction feature map sets can be expressed as: $X_{pred} = \{x_P, x_{P+1}, ..., x_L\}$ In FPN, we get



Deep Feature Reconfiguration

Feature generating process at *I-th* level





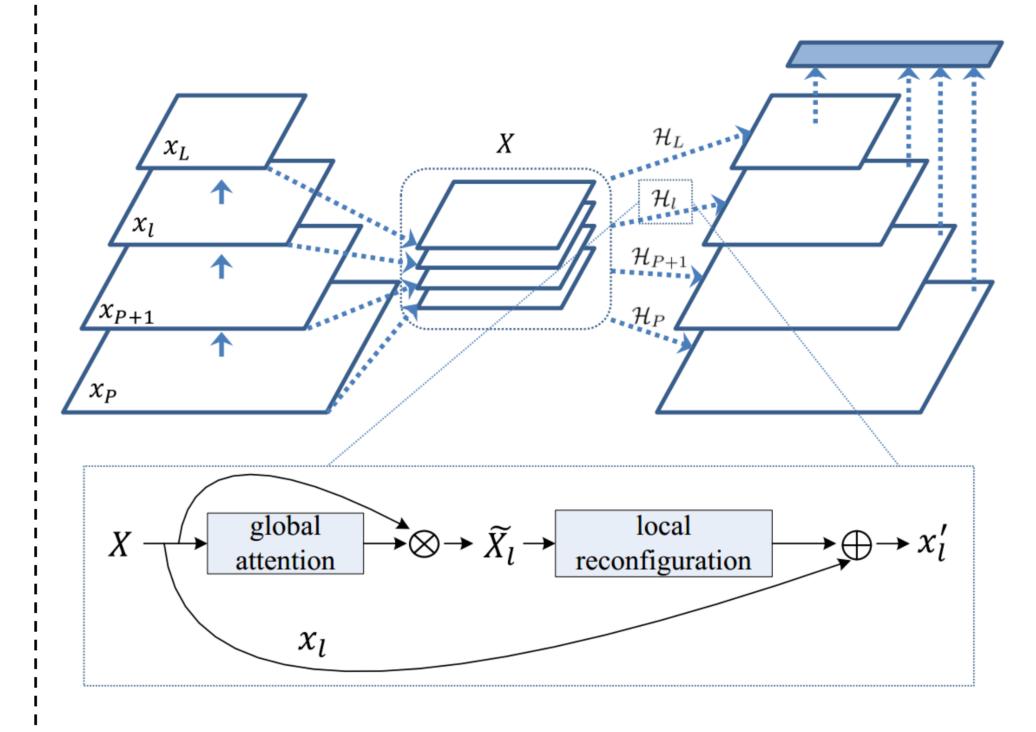
Small objects

High resolution

Large objects,

Low resolution

Methodology

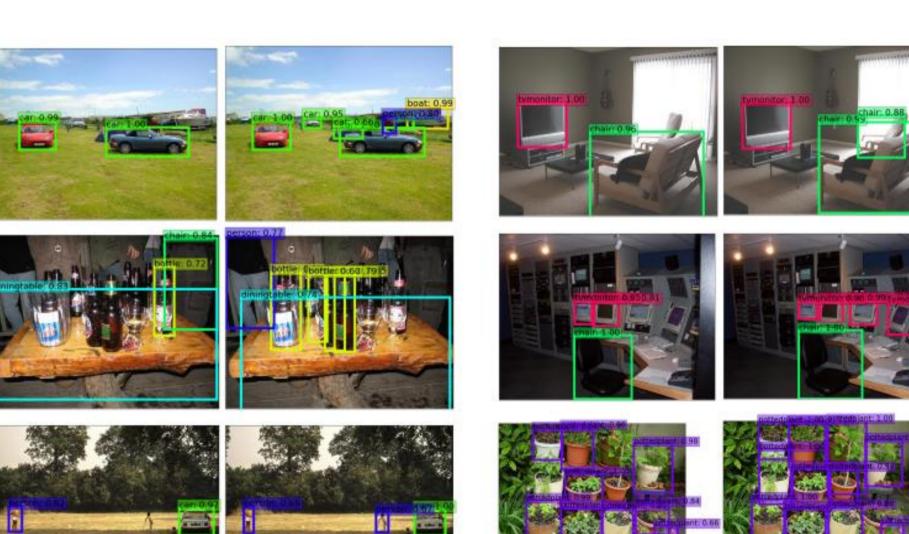


Advantages

- ✓ The deeper layers also have more opportunities to re-organize its features, and has more potential for boosting results;
- ✓ The global attention makes the network to focus more on features with suitable semantics;
- ✓ The local residual learn block gives more opportunity to better model the feature hierarchy.

Main results

method train Data input size network 1.000×600 0.5 0.75 $0.5:0.9$ two-stage OHEM++43 trainval $\sim 1000 \times 600$ VGG-16 45.9 26.1 25.5 Faster 39 trainval $\sim 1000 \times 600$ VGG-16 42.7 - 21.9 R-FCN 6 trainval $\sim 1000 \times 600$ ResNet-101 51.9 - 29.9 CoupleNet 49 trainval35k $\sim 1000 \times 600$ ResNet-101 54.8 37.2 34.4 one-stage SSD300 34 trainval35k 300×300 VGG-16 43.1 25.8 25.1 SSD512 34 trainval35k 512×512 VGG-16 48.5 30.3 28.8
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SSD512 34 trainval35k 512 × 512 VGG-16 48.5 30.3 28.8
[CCDF10[1F] 4 ' 10F] F10 F10 D N 1 101 F0 4 00 1 01 0
SSD513 15 trainval35k 513×513 ResNet-101 50.4 33.1 31.2
DSSD321 15 trainval35k 321×321 ResNet-101 46.1 29.2 28.0
DSSD513 15 trainval35k 513×513 ResNet-101 $53.3 \ 35.2 \ 33.2$
RON320[26] trainval 320×320 VGG-16 47.5 25.9 26.2
YOLOv2 38 trainval35k 544×544 DarkNet-19 44.0 19.2 21.6
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Ours300 trainval 300×300 VGG-16 48.2 29.1 28.4
Ours512 trainval 512×512 VGG-16 50.9 32.2 31.5
Ours 300 trainval 300×300 ResNet-101 50.5 32.0 31.3
Ours512 trainval 512×512 ResNet-101 54.3 37.3 34.6



SSD300

Ours300

SSD300

00 Ours300

MS COCO test-dev2015 detection results.

method	backbone	FPS	mAP(%)
SSD (Caffe) [34]	VGG-16	46	77.5
SSD (ours-re)	VGG-16	44	77.5
SSD+lateral	VGG-16	37	78.5
SSD+Local only	VGG-16	40	79.0
SSD+Local only(no res)	VGG-16	40	78.6
SSD+Global-Local	VGG-16	39.5	79.6

Effectiveness of designs within SSD (VOC 2007 Test)

method	backbone	mAP(%)
Faster [39]	VGG-16	73.2
Faster 6	ResNet-101	76.4
Faster(ours-re)	ResNet-50	77.6
Faster(ours-re)	ResNet-101	78.9
Faster+FPNs	ResNet-50	78.8
Faster+FPNs	ResNet-101	79.8
Faster+Global-Local	ResNet-50	79.4
Faster+Global-Local	ResNet-101	80.6

Effectiveness of designs within Faster R-CNN (VOC 2007 Test)

Kong T, Sun F, Huang W, et al. Deep Feature Pyramid Reconfiguration for Object Detection[J]. arXiv preprint arXiv:1808.07993, 2018.