Web Technologies Lab Lab 01

## Web Technologies Lab

Lab 01 Marks 100

## Instructions

Work on this quiz/lab individually.

You are **NOT** allowed to use the internet, or mobile phone.

You are **NOT** allowed to borrow anything from your peer student.

## What you have to do

Program the following tasks. The name of your files will be according to the task given in this lab.

<u>Task 1</u> [100]

Write a program that takes input using **command line arguments** and calculates the area of a geometric shape based on the input. The program should display the calculated area using the GUI component. Your program should support the following shapes:

Square: A = S<sup>2</sup> (where s is the length of one side)

• Rectangle: A = 1w (where 1 is the length and w is the width)

Parallelogram: A = bh (where b is the base and h is the height)

• Trapezoid: A = ((b1 + b2) / 2)h (where b1 and b2 are the lengths of the parallel sides and h is

the height)

• Triangle: A = (1/2)bh (where b is the base and h is the height)

• Circle:  $A = \pi r^2$  (where r is the radius)

• Ellipse:  $A = \pi ab$  (where a is the length of the semi-major axis and b is the

length of the semi-minor axis)

If the user enters an invalid shape, the program should display an error message and prompt the user to try again.

## Instructions:

- The first argument shall be the shape-type. You can use the .equals() function to compare the string in Java. For instance, args[0].equals("Square")
- For different shapes, the number of command line arguments may vary. For instance, in the case of a Square, the total arguments would be two (shape-type, and s) whereas, there would be three arguments for Rectangle (shape-type, 1, and w), and so forth.
- Convert the string arguments into appropriate types using the concept of wrapper classes.
- The syntax of conditioning and looping is the same as you used in C++.

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