Surfing on Android

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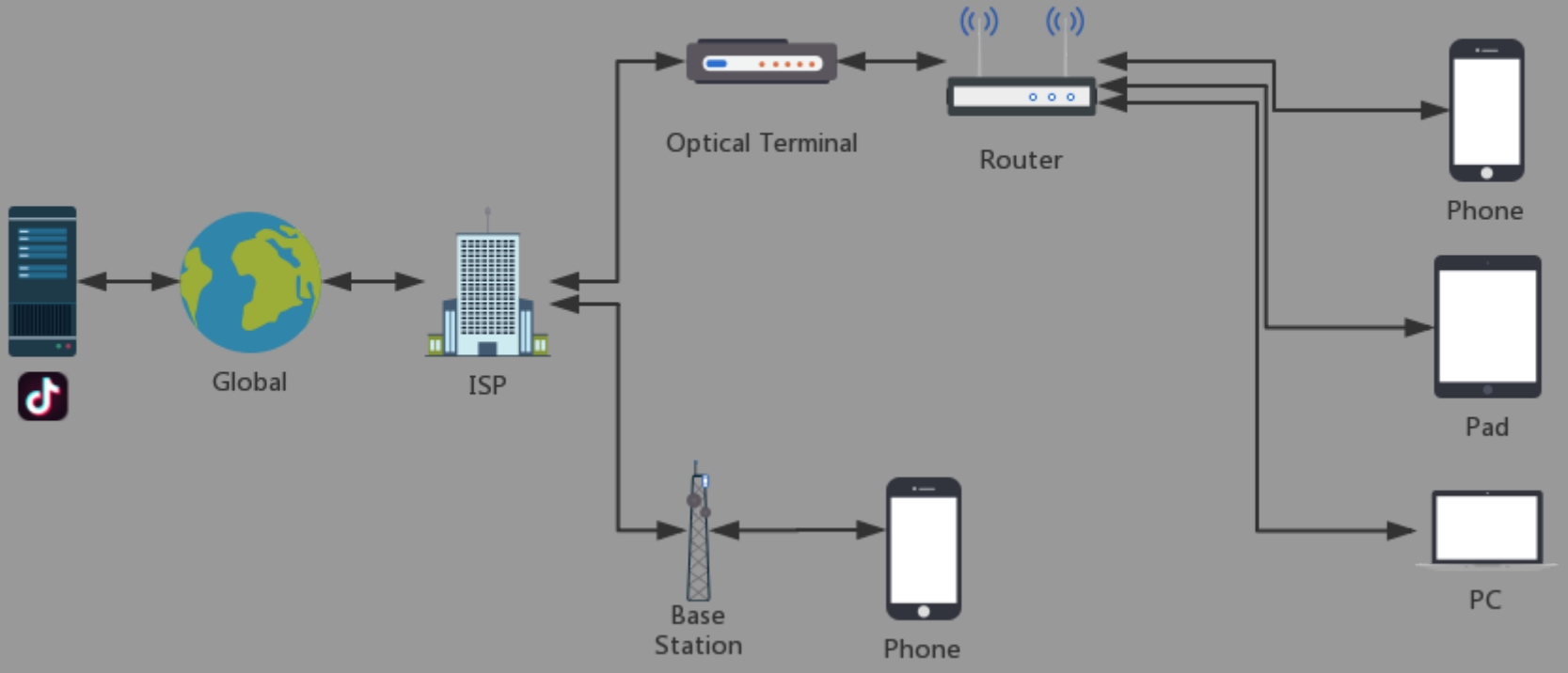
ByteDance
字节跳动

Points

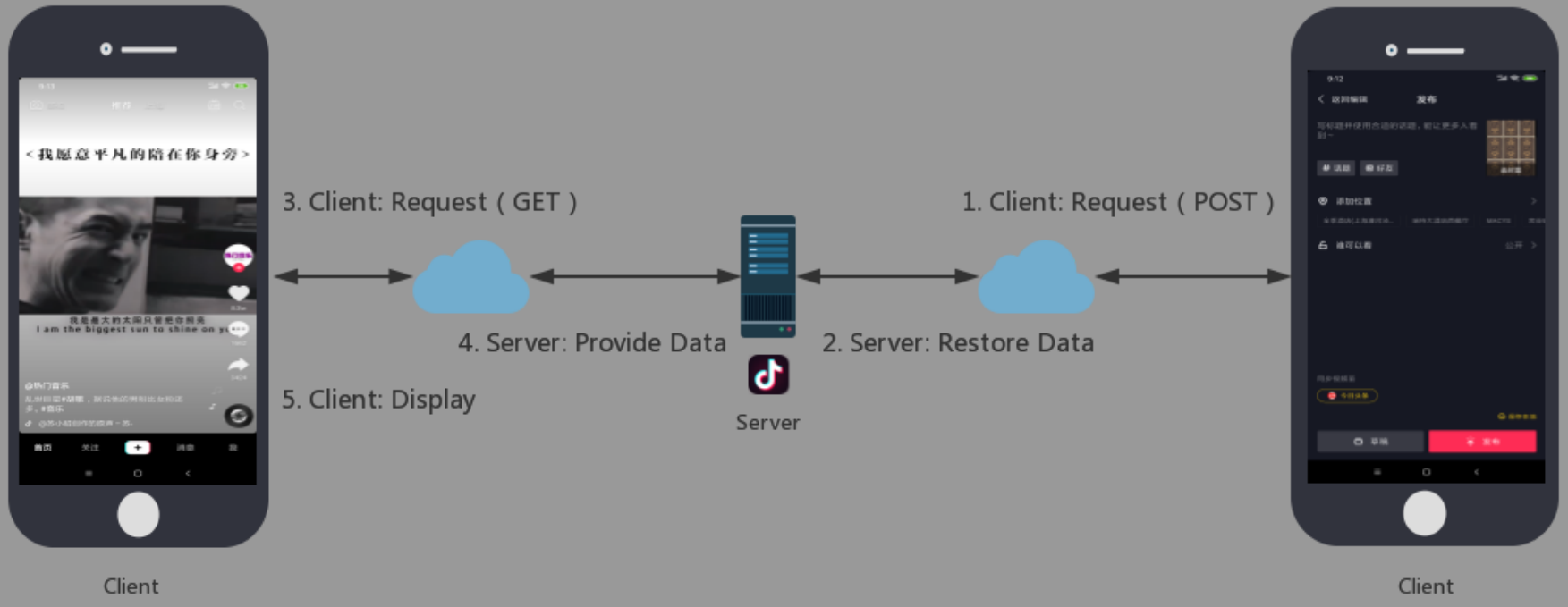
- Web Basics
  - Internet
  - HTTP / RESTful API
  - Data-interchange formats
- Android Practice
  - Parse JSON
  - Fetch Data

正确
Yes.

Internet (Cloud)



Web Service (C/S)



HTTP

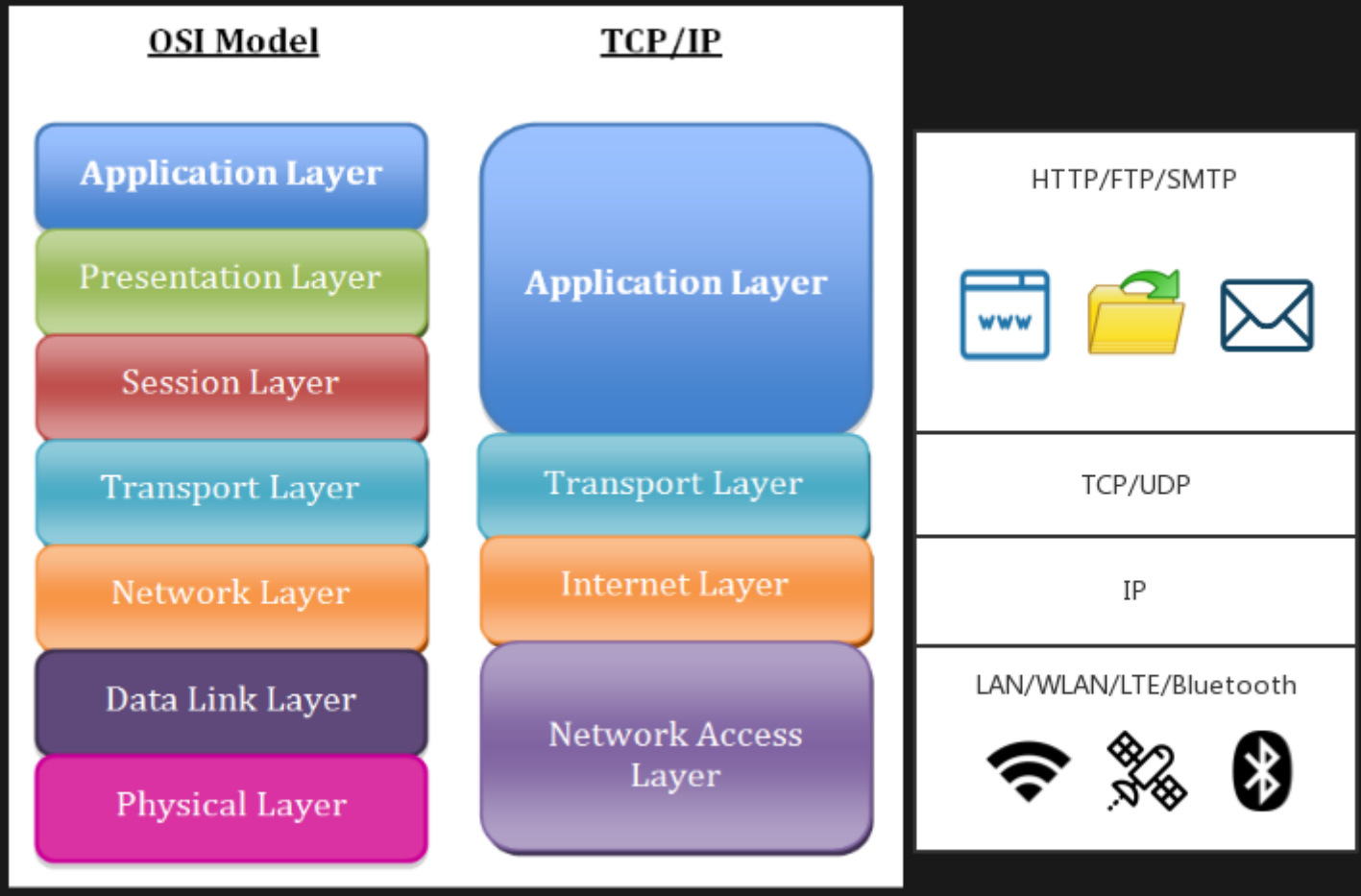
The Hypertext Transfer Protocol (Wiki)

- Standard

  besides sys(browser/app)
- Application layer

  easy to use
- URL: Uniform Resource Locator
- Request/Response(C/S Model)

Network Layers



URL

Uniform Resource Locator

```
http://example.com/animal/mammal/primate/tarsier?diet=carnivore&active=night
```

Request/Response

Client request

```
GET / HTTP/1.1
Host: www.example.com
```

Server response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Date: Mon, 23 May 2005 22:38:34 GMT
Content-Type: text/json; charset=UTF-8
Content-Length: 138
Last-Modified: Wed, 08 Jan 2003 23:11:55 GMT
Server: Apache/1.3.3.7 (Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux)
ETag: "3f80f-1b6-3e1cb03b"

{"message": "hello"}
```

REST

REpresentational State Transfer

1. Resources

   web entity(text/music/picture/video)

2. Representation

   type/format(html/json/jpg)

3. State Transfer

   methods(POST/GET/PUT/DELETE)

REST Methods

Uniform Resource Identifier (URI)	GET	PUT	PATCH	POST	DELETE
Collection, such as `https://api.example.com/resources/`	*List* the URIs and perhaps other details of the collection's members.	*Replace* the entire collection with another collection.	Not generally used	*Create* a new entry in the collection. The new entry's URI is assigned automatically and is usually returned by the operation.	*Delete* the entire collection.
Element, such as `https://api.example.com/resources/item5`	*Retrieve* a representation of the addressed member of the collection, expressed in an appropriate Internet media type.	*Replace* the addressed member of the collection, or if it does not exist, create it.	*Update* the addressed member of the collection.	Not generally used. Treat the addressed member as a collection in its own right and create a new entry within it.[17]	*Delete* the addressed member of the collection.

REST Methods example

Method	http://x.c/video/	http://x.c/video/123
GET	get all videos	get video 123
POST	post video	-
PUT	-	update video 123
DELETE	delete all videos	delete video 123

REST Documents

- REST Wiki
- REST API Tutorial
- 理解RESTful架构
- PostMan
- The Cat API
- Github API

The Cat API

GET /images/search

Search & Itterate through all public images. `https://api.thecatapi.com/v1/images/search`

Authorization

▸ apiKey - x-api-key

Request Parameters

▸ 8 Query Parameters

Responses

Github API

GitHub Developer

Docs Blog Forum Versions

Search...

REST API v3

- Reference
- Guides
- Libraries

Overview

This describes the resources that make up the official GitHub REST API v3. If you have any problems or requests, please contact GitHub Support.

i Current version

Overview

Media Types

OAuth Authorizations API

Other Authentication Methods

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Data-interchange formats

Try to represent user info:

- name(Alice)
- age(20)
- languages(zh,en)

JSON vs XML

```
// JSON - JavaScript Object Notation
{
    "name": "Alice",
    "age": 20,
    "languages": ["zh", "en"]
}
```

```
<xml><!-- XML - Extensible Markup Language-->
    <name>Alice</name>
    <age type="int">20</age>
    <languages>
        <language>zh</language>
        <language>en</language>
    </languages>
</xml>
```

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JSON data types

```json
{
    "string_name": "Alice",
    "number_age": 20,
    "boolean_vip": true,
    "array_languages": ["zh", "en"],
    "object_school": {
        "name": "Zhejiang University",
        "city": "Hangzhou"
    },
    "null_email": null
}
```

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在此输入json字符串或XML字符串...

JSON Practice

- id(102381)
- title(Fireworks)
- author(name(Luna) country(China))
- url(http://x.c/video/102381.mp4)
- like_count(200)
- tags(Art,VLog)

Parse JSON

- JSONObject
- Gson

JSONObject

Doc

```
public static String DATA = "{\"name\":\"Sylvia\",\"age\":26}";

JSONObject user = new JSONObject(DATA);
String name = user.getString("name");
int age = user.getInt("age");
```

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Gson

Github

```
public static String DATA = "{\"name\":\"Sylvia\",\"age\":26}";

public class User {
    @SerializedName("name")
    public String name;

    @SerializedName("age")
    public int age;
}

User user = new Gson().fromJson(DATA, User.class);
String result = user.name;
int age = user.age;
```

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Fetch Data

- HttpUrlConnection
- Retrofit

Permissions

```
<manifest xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
    package="com.bytedance.android.lesson.restapi"
    xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android">

    <uses-permission android:name="android.permission.INTERNET" />
    <uses-permission android:name="android.permission.ACCESS_NETWORK_STATE"

    <application>
    ...
    </application>

</manifest>
```

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HttpUrlConnection

Doc

```
String url = "https://api.thecatapi.com/v1/images/search";

// connect
URL netUrl = new URL(url);
HttpURLConnection urlConnection = (HttpURLConnection) netUrl.openConnection(

// read response data
BufferedInputStream in = new BufferedInputStream(urlConnection.getInputStrea
String data = readStream(in);

// clean up
urlConnection.disconnect();
```

Retrofit

Github

```
// definition
public interface ICNDBService {
    @GET("jokes/random") Call randomJoke();
}

Retrofit retrofit = new Retrofit.Builder()
        .baseUrl("http://api.icndb.com/")
        .addConverterFactory(GsonConverterFactory.create())
        .build();
ICNDBService service = retrofit.create(ICNDBService.class);
Response response = service.randomJoke().execute();
Joke joke = response == null ? null : response.body();
```

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