



# CONTINUING EDUCATION: STATE SPACE SEARCHING

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# Agenda

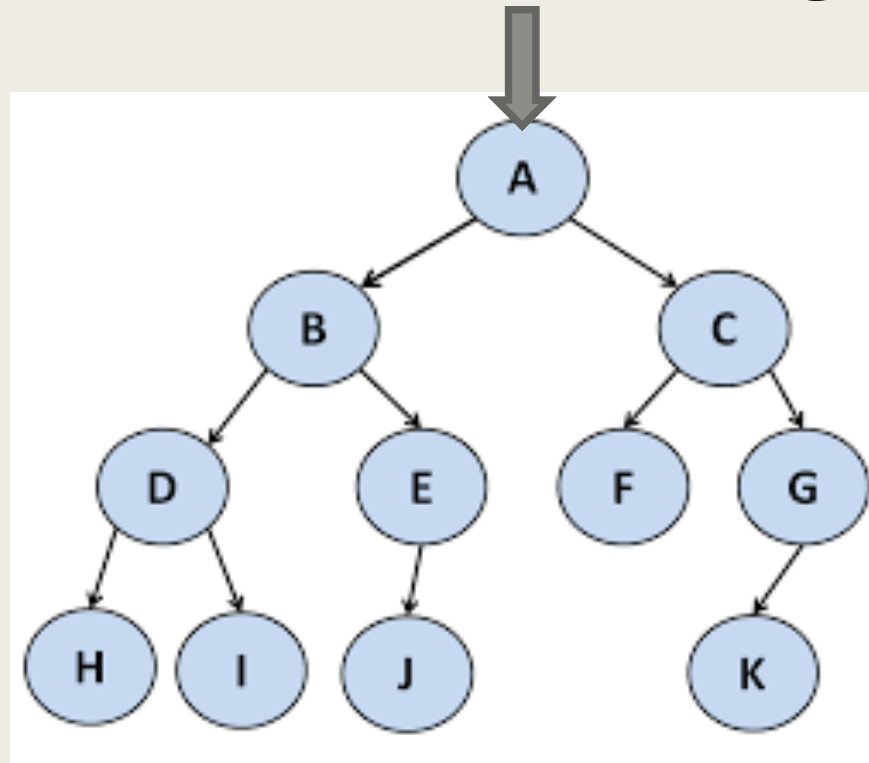
- Introduction
- Review of Breadth First Search
- Object Oriented Programming
- Representing States
- Test and Generate
- Searching through States
- Exercises

# GitHub Repository for Exercises

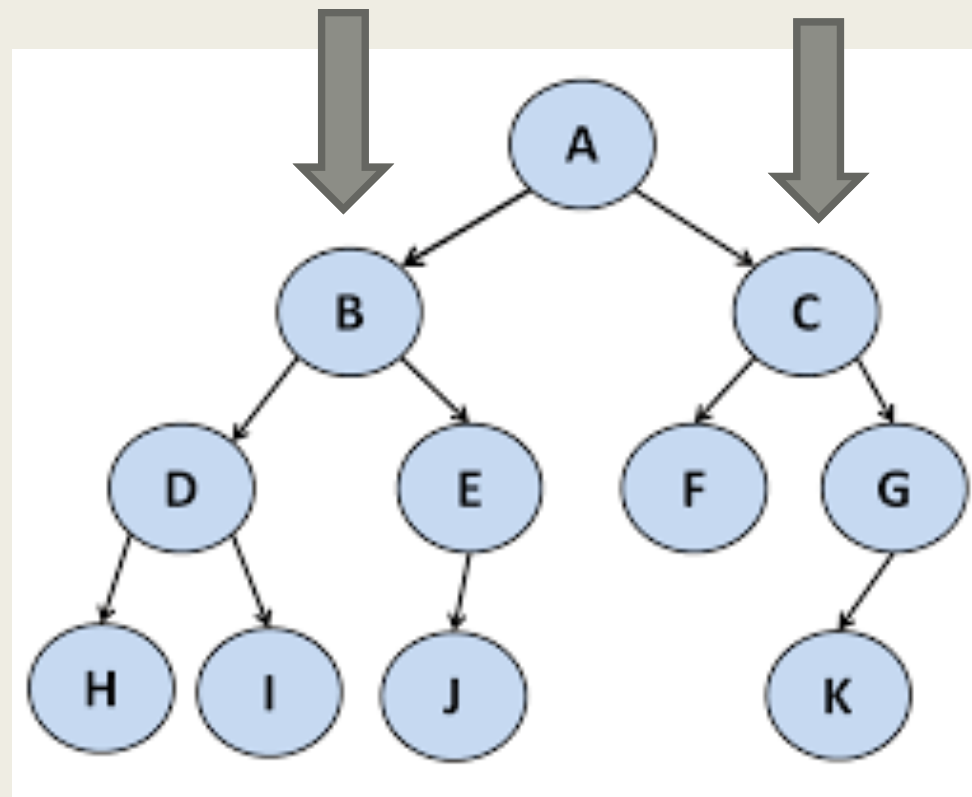
[https://github.com/byujan/statespace\\_searching](https://github.com/byujan/statespace_searching)

# Review of Breadth First Search

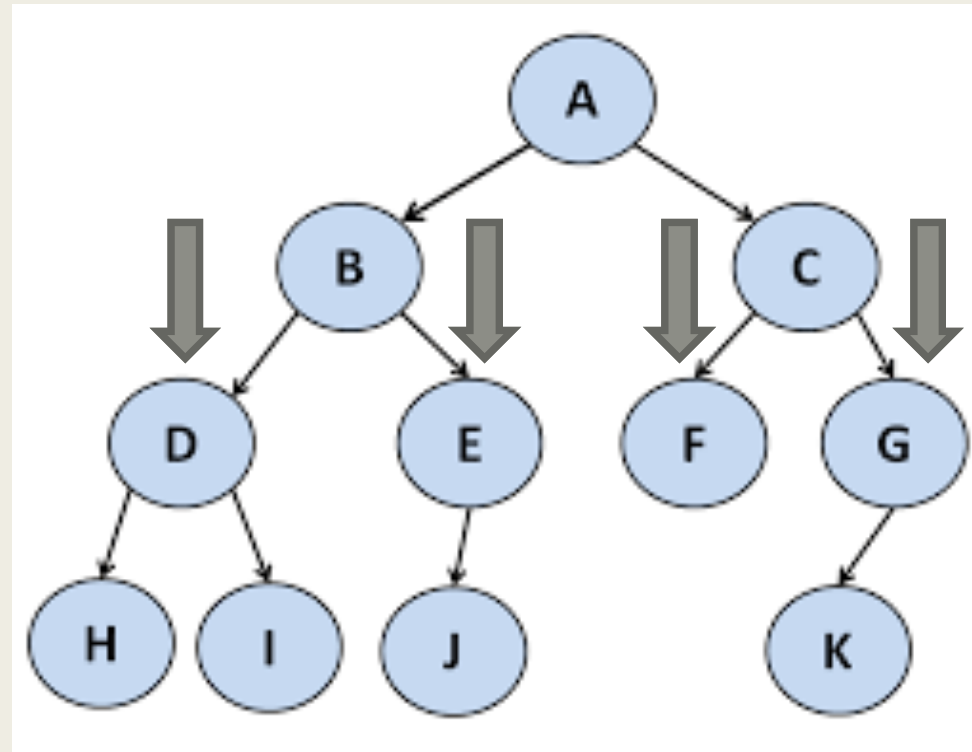
Searches children nodes before searching deeper into the tree



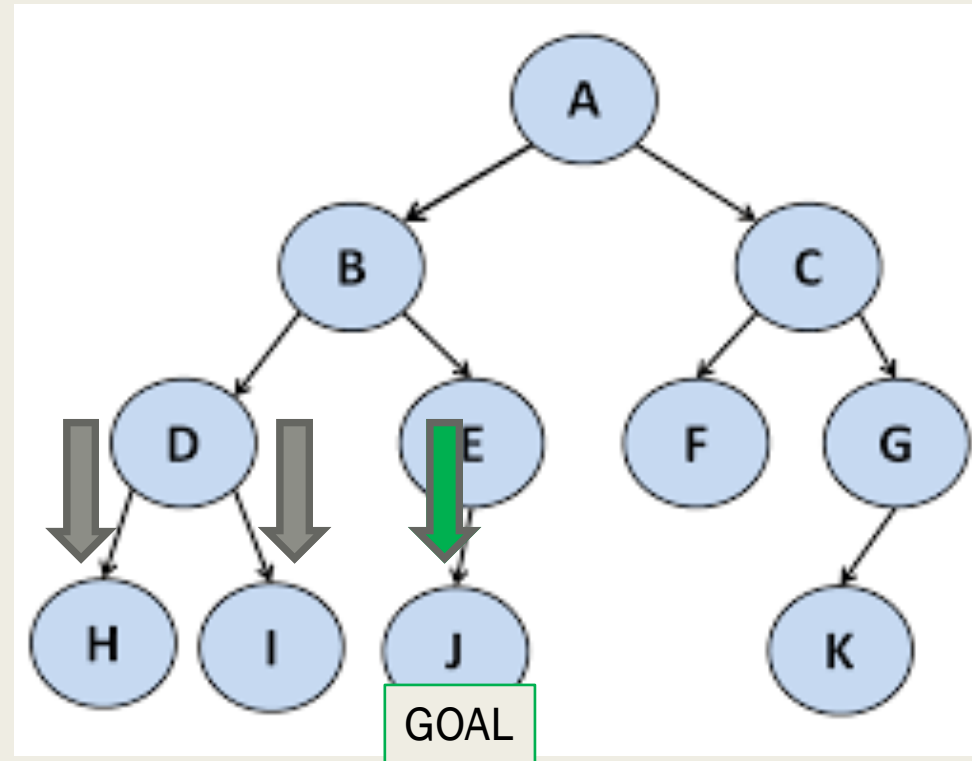
# BFS



# BFS



# BFS



# BFS Pseudocode

```
function BREADTH-FIRST-SEARCH(problem) returns a solution, or failure
  node ← a node with STATE = problem.INITIAL-STATE, PATH-COST = 0
  if problem.GOAL-TEST(node.STATE) then return SOLUTION(node)
  frontier ← a FIFO queue with node as the only element
  explored ← an empty set
  loop do
    if EMPTY?(frontier) then return failure
    node ← POP(frontier) /* chooses the shallowest node in frontier */
    add node.STATE to explored
    for each action in problem.ACTIONS(node.STATE) do
      child ← CHILD-NODE(problem, node, action)
      if child.STATE is not in explored or frontier then
        if problem.GOAL-TEST(child.STATE) then return SOLUTION(child)
        frontier ← INSERT(child, frontier)
```

**Figure 3.11** Breadth-first search on a graph.



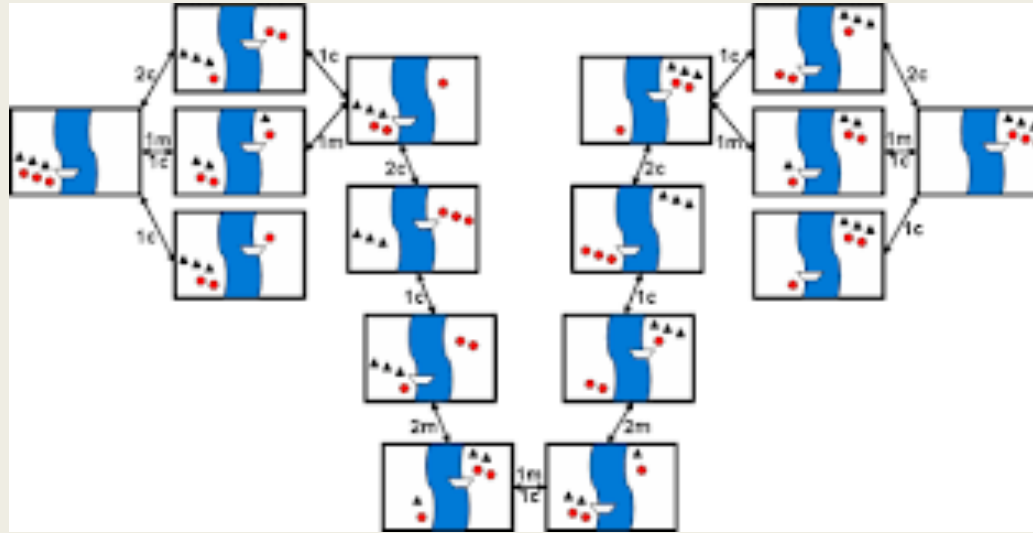
# Introduction

State Space Searching (SSS) is the consideration of successive states with the intention of finding a desired goal/state

Heavily Reliant on:

1. Object Oriented Programming
2. Searching Algorithms

# Examples of State Space Searching



5	3			7			
6			1	9	5		
	9	8				6	
8				6			3
4			8		3		1
7				2			6
	6					2	8
			4	1	9		5
				8		7	9



# Object Oriented Programming

Classes are a general blueprint that contain *properties and methods* to be realized in class objects

Properties are attributes given to a class that describe the object

Methods are functions that your class object can perform

- Constructors

# OOP Exercises

- Current Position
- Getting the other Positions
- Length of a List
- List of Positions
- Checking a Valid State
- Getting the direction to another Position

# Maze State Space Searching

	0	1	2	3	4
0	Start				Goal
1					
2					
3					
4					

# Representing States: Properties

Classes are used to represent States

```
def __init__(self, parent, pos, move, maze):  
    self.parent = parent  
    self.pos = pos  
    self.maze = maze  
    self.move = move
```

# Representing States: Methods

`get_children(self)`

- A method to generate successive states to search through

`isValid(self)`

- A method to check if the states are valid

# Test and Generate

- Generate all possible successive states
- Test to see if those moves are valid
- If not valid, do not search the state
  - Decreases searchable states
  - Decreases run time



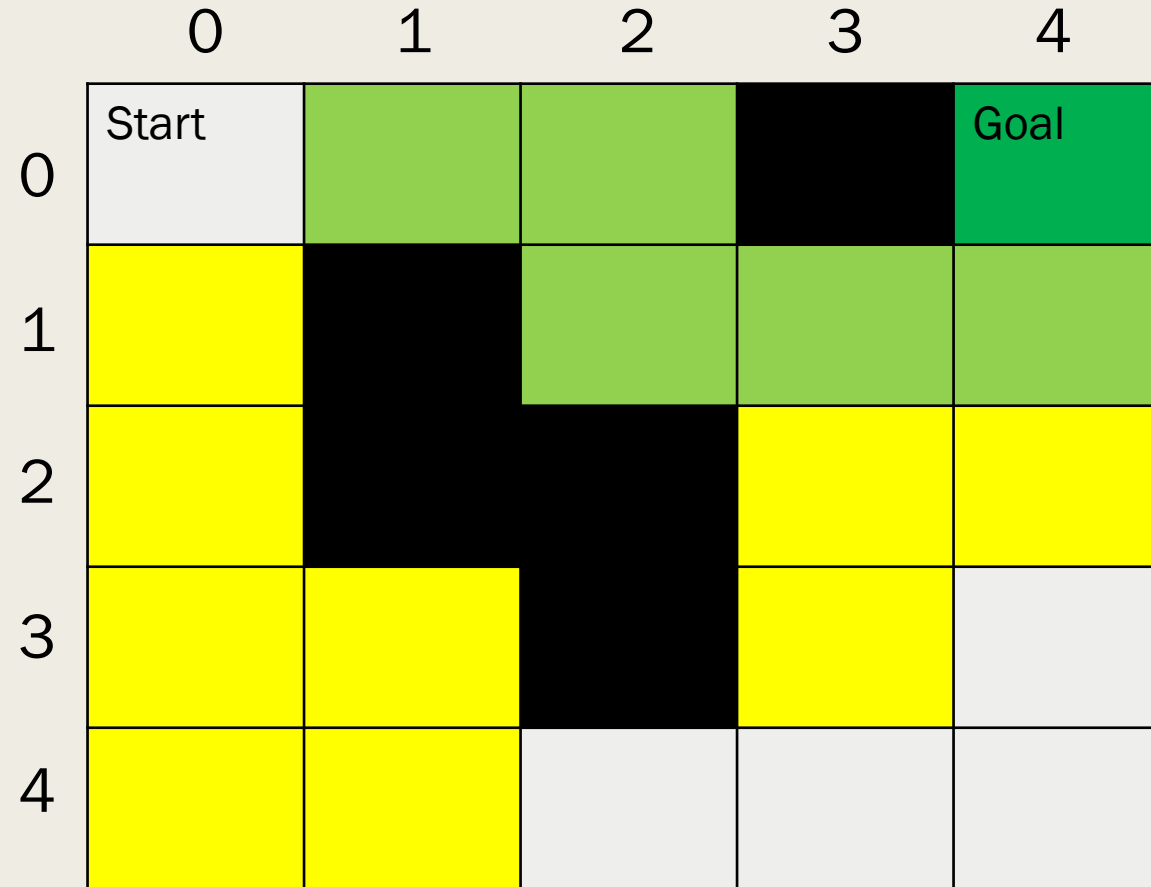
# Maze State Space Searching

	0	1	2	3	4
0	Start				Goal
1					
2					
3					
4					

# Test and Generate

- Test Possible Moves from  $(0,0)$ 
  - $[(-1,0), (1,0), (0,-1), (0,1)]$
- Generate New States
  - State Position  $(0,1)$
  - State Position  $(1,0)$

# Searching through States



# Programming Exercises

# Conclusion

- Review of Breadth First Search
- Brief overview of Object Oriented Program
- Maze Traversal
  - *State Representation*
  - *Test and Generate*
  - *Searching through States*
- Program Exercises

# Questions / AAR