## About Approaching Infinitely

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## 1 Introduction

This paper is going to mention a detail that caught my eye, but about which there is no official explanation. The formal limit definition is a bit odd here, and it has to do with limits, and  $0.\overline{9}$  being equal to 1.

## 2 Idea

For example,

$$\lim_{x \to \ 1} (x-1)(x+1)/(x-1) = \lim_{x \to \ 1} x + 1 = 1 + 1 = 2$$

Here, we are generally taught that you can divide by (x-1) because x is infinitely approaching 1, while not being 1. But the same bastards say  $0.\overline{9} = 1$  (with rigorous proofs), which is exactly the same thing as the limit that approaches 1 from left. You could then say,

$$(0.\overline{9} - 1)(x + 1)/(0.\overline{9} - 1) = (1 - 1)(1 + 1)/(1 - 1) = 0 * 2/0 = 0/0$$

which would technically be undefined because you cannot divide by zero (but limit does).

You see that  $0.\overline{9}$  is same as  $\lim_{x\to 1^-}$  where the former is 1 and the latter is not considered 1 during division operation.

There seems to be inconsistencies in definitions and concepts when approaching infinitely.