Improper Integrals are Undefined

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1 Introduction

Improper integrals are undefined.

2 Proof

Improper integrals are undefined by the definition of the integral. Let's first give integral definition:

$$\int_{a}^{b} f(x) dx = \lim_{n \to \infty} \sum_{i=1}^{n} f(x_i) * \frac{b-a}{n}$$

Here dx is an infinitesimal and corresponds to $\frac{b-a}{n}$ where n reaches ∞ . An improper integral is:

$$\lim_{b \to \infty} \int_a^b f(x) \, dx \ = \int_a^\infty f(x) \, dx$$

Then the definition of an improper integral will be:

$$\lim_{b \to \infty} \int_a^b f(x) \, dx = \lim_{b \to \infty} \lim_{n \to \infty} \sum_{i=1}^n f(x_i) * \frac{b-a}{n}$$

Then we have:

$$\sum_{i=1}^{\infty} f(x_i) * (\infty - a) / \infty = \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} f(x_i) * \infty / \infty$$

Here ∞/∞ does not correspond to dx and is an indeterminate form. Therefore, improper integrals do not exit.