

Projeto e Manufatura Assistidos por Computador 27260 A

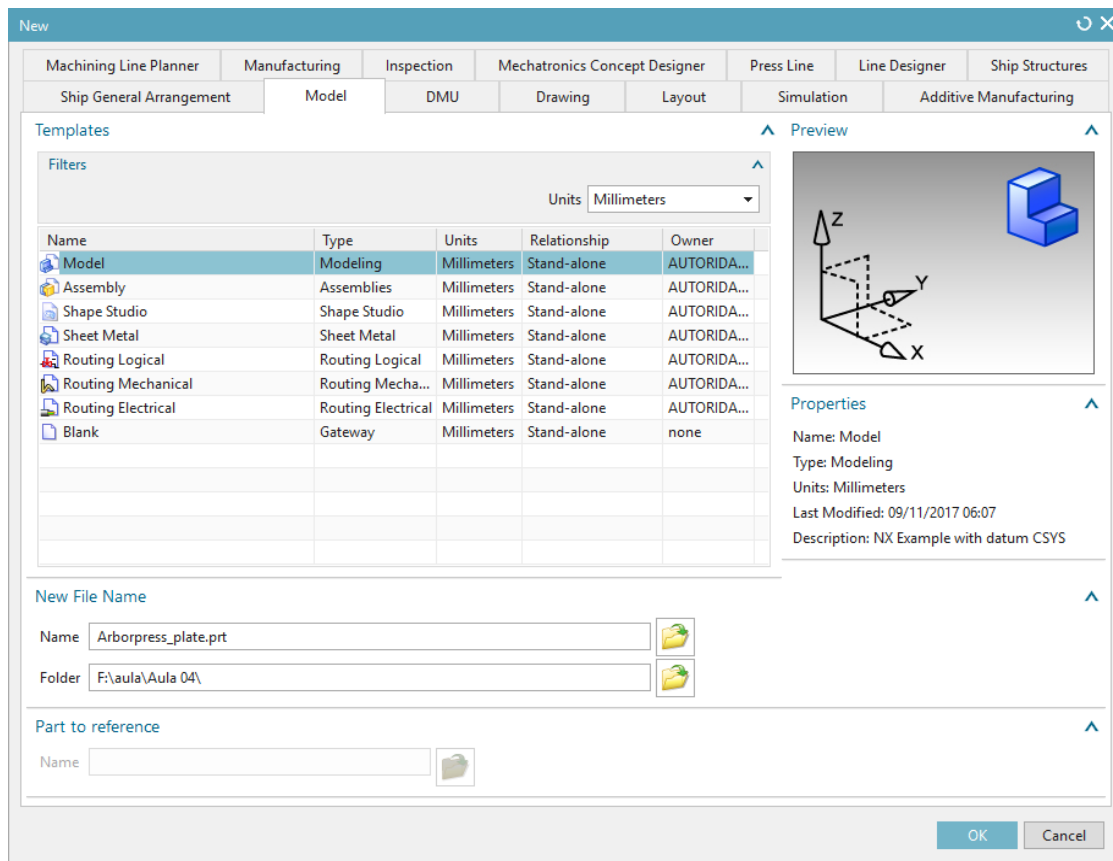
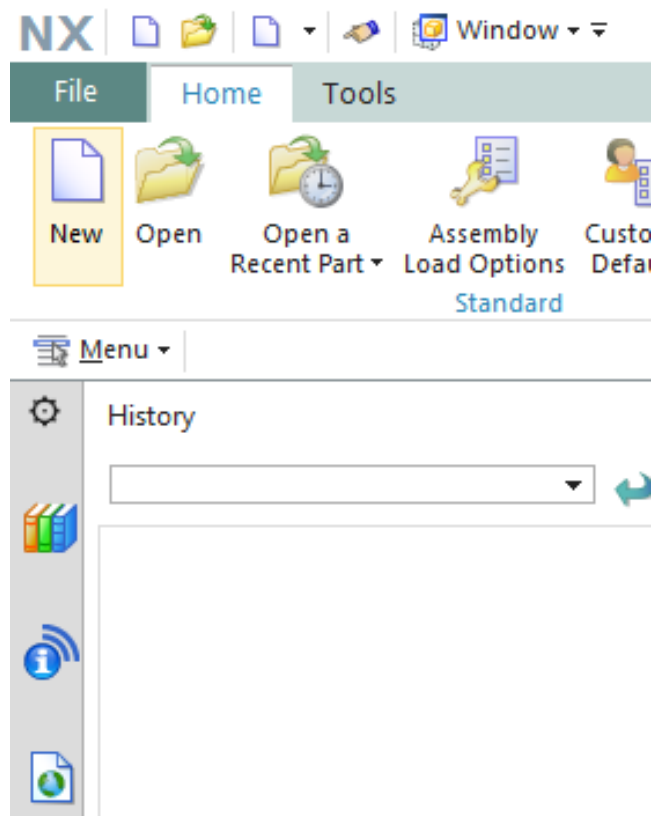
Aula 04 – Lab05

Aula 04

- Nesta aula você aprenderá a construir primitivas e usar recursos de referências na modelagem tridimensional.

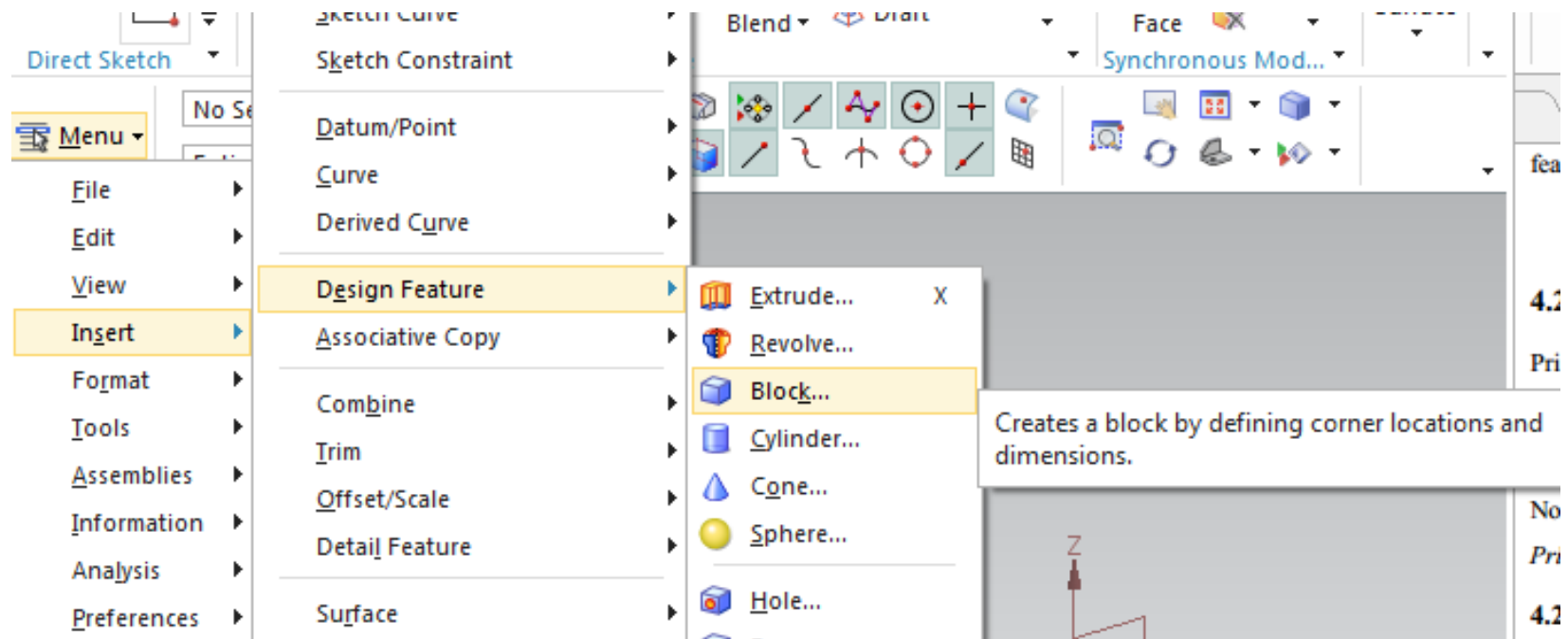
Aula 04

1. “File” -> “New” -> “Model” -> Create a new file and name it as **Arborpress_plate.prt**



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2. Choose **Menu** → **Insert** → **Design Feature** → **Block** or click on the **Block** icon in the **Form Feature Toolbar**



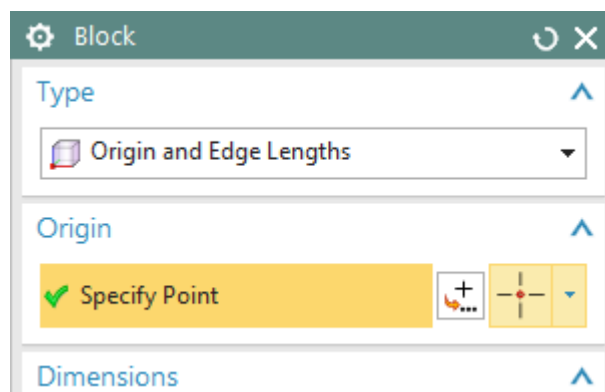
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Dimensions of the block. To access the ***Types***, scroll the drop-down menu under ***Type***. There are three ways to create a block primitive:

- **Origin and Edge Lengths**
- **Height and Two Points**
- **Two Diagonal Points**

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4. Make sure the **Origin and Edge Lengths** method is selected.



Now, we will choose the origin using the Point Constructor.

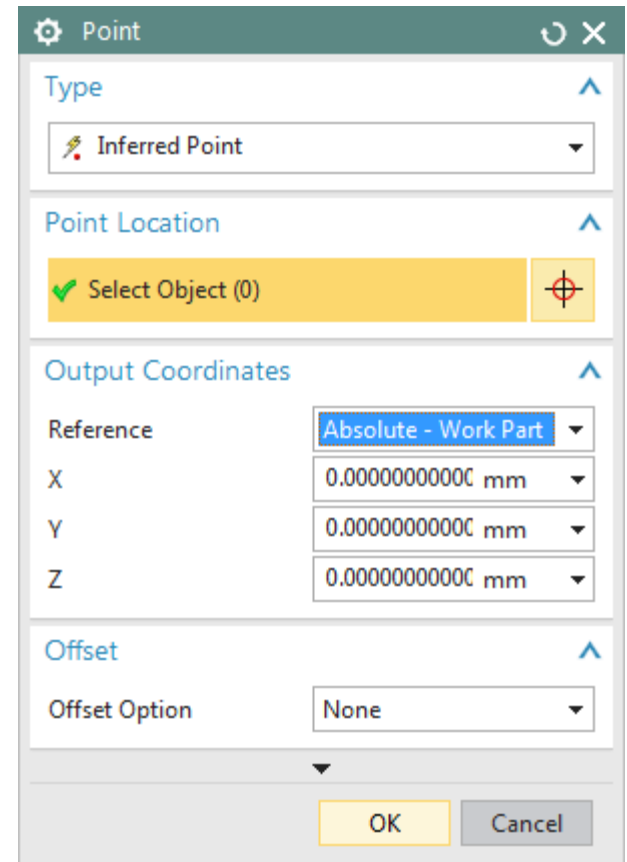
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5. Click on the **Point Dialog icon** under the **Origin**

The Point Constructor box will open.

The XC, YC, ZC points should have a default value of 0.

6. Click **OK**



Point

Type

Inferred Point

Point Location

Select Object (0)

Output Coordinates

Reference: Absolute - Work Part

X: 0.0000000000 mm

Y: 0.0000000000 mm

Z: 0.0000000000 mm

Offset

Offset Option: None

OK Cancel

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The Block window will reappear again.

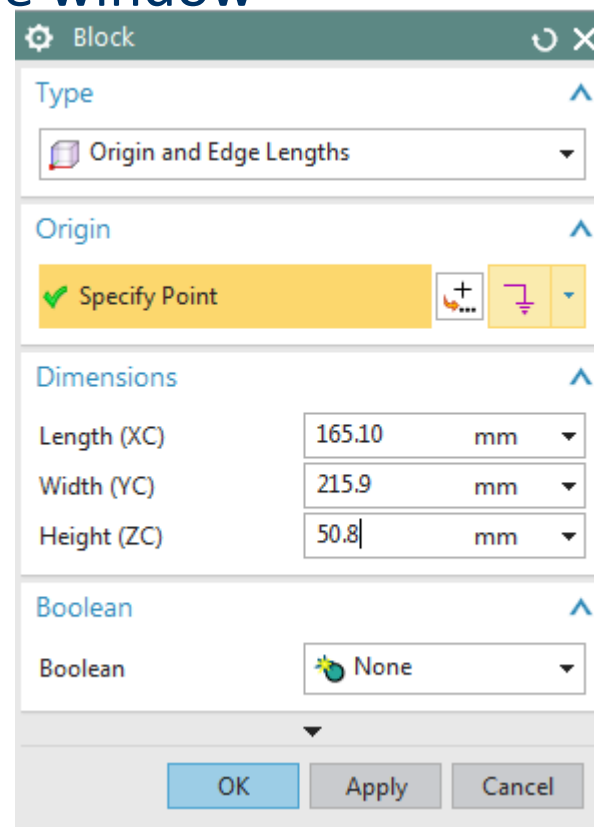
7. Type the following dimensions in the window

Length (XC) = 165,10 mm

Width (YC) = 215,90 mm

Height (ZC) = 50,80 mm

8. Click **OK**



Block

Type

Origin and Edge Lengths

Origin

Specify Point

Dimensions

Length (XC)	165.10	mm
Width (YC)	215.9	mm
Height (ZC)	50.8	mm

Boolean

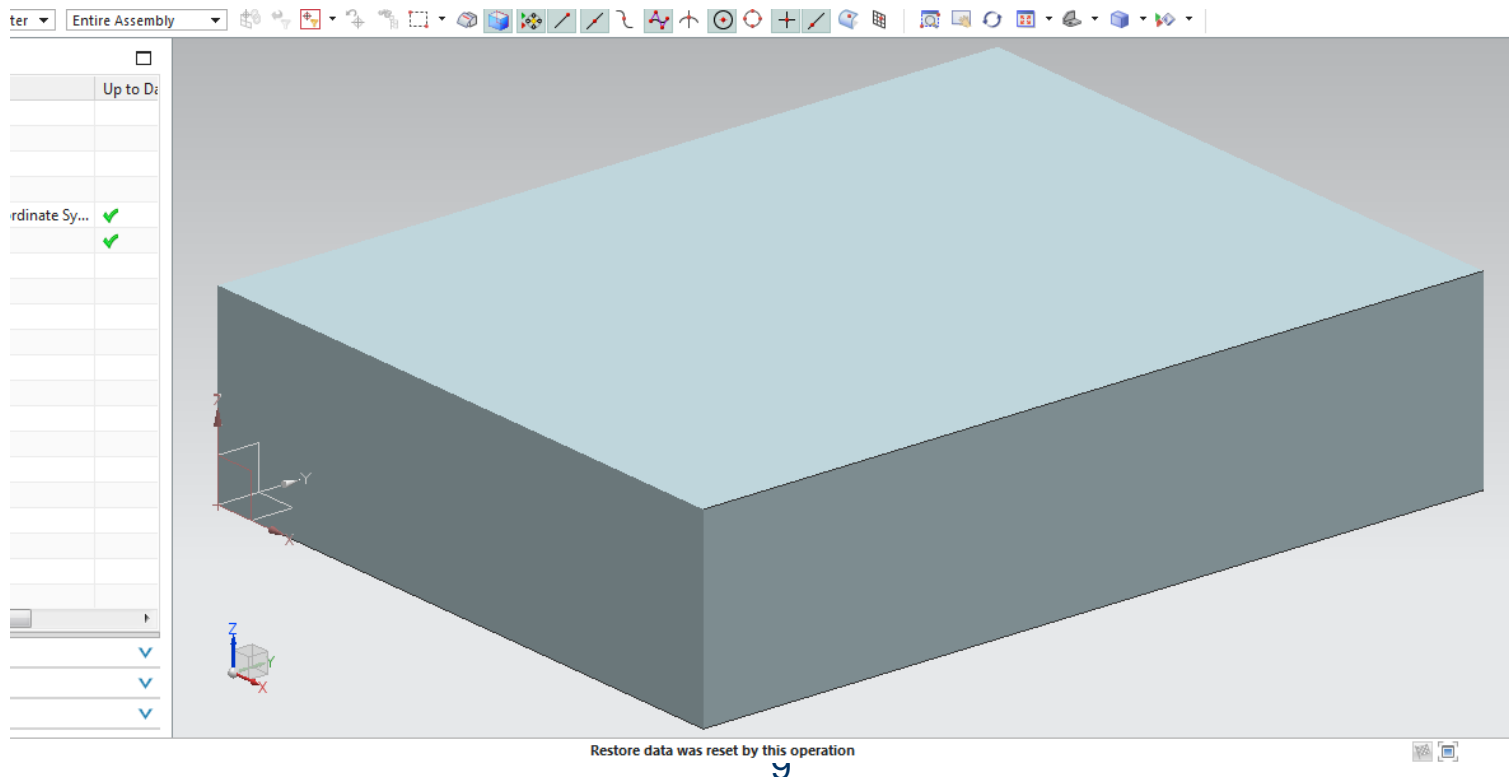
None

OK Apply Cancel

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If you do not see anything on the screen,

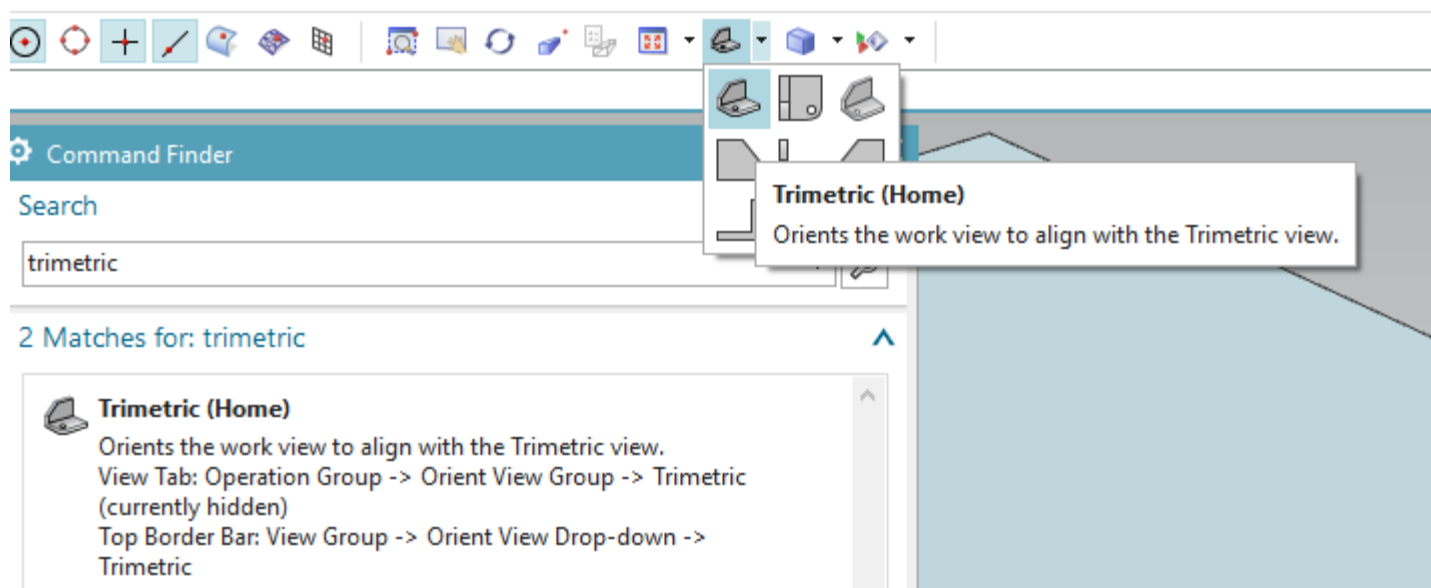
9. Right-click and select **FIT**. You can also press **<Ctrl> + F**



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10. Right-click on the screen and click on **Trimetric (Home)**

You should be able to see the complete plate solid model. Save and close the part file.

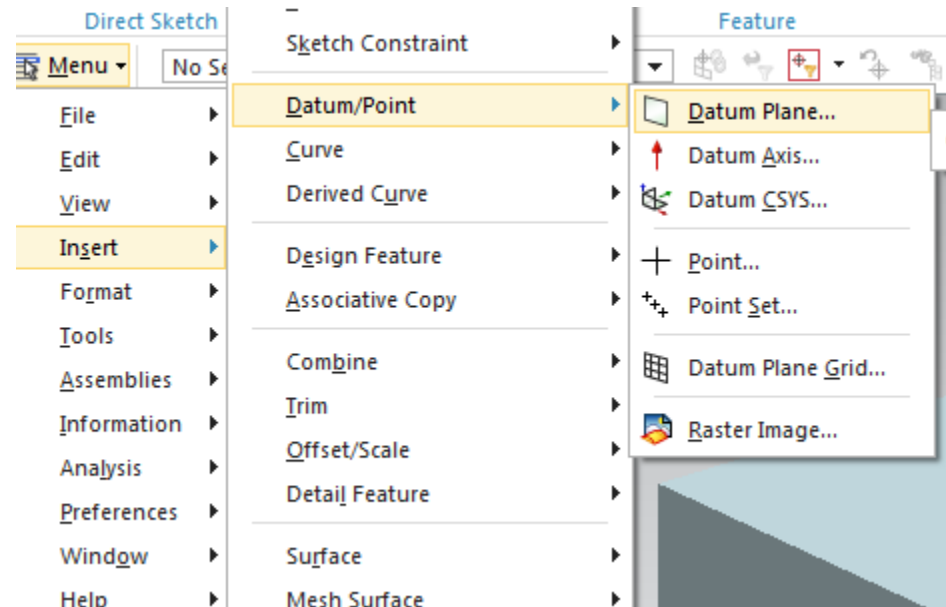


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REFERENCE FEATURES

11. Open the model
Arborpress_plate.prt and **Save**
as **Arborpress_plate_1.prt**

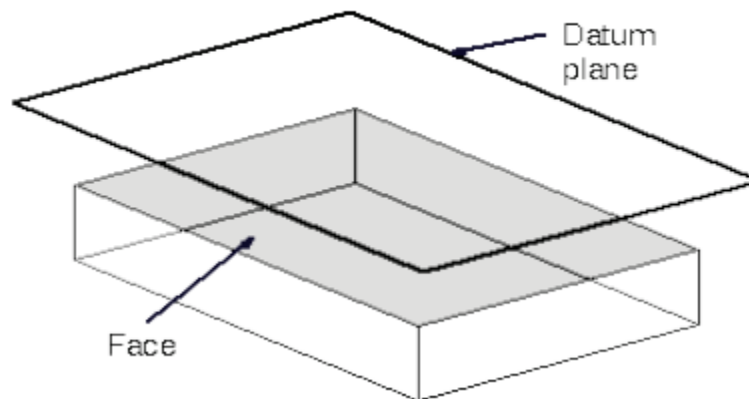
12. Choose **Menu** → **Insert**
→ **Datum/Point** → **Datum Plane**



REFERENCE FEATURES

5.1 Datum Plane

Datum Planes are reference features that can be used as a base feature in building a model. They assist in creating features on cylinders, cones, spheres, and revolved solid bodies which do not have a planar surface and also aid in creating features at angles other than normal to the faces of the target solid.

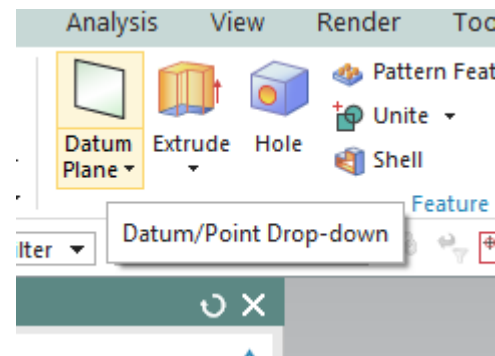
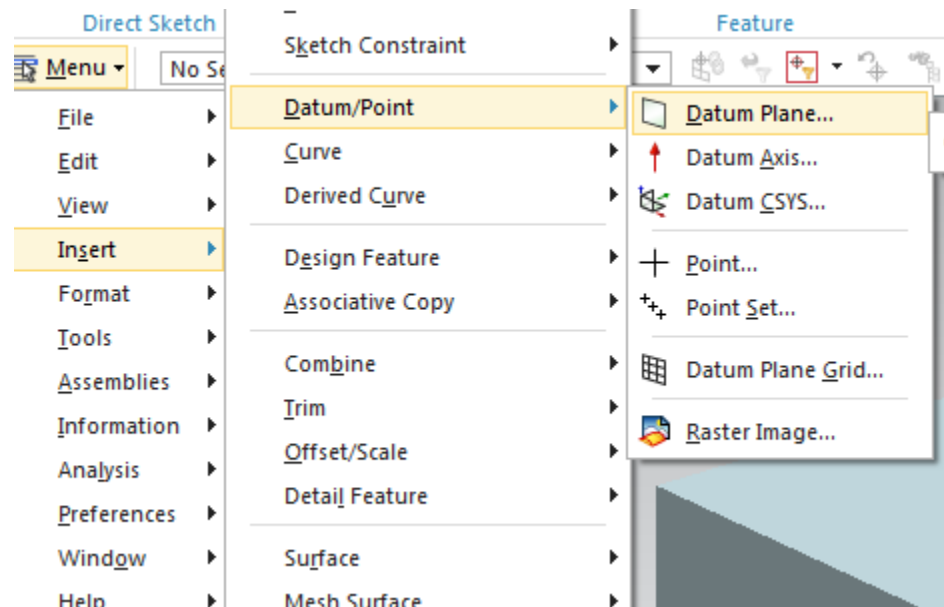


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11. Open the model **Arborpress_plate.prt**
12. Choose **Insert**
→ **Datum/Point** → **Datum Plane**

Or

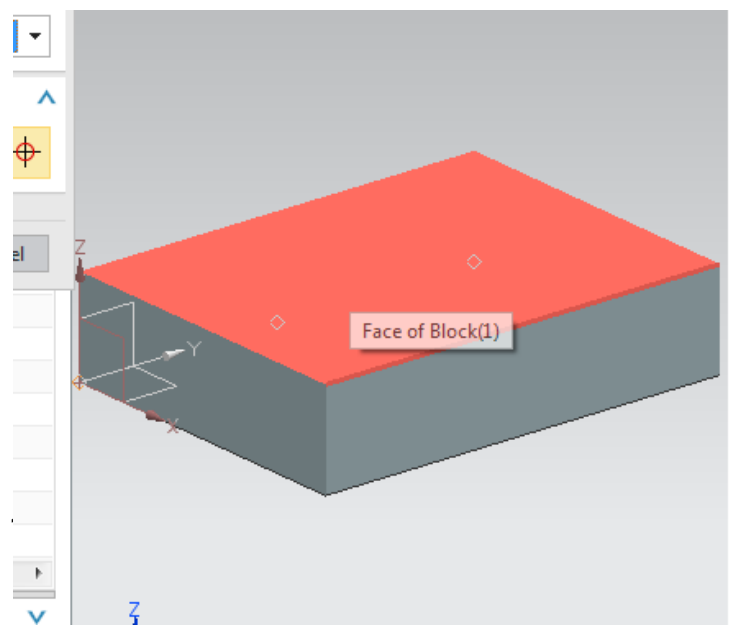
The Datum Plane dialog can also be opened by clicking the icon as shown in the figure below from the Feature Toolbar



Aula 04

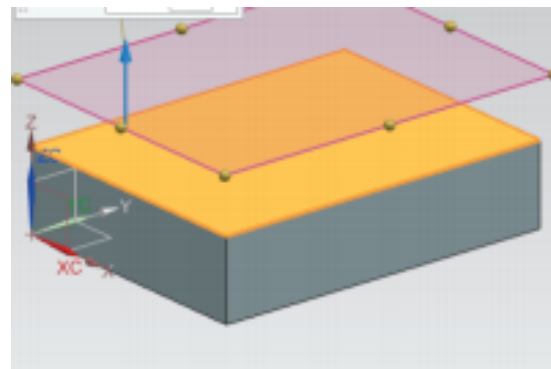
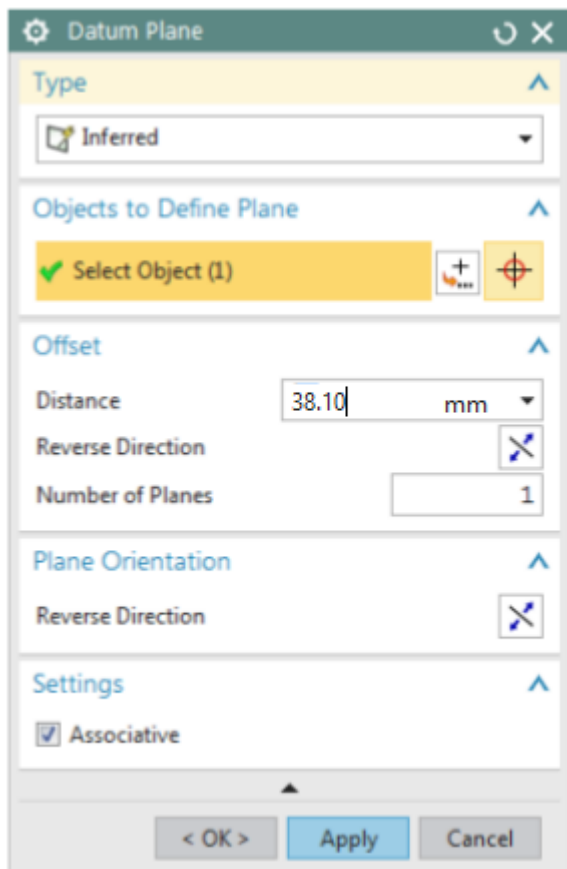
13. **Click** on the **top surface** of the block so that it becomes **highlighted**.

The vector displays the positive offset direction that the datum plane will be created in. If you had selected the bottom face, the vector would have pointed downward, away from the solid.

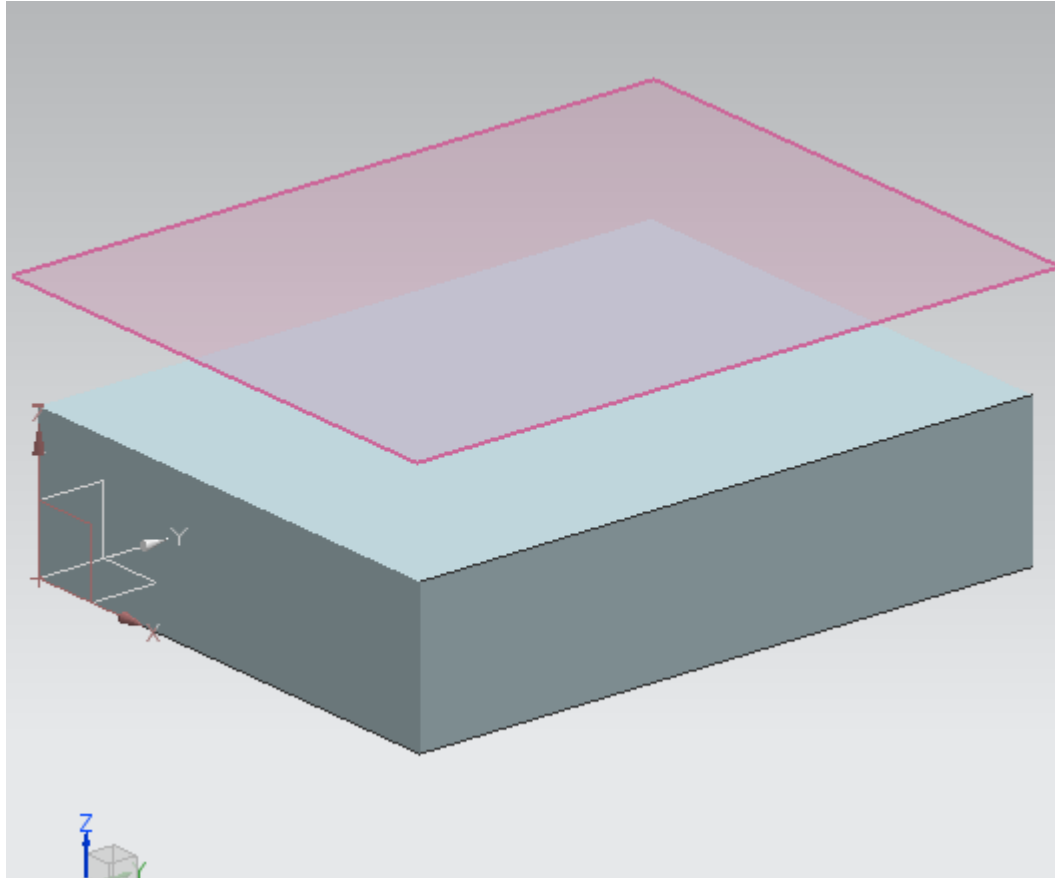


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14. Insert the Offset Distance value as 38.10 mm in the dialog box and click OK

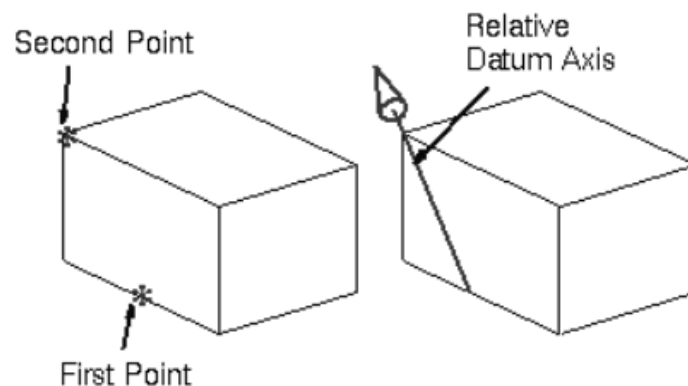


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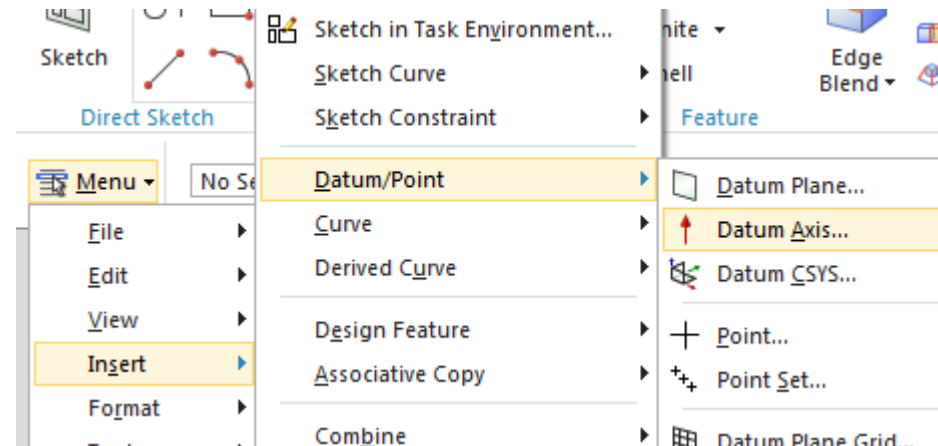
5.2 Datum Axis

A Datum Axis is a reference feature that can be used to create Datum Planes, Revolved Features, Extruded Bodies, etc. It can be created either relative to another object or as a fixed axis (i.e., not referencing, and not constrained by other geometric objects).

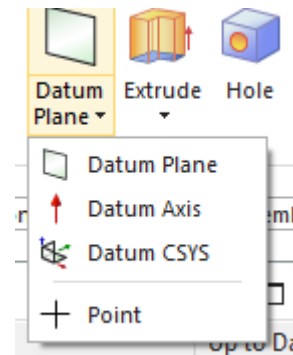


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15. Open the model
Arborpress_plate.prt and **Save**
as **Arborpress_plate_II.prt**
16. Choose **Insert**
→ **Datum/Point** → **Datum Axis**
- Or**



The Datum Axis dialog can also be opened by clicking the icon as shown in the figure below from the **Feature toolbar**.

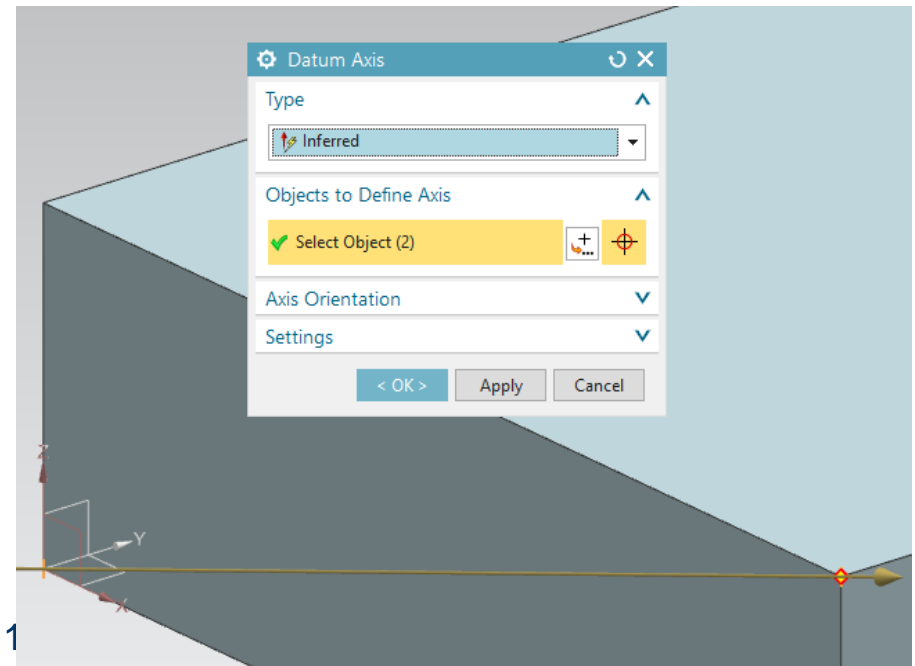
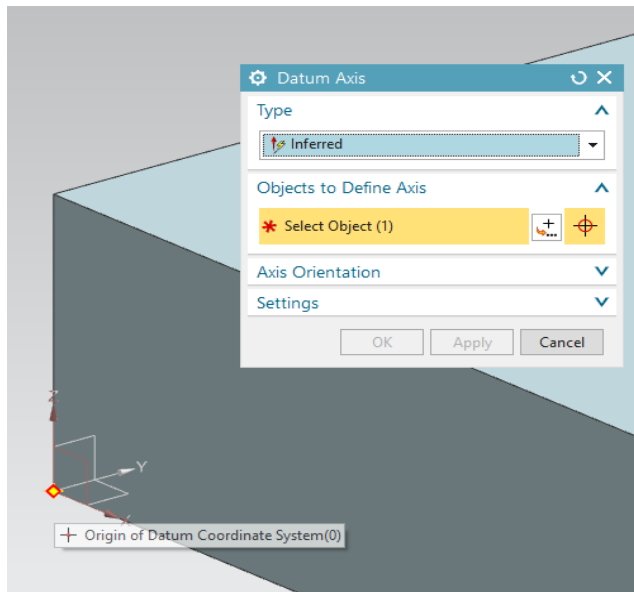


Aula 04

The next window allows you to choose the method of selecting the axis. However, NX 12 can judge which method to use depending on the entity you select. There are various ways to make a *Datum Axis*. They include *Point and Direction*, *Two Points*, *Two Planes*, etc.

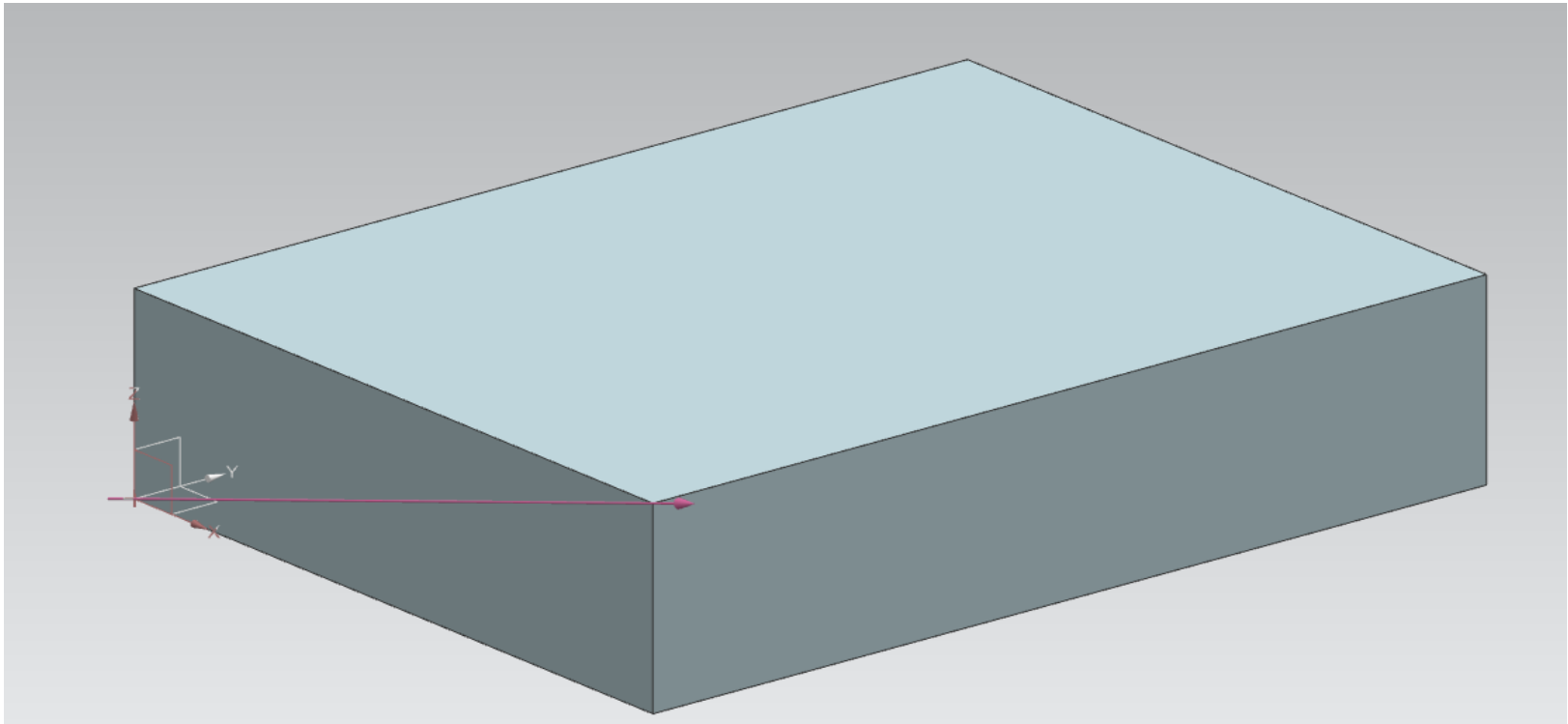
17. Select the two points on the block as shown in the figure on the right

18. Click **OK**



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The *Datum Axis* will be a diagonal as shown.

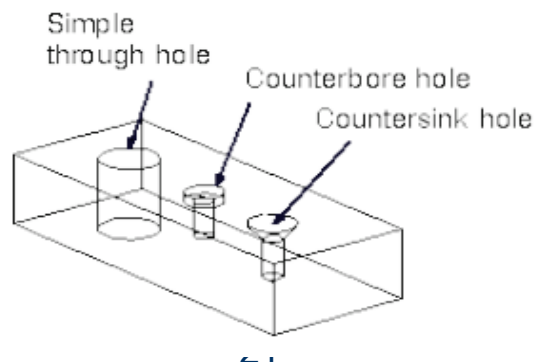


5.3 REMOVE FEATURE

Remove Features allow you to remove a portion of the existing object to create an object with additional features that are part of the design.

5.3.1 General Hole

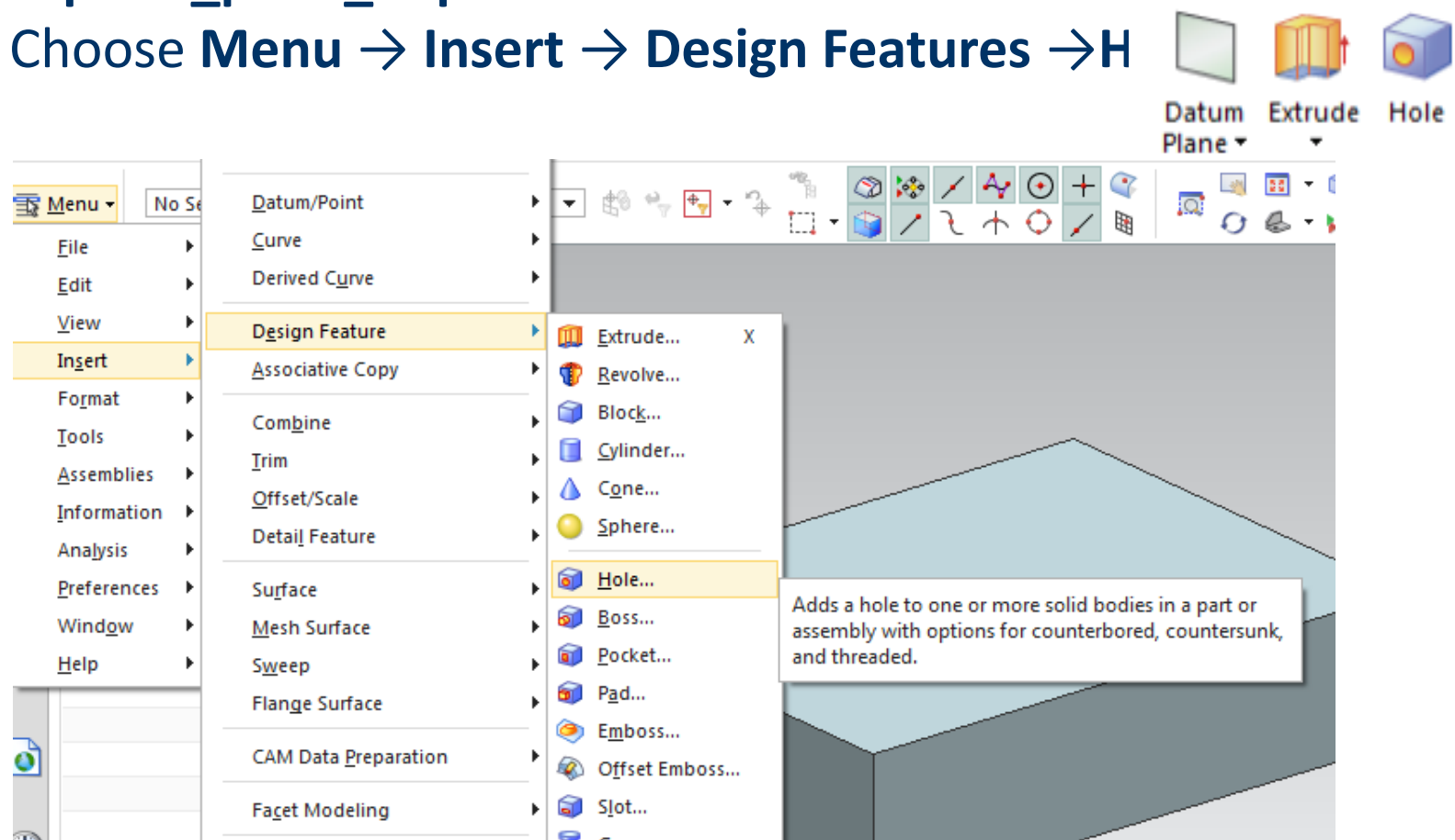
This option lets you create *Simple*, *Counterbored*, *Countersunk* and *Tapered* holes in solid bodies.



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19. Open the model **Arborpress_plate.prt** and **Save as Arborpress_plate_III.prt**

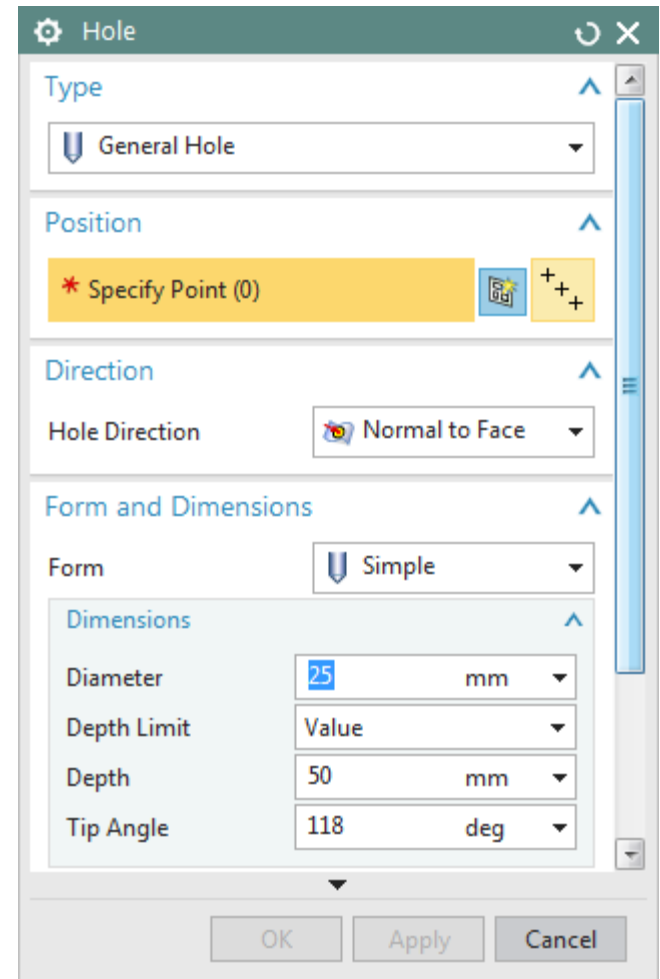
20. Choose **Menu → Insert → Design Features → H**



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The *Hole* window will open. There are various selections that need to be done prior to making the holes. First you need to select the *Type* of the hole.

21. Select the default **General Hole**

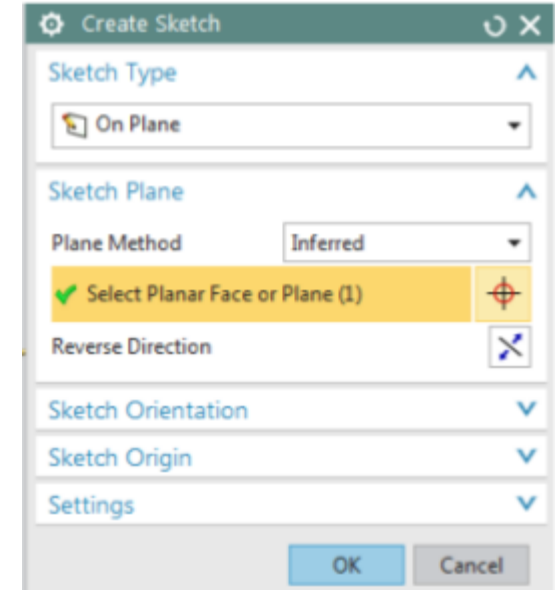
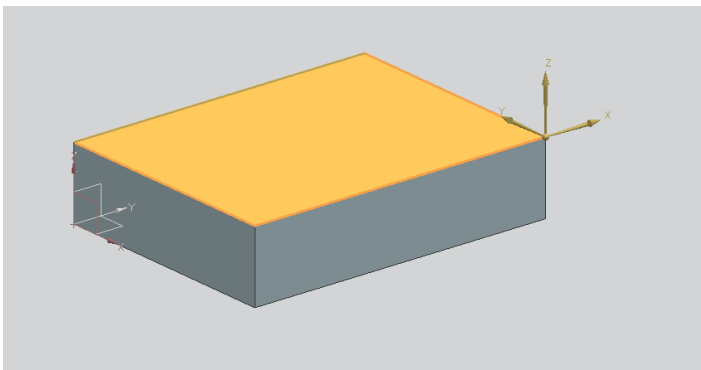


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Next, you need to define the points at which you need to make the holes.

22. Click on the **Sketch** icon in the **Position** dialog box and choose the top face of the plate as the **Sketch Plane**

23. Click **OK**



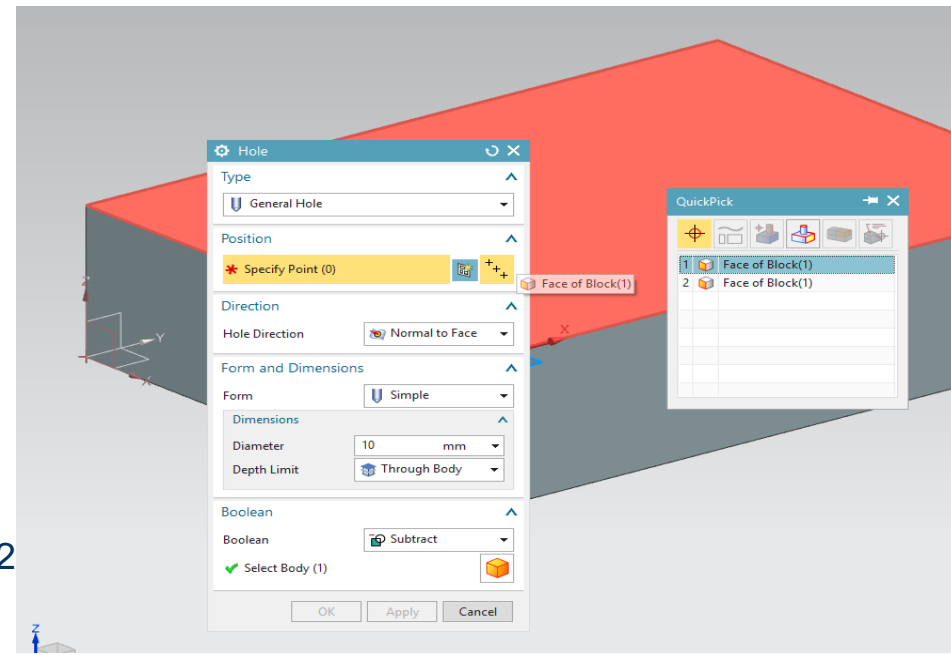
Aula 04

Next, you need to define the points at which you need to make the holes.

22. Click on the **Sketch** icon in the **Position** dialog box and choose the top face of the plate

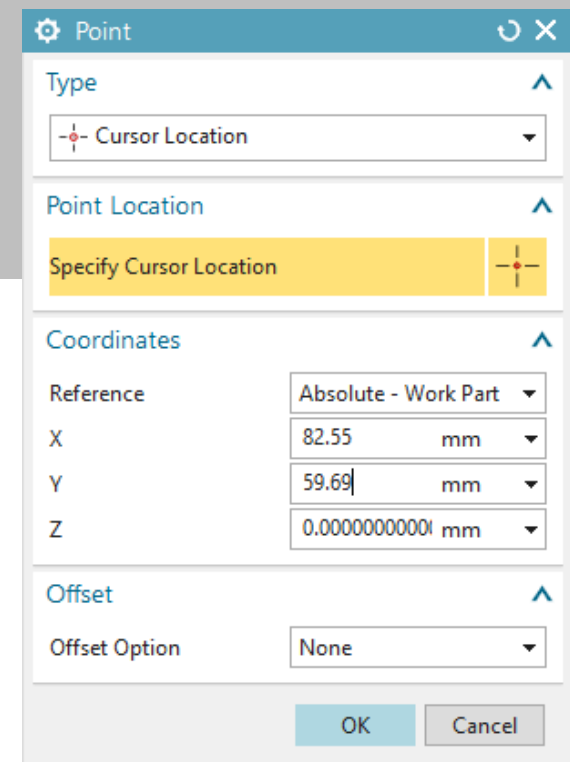
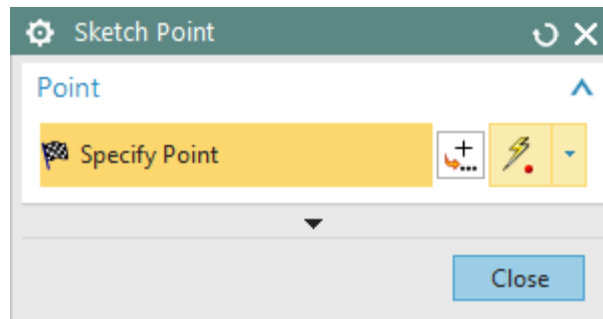
23. Click **OK**

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This will take you the *Sketch Plane*.



24. Click on the **Point Dialog** icon and specify all the points as given in the table below

X	Y	Z
28.58	25.40	0.00
82.55	59.69	0.00
136.53	25.40	0.00
28.58	190.50	0.00
82.55	156.21	0.00
136.53	190.50	0.00

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- 25. Click **OK** after you enter the coordinates of each point
- 26. Click **Close** once you have entered all the points
- 27. Click on **Finish** flag in the top left corner of the window



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This will take you out of the Sketch mode and bring back to the original Hole window on the graphics screen.

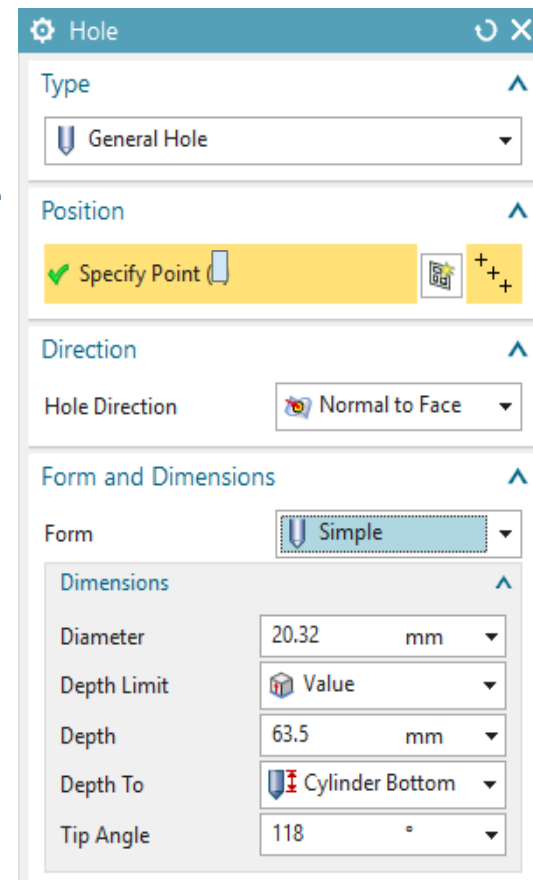
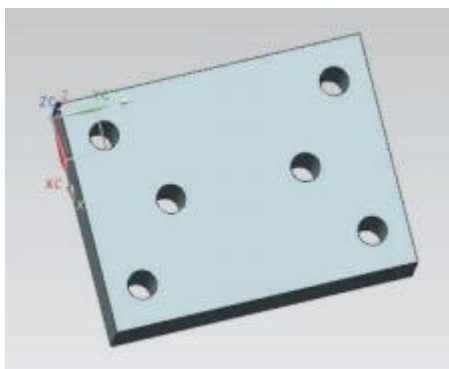
28. In the Form dialog, choose the default option of Simple Hole

29. Enter the following values in the Dimensions window

Diameter = 20.32 mm

Depth = 63.5 mm

Tip Angle = 118 degrees

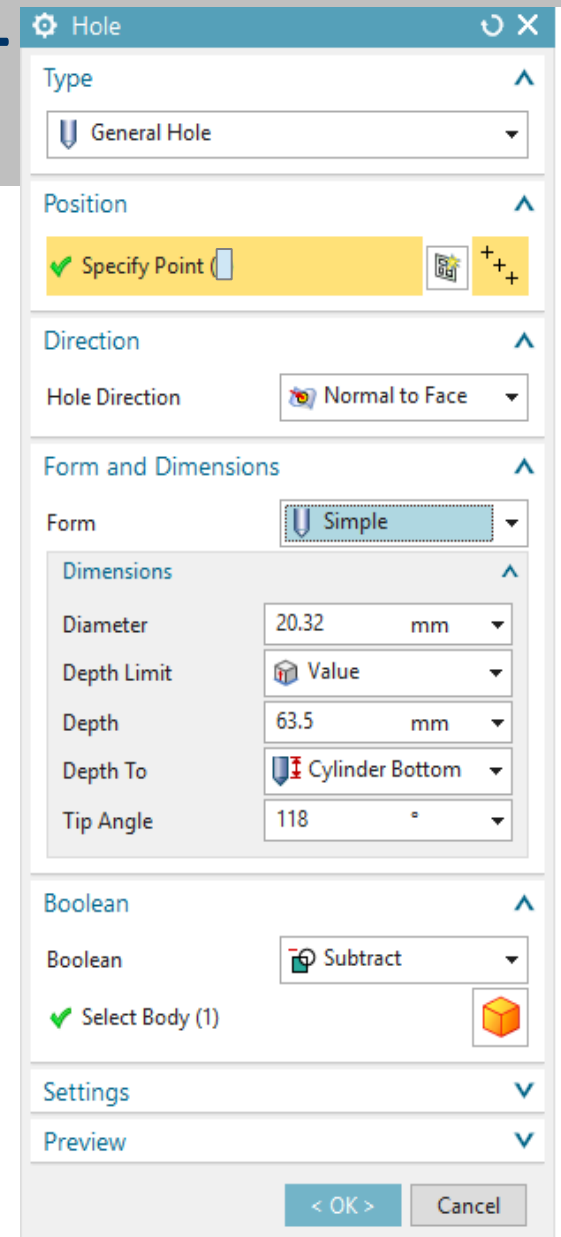


Hole	
Type	General Hole
Position	Specify Point
Direction	Hole Direction: Normal to Face
Form and Dimensions	Form: Simple
Dimensions	
Diameter	20.32 mm
Depth Limit	Value
Depth	63.5 mm
Depth To	Cylinder Bottom
Tip Angle	118 °

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30. Choose **Subtract** in the **Boolean** dialog box and click **OK**

Make sure to save the model.



Aula 04 - Pocket


5.4 Pocket

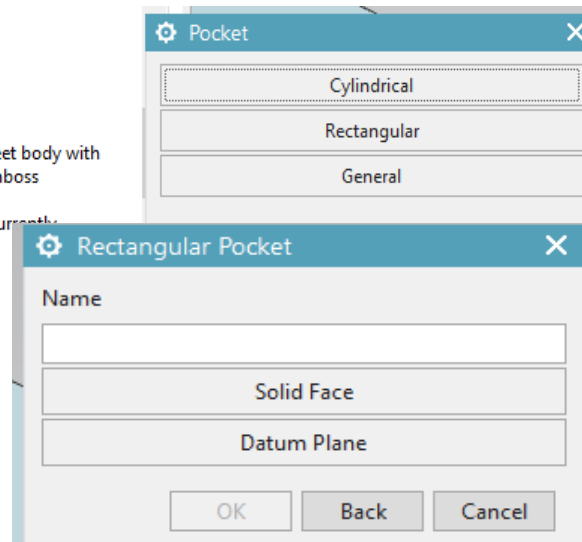
This creates a cavity in an existing body.

31. Create a Block using default values

32. Choose Menu → Insert → Design Features → Pocket

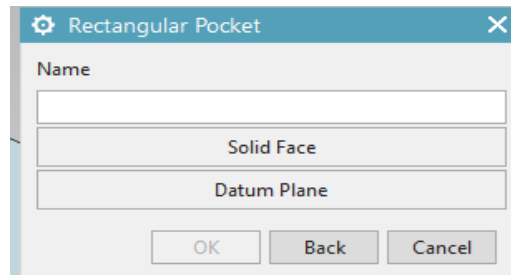
33. Select **Rectangular**

 **Pocket (Legacy)**
Removes material from a solid body or modifies a sheet body with faces made by projecting a section along a vector. Emboss supersedes this command.
Menu: Insert -> Design Feature -> Pocket (Legacy) (currently hidden)

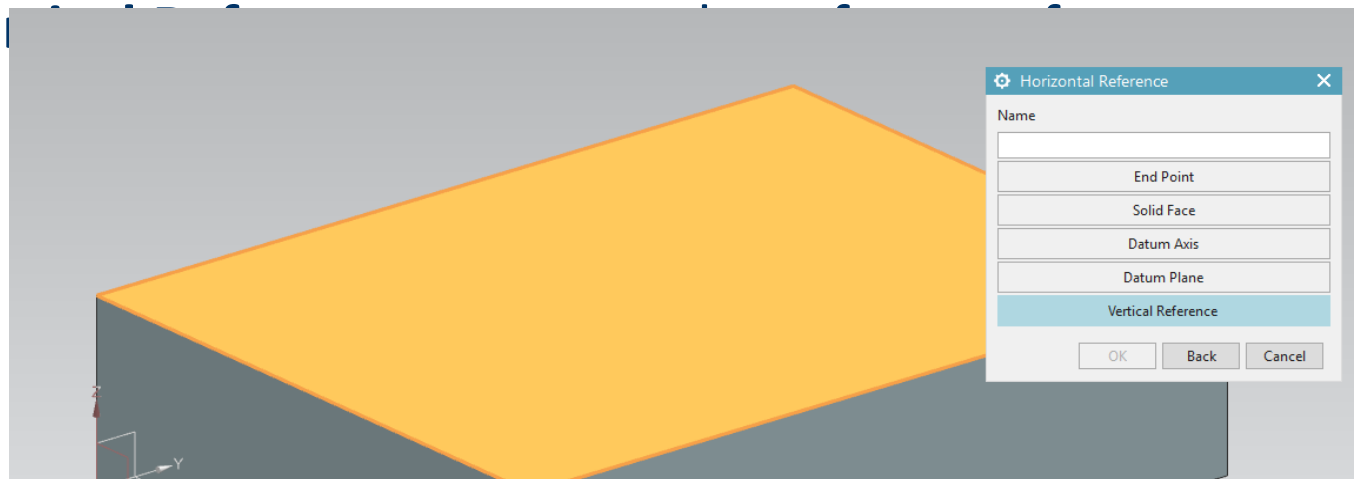


Aula 04 - Pocket

34. Select the “Solid Face” and the Face that you want to create the **Pocket** on it



35. Select a **Vertical** dimensioning

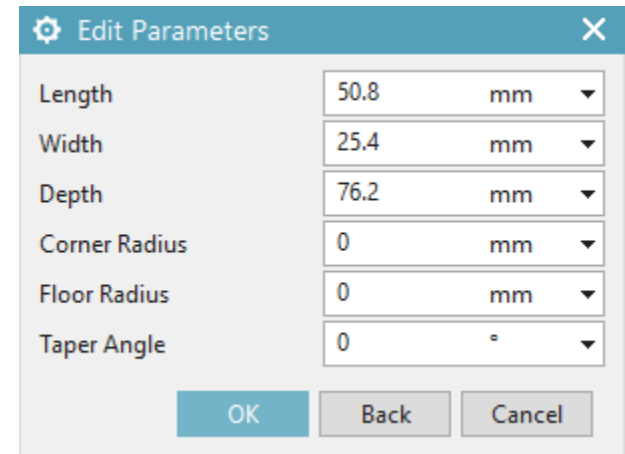


Aula 04 - Pocket

Length = 50.8 mm

Width = 25.4 mm

Depth = 76.2 mm



The image shows a software dialog box titled "Edit Parameters" with a close button (X) in the top right corner. It contains six input fields, each with a numerical value and a unit dropdown menu. The parameters are: Length (50.8 mm), Width (25.4 mm), Depth (76.2 mm), Corner Radius (0 mm), Floor Radius (0 mm), and Taper Angle (0 degrees). At the bottom, there are three buttons: "OK" (highlighted in blue), "Back", and "Cancel".

Parameter	Value	Unit
Length	50.8	mm
Width	25.4	mm
Depth	76.2	mm
Corner Radius	0	mm
Floor Radius	0	mm
Taper Angle	0	°

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- 36. Enter the dimensions of the **Pocket** as shown
- 37. Change the **Positioning** if you want
- 38. **Save as Pocket**

