

**DISCLAIMER: This is Study-Guide and in no way indicates what will or will not be on the test.**

1. What is y after the following switch statement?

```
int x=0;
int y=0;
switch(x) {
    case 0: y=0; ✓
    case 1: y=1; ✓
    default: y=-1; ✓
}
```

ANSWER: 0

2. What is y after the following statements are executed?

```
int x=1;
int y = x = x + 1;
```

ANSWER: y=2

3. What is the output of the following loop?

```
int j=1, k=0, n=5;
while (j <= n) {
    k = j + (n%j);
    System.out.print(k+" ");
    j++;
}
```

j  
1  
2  
3  
4  
5  
6

k  
0  
1  
3  
5  
5

n  
5

j <= n  
T  
T  
T  
T  
F

ANSWER: 1 3 5 5 5

4. What is the output of the following code?

```
int x = -1, y = -1, and z = 1;
if ( x > 0 ) {
    if ( y > 0 )
        System.out.println("X > 0 and y > 0");
    else if ( z > 0 )
        System.out.println("x < 0 and z > 0");
}
```

ANSWER: System.out.println("x < 0 and z > 0");

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Indicate the number of iteration for each loop. Assume  $n \geq 1$ .

		Answer
5	int i=1; while (i<=n) { i++; }	<i>n times</i>
6	int i=1; while (i<=0) { i++; }	<i>0 times</i>
7	int i=n; while (i>0) { i--; }	<i>n times</i>
8	int i=n; while (i>=0) { i--; }	<i>n+1 times</i>
	int i=n; while (i>0) { i++; }	<i>infinite</i>

9. Write a java statement to generate a random integer value between 50 and 100 (inclusive).

*$X = (int)(Math.random() * 51)$   
 $50 + (int)(Math.random() * 51)$*

10. Write an if statement that decreases **pay** by 3% if score is **less** than 90.

*if (score < 90)  
 pay = pay \* 0.97;  $\Leftrightarrow$  pay = pay - pay \* 0.03;*

11. Write a Boolean expression that evaluates **true** if

$100 \leq \text{weight} \leq 200$

*(weight >= 100 & weight <= 200)*

12. Convert the following **While** loop to a **for** loop.

*int sum = 0;*  
*int i=0;*  
*while (i <= 100){*  
     *sum += i;*

*int sum=0;*  
*for (int i=0; i<=100; i++){*  
     *sum += i;*  
*}*

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```
i=i+1;  
}
```

13. Write an algorithm that displays the following table. Note that 1 kilogram is 2.2 pounds.

Pounds	Kilogram
20	9.09
25	11.36
.	
.	
.	
510	231.82
515	234.09

```
Print "Pounds   Kilogram"  
for(int P=20; P<=515; P=P+5){  
    double K=P/2.2;  
    Print P + "    " + K;  
}
```

14. Use while loop to find the smallest integer  $n$  such that  $n^2$  is greater than 12,000

```
int n=1;  
while(n*n <= 12000){  
    n++;  
}  
Print n
```

15. Given  $n$ , calculate and print it's reverse.

```
int result = 0;  
while (n != 0){  
    digit = n%10;  
    result = result*10 + digit;  
    n = n/10;  
}
```

$n$	digit	result
1024	4	$0 \times 10 + 4$
102	2	$4 \times 10 + 2$
10	0	
1	1	

Study:

prime number

palindromes

GCD

practice problems from chapter 5 ppt

printing triangles