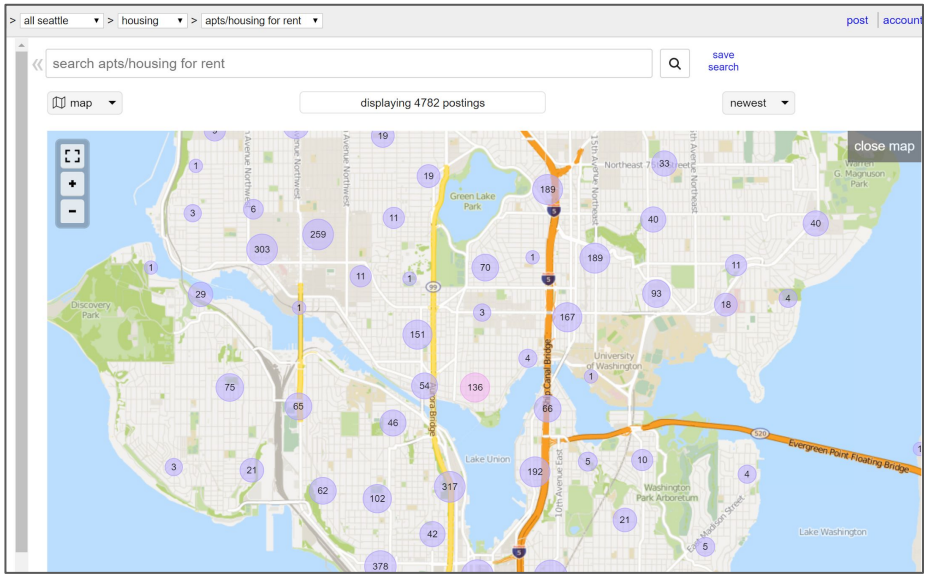
Bokeh and Folium

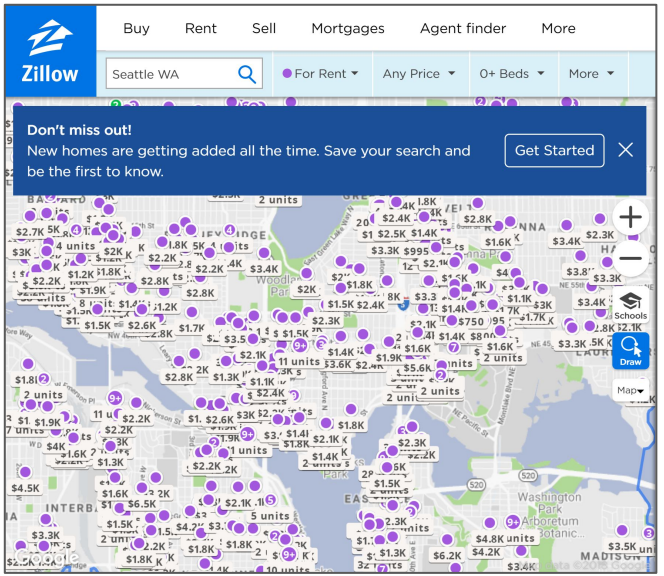
Python GIS Visualization

Graduate School Housing Search

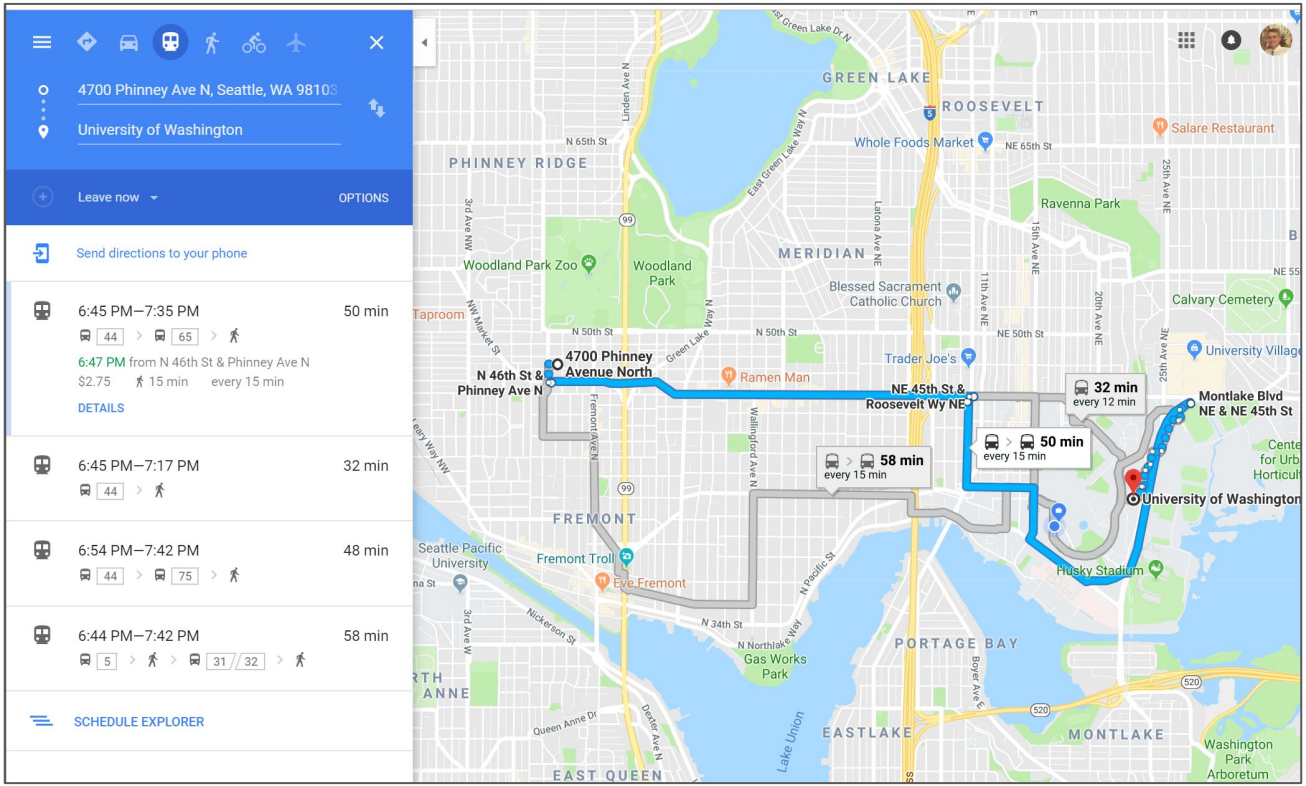
Craigslist



Zillow



Graduate School Housing Search



GradPads

- Goal: Develop an interactive web tool to help graduate students find housing that aggregates information besides pricing

- User: Incoming/current graduate student

- Example use case: User browses neighborhoods to look for parks and crime data

GradPads - Visualization Goals

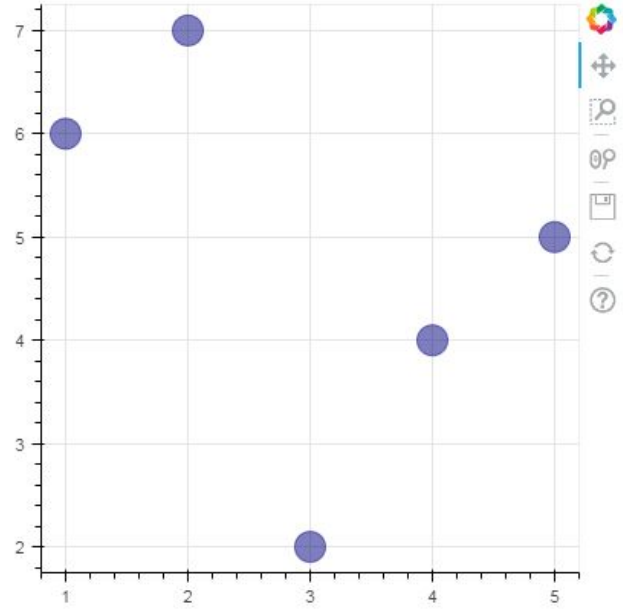
- Zip-code- to address-level specificity
- Interactive
  - Can toggle layers of prices on and off
- No user python
  - HTML output

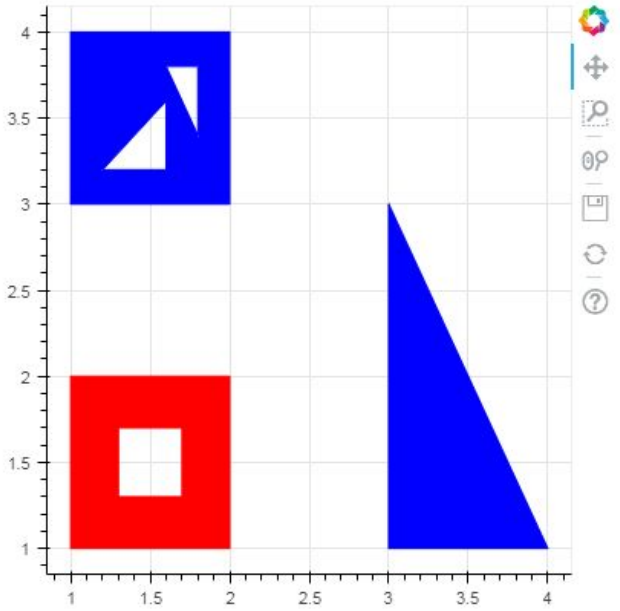
Bokeh

- Made up of two library components
  - Python library that generates JavaScript Object Notation (JSON)
  - Javascript library
    - Runs in the browser
    - Responsible for rendering and user interaction
    - “We write the JavaScript so you don’t have to!”

- Offers different levels of control
  - Bokeh.models - low-level
  - Bokeh.plotting - high-level

Bokeh.plotting - glyphs

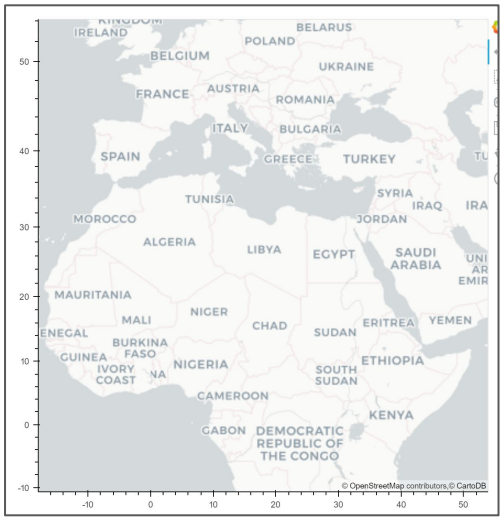




Bokeh - Mapping Geo Data

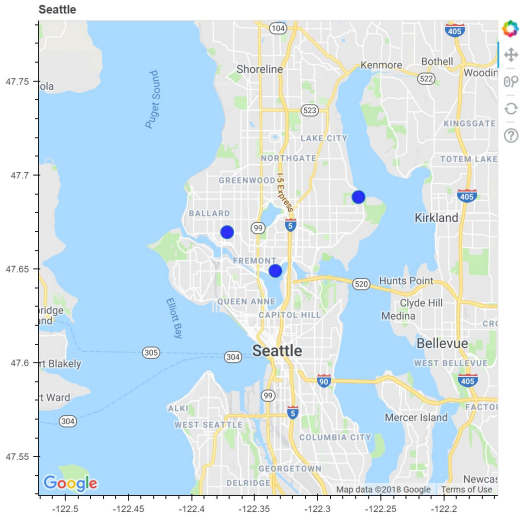
Tile provider maps

- Web Mercator Projection



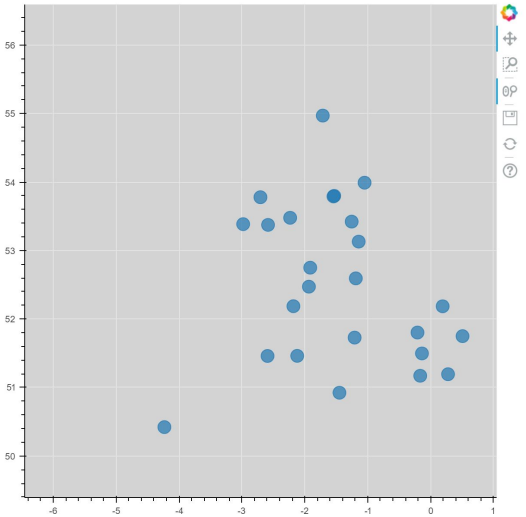
Google Maps

- Plots glyphs over Google Map



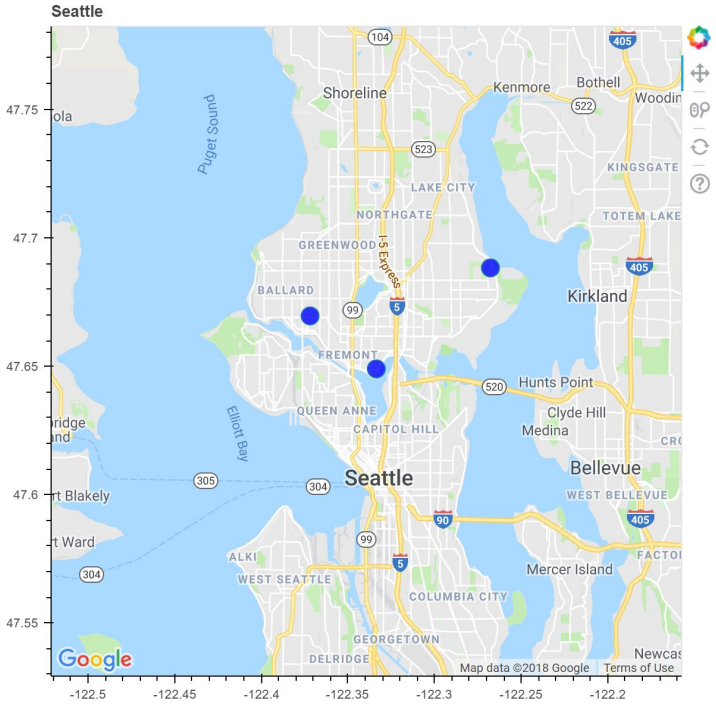
GeoJSON

- Popular way to represent geographical features



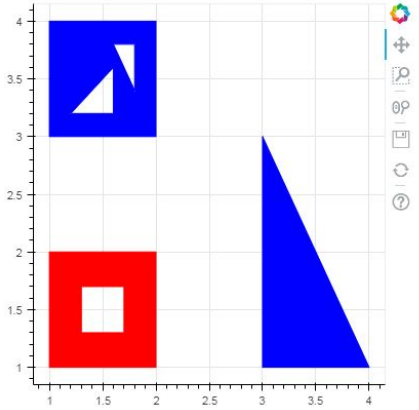
Bokeh - Mapping Geo Data with Google Maps

```
from bokeh.io import output_file, show
from bokeh.models import ColumnDataSource, GMapOptions
from bokeh.plotting import gmap

output_file("gmap.html")

map_options = GMapOptions(lat=47.655855, lng=-122.339308,
                          map_type="roadmap", zoom=11)

p = gmap("AIzaSyAor5_RNEfWsEmQOK-XSil-uWPR94kH-Vw", map_options)

source = ColumnDataSource(
    data=dict(lat=[ 47.6696,  47.6490,  47.6883],
              lon=[-122.3718, -122.3336, -122.2677])
)

p.circle(x="lon", y="lat", size=15, fill_color="blue",
         fill_alpha=0.8, source=source)

show(p)
```



Bokeh - Zip code polygons

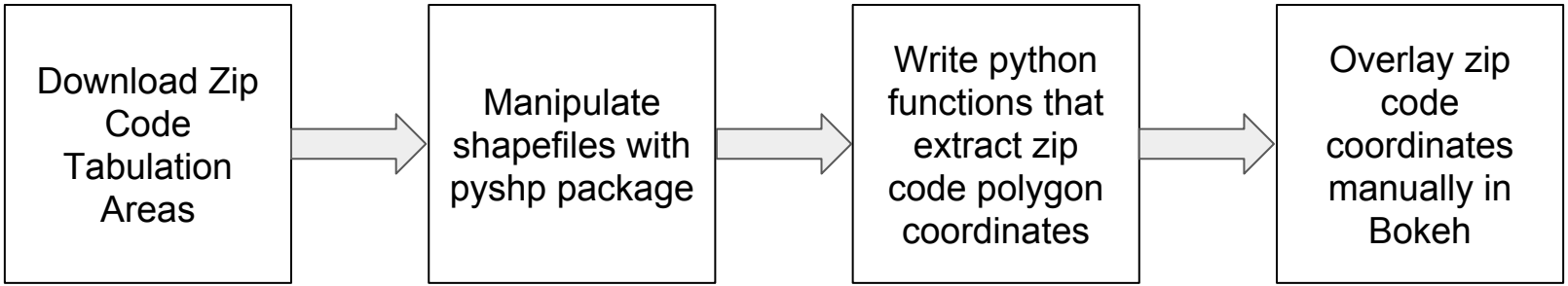
- Zip code polygons available as shapefiles (.shp)
- No built-in functionality for shapefiles in Bokeh
- From a Google discussion with one of the developers:



The format that Bokeh expects for patches is a "list of lists" of points. So something like:

xs = [[patch0 x-coords], [patch1 x-coords], ...]
ys = [[patch1 y-coords], [patch1 y-coords], ...]

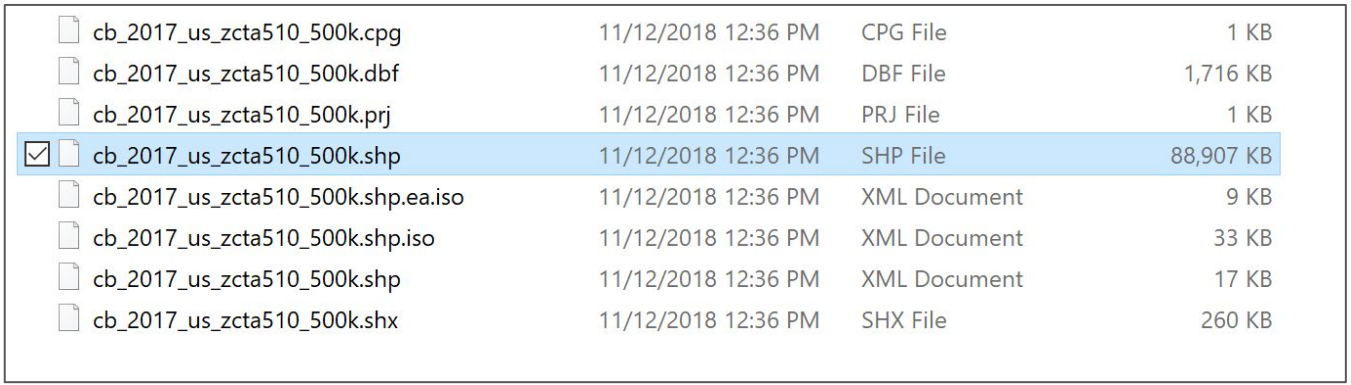
Bokeh - Zip Code Workflow



Bokeh - Zip Code Workflow

- Pyshp package
  - ”reads and writes ESRI Shapefiles in pure Python”
  - Reads in whole directory
    - .shp file contains points; .dbf contains record information

PyShp



cb_2017_us_zcta510_500k.cpg	11/12/2018 12:36 PM	CPG File	1 KB
cb_2017_us_zcta510_500k.dbf	11/12/2018 12:36 PM	DBF File	1,716 KB
cb_2017_us_zcta510_500k.prj	11/12/2018 12:36 PM	PRJ File	1 KB
cb_2017_us_zcta510_500k.shp	11/12/2018 12:36 PM	SHP File	88,907 KB
cb_2017_us_zcta510_500k.shp.ea.iso	11/12/2018 12:36 PM	XML Document	9 KB
cb_2017_us_zcta510_500k.shp.iso	11/12/2018 12:36 PM	XML Document	33 KB
cb_2017_us_zcta510_500k.shp	11/12/2018 12:36 PM	XML Document	17 KB
cb_2017_us_zcta510_500k.shx	11/12/2018 12:36 PM	SHX File	260 KB

```
In [110]: zip_code_sf = shapefile.Reader(zipcode_directory)
```

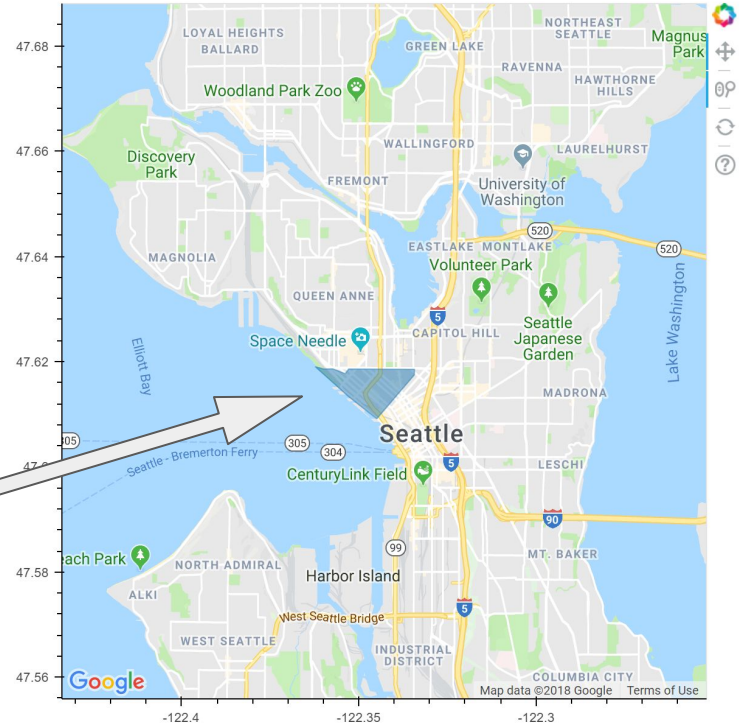
Bokeh - Zip Code workflow

```
In [11]: zip_code_records = zip_code_sf.records()

In [117]: zip_code_records[3909]

Out[117]: ['98121', '8600000US98121', '98121', 1149954, 537254]

In [111]: zip_code_shapes = zip_code_sf.shapes()

In [121]: zip_code_shapes[3909].points

Out[121]: [(-122.362298457347, 47.6190119407141),
           (-122.359864, 47.618584999999996),
           (-122.35736299999999, 47.618607999999995),
           (-122.353833, 47.617698),
           (-122.352841, 47.61859),
           (-122.334304, 47.618528999999995),
           (-122.334346, 47.617464),
           (-122.344937, 47.60912),
           (-122.34493864896001, 47.6091208760351),
           (-122.353093, 47.613453),
           (-122.355818501868, 47.6150988610073),
           (-122.359893520553, 47.6175596607724),
           (-122.361823642306, 47.6187252120307),
           (-122.362298457347, 47.6190119407141)]
```

Bokeh - Zip Code Polygon Workflow

In [71]:
```
xs = []
ys = []
for i in range(len(shapeRecs[3909].shape.points)):
    xs.append(shapeRecs[3909].shape.points[i][0])
    ys.append(shapeRecs[3909].shape.points[i][1])
```

In [108]:
```
from bokeh.models.glyphs import Patch

output_file("gmap.html")

map_options = GMapOptions(lat=47.655855, lng=-122.339308, map_type="roadmap",

p = gmap("AIzaSyAor5_RNEfWsEmQOK-XSil-uWPR94kH-Vw", map_options)

source = ColumnDataSource(
    data=dict(lat=ys,
              lon=xs)
)

p.patch(x='lon', y='lat', alpha=0.5, source=source)

show(p)
```



Bokeh - Summary

- Pros
  - Easily interactive
  - HTML output
  - Extensive control over glyphs
- Cons
  - Geographical data support is not very developed
  - Requires download of more packages for geo data

Folium

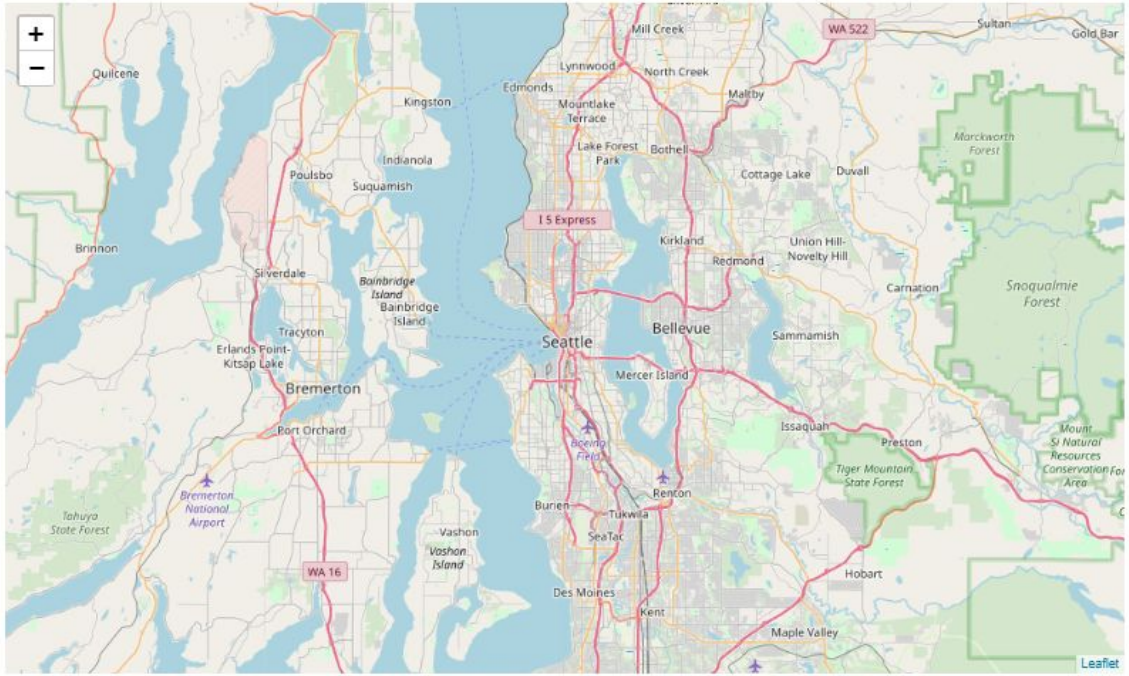
- Python library that combines Python's data manipulation features with Leaflet.js's mapping ability
  - Highly specific purpose that aligns with GradPads's goals
  - Support for image overlays as well as GeoJSON and TopoJSON formats

- Can run from jupyter notebook
  - Ability to create interactive and customizeable maps
  - Can also render and export as HTML depending on users' level of experience / need

Folium - Using Maps as Base Layers

In [2]:
```
import folium

m = folium.Map(location=[47.6062, -122.3321])

m
```

Out[2]:



Folium - GeoJSON Data Overlays

- GeoJSON - format based on JSON (JavaScript Object Notation)
  - Designed to represent geographical features along with non-spatial attributes
  - Contains points, LineStrings, and polygons

Type	Examples	
Point		`{ "type": "Point", "coordinates": [30, 10] }`
LineString		`{ "type": "LineString", "coordinates": [ [30, 10], [10, 30], [40, 40] ] }`
Polygon		`{ "type": "Polygon", "coordinates": [ [[30, 10], [40, 40], [20, 40], [10, 20], [30, 10]] ] }`
		`{ "type": "Polygon", "coordinates": [ [[35, 10], [45, 45], [15, 40], [10, 20], [35, 10]], [[20, 30], [35, 35], [30, 20], [20, 30]] ] }`

Folium - GeoJSON Data Overlays

- GeoJSON - format based on JSON (JavaScript Object Notation)
  - Designed to represent geographical

Type	Examples
Point	

```
{
    "type": "Point",
    "coordinates": [30, 10]
}
```

```
{
    "type": "Polygon",
    "coordinates": [
        [[35, 10], [45, 45], [15, 40], [10, 20], [35, 10]],
        [[20, 30], [35, 35], [30, 20], [20, 30]]
    ]
}
```


```
{"type":"FeatureCollection","features":[{"type":"Feature","properties":
{"STATEFP10":"53","ZCTA5CE10":"98822","GEOID10":"5398822","CLASSFP10":"B5","MTFCC10":"G6350","FUNCSTAT10":"S","ALAND10":1131837710,"AWATER10":5582389,"INTPTLAT10":"+47.9019257","INTPTLON
10":"-120.5504512","PARTFLG10":"N"},"geometry":{"type":"Polygon","coordinates":[[[-120.479846,47.683729],[-120.480083,47.683762],[-120.480478,47.683852],[-120.480574,47.68386],
[-120.481009,47.6839],[-120.481272,47.68396],[-120.481441,47.684062],[-120.481525,47.684253],[-120.481534,47.684613],[-120.481602,47.684858],[-120.481793,47.68506],[-120.481963,47.6852],
[-120.481972,47.685208],[-120.482047,47.685299],[-120.481999,47.68546],[-120.481924,47.685657],[-120.481982,47.685829],[-120.482023,47.685861],[-120.482137,47.685949],
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```
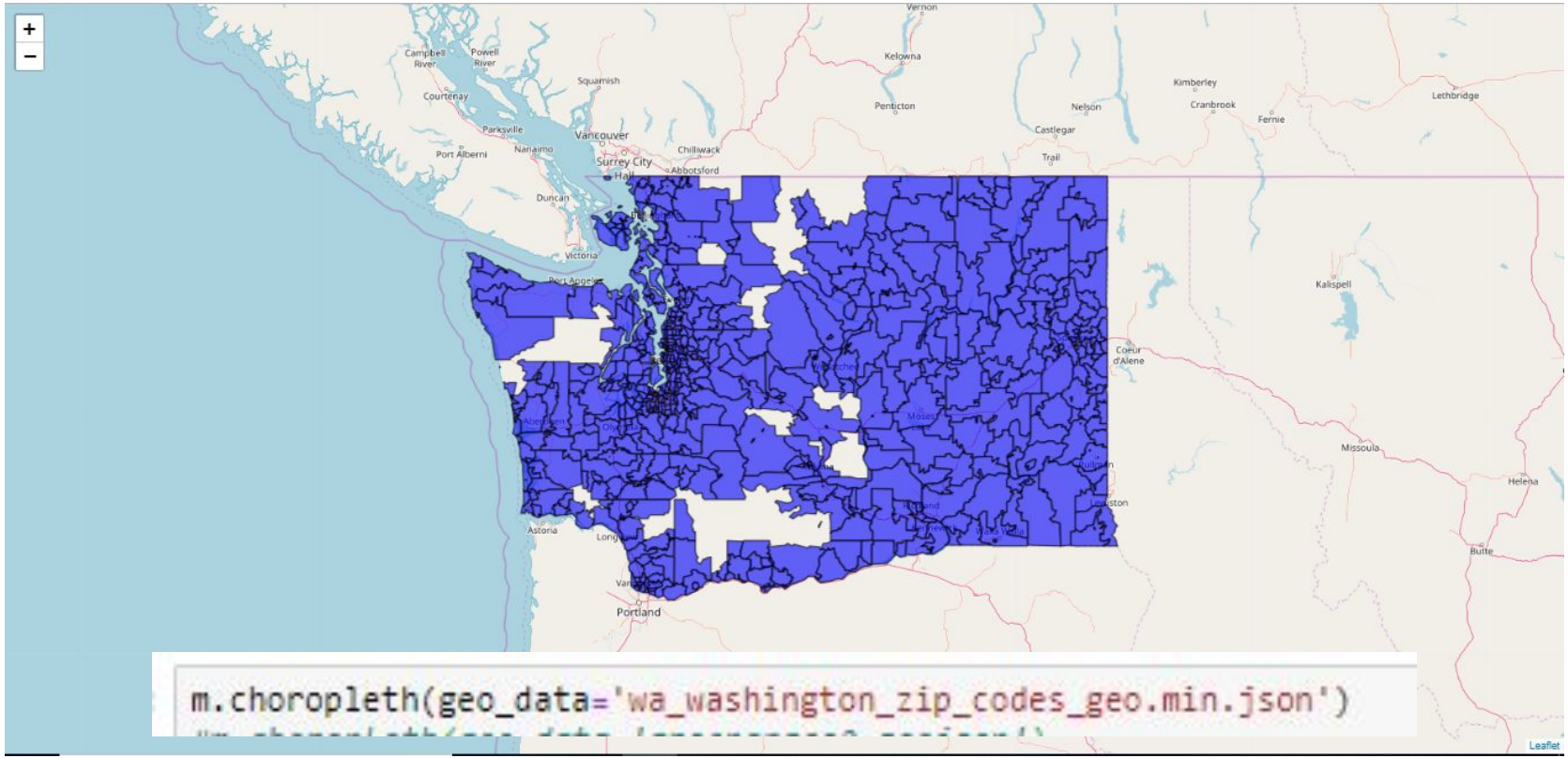
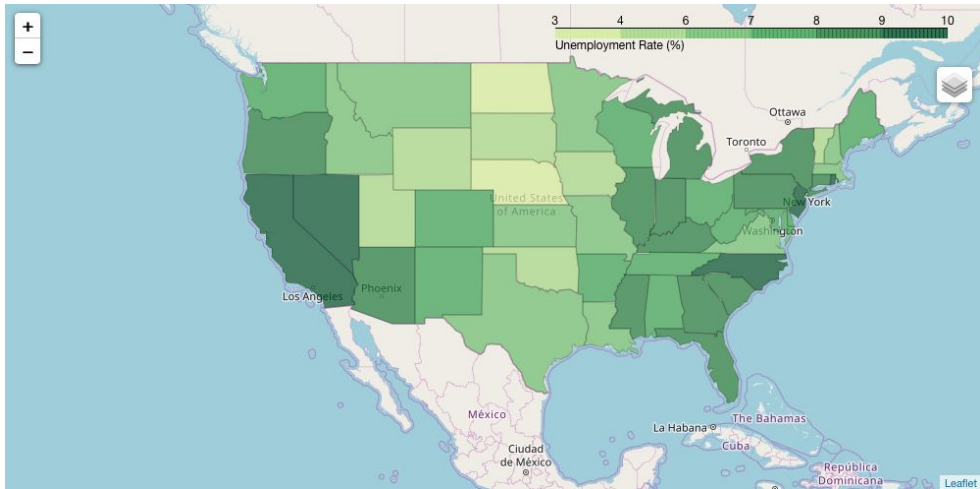

Folium - GeoJSON Data Overlays



Folium - Choropleth Maps

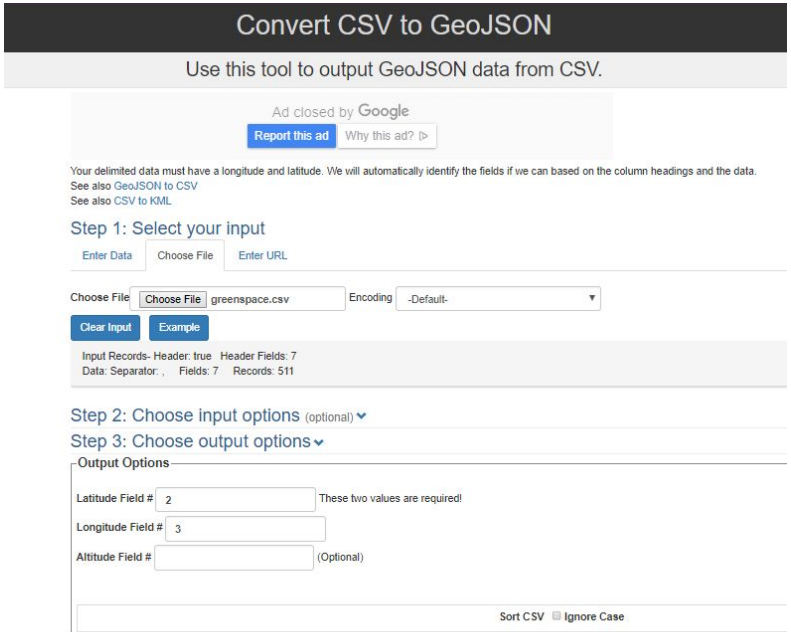
- Choropleth - a thematic map in which areas are shaded or patterned in proportion to the measurement of the statistical variable being displayed on the map
- Folium creates choropleth by joining data in a dataframe to geographical data (like GeoJSON data) and overlaying heat map-type layers onto the map base layer



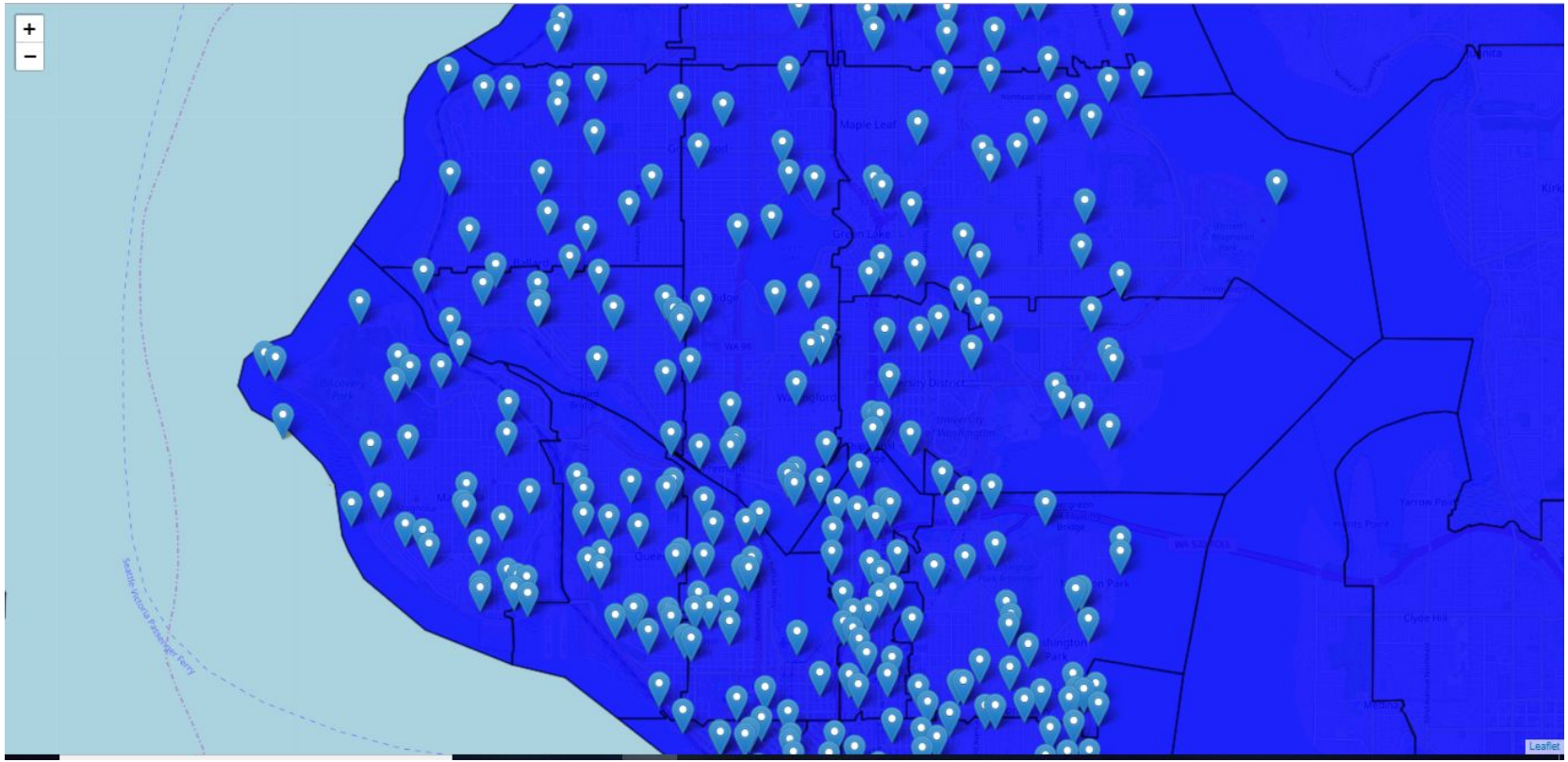
Folium - Data Formatting

Shape	NAME
(47.540452178000066, -122.37780245599998)	
(47.60714388200006, -122.31624801799995)	12TH AVE SQUARE PARK
(47.66138567400003, -122.37380064899997)	14TH AVENUE NW BOAT RAMP
(47.66650821300004, -122.30952061299996)	17TH AVENUE NE CENTERSTRIP
(47.625074045000076, -122.29279565699994)	3001 E MADISON
(47.56985503300007, -122.39355961799998)	48TH AVE SW/SW CHARLESTOWN ST
(47.691283181000074, -122.29120216499996)	8605 35TH AVE NE
(47.650230511000075, -122.34865418599998)	A. B. ERNST PARK

Latitude	Longitude	NAME
47.54045218	-122.3778025	
47.60714388	-122.316248	12TH AVE SQUARE PARK
47.66138567	-122.3738006	14TH AVENUE NW BOAT RAMP
47.66650821	-122.3095206	17TH AVENUE NE CENTERSTRIP
47.62507405	-122.2927957	3001 E MADISON
47.56985503	-122.3935596	48TH AVE SW/SW CHARLESTOWN ST
47.69128318	-122.2912022	8605 35TH AVE NE
47.65023051	-122.3486542	A. B. ERNST PARK

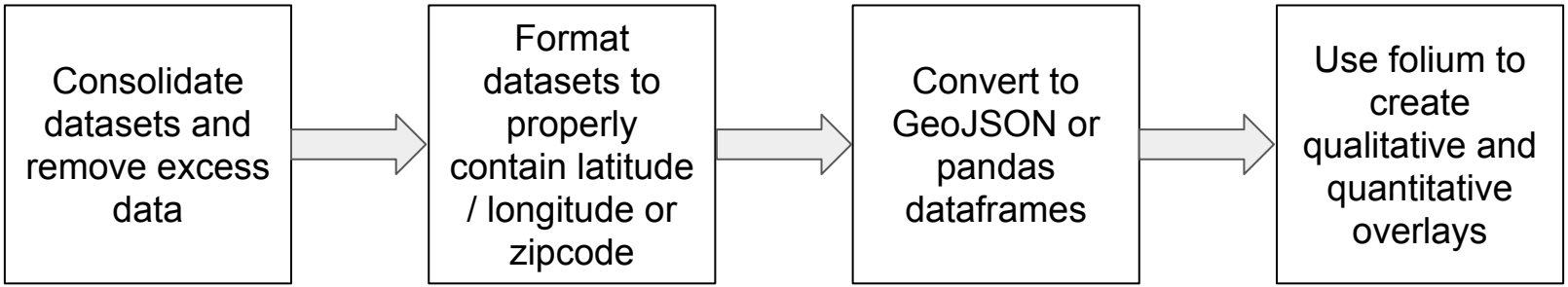


Folium - More Data Overlays



Folium - Workflow

- Primarily formatting / manipulating datasets
  - Most available in CSV format
  - Also need to package data into dataframes with zipcode data vs. variable of interest
    - Need to make sure uniform set of zipcodes are used, remove unnecessary data
  - Will require some conversion of CSV, etc. type data into GeoJSON format for qualitative overlays



Folium - Summary

- Pros
  - Interactive interface
  - HTML output
  - Relatively easy to interface with our datasets and types
  - Good support for geographical data
- Cons
  - Somewhat limited in scope - only map functionality
  - Doesn’t interface seamlessly with jupyter? Browser? (Can’t display complex maps in the notebook)
  - Does require some manipulation of data to comply with several different formats - GeoJSON, pandas dataframes, etc.

http://www.convertcsv.com/csv-to-geojson.htm

Greenspace data
https://catalog.data.gov/dataset?organization_type=City+Government&publisher=data.seattle.gov&tags=green-space

JSON Seattle zip codes

https://catalog.data.gov/dataset/seattle-zip-codes-ebab5/resource/5bb72c5f-b9ee-4dc5-852b-0f3a51bda638

GeoJSON WA zip codes

https://raw.githubusercontent.com/OpenDataDE/State-zip-code-GeoJSON/master/