Distributed Systems Intro

Logistics

- Course Policies
 - see web page...
 - http://www.cs.cmu.edu/~dga/15-440/S14
 - obligatory discussion of {late days, cheating, etc.}
- Waitlist!
- Maybe recitations this year TBA
- Office hours will be on syllabus page soon
- Go work through the Tour of Go!

Waitlist

- Waitlist of unprecedented size. Keep coming to class, because we don't really know how it will work out.
- Registered: 106 + 19
- Waitlisted: 40 + 119 (!!!!!)
- The bad news: Not everyone will get in. We are by law limited to physical classroom size. This is not subject to negotiation.
- The plea: Not serious about the class? DROP SOON.
- The strategy:
 - Attend class! Sign the signup sheet.
 - If class is on immediate graduation path, have your academic advisor email us.
- Priority order for 440: SCS, CMU ugrads, others; 640: SCS MS, others

Course Goals

- Systems requirement:
 - Learn something about distributed systems in particular;
 - Learn general systems principles (modularity, layering, naming, security, ...)
 - Practice implementing real, larger systems; in teams; must run in nasty environment;
- One consequence: Must pass homeworks, exams, and projects independently as well as in total.

Course Format

- ~30 lectures
- Office hours: Practical issues for implementing projects; general questions and discussion
- 3 projects; I solo, 2 team + 2 mini-projects
 - Distributed (internet-wide) bitcoin miner
 - Building Tribbler (or something)
 - Choose-your-own with consistent replication or distributed commit/consensus

Book

- Link to Amazon purchase (new, used, rent) from syllabus page
- Several useful references on web page
- We'll be compiling notes (and these slides) for your use over the course of the semester; based on, but not identical to, prior 15-440 instance

About Projects

- Systems programming somewhat different from what you've done before
 - Low-level (C / Go)
 - Often designed to run indefinitely (error handling must be rock solid)
 - Must be secure horrible environment
 - Concurrency
 - Interfaces specified by documented protocols
- Office Hours & "System Hacker's View of Software Engineering"
 - Practical techniques designed to save you time & pain
- WARNING: Almost I/2 of students last year dropped during project I because they started too late!

Collaboration

- Working together important
 - Discuss course material
 - Work on problem debugging
- Parts must be your own work
 - Homeworks, midterm, final, solo proj
- Team projects: both students should understand entire project
- What we hate to say: we run cheat checkers...
- Partner problems: address early.

Late Work

- I 0% penalty per day
- Can't be more than 2 days late
- Usual exceptions: documented medical, emergency, etc.
 - Talk to us early if there's a problem!
- Two "late points" to use one day each (still can't be more than 2 days late)
- Regrade requests in writing to course admin

Why take this course?

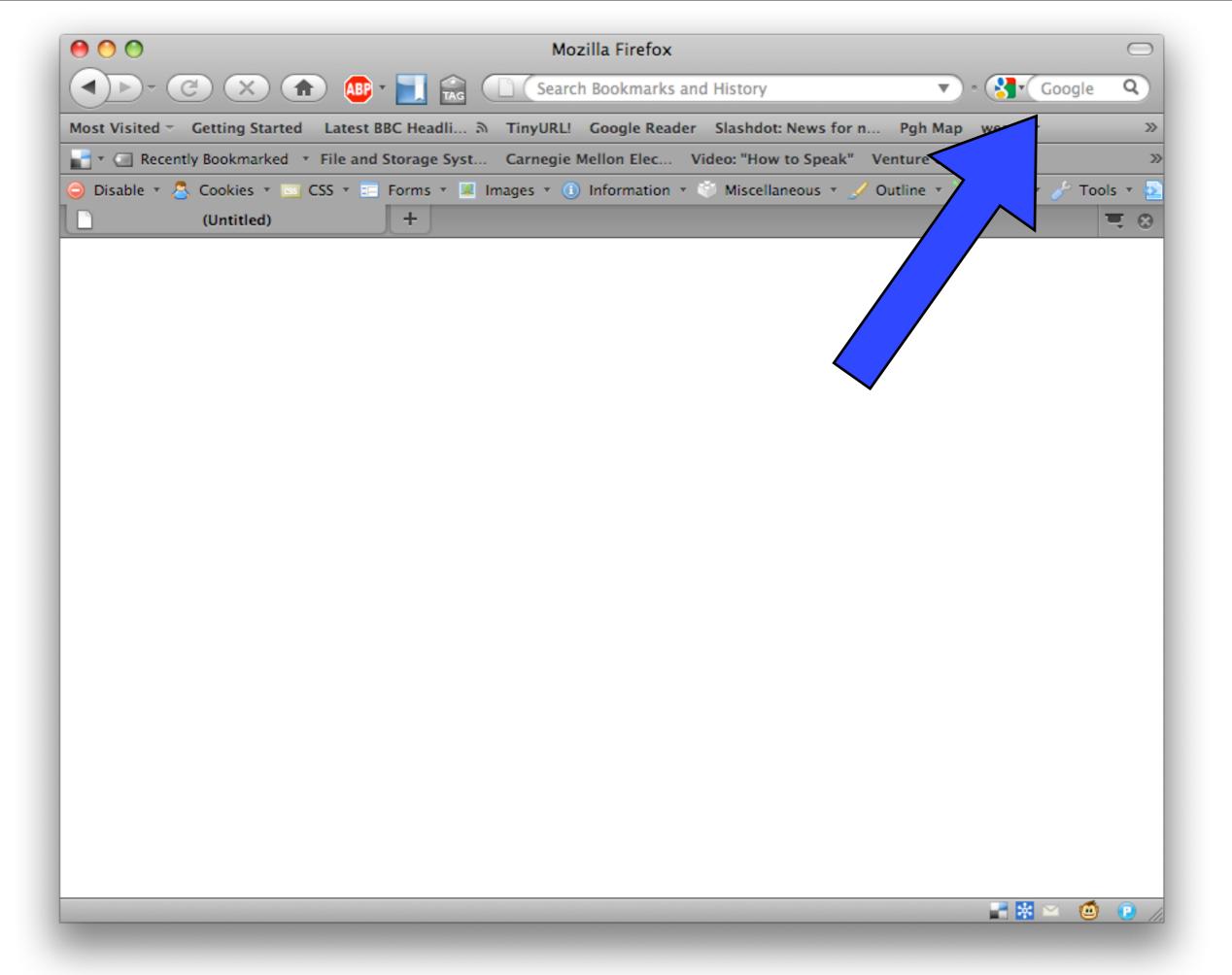
- Huge amounts of computing are now distributed...
 - A few years ago, Intel threw its hands up in the air: couldn't increase GHz much more without CPU temperatures reaching solar levels
 - But we can still stuff more transistors (Moore's Law)
 - Result: Multi-core and GPUs.
 - Result 2: Your computer has become a parallel/distributed system. In a decade, it may have 128 cores.
- Oh, yeah, and that whole Internet thing...
 - my phone syncs its calendar with google, which i can get on my desktop with a web browser, ...
 - (That phone has the computing power of a desktop from 10 years ago and communicates wirelessly at a rate 5x faster than the average american home could in 1999.)
 - Stunningly impressive capabilities now seem mundane. But *lots* of great stuff going on under the hood...
 - Most things are distributed, and more each day

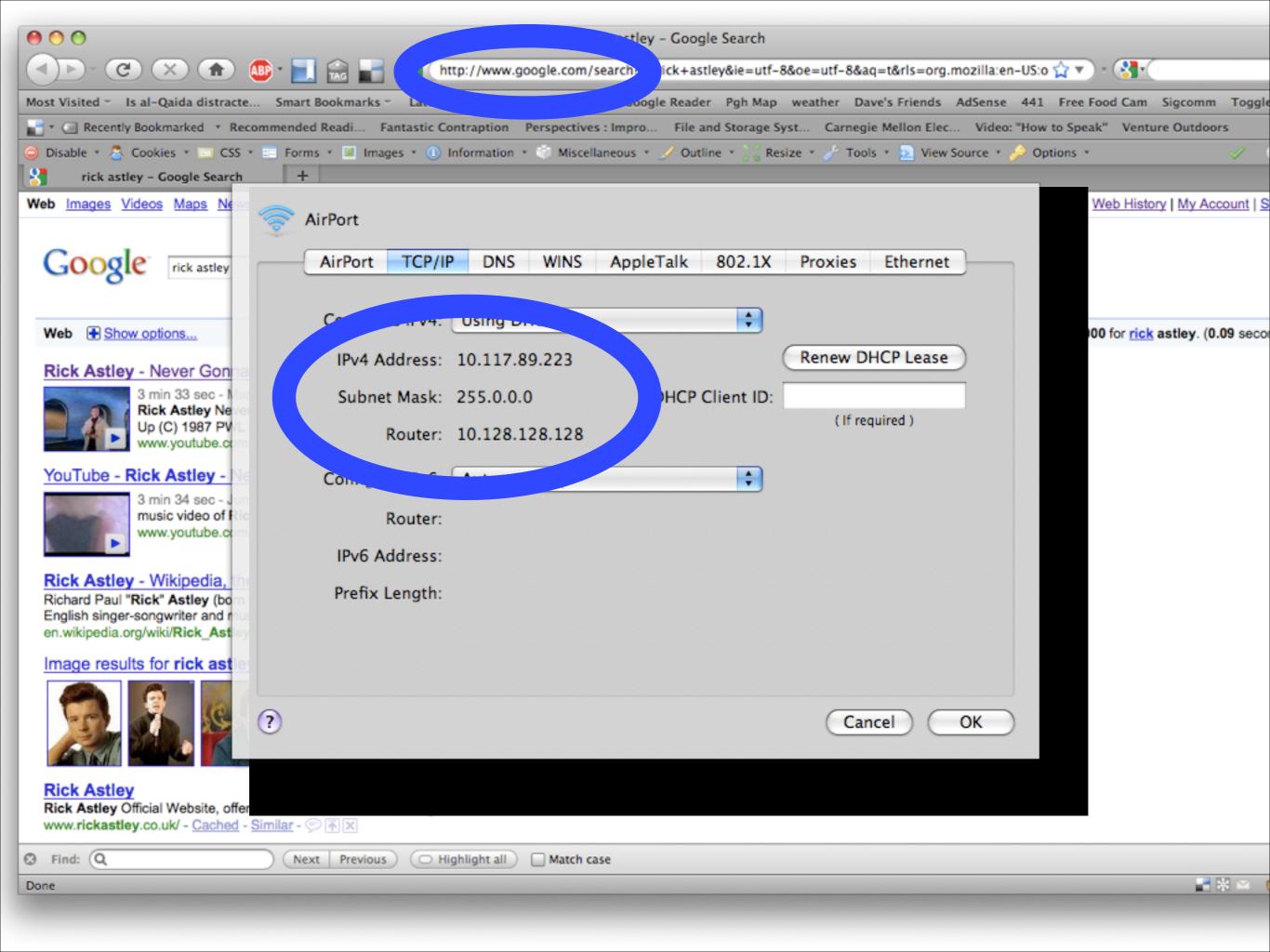
If you find yourself ...

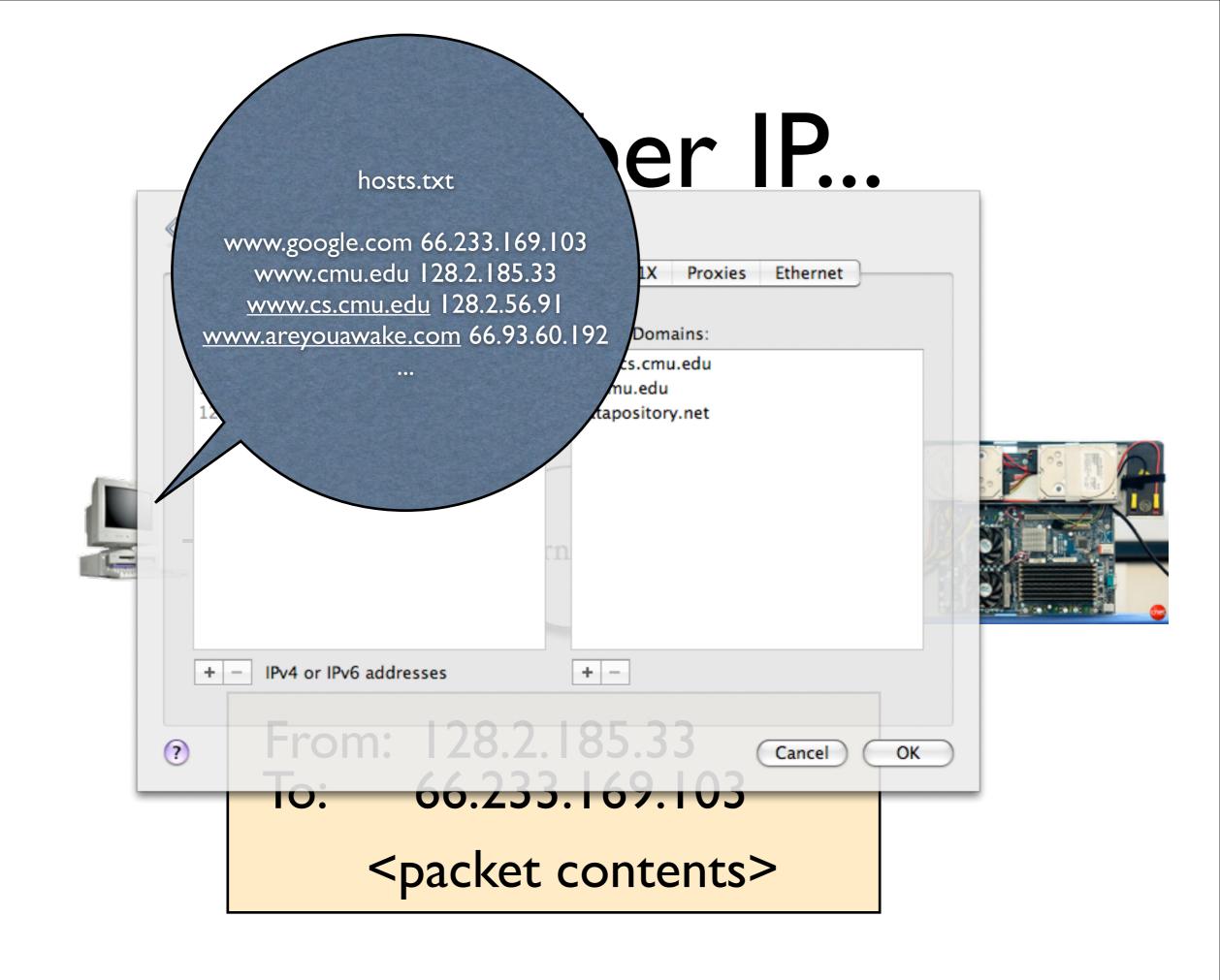
- In hollywood....
 - ... rendering videos on clusters of 10s of 1000s of nodes?
 - Or getting terabytes of digital footage from on-location to post-processing?
- On wall street...
 - tanking our economy with powerful simulations running on large clusters of machines
 - For II years, the NYSE ran software from cornell systems folks to update trade data
- In biochem...
 - using protein folding models that require supercomputers to run
- In gaming...
 - Writing really bad distributed systems to enable MMOs to crash on a regular basis
- not to mention the obvious places

Enough advertising

- Let's look at one real distributed system
- That's drastically more complex than it might seem from the web browser...







Domain Name System

. DNS server



CMU DNS server



who is www.google.com?

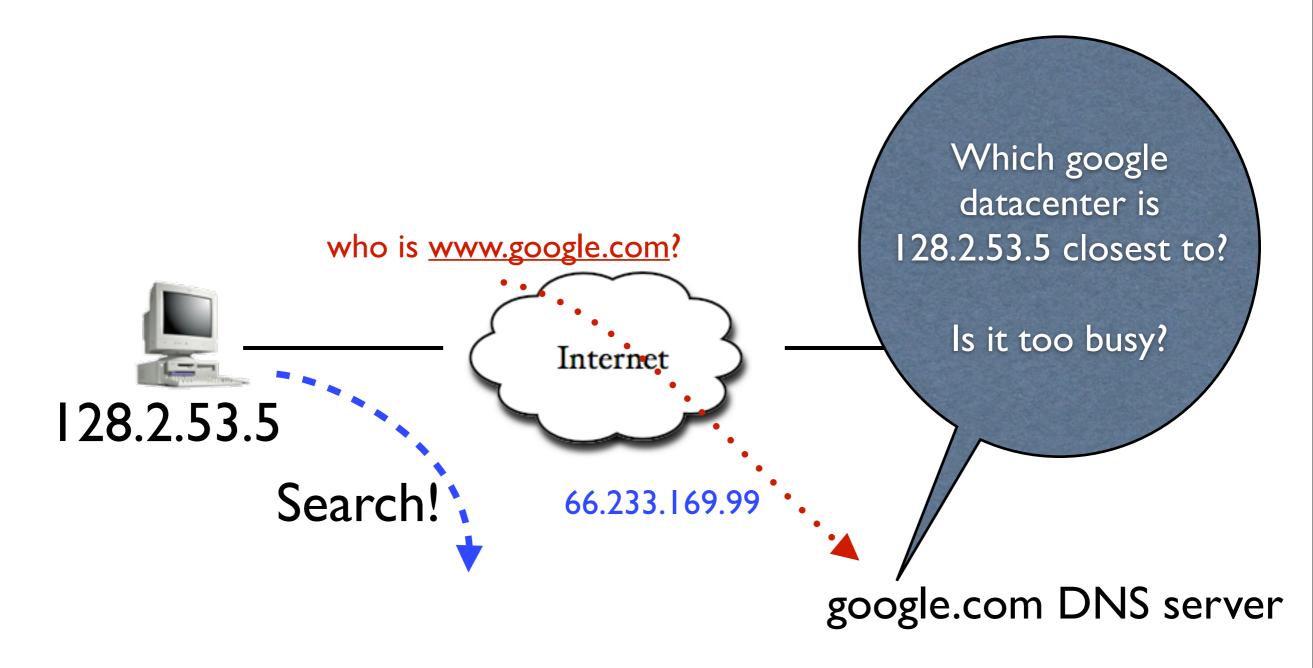
ask the goods com guy (IP)Com DIVS server

Decentralized - admins update own domains without coordinating with other domains

Scalable - used for hundreds of millions of domains

Robust - handles load and failures wells le.com DNS server

But there's more...



A Google Datacenter





How big? Perhaps one million+ machines

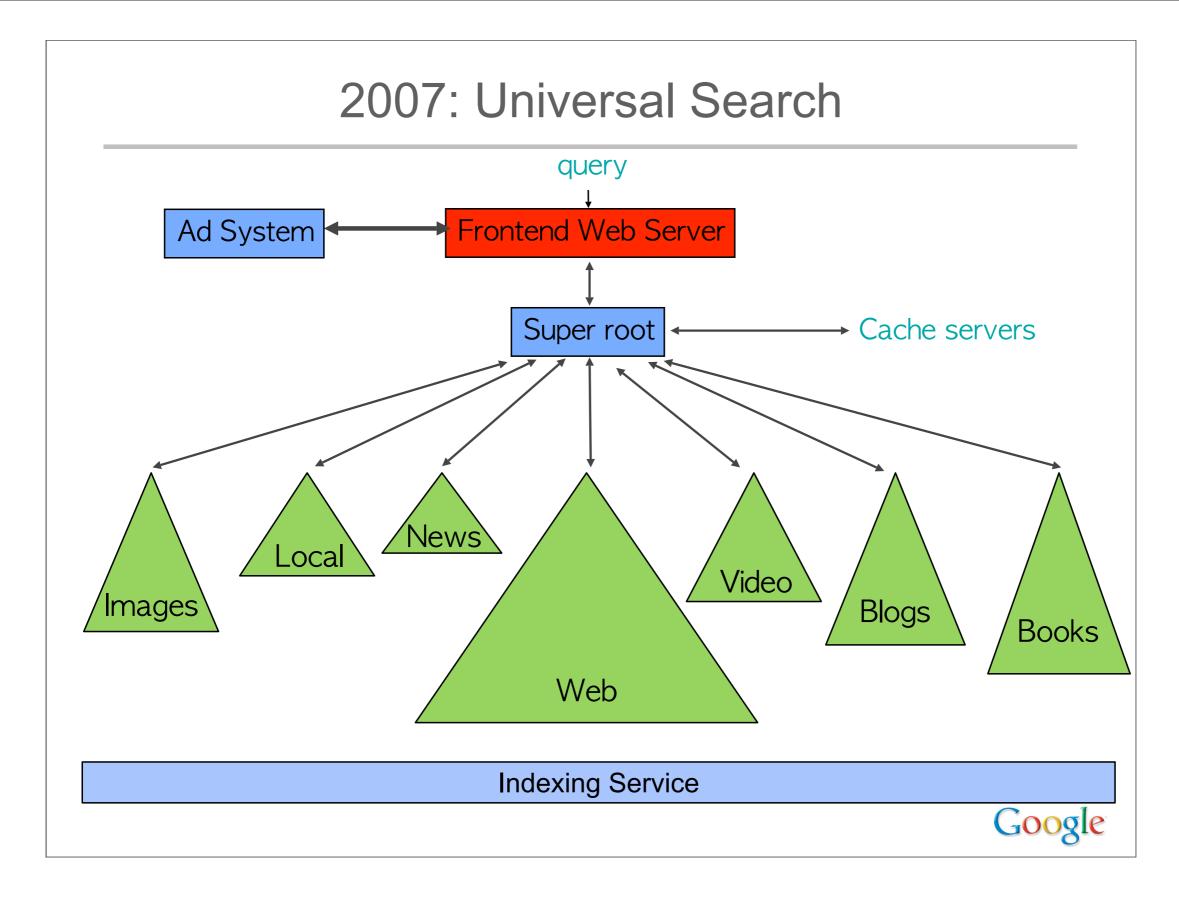
but it's not that bad...

usually don't use more than **20,000** machines to accomplish a single task. [2009, probably out of date]

Rick Astley?

Front-end

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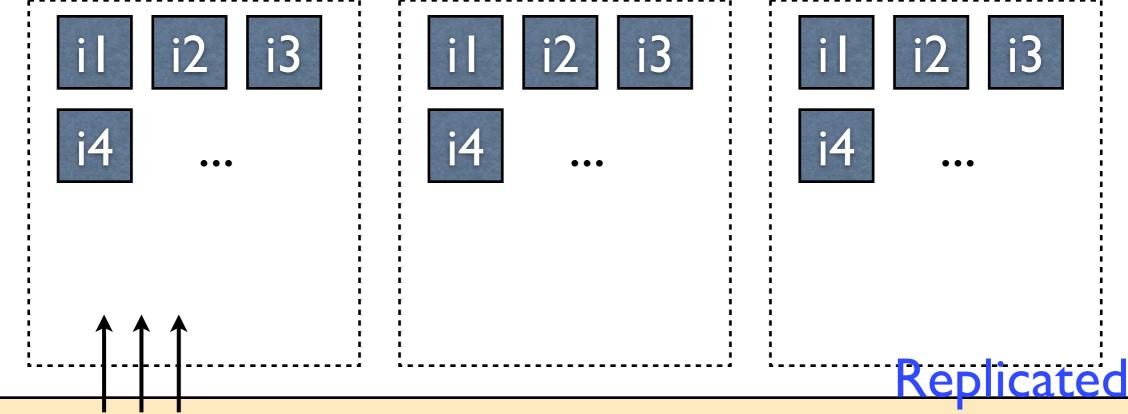


slide from Jeff Dean, Google

Front-end

Split into chunks: make single queries faster

Replicate: Handle load



GFS distributed filesystem

Consistent Fast

How do you index the web?

- There are over I trillion unique URLs
- 2. Buil Billions of unique web pages
- 3. Pr Hundreds of millions of websites 30?? terabytes of text

- Crawling -- download those web pages
- Indexing -- harness 10s of thousands of machines to do it
- Profiting -- we leave that to you.

"Data-Intensive Computing"

MapReduce / Hadoop

Data Why? Hiding details of programming 10,000 Chunl machines!

Programmer writes two simple functions:

map (data item) -> list(tmp values) reduce (list(tmp values)) -> list(out values)

MapReduce system balances load, handles failures, starts job, collects results, etc.

Storage

Transformation Aggregation

All that...

- Hundreds of DNS servers
- Protocols on protocols
- Distributed network of Internet routers to get packets around the globe
- Hundreds of thousands of servers
- ... to find one bad video in under 1/2 second