

1 This is a section

This is an inline equation: $x^2 = -1$.

This is a centered equation:

$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2.$$

This is a numbered equation:

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n} = 0. \quad (1)$$

This is a multiple line equation:

$$\int_0^1 2x \, dx = x^2 \Big|_{x=0}^1 \quad (2)$$

$$= 1 \quad (3)$$

This is how to cite the above equation: (1) & 2.

Theorem 1. *This is a theorem environment.*

Corollary 2. *This is a theorem-like environments.*

This is how to cite the above theorem: 1 & 2.

Proof. Here goes the proof. □

This is how to cite references: [2, 3], [1].

2 This is another section

This is an input file.

$$a + b = c \quad (4)$$

$$= d + e \quad (5)$$

References

- [1] Albert Einstein. Zur Elektrodynamik bewegter Körper. (German) [On the electrodynamics of moving bodies]. *Annalen der Physik*, 322(10):891–921, 1905.
- [2] Michel Goossens, Frank Mittelbach, and Alexander Samarin. *The L^AT_EX Companion*. Addison-Wesley, Reading, Massachusetts, 1993.
- [3] Donald Knuth. Knuth: Computers and typesetting.