

15-826: Multimedia Databases and Data Mining

Lecture #9: Fractals – examples & algo's

C. Faloutsos



 Christos Faloutsos and Ibrahim Kamel, <u>Beyond Uniformity and Independence:</u> <u>Analysis of R-trees Using the Concept of</u> <u>Fractal Dimension</u>, Proc. ACM SIGACT-SIGMOD-SIGART PODS, May 1994, pp. 4-13, Minneapolis, MN.

Must-read Material

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Recommended Material

optional, but very useful:

- Manfred Schroeder Fractals, Chaos, Power Laws: Minutes from an Infinite Paradise
 W.H. Freeman and Company, 1991
 - Chapter 10: boxcounting method
 - Chapter 1: Sierpinski triangle

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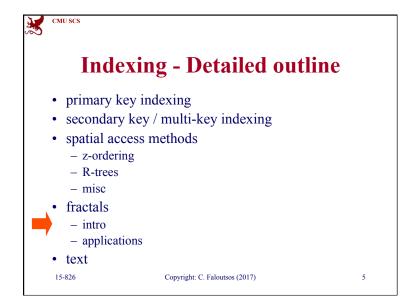


Outline

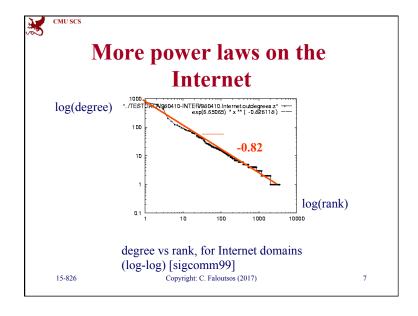
Goal: 'Find similar / interesting things'

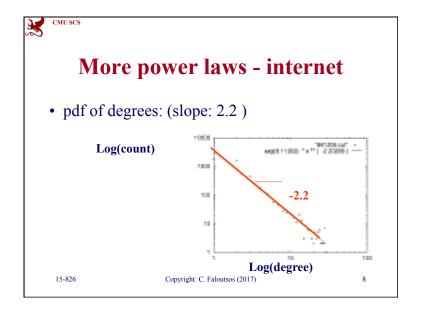
- Intro to DB
- - Indexing similarity search
 - Data Mining

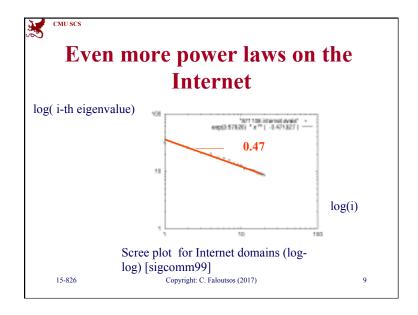
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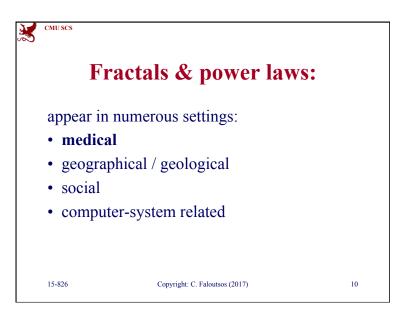


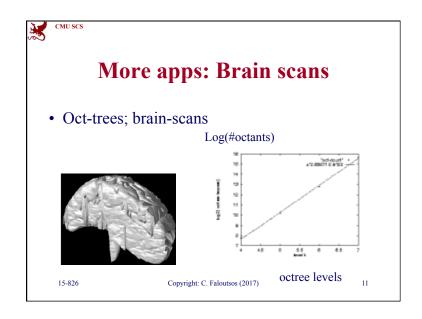


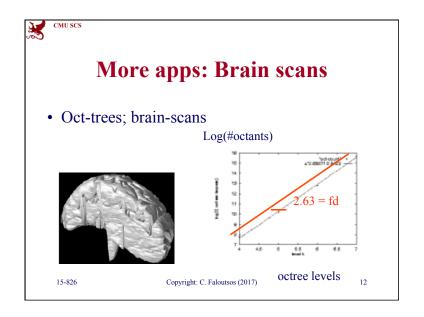




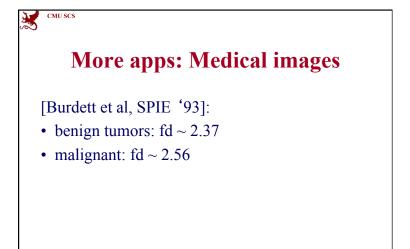






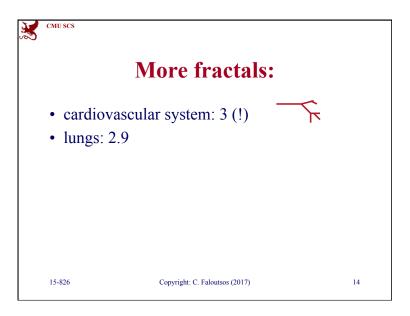


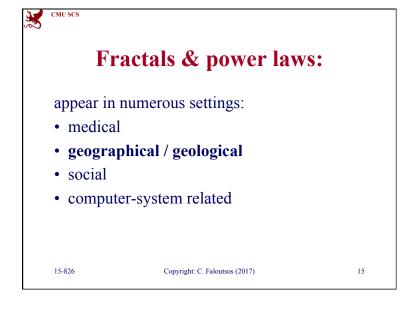
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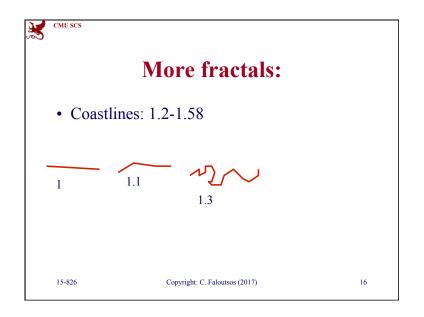


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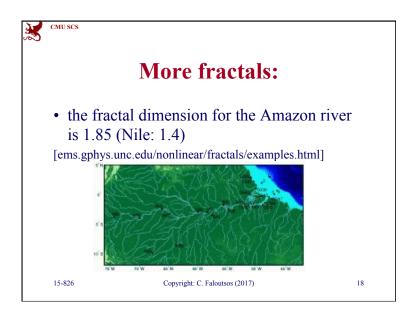
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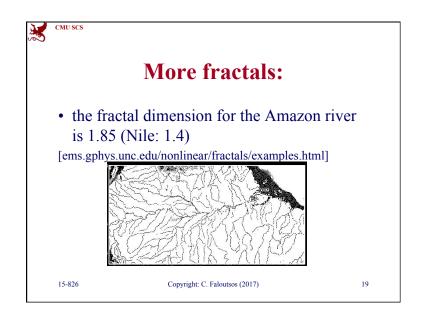


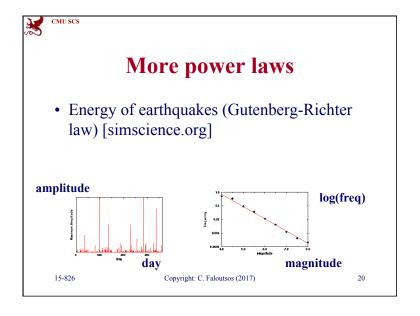


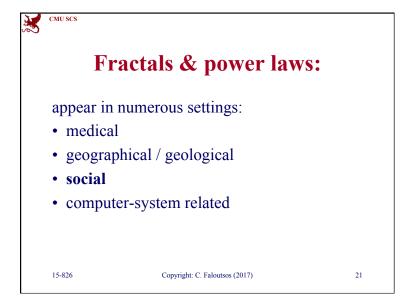


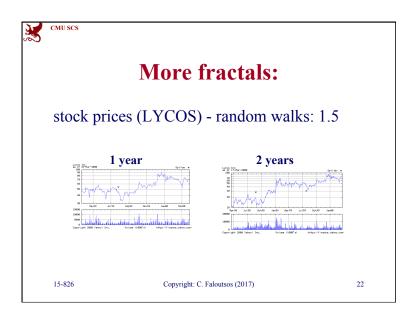


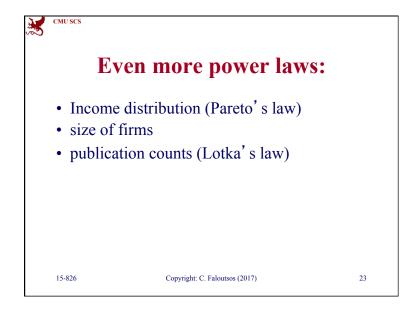


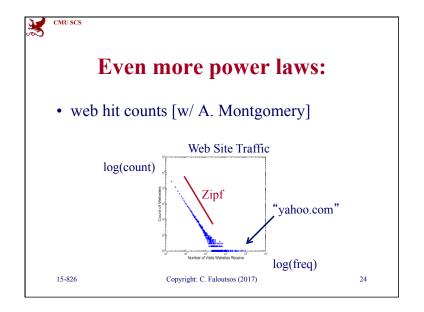


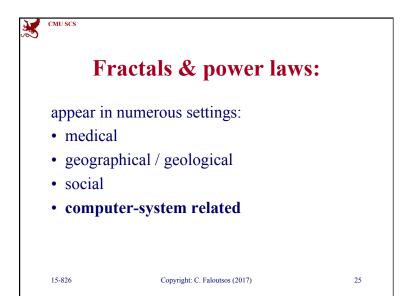


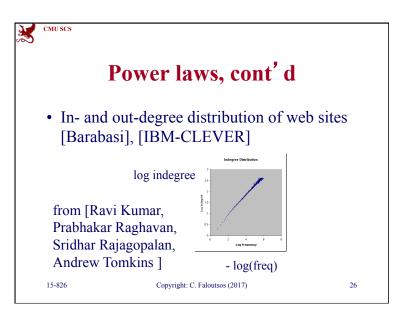


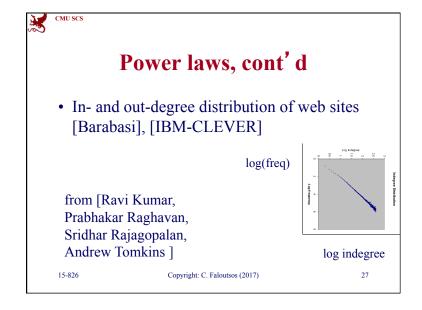


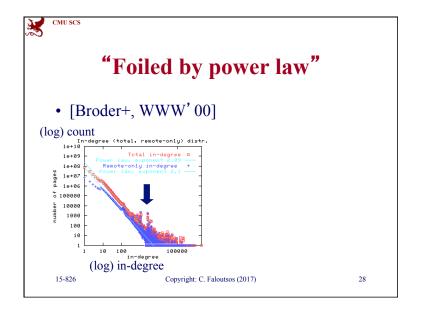




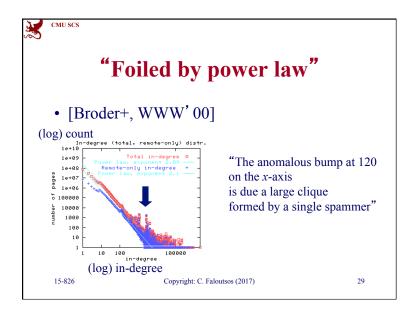


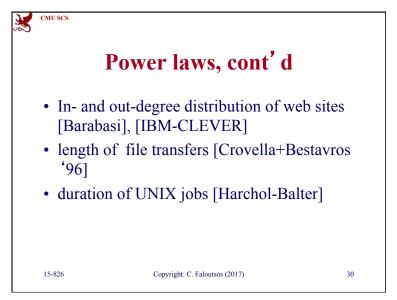


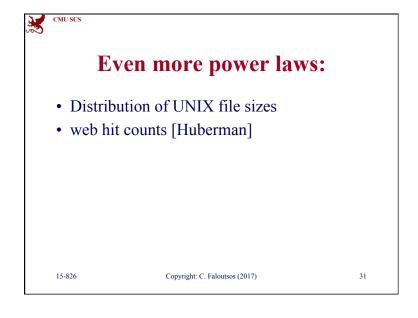




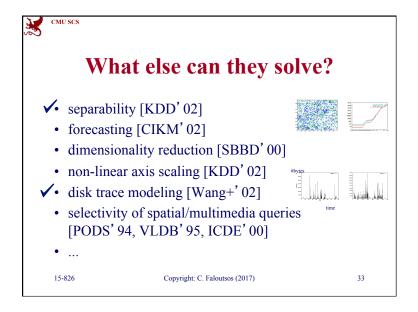
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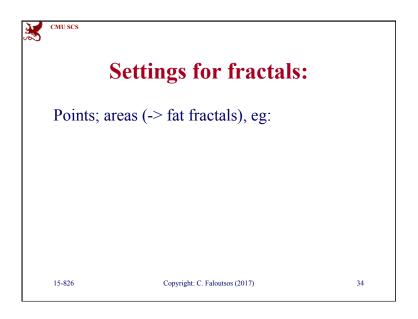


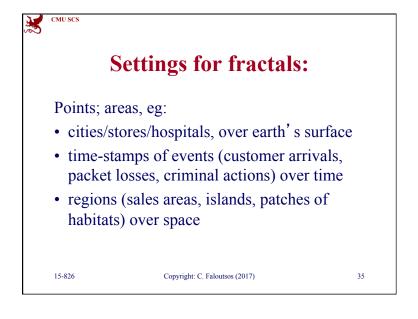


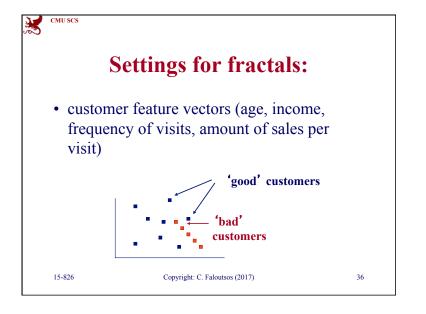














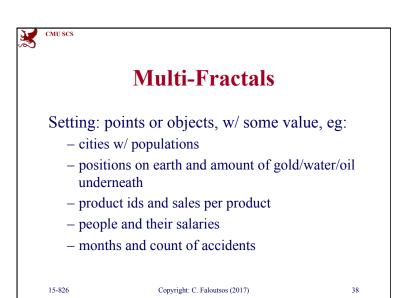
Some uses of fractals:

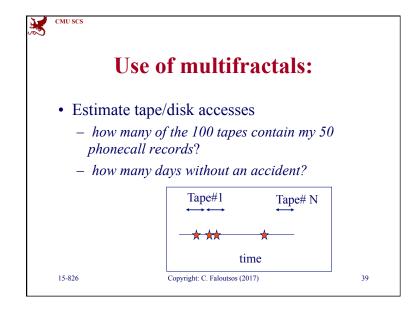
- Detect non-existence of rules (if points are uniform)
- Detect non-homogeneous regions (eg., legal login time-stamps may have different fd than intruders')
- Estimate number of neighbors / customers / competitors within a radius

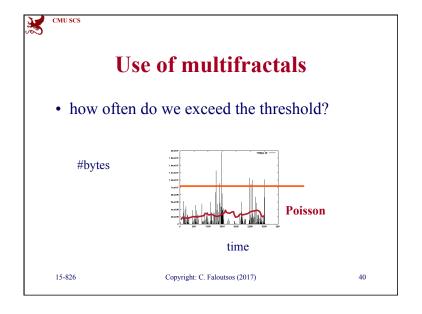
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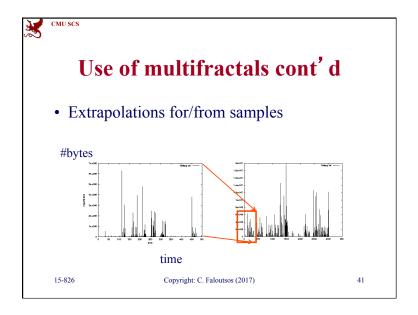
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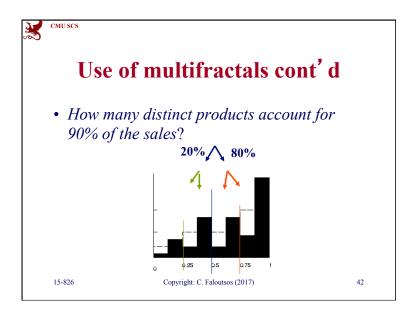
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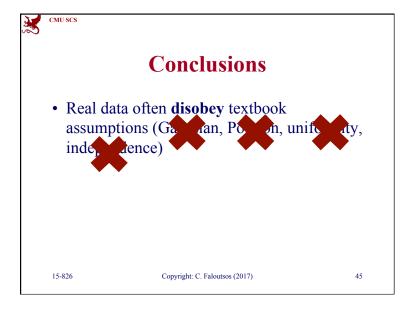




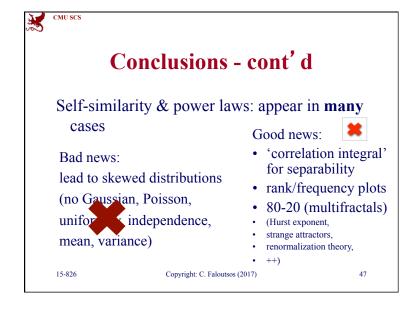


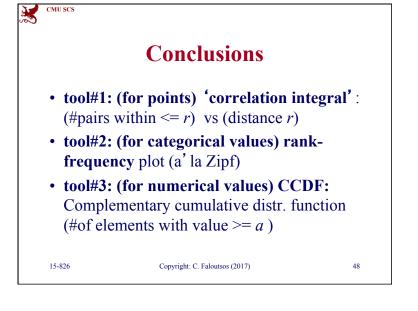


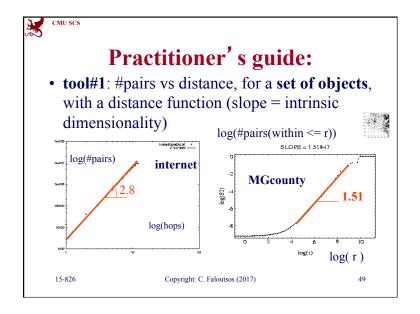


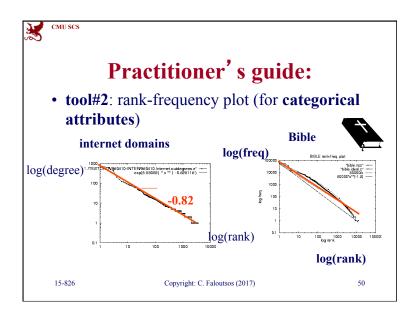


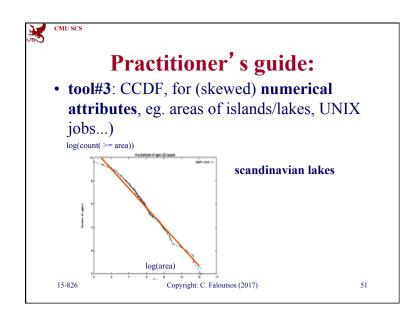


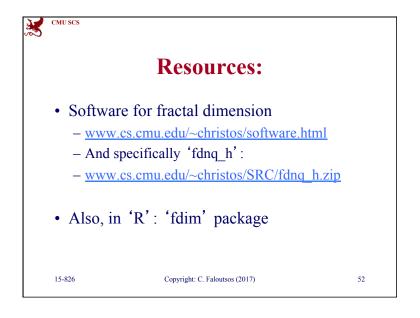














Books

- Strongly recommended intro book:
 - Manfred Schroeder Fractals, Chaos, Power Laws: Minutes from an Infinite Paradise W.H. Freeman and Company, 1991
- Classic book on fractals:
 - B. Mandelbrot Fractal Geometry of Nature,
 W.H. Freeman, 1977

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References

- [vldb95] Alberto Belussi and Christos Faloutsos, Estimating the Selectivity of Spatial Queries Using the 'Correlation' Fractal Dimension Proc. of VLDB, p. 299-310, 1995
- [Broder+' 00] Andrei Broder, Ravi Kumar, Farzin Maghoull, Prabhakar Raghavan, Sridhar Rajagopalan, Raymie Stata, Andrew Tomkins, Janet Wiener, *Graph structure in the web*, WWW' 00
- M. Crovella and A. Bestavros, Self similarity in World wide web traffic: Evidence and possible causes, SIGMETRICS '96.

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- [ieeeTN94] W. E. Leland, M.S. Taqqu, W. Willinger,
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 1-15, Feb. 1994.
- [pods94] Christos Faloutsos and Ibrahim Kamel,
 Beyond Uniformity and Independence: Analysis of R-trees Using the Concept of Fractal Dimension, PODS,
 Minneapolis, MN, May 24-26, 1994, pp. 4-13

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 [vldb96] Christos Faloutsos, Yossi Matias and Avi Silberschatz, Modeling Skewed Distributions Using Multifractals and the '80-20 Law' Conf. on Very Large Data Bases (VLDB), Bombay, India, Sept. 1996.

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- [vldb96] Christos Faloutsos and Volker Gaede Analysis of the Z-Ordering Method Using the Hausdorff Fractal Dimension VLD, Bombay, India, Sept. 1996
- [sigcomm99] Michalis Faloutsos, Petros Faloutsos and Christos Faloutsos, What does the Internet look like? Empirical Laws of the Internet Topology, SIGCOMM 1999

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- [icde99] Guido Proietti and Christos Faloutsos, I/O complexity for range queries on region data stored using an R-tree International Conference on Data Engineering (ICDE), Sydney, Australia, March 23-26, 1999
- [sigmod2000] Christos Faloutsos, Bernhard Seeger,
 Agma J. M. Traina and Caetano Traina Jr., Spatial Join
 Selectivity Using Power Laws, SIGMOD 2000

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 - [Wang+' 02] Mengzhi Wang, Anastassia Ailamaki and Christos Faloutsos,

Capturing the spatio-temporal behavior of real traffic data Performance 2002 (IFIP Int. Symp. on Computer Performance Modeling, Measurement and Evaluation), Rome, Italy, Sept. 2002

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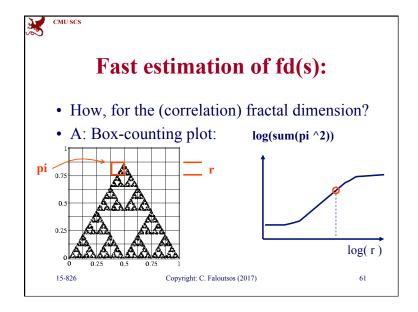
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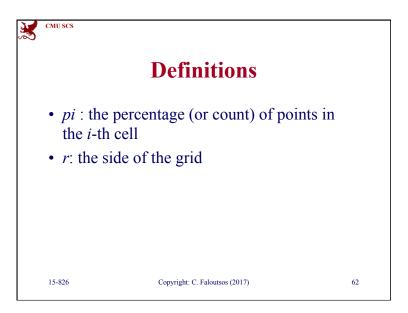


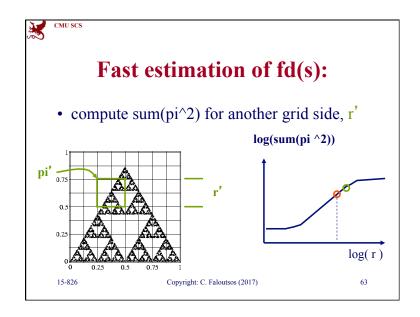
Appendix - Gory details

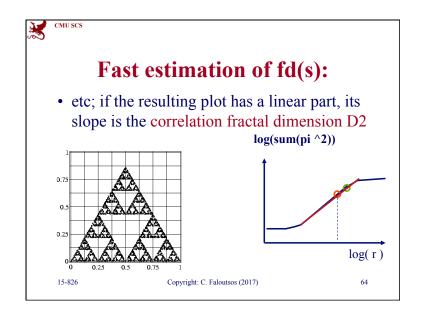
- Bad news: There are more than one fractal dimensions
 - Minkowski fd; Hausdorff fd; Correlation fd;
 Information fd
- Great news:
 - they can all be computed fast!
 - they usually have nearby values

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Definitions (cont' d)

• Many more fractal dimensions Dq (related to Renyi entropies):

$$D_{q} = \frac{1}{q-1} \frac{\partial \log(\sum p_{i}^{q})}{\partial \log(r)} \qquad q \neq 1$$

$$D_{1} = \frac{\partial \sum p_{i} \log(p_{i})}{\partial \log(r)}$$

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Hausdorff or box-counting fd:

- Box counting plot: Log(N (r)) vs Log (r)
- r: grid side
- N (r): count of non-empty cells
- (Hausdorff) fractal dimension D0:

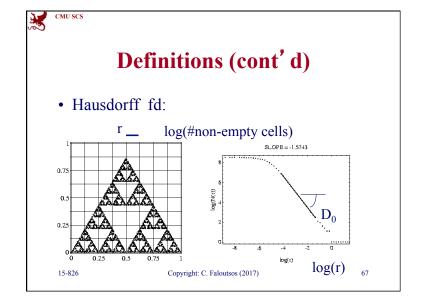
$$D_0 = -\frac{\partial \log(N(r))}{\partial \log(r)}$$

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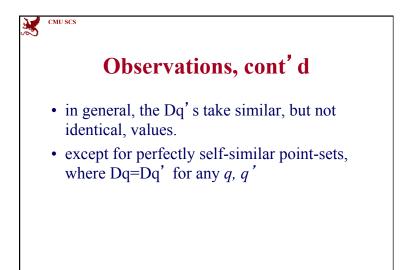


Observations

- q=0: Hausdorff fractal dimension
- q=2: Correlation fractal dimension (identical to the exponent of the number of neighbors vs radius)
- q=1: Information fractal dimension

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