

Database Project (SWE3033) (Fall 2023)

Homework #4 (50pts, Due date: 10/11)

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Instruction: In this homework, we provide you with a jupyter notebook file (DBP_Homework4.ipynb). You should follow the instructions in these documents carefully.

Submit two files as follows:

- DBP_Homework4_StudentID.zip
- DBP_Homework4_StudentID.ipynb
- DBP_Homework4_StudentID.pdf

1. [10pts] Calculate the visit frequency for each user to the places James and Mary visited.
 - a. Places that James visited:
 - ['E-mart', 'Starbucks', 'GS25', 'Starbucks', 'HomePlus', 'CU']
 - b. Places that Mary visited:
 - ['Starbucks', 'E-mart', 'Starbucks', 'LotteMart', 'LotteMart']

[Answer]

Enter your code and result here. You must show your result (captured image).



```
1. [10pts] Calculate the visit frequency for each user to the places James and Mary visited.

#### EDIT HERE ####

# Convert python variable to RDD (HINT: parallelize())
james = sc.parallelize(['E-mart', 'Starbucks', 'GS25', 'Starbucks', 'HomePlus', 'CU'])
mary = sc.parallelize(['Starbucks', 'E-mart', 'Starbucks', 'LotteMart', 'LotteMart'])

james_visit_countByValue = james.countByValue()
mary_visit_countByValue = mary.countByValue()

#####

print("James:", james_visit_countByValue)
print("Mary:", mary_visit_countByValue)

James: defaultdict(<class 'int'>, {'E-mart': 1, 'Starbucks': 2, 'GS25': 1, 'HomePlus': 1, 'CU': 1})
Mary: defaultdict(<class 'int'>, {'Starbucks': 2, 'E-mart': 1, 'LotteMart': 2})
```

2. [20pts] Count the number of words in the given data using the following two operations and explain the difference between the two operations.

Data:

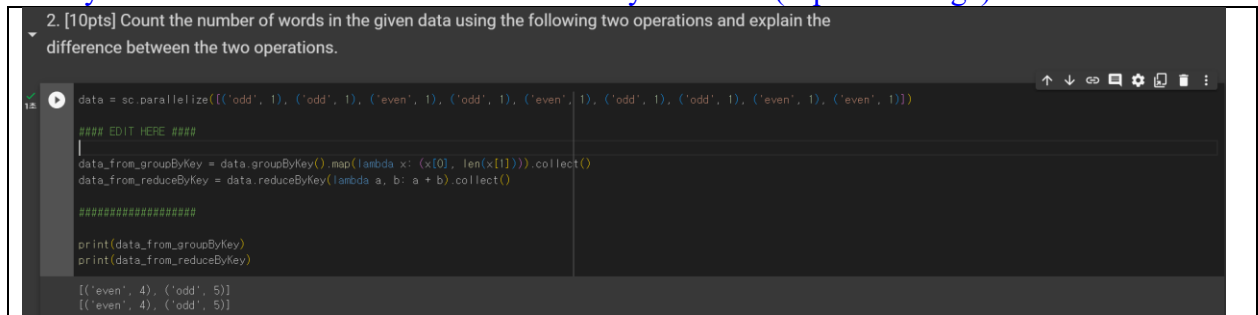
[('odd', 1), ('odd', 1), ('even', 1), ('odd', 1), ('even', 1), ('odd', 1), ('odd', 1), ('even', 1), ('even', 1)]

- a. groupByKey()
- b. reduceByKey()
- c. Explain the difference between the two operations.

[Answer]

a)	<code>[('even', 4), ('odd', 5)]</code>
b)	<code>[('even', 4), ('odd', 5)]</code>
c)	<p><code>[groupByKey()]</code> This operation groups the data by key and produces an iterable of values For the intermediate step, it reaches <code>[('odd', [1, 1, 1, 1, 1]), ('even', [1, 1, 1, 1])]</code> and then gets the final result to <code>[('odd', 5), ('even', 4)]</code></p> <p><code>[reduceByKey()]</code> This operation combines the values for each key using a reduction function and provides the word count as the result. For the intermediate step, it reaches directly to <code>[('odd', 5), ('even', 4)]</code></p>

Enter your code and result here. You must show your result (captured image).



```
2. [10pts] Count the number of words in the given data using the following two operations and explain the difference between the two operations.

data = sc.parallelize([('odd', 1), ('odd', 1), ('even', 1), ('odd', 1), ('even', 1), ('odd', 1), ('odd', 1), ('even', 1), ('even', 1)])

### EDIT HERE ###

data_from_groupByKey = data.groupByKey().map(lambda x: (x[0], len(x[1])))
data_from_reduceByKey = data.reduceByKey(lambda a, b: a + b).collect()

#####

print(data_from_groupByKey)
print(data_from_reduceByKey)

[('even', 4), ('odd', 5)]
[('even', 4), ('odd', 5)]
```

3. [20pts] The following data represents the songs Mary and James have listened to and the play counts. Answer the following three questions.

Data: key-value data in (music, # of plays) format

- James: [('Thriller', 30), ('Everybody', 34), ('Everybody', 30), ('Billie_Jean', 2)]
- Mary: [('Thriller', 20), ('Sorry', 23), ('Sorry', 3), ('Billie_Jean', 5)]

- For each user, calculate the number of times each song has been listened to, store it in a new RDD. (HINT: `reduceByKey()`)
- Create a new RDD containing songs that both users have listened to and their respective play counts. (HINT: `join()`)
- Calculate the total number of music plays that James and Mary have played in common.

[Answer]

Enter your code and result here. You must show your result (captured image).

a.

▼ a. For each user, calculate the number of times each song has been listened to, store it in a new RDD. (HINT: reduceByKey())

```
15 [12] ### EDIT HERE ###

james_reduceByKey = james.reduceByKey(lambda a, b: a + b).collect()
mary_reduceByKey = mary.reduceByKey(lambda a, b: a + b).collect()

#####
print(james_reduceByKey)
print(mary_reduceByKey)

[('Thriller', 50), ('Everybody', 64), ('Billie_Jean', 2)]
[('Thriller', 20), ('Sorry', 26), ('Billie_Jean', 5)]
```

b.

▼ b. Create a new RDD containing songs that both users have listened to and their respective play counts. (HINT: join())

```
15 [13] ### EDIT HERE ###

james_mary_join = james.join(mary).collect()

#####
print(james_mary_join)

[('Thriller', (30, 20)), ('Billie_Jean', (2, 5))]
```

c.

▼ c. Calculate the total number of music plays that James and Mary have played in common.

```
25 [16] ### EDIT HERE ###

james_mary_result = james.join(mary).map(lambda x: x[1][0] + x[1][1]).collect()

#####
print(james_mary_result)

[50, 7]
```