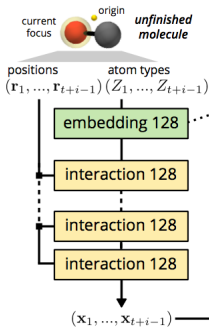


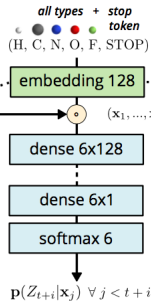
G-SchNet

October 29, 2020

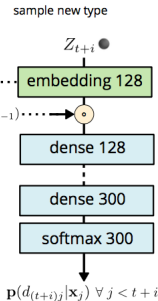
1. Atom-wise features



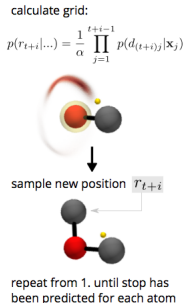
2. Determine next type



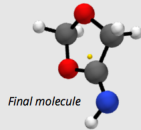
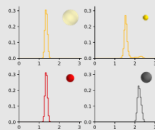
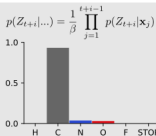
3. Distance probabilities



4. Sample position



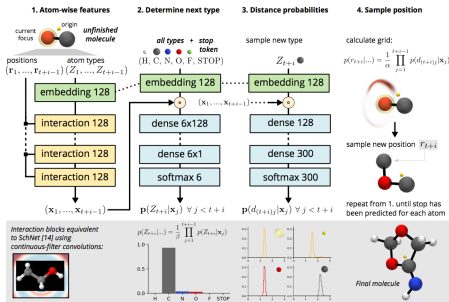
Interaction blocks equivalent to SchNet [14] using continuous-filter convolutions:

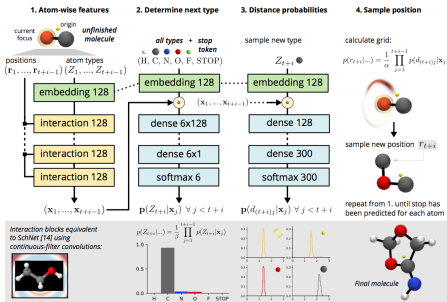


$$\mathbf{R}_{\leq i}^t = (\mathbf{r}_1, \dots, \mathbf{r}_t, \bar{\mathbf{r}}_{t+1}, \dots, \bar{\mathbf{r}}_{t+i})$$

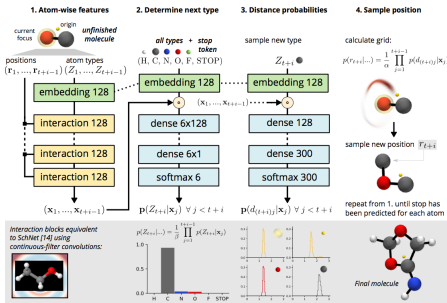
$$\mathbf{R}_{\leq i}^t = (\mathbf{r}_1, \dots, \mathbf{r}_t, \bar{\mathbf{r}}_{t+1}, \dots, \bar{\mathbf{r}}_{t+i})$$

$$\mathbf{Z}_{< i}^t = (Z_1, \dots, Z_t, Z_{t+1}, \dots, Z_{t+i})$$





$$p(\mathbf{R}_{\leq n}, \mathbf{Z}_{\leq n}) = \prod_{i=1}^n \left[p(\mathbf{r}_{t+i}, Z_{t+i} | \mathbf{R}_{\leq i-1}^t, \mathbf{Z}_{\leq i-1}^t) \right] \cdot p(\text{stop} | \mathbf{R}_{\leq n}^t, \mathbf{Z}_{\leq n}^t) \quad (1)$$



$$p(\mathbf{R}_{\leq n}, \mathbf{Z}_{\leq n}) = \prod_{i=1}^n \left[p(\mathbf{r}_{t+i}, Z_{t+i} | \mathbf{R}_{\leq i-1}^t, \mathbf{Z}_{\leq i-1}^t) \right] \cdot p(\text{stop} | \mathbf{R}_{\leq n}^t, \mathbf{Z}_{\leq n}^t) \quad (1)$$

$$p(\mathbf{r}_{t+i}, Z_{t+i} | \mathbf{R}_{\leq i-1}^t, \mathbf{Z}_{\leq i-1}^t) = p(\mathbf{r}_{t+i} | Z_{t+i}, \mathbf{R}_{\leq i-1}^t, \mathbf{Z}_{\leq i-1}^t) p(Z_{t+i} | \mathbf{R}_{\leq i-1}^t, \mathbf{Z}_{\leq i-1}^t) \quad (2)$$

$$\mathbf{p}_i^{\text{type}} = \frac{1}{\beta} \prod_{j=1}^{t+i-1} \mathbf{p}(Z_{t+i} | \mathbf{x}_j)$$

$$p(\mathbf{r}_{t+i}|\mathbf{R}_{\leq i-1}^t, \mathbf{Z}_{\leq i}^t) = \frac{1}{\alpha} \prod_{j=1}^{t+i-1} p(d_{(t+i)j}|\mathbf{R}_{\leq i-1}^t, \mathbf{Z}_{\leq i}^t). \quad (3)$$

$$\mathbf{p}_{ij}^{\text{dist}} = \mathbf{p}(d_{(t+i)j} | \mathbf{x}_j)$$

$$H(\mathbf{Q}_i, \mathbf{P}_i) = \underbrace{- \sum_{k=1}^{n_{\text{types}}} [\mathbf{q}_i^{\text{type}}]_k \cdot \log [\mathbf{p}_i^{\text{type}}]_k}_{\text{cross-entropy of types}} - \underbrace{\frac{1}{t+i-1} \sum_{j=1}^{t+i-1} \sum_{l=1}^{n_{\text{bins}}} [\mathbf{q}_{ij}^{\text{dist}}]_l \cdot \log [\mathbf{p}_{ij}^{\text{dist}}]_l}_{\text{average cross-entropy of distances}}.$$

