

## A PRACTICAL INTRODUCTION

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https://github.com/whiteinge/presentations/ tree/master/openwest\_2016-07\_reactive-programming

#### WHAT IS REACTIVE?

- Declarative.
- React to an event.
- A unified API for sync & async operations.

### REACTIVE EXTENSIONS



http://reactivex.io/

### LEARNING RX

#### **COMMON API**

It is better to have 100 functions operate on one data structure than 10 functions on 10 data structures.

- Alan Perlis

#### **RX API**

- Large API, but...
- Filtering: filter
- Transforming: map, reduce
- Collecting: scan
- Buffering: take, takeLast,
   pauseable/pauseableBuffered
- Combining: merge/concat, flatMap/concatMap, combineLatest

#### **PRIMITIVES**

- Observer.
- Observable.
- Subscriptions.
- Disposables.

## LANGUAGE IMPLEMENTATIONS

C#, C# (Unity), C++, Clojure, Groovy, JRuby, Java, JavaScript, Kotlin, Python, Ruby, Scala, and Swift.

Platform-specific support for Android, Cocoa, and Netty.

#### IN ACTION

```
var source = new Rx.Subject();

var subscription1 = source.subscribe(x => console.log('Sub1 next', x))
var subscription2 = source.subscribe(
    x => console.log('Sub2 next', x),
    err => console.log('Sub2 err', err),
    () => console.log('Sub2 completed.'));

source.onNext('foo');
subscription1.dispose();
source.onNext('bar');
source.onCompleted();
```

### SHORT EXAMPLES

## AJAX REQUEST

```
var mySubscription = Rx.DOM.get('https://api.github.com/users')
    .subscribe(response => console.log('Got response', response));
```

#### DOM EVENTS

```
var domEl = document.querySelector('#thelink');
var clicks = Rx.Observable.fromEvent(el, 'click')
    .scan(acc => acc + 1, 0)
    .subscribe(count => console.log(`Seen ${count} clicks.`));
```

#### SERVER-SENT EVENTS

```
var source = Rx.DOM.fromEventSource("/events");
source.map(JSON.parse).subscribe(
   msg => console.log('msg', msg),
   err => console.log('Stream complete.'));
```

#### **POLLING**

```
var results = Rx.Observable.interval(20000)
    .flatMapLatest(() => Rx.DOM.get('https://api.github.com/users'))
    .distinctUntilChanged()
    .subscribe(x => console.log('New results: ', x));
```

# COMBINE AJAX REQUESTS

```
var combinedResults = Rx.DOM.getJSON('https://api.github.com/users/1'
    .flatMap(user_resp => Rx.DOM.getJSON(user_resp.followers_url)
        .map(followers => ({user: user_resp, followers}));
});
```

### IMPLEMENTATION

#### **OBSERVER**

- A consumer.
- Optional next, error, and completed methods.

```
var myObserver = {
    onNext: x => console.log('Got value', x),
    onError: err => console.log('Got error', err),
    onCompleted: () => console.log('Completed'),
};
```

#### **OBSERVABLE**

- A function that takes an observer and returns a cancellation function.
- Glue to connect a producer to a consumer (observer).

```
function myObservable(observer) {
    setTimeout(() => observer.onNext('Hello'), 1000);
    setTimeout(() => observer.onCompleted(), 2000);

    return function() {
        console.log('Canceled.');
    };
}
```

## COMMON OBSERVABLE SOURCES

# SUBSCRIPTIONS AND DISPOSABLES

Start Listening:

```
var mySubscription = myObservable.subscribe(myObserver);
```

#### Stop Listening:

```
mySubscription.dispose();
```

#### Stop Listening Automatically:

```
mySubscription.take(3);
```

#### COLD VS. HOT

Movie vs. live performance.

#### **OPERATORS**

```
function map(source, projectionFn) {
    return new Observable(function(observer) {
        var mapObserver = {
             onNext: x => observer.next(projectionFn(x)),
             onError: err => observer.onError(err),
             onCompleted: observer.onCompleted(),
        };
    return source.subscribe(mapObserver);
    });
}
```

## UNICAST VS. MULTICAST

- Reuse & share the underlying subscription, or
- Subscribe individually.

### **USE RX**

#### **USE DESCISION TREES**

- Which RxJS creation operator?
- Which RxJS instance operator?

#### MERGE OBSERVABLES

Example questions to ask when combining Ajax requests:

- Output each response as soon as it comes in?
- Output each response in the same order as the request?
- Wait for both to complete and combine them?
- Do one request, and use the result within the next?

#### **DEBUGGING**

```
myObservable
    .filter(x => x.someAttr)
    .do(x => console.log('Passed the filter: ', x))
    .map(doSomethingWithSomeAttr)
    .do(x => console.log('Current value of x: ', x));
```

#### LONG EXAMPLES

#### **CLOSE A MODAL**

# TRACK APPLICATION STATE

React's Flux implemented in RxJS. Full example.

### SERVE HTTP REQUESTS

Use Node.js's builtin HTTP module. Full example.

```
var requests$ = createServer(8000).share();
var handleSomePath = requests$
    .filter(x => return x.req.url === '/somepath')
    [\ldots];
function createServer(port) {
    return Rx.Observable.create(function(observer) {
        var server = http.createServer(function(req, resp) {
            observer.onNext({req: req, resp: resp});
        });
        server.listen(port);
        // Disposing the server observable will stop the server.
        return function() {
```

# LISTEN TO SALT'S EVENT BUS

Using RxPy. (Watch for Salt PR.)

```
def salt events observable(observer):
    log.debug('Starting Salt event listener.')
    event bus = salt.utils.event.get event(...)
    def deserialize and emit(raw):
        mtag, data = salt.utils.event.SaltEvent.unpack(raw)
        observer.on next({'tag': mtag, 'data': data})
    def destroy():
        log.debug('Destroying Salt event listener.')
        event bus.destroy()
    event bus.set event handler(deserialize and emit)
    return destroy
source = Observable.create(salt events observable).publish().ref cour
```

### RESOURCES

#### SANDBOX

data:text/html,<!doctype html><html><script src="https://cdnjs.cloud1

#### LINKS

#### **API Docs:**

- Operators documentation
- The Big List (TM) of RxJS operators

#### **Decision Trees:**

- Which RxJS creation operator?
- Which RxJS instance operator?
- Broad Rx Decision Tree

#### Beginner resources:

- RxJS Koans
- The Rx Book

#### Advanced resources:

Building Observables