Contention and Space Management in B-Trees

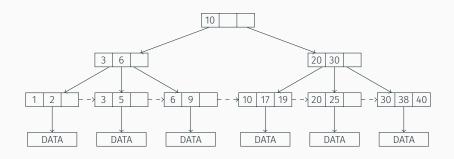
Christoph Rotte

22 November 2021

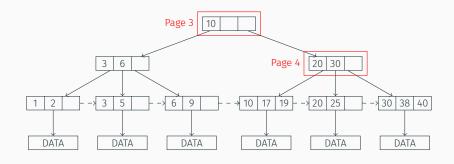
Seminar: Implementation Techniques for Main Memory Database Systems

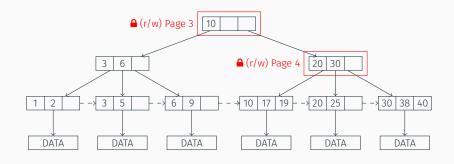
Contention and Space Management in B-Trees

- Paper by Adnan Alhomssi and Viktor Leis (2021)
- Two techniques counteracting contention and page evictions (in B-Tree environments)

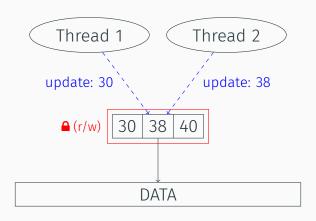








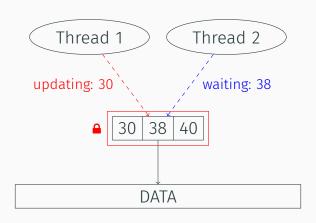
Node Contention



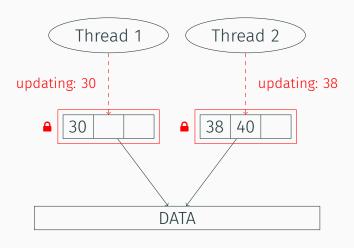
Contention Split

```
1: procedure POST UPDATE (page, update index, waited)
2:
       last\_update \leftarrow page.last\_index
3.
       r \leftarrow random(0.0, 1.0)
       if r < sample prob then
 4:
           Update update_count, last_index, wait_count on page
 5:
 6.
       end if
 7.
       if r < period_prob then # period_prob < sample_prob
           if page.wait\_times \approx page.update\_times then
8:
               Split page.node at mid(update_index, last_update)
9:
10:
              Reset update count, last index, wait count on page
           end if
11:
       end if
12.
13: end procedure
```

Contention Split



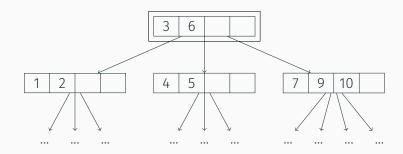
Contention Split

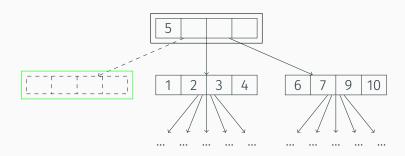


Page Evictions



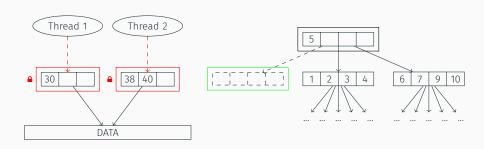
```
1: procedure PRE_EVICTION (requested_id)
         node \leftarrow random \ inner \ node()
 3.
        if not is\_qualified(node) then
 4.
            return
 5:
        end if
 6:
         start\ index \leftarrow random\ index(node)
 7:
        i \leftarrow 0
 8.
        space \leftarrow 0
 9:
        while i < max\_nodes and space < node\_size do
10:
            space \leftarrow space + node.child[start\_index + i].free\_space
11:
           i \leftarrow i + 1
12:
        end while
13:
        if space >= node\_size then
14:
            merge\_children(start\_index, start\_index + i)
15.
            load\_page(node.child[start\_index], requested\_id)
16:
        end if
17: end procedure
```



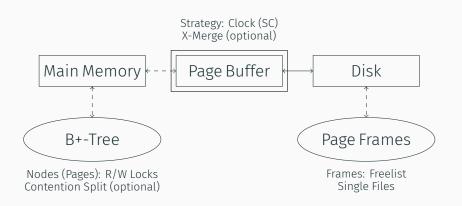


Contention Split vs. X-Merge

Contention Split



Implementation



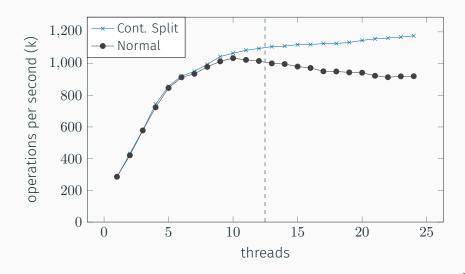
Yahoo Cloud Serving Benchmark (YCSB)

- · Different workloads (with different distributions)
- Possible operations: insert, delete, read, write, update, scan
- Loading phase \leftrightarrow operation phase
- Entries: key \rightarrow tuple (10 · 100 bytes)
- YCSB-cpp: implementation of YCSB in C++

Evaluation Setup | Contention Split

- AMD Ryzen 5 2600X (12 threads) | Samsung SSD 860 EVO
- · Page size: 4 KiB
- · Buffer: holds all pages in memory
- 10M loaded entries + 100M operations
- · Workload: 20% reads, 80% updates
- Distribution: Zipfian
- Parameters: $sample_prob = 0.5\% \mid period_prob = 0.05\%$

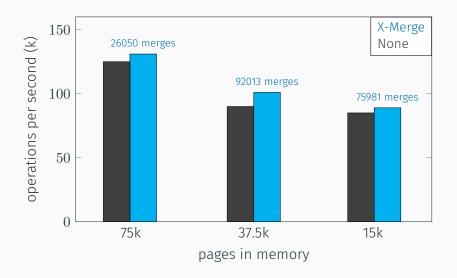
Evaluation | Contention Split



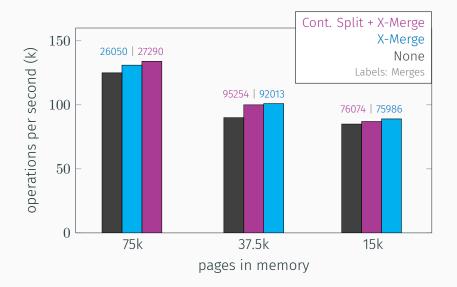
Evaluation Setup | X-Merge

- · AMD Ryzen 5 2600X (12 threads) | Samsung SSD 860 EVO
- · Page size: 4 KiB
- · Buffer: limited memory
- 10M loaded entries + 100M operations
- · Workload: 30% reads, 60% updates, 10% inserts
- Distribution: Zipfian
- Parameter: $max_nodes = 5$
- · Threads: 10

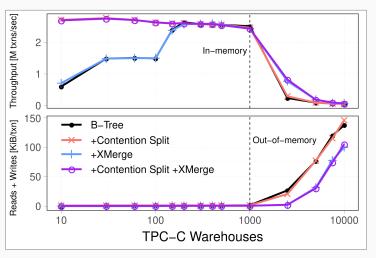
Evaluation | X-Merge



Evaluation | Combined

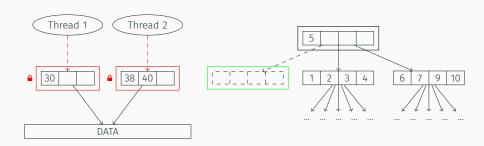


Contention Split and X-Merge in Leanstore



Leanstore: TPC-C | buffer=240GiB | workers=120 (Alhomssi & Leis)

Conclusion



Contention Split

X-Merge