

# Com S 311, Final Exam

Name	Recitation Time

- **When asked to give an algorithm, write pseudo code. Please do not write Java/C program.** Your pseudo code need not handle “array/index out of bounds cases”.
- **For any (sub) problem, if you write “*Do not grade*” (and nothing else), you will receive 20% credit, unless stated otherwise.**
- You may use the following algorithms and their time bounds that were discussed in the lecture as a black box unless you are told otherwise: (You need not write code for these algorithms, or analyze run time): *In-order, pre-order and post-order traversals of trees. Add/Delete/Search in BST, hash tables, arrays, and linked lists. Constructing min/max heaps and all heap operations, selecting k-th smallest/largest element of an array, Merge Algorithm, Sorting algorithms, BFS, DFS, Topological Sorting, reversing a graph, SCC*
- You are not allowed to use Master Theorem to derive recurrence relations.
- If your solutions require the use of any other algorithms discussed in lecture, or variants of above algorithms/data structures, then you must write pseudo code and derive run time.
- **For all algorithm design problems, part of the grade depends on the efficiency.**
- For every graph  $G = (V, E)$ , the vertex set is  $V = \{1, 2, \dots, n\}$ . Graphs are represented in adjacency list format. For graphs  $n$  denote number edges and  $m$  denote number of vertices. Run-time for graph algorithms are expressed as function of  $n$  and  $m$ .
- When asked to **derive** run-time, you must formally derive the run-time. When asked to **state** the run-time, you may simply write the run-time and not derive.
- Useful equalities

$$\begin{aligned}\sum_{i=1}^n i &= n(n+1)/2 \\ - \sum_{i=1}^n i^2 &= n(n+1)(2n+1)/6 \\ 1 + 1/a + 1/a^2 + 1/a^3 + \dots &= \frac{1}{1-1/a} \text{ (when } a > 1\text{).}\end{aligned}$$