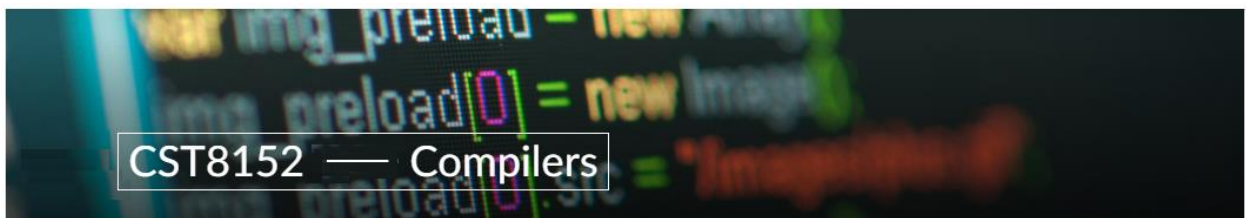




SCHOOL OF ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY

ICT - Applications & Programming
Computer Engineering Technology – Computing Science



A31

BNF - Grammar

Language Specification

A31 Specification



ASSIGNMENT 3.1 – LANGUAGE GRAMMAR (used in **Parser**)

General View

Due Date: prior to or on **April 1st 2024 (midnight)**

- **2nd Due date** (until **April 8th**) - **50%** off.

Earnings: **5%** of your course grade.

Development: Activity can be done **individually** or in teams (**only 2 students** allowed).

Purpose: Define the BNF of **your language**.

- ❖ This is an important activity from front-end compiler that is based on the definition of your language.
- ❖ Your next activity (*parser implementation*) will be based on the definitions given for your language.
 - Start reviewing and **fixing** your definitions done in **A11** (Language Proposal).
 - Then, continue **defining all the grammar** for your language: define the non-terminals and terminals of your language.
- ❖ **MAIN IDEA:** Use the section **Sofia Model Definition** (**A31_F24_YOURLANGUAGE_Template**) to answer your assignment correctly.
 - Change the document to describe **your language**.
 - You can remove elements not used in **your language**.
 - You can include new elements if necessary (for instance, if you are including new datatypes).
 - What does matter is the final consistency between your BNF and the language that you are creating.

- **TIP:** One strategy is checking the code examples that you are using for each assignment and check if they are obeying the rules that you are defining in your grammar.

NOTE 1:

Your language **can be updated** to prepare it better for the implementation. But be careful about some effects.

- *For instance, if you are changing the tokens (replacing), your scanner – see the tokenizer function and your transition table – should reflect. Otherwise, you will have a difference version of the grammar that you can recognize between scanner and parser.*

Task 1: BNF (5 marks)

See the [A31_S23_YOURLANGUAGE_Template](#) document that defines the [Sofia](#) language (or, eventually, check the **Appendixes** in the **Lecture Notes**). You need to create your own language grammar.

- Start defining instructions to define the syntax based on some **basic elements**: keywords, comments, etc.
 - Use the tokens that you have defined in the **scanner** (for instance, INL_T for integer literals, etc.)
- Define correctly **syntax**, including elements of your program, the statements, etc..

TIP: Your language can be reviewed / updated. What does matter is that you can define your own specification, that must be different from [Sofia](#) language.

- Be sure that all elements of your grammar are there.
- Also check the compatibility with your specification and what you have previously defined.
- **IMPORTANT:** In the template, you just need to include the grammar for your language, you **do not need** to solve these two problems:
 - [LR - Left recursion](#) (avoid the recursion without prefix)
 - [LF - Left factoring](#) (your language must have one prefix).
- You also don't need to define the **FIRST** set (the first terminals that will be used in the grammar during the implementation).

NOTE 2:

Sometimes, you can start defining rules using LR or LF. However, you need to solve when you go to the implementation ([A32](#)).

- *If you do not solve these problems, your parser will not be able to work in the end.*

How to Test

The basic tests that you need to test in your BNF are related to the following cases:

- *One method for “Hello world”*
- *One code to use variables (see for instance, the mathematical expression in the following example);*
- *Utilization of Inputs and outputs (including string messages).*
- Change this file (starting with the **name** of your language) and check all BNF rules described here, adapting it to your language.
- **Example:** How to calculate the volume of a sphere (the mathematical formula is: $V = \frac{4}{3} \pi r^3$).
- Showing a **Sofia** example:

```
# Sofia Example (Volume of a sphere) #
main{
    data {
        real PI%, r%, Vol%;
    }
    code {
        PI% = 3.14;
        input&(r%);
        Vol% = 4.0 / 3.0 * PI% * (r% * r% * r%);
        print&(Vol%);
    }
}
```

Ex: GoLang Language

```
package main
import (
    "fmt"
    "math"
)
func sphereVolume(radius float64) float64 {
    return (4.0 / 3.0) * math.Pi * math.Pow(radius, 3)
}
func main() {
```

```
radius := 5.0 // Replace this with the desired radius
volume := sphereVolume(radius)
fmt.Println("Volume of the sphere with radius", radius, " is ", volume)
}
```

Submission Details

- ❖ **Digital Submission: Compress** into a **zip** file with **ALL files** that you are using in this model – essentially, DOC file, but you can eventually include pictures. Also include a cover page.
- ❖ The submission must follow the course submission standards. You will find the Assignment Submission Standard as well as the Assignment Marking Guide ([CST8152_Compilers_ASSAMG.pdf](#)) for the Compilers course on the Brightspace.
- ❖ Upload the **zip** file on Brightspace. The file must be submitted prior or on the due date as indicated in the assignment.
- ❖ **IMPORTANT NOTE:** The name of the file must be **Your Last Name** followed by the last three digits of your student number followed by your lab **section number**. For example: **Sousa123_s10.zip**.
 - If you are working in teams, please, include also your partner. For instance, something like: **Sousa123_Melo456_s10.zip**.
 - **Remember:** Since we have just one lab professor, students from the **different sections** can constitute a team.
- ❖ **How to Proceed:** You need to demonstrate your progress to your Professor in **private Zoom Sections** during Lab sessions.
 - If you are working in teams, **you and your partner** must do it together, otherwise, only the student that has presented can get the bonus marks.
 - **Eventual questions** can be posed by the Lab professor for any explanation about the code developed.
 - Each demo is related to a **specific lab** in **one specific week**. If it is not presented, no marks will be given later (even if the activity has been done).

Marking Rubric

| Maximum Deduction (%) | Deduction Event |
|-----------------------|---|
| - | Plagiarism: |
| Check | 3-strike policy ¹ (AA32 , SA07 and IT01) |
| - | Severe Errors: |
| 2.5 pt | Late submission (after 1 week due date) |
| 5.0 pt | Missing demo (zero ²) |
| - | Assignment Elements: |
| 2.5 pt | Missing demo (50% deduction) |
| Task 1 | Language BNF |
| Up to 5 pts | Syntax Definition |
| Up to 2 pts | Correctness / Completeness |
| Up to 2 pts | No left-recursion, no left-factoring |
| Up to 2 pts | Compliance with examples provided |
| ADDITIONAL | Small problems |
| Up to 1 pt | Language adaptation (missing elements – ex: datatypes / constants) |
| Up to 1 pt | Unjustified modification (if you changed the language, explain why) |
| Up to 1 pt | Other minor errors |
| 1 pt | Bonus: GitHub utilization |
| - | Bonuses |
| Up to +1 pt | Bonus: original ideas developed by language. |
| Final Mark | Formula: $5 * ((100 - \sum \text{penalties} + \text{bonus}) / 100)$, max score 7%. |

Final Message

Remember that your language (your city name) must have a proper grammar (different from **Sofia Language**). Remember to provide the inputs that you are using – they will be especially necessary to the next (and final) assignment.

File update: March 18th 2024.

Good luck with A31!

¹ The plagiarism detection will imply in the “3-strike” policy: starting with ZERO, then moving to course failure or program cancelation (see the Algonquin College documents: <https://www.algonquincollege.com/policies/>).

² If a course requires demos, they are not optional. If a student **does not demo** their work, they should receive a **grade of 0** on that assessment, not a grade reduction.