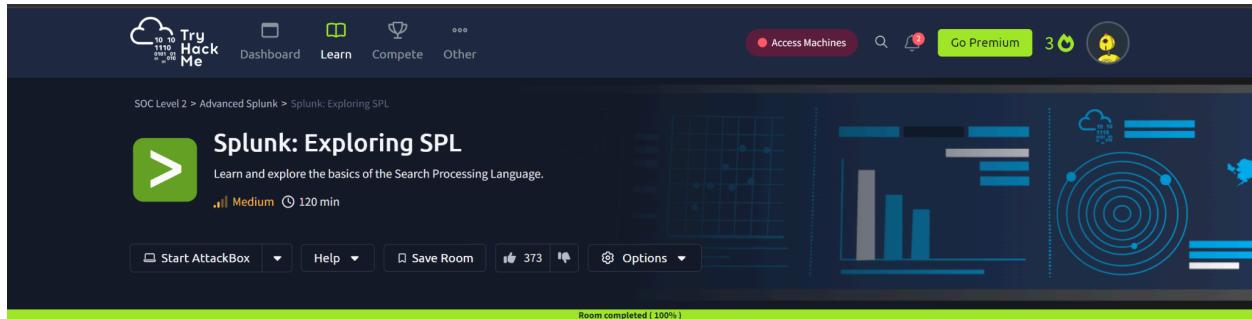


SPLUNK: EXPLORING SPL

ASSIGNMENT REPORT



**Peter Kinyumu,
cs-sa07-24067,
July 10th, 2024.**

1. INTRODUCTION

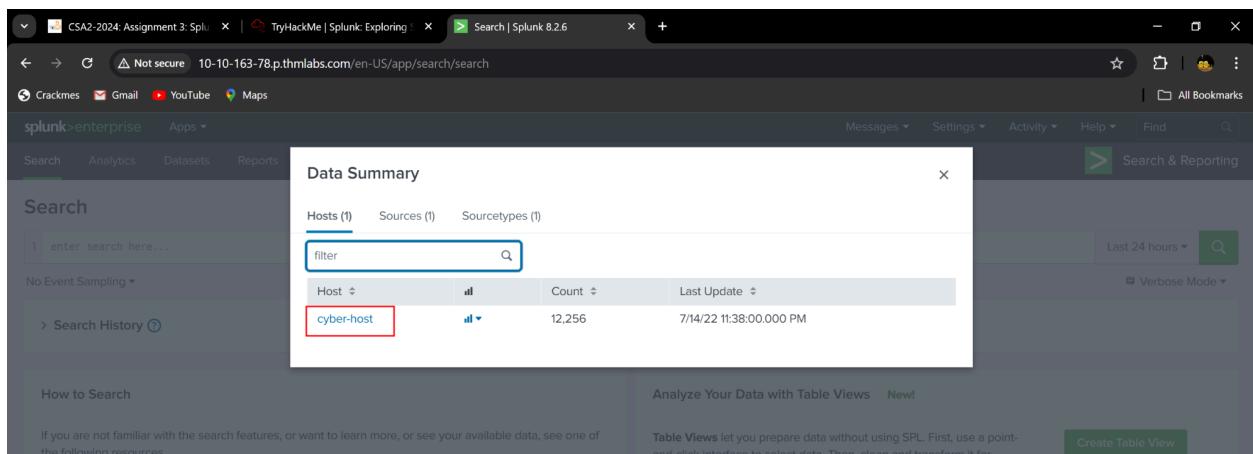
This room explores the basics of Splunk's Search Processing Language, a set of commands with a specific syntax that are used for searching, filtering, manipulation and visualization of log data ingested in the Splunk SIEM.

2. ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

Connect With the Lab

a. What is the name of the host in the Data Summary tab?

- **cyber-host**



The screenshot shows the Splunk interface with the 'Data Summary' tab open. The table displays the following data:

Host	Count	Last Update
cyber-host	12,256	7/14/22 11:38:00.000 PM

Search & Reporting App Overview

a. In the search History, what is the 7th search query in the list? (excluding your searches from today)

- **index=windowslogs | chart count(EventCode) by Image**

The screenshot shows the Splunk 8.2.6 interface. The search bar at the top contains the query "Search". Below it is a search history section titled "Search History" with a "filter" input and a "No Time Filter" dropdown. The results table has columns for "Actions", "Last Run", and "Last Run". One specific entry is highlighted with a red box: "index=windowslogs | chart count(EventCode) by Image".

Actions	Last Run
Add to Search	Fri Jul 15 2022 02:38:18
Add to Search	Thu Jul 14 2022 07:25:19
Add to Search	Mon Jul 04 2022 02:48:50
Add to Search	Mon Jul 04 2022 01:24:47
Add to Search	Mon Jul 04 2022 01:24:31
Add to Search	Sun Jul 03 2022 23:40:27
Add to Search	Sun Jul 03 2022 23:40:14
Add to Search	Sun Jul 03 2022 23:40:05
Add to Search	Sun Jul 03 2022 23:38:21
Add to Search	Sun Jul 03 2022 23:38:10

b. In the left field panel, which Source IP has recorded max events?

- 172.90.12.11

The screenshot shows the Splunk search interface with a search bar containing "index=windowslogs". The results table is titled "SourceIP" and displays a histogram of source IP counts. The top result is "172.90.12.11" with a count of 53, highlighted with a red box. The table includes columns for "Values", "Count", and "%".

Values	Count	%
172.90.12.11	53	61.628%
172.18.38.5	15	17.442%
fe80::0:0:c86e:cb04:bc03:d64f	10	11.628%
0:0:0:0:0:0:1	4	4.651%
fe80::0:0:7976:d2f2:1752:21b5	2	2.326%
224.0.0.251	1	1.163%
ff02::0:0:0:0:fb	1	1.163%

c. How many events are returned when we apply the time filter to display events on 04/15/2022 and Time from 08:05 AM to 08:06 AM?

● 134

The screenshot shows the Splunk interface with a search bar containing "index=windowslogs". Below the search bar, it says "134 events (4/15/22 8:05:00.000 AM to 4/15/22 8:06:00.000 AM) No Event Sampling". The main area displays event details in a table format. The first event listed is:

Time	Event
4/15/22 8:05:56.000 AM	{ [-] @version: 1 AccountName: SYSTEM AccountType: User Category: Registry value set (rule: RegistryEvent) Channel: Microsoft-Windows-Sysmon/Operational Details: QWORD (0x01d68a8f-0x68f75633)

Splunk Processing Language Overview

- a. How many Events are returned when searching for Event ID 1 AND User as *James*?

● 4

The screenshot shows the Splunk interface with a search bar containing "index=windowslogs User=*James* EventID=1". Below the search bar, it says "4 events (before 7/10/24 2:46:02.000 AM) No Event Sampling". The main area displays event details in a table format. The first event listed is:

Time	Event
4/15/22 8:06:02.000 AM	{ [-] @version: 1 AccountName: SYSTEM AccountType: User Category: Process Create (rule: ProcessCreate) Channel: Microsoft-Windows-Sysmon/Operational CommandLine: C:\windows\system32\net1 user /add Alberto paw0rd1 Company: Microsoft Corporation CurrentDirectory: C:\windows\system32 Description: Net Command Domain: NT AUTHORITY

b. How many events are observed with Destination IP 172.18.39.6 AND destination Port 135?

- 4

Splunk interface showing search results for the query `index=windowslogs DestinationIp="172.18.39.6" DestinationPort=135`. The results table shows one event from 4/15/22 at 8:06:02.000 AM. The event details are as follows:

Time	Event
4/15/22 8:06:02.000 AM	{ [-] @version: 1 AccountName: SYSTEM AccountType: User Category: Network connection detected (rule: NetworkConnect)

c. What is the Source IP with highest count returned with this Search query? Search Query: `index=windowslogs Hostname="Salena.Adam" DestinationIp="172.18.38.5"`

- 172.90.12.11

Splunk interface showing search results for the query `index=windowslogs Hostname="Salena.Adam" DestinationIp="172.18.38.5"`. The results table shows 19 events. A modal window titled "SourceIP" is open, showing the top values for the "sourceip" field. The table is as follows:

Values	Count	%
172.90.12.11	17	89.474%
172.18.38.5	2	10.526%

- d. In the index windowslogs, search for all the events that contain the term cyber how many events returned?

- 0

The screenshot shows the Splunk interface with a search bar containing the query "1 index=windowslogs cyber". Below the search bar, it says "0 events" and "No results found.".

- e. Now search for the term cyber*, how many events are returned?

- 12256

The screenshot shows the Splunk interface with a search bar containing the query "1 index=windowslogs cyber*". Below the search bar, it says "12,256 events" and "No results found." A detailed view of one event is shown below, including fields like Time, Event, and a full JSON event structure.

Time	Event
7/14/22 11:37:59.000 PM	<pre>{ "@version": 1, "AccountName": "SYSTEM", "AccountType": "User", "CallTrace": "C:\Windows\SYSTEM32\ntdll.dll+9c534 C:\Windows\SYSTEM32\psmserviceexhost.dll+222a3 C:\Windows\SYSTEM32\psmserviceexhost.dll+1a", "Category": "Process accessed (rule: ProcessAccess)"}</pre>

Filtering results in SPL

- a. What is the third EventID returned against this search query? Search Query:

index=windowslogs | table _time EventID Hostname SourceName | reverse

- 4103

New Search

```
1 index=windowslogs | table _time EventID Hostname SourceName | reverse
```

✓ 12,256 events (before 7/10/24 2:58:01.000 AM) No Event Sampling

Events (12,256) Patterns Statistics (12,256) Visualization

100 Per Page ▾ Format Preview ▾

_time	EventID	Hostname	SourceName
2022-04-15 08:05:46	800	James.browne	PowerShell
2022-04-15 08:05:46	800	James.browne	PowerShell
2022-04-15 08:05:46	4103	James.browne	Microsoft-Windows-PowerShell
2022-04-15 08:05:46	800		PowerShell
2022-04-15 08:05:46	4103	James.browne	Microsoft-Windows-PowerShell
2022-04-15 08:05:46	800	James.browne	PowerShell

- b. Use the dedup command against the Hostname field before the reverse command in the query mentioned in Question 1. What is the first username returned in the Hostname field?

- Salena.Adam

New Search

```
1 index=windowslogs | table _time EventID Hostname SourceName | dedup Hostname
2 | reverse
```

✓ 12,256 events (before 7/10/24 2:57:05.000 AM) No Event Sampling

Events (12,256) Patterns Statistics (3) Visualization

100 Per Page ▾ Format Preview ▾

_time	EventID	Hostname	SourceName
2022-04-15 08:06:38	3	Salena.Adam	Microsoft-Windows-Sysmon
2022-07-14 23:37:59	5156	James.browne	Microsoft-Windows-Security-Auditing
2022-07-14 23:37:59	10	Micheal.Beaven	Microsoft-Windows-Sysmon

SPL - Structuring the search results

- a. Using the Reverse command with the search query index=windowslogs | table _time EventID Hostname SourceName - what is the HostName that comes on top?

- James.browne

The screenshot shows the Splunk interface with a search bar containing the query: `index=windowslogs | table _time EventID Hostname SourceName | reverse`. The results table has columns: _time, EventID, Hostname, and SourceName. The first few rows are:

_time	EventID	Hostname	SourceName
2022-04-15 08:05:46	800	James.browne	PowerShell
2022-04-15 08:05:46	800	James.browne	PowerShell
2022-04-15 08:05:46	4103	James.browne	Microsoft-Windows-PowerShell
2022-04-15 08:05:46	800		PowerShell

b. What is the last EventID returned when the query in question 1 is updated with the tail command?

- 4103

The screenshot shows the Splunk interface with a search bar containing the query: `index=windowslogs | table _time EventID Hostname SourceName | tail`. The results table has columns: _time, EventID, Hostname, and SourceName. The last row is highlighted with a red box:

_time	EventID	Hostname	SourceName
2022-04-15 08:05:46	800	James.browne	PowerShell
2022-04-15 08:05:46	800	James.browne	PowerShell
2022-04-15 08:05:46	4103	James.browne	Microsoft-Windows-PowerShell
2022-04-15 08:05:46	800		PowerShell
2022-04-15 08:05:46	4103	James.browne	Microsoft-Windows-PowerShell
2022-04-15 08:05:46	800	James.browne	PowerShell
2022-04-15 08:05:46	4103		Microsoft-Windows-PowerShell
2022-04-15 08:05:46	800	James.browne	PowerShell
2022-04-15 08:05:46	800	James.browne	PowerShell
2022-04-15 08:05:46	4103	James.browne	Microsoft-Windows-PowerShell

c. Sort the above query against the SourceName. What is the top SourceName returned?

- Microsoft-Windows-Directory-Services-SAM

New Search

```
1 index=windowslogs | table _time EventID Hostname SourceName
2 | sort SourceName
```

✓ 12,256 events (before 7/10/24 3:09:36.000 AM) No Event Sampling

Events (12,256) Patterns Statistics (10,000) Visualization

100 Per Page Format Preview

_time	EventID	Hostname	SourceName
2022-04-15 08:06:07	16977	James.browne	Microsoft-Windows-Directory-Services-SAM
2022-04-15 08:06:07	1502	James.browne	Microsoft-Windows-GroupPolicy
2022-04-15 08:06:48	4103	James.browne	Microsoft-Windows-PowerShell
2022-04-15 08:06:48	4103	James.browne	Microsoft-Windows-PowerShell

SPL - Structuring the search results

- a. List the top 8 Image processes using the top command - what is the total count of the 6th Image?

- 196

New Search

```
1 index=windowslogs | top limit=8 Image
```

✓ 12,256 events (before 7/10/24 3:13:21.000 AM) No Event Sampling

Events (12,256) Patterns Statistics (8) Visualization

100 Per Page Format Preview

Image	count	percent
C:\windows\system32\svchost.exe	1642	38.836329
C:\windows\system32\backgroundTaskHost.exe	547	12.937559
C:\Windows\System32\svchost.exe	426	10.075686
C:\windows\system32\taskhostw.exe	250	5.912961
C:\Windows\System32\BackgroundTransferHost.exe	210	4.966887
C:\Windows\System32\BackgroundTaskHost.exe	196	4.635762
C:\Windows\System32\wbem\wmiPrvSE.exe	108	2.554399
C:\Windows\System32\usocoreworker.exe	95	2.246925



- b. Using the rare command, identify the user with the least number of activities captured?

- James

Screenshot of Splunk interface showing a search results table for users:

```

1 index=windowslogs
2 | stats count by User
3 | sort - count
4 | reverse

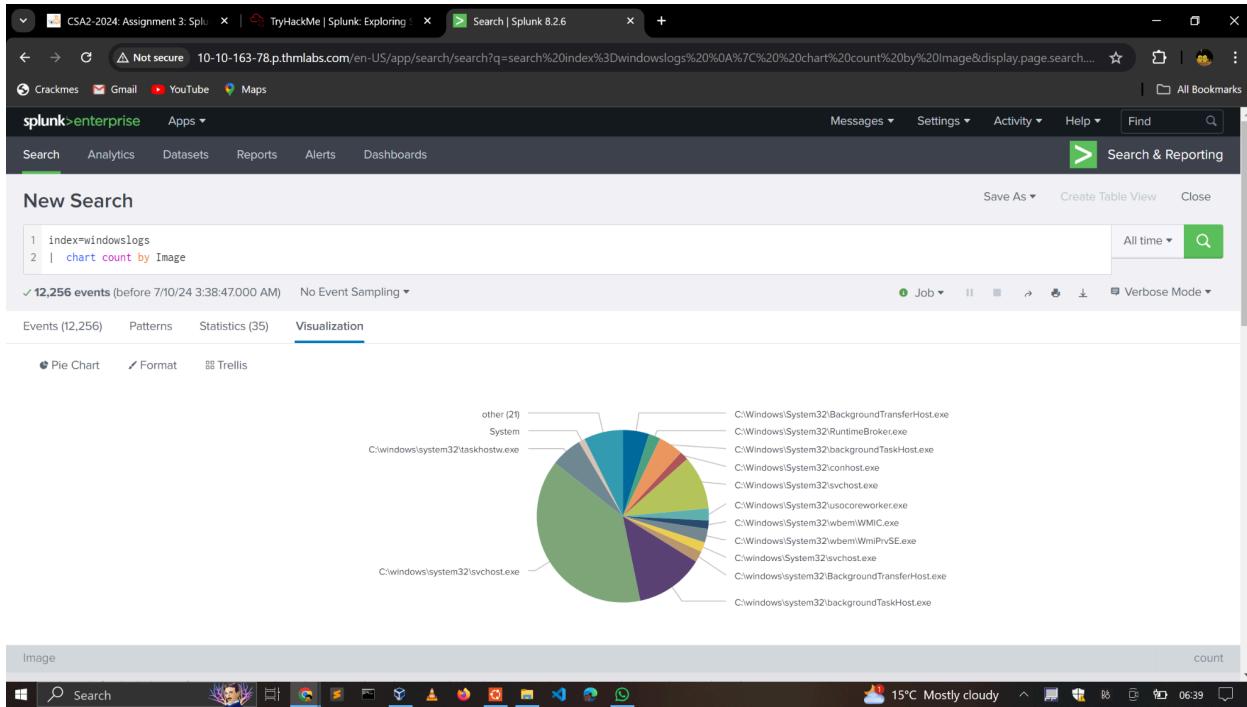
```

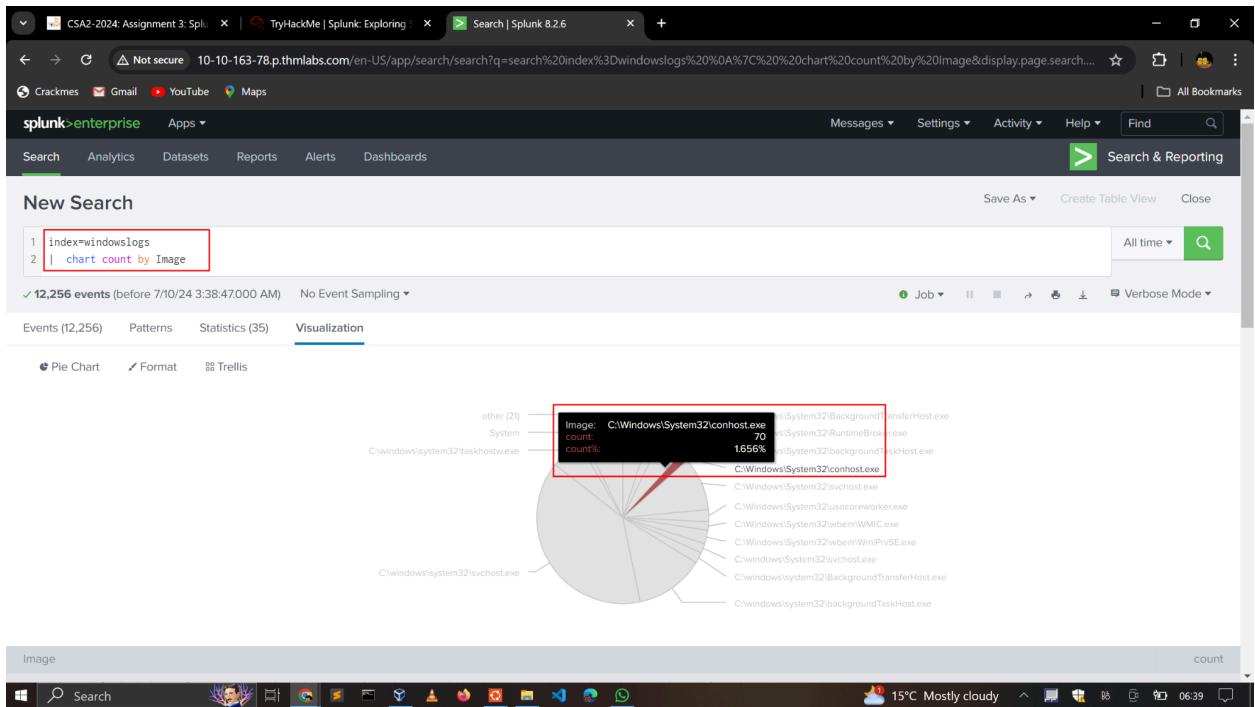
12,256 events (before 7/10/24 3:16:58.000 AM) No Event Sampling

User	count
Cybertees\James	5
NT AUTHORITY\NETWORK SERVICE	20
Cybertees\Alberto	24
NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM	70

c. Create a pie-chart using the chart command - what is the count for the conhost.exe process?

● 70





3. MODULE COMPLETION

<https://tryhackme.com/p/c1ph3rbnuk>

The screenshot shows the TryHackMe Splunk Explorings SPL lab interface with the following details:

- Header:** Shows tabs for Course: Cyber Security Analyst, TryHackMe | Splunk: Exploring, SPLUNK: EXPLORING SPL, and INTRO TO LOG ANALYSIS.
- Top Bar:** Includes links for TryHackMe logo, Dashboard, Learn, Compete, Other, Access Machines, Go Premium, and user stats (3 machines).
- Section Header:** Splunk: Exploring SPL (Learn and explore the basics of the Search Processing Language, Medium, 120 min).
- Task List:** A vertical list of tasks:
 - Task 1: Introduction
 - Task 2: Connect with the Lab
 - Task 3: Search & Reporting App Overview
 - Task 4: Splunk Processing Language Overview
 - Task 5: Filtering the Results in SPL
 - Task 6: SPL - Structuring the Search Results
 - Task 7: Transformational Commands in SPL
 - Task 8: Recap and Conclusion
- Bottom Navigation:** Includes the Windows Start button and taskbar with various application icons.

4. CONCLUSION

This assignment gave me a glimpse of working with Splunk for event log analysis. I have learned how to write SPL commands to retrieve, filter, transform, search and visualize data in Splunk. This knowledge will help me as a security analyst to sift through a mountain of logs generated daily in a work environment and identify anomalies and or track evidence of a security incident.