

Periods & L-functions

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G split red / \mathbb{Z} k : global field A : adèles

$$[G] = \frac{G(A)}{G(\mathbb{A})} \left(/ G(\mathbb{Q}) = \prod_v G(\mathbb{Q}_v) \right) (= \text{Bun}_G)$$

§ Automorphic L-fns

$$\pi \hookrightarrow C^\infty([G]) \text{ with Langl. param: } W_k \xrightarrow{\varphi_\pi} \check{G}$$

$$\rho: \check{G} \rightarrow GL(V) \quad \text{z-graded v.sp}$$

$$L(\pi, \rho) := \prod_v \text{tr}(\text{Frob}_v, \wedge^i V_{\rho \circ \varphi})^{-1}$$

$$V_{\rho \circ \varphi} \quad W_k \rightarrow \check{G} \rightarrow GL(V) \text{ twisting Frob}_v \text{ by } \varphi_v^{-\frac{i}{2}} \text{ on } i\text{-th graded space}$$

Over function fields: $k = \mathbb{F}_q / \mathbb{C}$

$\rho \circ \varphi_\pi$ defines a local system $V_{\rho, \varphi}$ over \mathbb{C}

$$L(\pi, \rho) = \text{tr} \left(\text{Frob}_q, S^* H^*(C_{\overline{\mathbb{F}}_q}, V_{\rho, \varphi}) \right) \quad (\#)$$

↑
super u.s.

This is the L -fn on the "spectral" side (i.e. in terms of Langl. param φ_π).

Q: What is the meaning of $L(\pi, \rho)$ on autom. side?

Before: Reinterpret $L(\pi, \rho)$ as follows

Loc: Moduli of G -local systems on $C_{\overline{\mathbb{F}}_q}$

$V^{\text{fix}} \xrightarrow{p} \text{Loc}$: parametrizes pairs (P, σ)
 $P \in \text{Loc}$, $\sigma: C \longrightarrow P \times^G V^*$

(Naively: $\sigma \in H^0(C_{\overline{\mathbb{F}}_q}, V_{\rho, \varphi}^*)$ but higher H^* .)

So $S^* H^*(V_{\rho, \varphi}) =$ the fiber at P_q of $p_* \mathcal{O}_{V^{\text{fix}}}$

In de Rham setting:

$$\begin{array}{c} V^* \text{fix} = \Gamma(C_{dR}, V^*/G^\vee) \\ \downarrow p \\ \text{Loc} = \Gamma(C_{dR}, \mathcal{V}^*/G^\vee) \end{array}$$

$$h(\text{Frob}, \dots \text{at } p_q) \xleftrightarrow{p_* \circ} L(V_{p,q})$$

§ : Periods

Various L-fun appear as integrals of autom forms

$$f \in \pi^K \hookrightarrow C^\infty([G])^{K=G(\mathbb{Q})}$$

Ham. G-space $M \rightarrow \mathfrak{g}^+$ (e.g. T^*X)

Local Quantization $\mathcal{O} \text{ (eg. } S(X(\mathbb{A})) \text{)} \rightarrow \underline{\Phi}$

Autom. form

$$\downarrow \\ C^\infty([G])$$

$$\boxed{\Sigma \underline{\Phi}} := \sum_{\gamma \in \Gamma(\mathbb{Q})} \underline{\Phi}(\gamma \bullet)$$

If X is smooth, $\underline{\Phi} = \underline{1}_X(\mathbb{Q})$, general: \widehat{IC}_{L+X}

	X	\check{G}_X		$\check{H} = V \check{x}^{\check{G}_X} \check{G}$
Whittaker	$N_A \backslash G$	\check{G}	$\int_{[N]} f(u) \psi(u) du = 1$ (normalization)	$pt \check{x}^{\check{G}} = pt$
Group	$H \backslash H \times H = H$	\check{H}	$\int_{[H]} f(h) \overline{f(h)} dh = L(\pi, Ad^*, 1)$	$\check{H}^* \check{x}^{\check{H}} (\check{H} \ltimes \check{H}) = T^* \check{H}$
Point	$G \backslash G = pt$	1	$\int_{[G]} 1 = L(M_G^*(1)) = L(\ell/W)$	$(\ell/W) \times \check{G} = T^*(N_\psi \backslash \check{G})$
Hedcke	$G_m \backslash PGL_2$	\check{G}	$\int f(a) d^*a = L(\pi, Std, \frac{1}{2})$	
Waldspurger	$T_f \backslash PGL_2$	\check{G}	$ \int_{[T]} f ^2 = L(\pi, Std, \frac{1}{2}) L(\pi \otimes \eta, Std, \frac{1}{2})$	
Gross-Prasad	$SO_n \backslash SO_n \times SO_{n+1}$	\check{G}	$ \int_{[H]} f ^2 = L(\pi_1 \otimes \pi_2, \otimes, \frac{1}{2})$	
Tate	$A^1 \supset \mathbb{G}_m$	\check{G}	$\int (1/A^1) \ni \Phi = \mathbb{1}_0, f = \chi, \int (\boxtimes \Phi) \chi = L(\chi, 0)$	
Theta (Rallis I/PF)	$\omega_\psi \big _{SO_{2n} \times Sp_{2n}}$	SO_{2n}	$\int (\ell) \ni \Phi = \mathbb{1}_{\ell(0)}, f = f_1 \otimes \theta(f_1), \left \int (\boxtimes \Phi) f, \theta(f_1) \right ^2 = L(\pi, Std, 1)$	

Unified formalism: $\mathcal{Q} = \int (X(A)) \ni \Phi \xrightarrow{\otimes} \sum_{g \in X(A)} \Phi(yg) \in C^\infty([G]) \xrightarrow{\quad} \langle \Sigma \Phi, f \rangle \in \mathbb{C}$

If X is smooth (+affine): $\overline{\mathbb{1}} = \mathbb{1}_{X(0)}$, else: $\Phi = IC_{X \times X}$ the "IC function"

Mult. free Hamiltonians $-M \leftrightarrow \check{M}$ Smoothly (affine)

$$\rho: \check{G}_X^V \rightarrow GL(V)$$

(e.g. if $M = T^*X$ iff X is spherical) $\Sigma \Phi$ has geom. interpretation:

$$\text{Bun}_X = \text{Maps}(C, X/G)$$

$$\downarrow p$$

$$\text{Bun}_G = \text{Maps}(C, G/G)$$

$$V^{* \text{fix}}: \text{Map}(C_{dR}, V^*/\check{G}_X^V)$$

$$\downarrow p$$

$$\text{Loc}_G = \text{Map}(C_{dR}, G/G)$$

$$\Sigma \Phi \text{ "is" } p_! \mathbb{I} C_{\text{Bun}_X} \in D(\text{Bun}_G)$$

period integral

$$p_* \mathcal{O}_{V^{* \text{fix}}} \in \text{QC}(\text{Loc})$$

L-fun

Natural to conjecture: Under geom. Langlands

$$p_! \mathbb{I} C_{\text{Bun}_X} \text{ is } \text{vr} \text{ to } p_* \mathcal{O}_{\check{M}^{\text{fix}}}$$

(slightly imprecise)

$$M$$

(e.g. $M = T^*X$)

$$\longleftrightarrow$$

$$\check{M} = V \times_{\check{G}_X^V} \check{G}^V$$

$(G\text{-N } \check{G}_X^V \subset \check{G})$

$\downarrow \rho$

V

(Convection: $p_* \mathcal{O}_{\check{M}^{\text{fix}}}$ corresponds to "absolute value square" of period).

Should be replaced by $p_* \mathcal{O}_{\check{X}^{\text{fix}}}$ when $\check{M} = T^*\check{X}$, some "spectral quantization" of \check{M} , in general

Given $M = T^*X$, how to compute \check{M} ?

$$\check{M} = \bigoplus_x \check{G}_x^V \quad ?$$

Boils down to the local Planch. formula

$$\text{for } L^2(X(F))^{G(G)}_{\text{local}}$$

$$\underline{\Phi} = IC_{L^+X} \text{ supp. on } X(O)$$

Q: What is the spectral decomp?

$$\|\underline{\Phi}\|^2 = \int_{\varphi \in \check{A}_X/W_X} L(\varphi, \rho) \mu_{\check{G}_X}(\varphi)$$

Weyl det. in int

⌈ geometric formulation.

$L(\varphi, \rho)$ has been computed in a # of cases
 $\rho: \check{G}_X \rightarrow GL(V)$

• When $X = \frac{G}{H}$ affine (H : reductive)

[S. - "spherical ps...."]

• When $X = H_\lambda \supset H \xrightleftharpoons[\lambda]{\det} G_m$ $\xrightarrow{\sim}$ L -monoid (e.g. $H = GL_n \subset H_\lambda = Mat_n$)

$\lambda \leftrightarrow V_\lambda$ of \check{H}

[Bouttier - Ngô - S.]

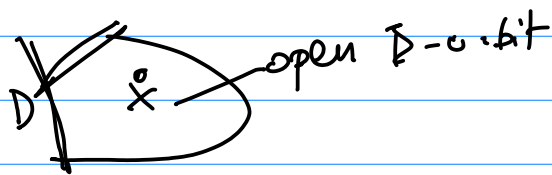
• Vast generalization (w. Jonathan Wang):

X arbitrary affine spherical variety (with $G^\vee = G_X^\vee$)

Denote $\|IC\|_{X_0}^2 = \int_{A_X/u_X} \underbrace{L(\varphi, \rho)}_{\text{circled}} \phi(\varphi)$

Basic input to compute $\rho : G_X^\vee \rightarrow GL(V) :$
 $\bigcup_{A_X} \xrightarrow{\sim} \text{weights } u_X$

What are u_X ? When $X = \frac{G}{H}$ aff



B -stable divisors D : "reflow"

$$M = T^*X$$

each $D \leadsto$ valuation $v_D \mid_{k(\mathbb{A})^{(B)}} \in \text{Hom}(A_X^\vee \rightarrow \mathbb{Q}_n)$

Ex: $X = H$, D : Brauer divisors

$$v_D = \underline{\check{\alpha}} \text{ (simple roots)} \leadsto \rho: \underline{H}^\vee \xrightarrow{\text{Ad}^*} \underline{GL(\check{\alpha}^*)}$$

$$\|IC\|^2 = \text{tr}(\text{Frob}, \underline{\underline{\text{End}(IC)}}).$$

Bezeichnung - Finkelberg : $\underline{D}(X(\mathbb{F})/G(\mathbb{O})) = \underline{QC}_{\text{perf}}(\underline{M}^\vee / \underline{G}^\vee)$

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{SO}_{2n} \swarrow \\ \text{SO}_{2n} \times \text{SO}_{2n+1} \end{array}$$

$$\check{C} = \check{C}_X = \text{SO}_{2n} \times \text{SP}_{2n}$$

$$\rho = \text{Ad} \otimes \text{std}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{GL}_n \times \text{GL}_{n+1} \\ \swarrow \\ \text{GL}_n \end{array}$$

$$\check{C} = \check{C}_X = \text{GL}_n \times \text{GL}_{n+1}$$

$$\check{M} \rightarrow \rho = \text{std} \oplus \text{std} \oplus \text{std}^\vee \oplus \text{std}^\vee$$