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## **CSE 344**

## **HOMEWORK 4 REPORT**

## **Project Structure**

This report consists of two parts:

- Project Requirements: Detailed overview of the assignment's expectations and objectives.
- **Terminal Outputs:** Explanation and demonstration of how the program operates, including descriptions of the outputs observed during its execution.

## 1. Project Requirements

### **Objective**

The objective of this assignment is to develop a directory copying utility called "MWCp" that copies files and sub-directories in parallel using a worker-manager approach. The program should utilize POSIX and Standard C libraries to manage synchronization and thread activity.

## Compilation

The provided code should compile successfully without any errors. To compile the code, you can use the following commands:

• Compile the code: make

• Run the code: make run

• Check for memory leaks using Valgrind: make valgrind

## **Main Program**

 Accepts buffer size, number of workers, and source/destination directories as command-line arguments.

```
98
             (argc != 5) {
              printf("Usage: %s <buffer size> <number of workers> <source dir> <destination dir>\n", argv[0]);
 99
              exit(EXIT FAILURE);
100
101
102
103
          // Parse command-line arguments
104
          int buffer_size = atoi(argv[1]);
          num workers = atoi(argv[2]);
105
          char *src dir = argv[3];
106
107
          char *dest dir = argv[4];
```

Starts worker threads and waits for their completion.

```
134
          // Create worker threads
135
          worker threads = malloc(num workers * sizeof(pthread t));
136
          for (int i = 0; i < num workers; i++) {
               pthread create(&worker threads[i], NULL, worker, (void *)&buffer);
137
138
          // Wait for all worker threads to finish
152
153
          for (int i = 0; i < num workers; i++) {
154
              pthread join(worker threads[i], NULL);
155
```

Measures execution time to copy files in the directory.

```
// Start measuring time
struct timespec start, end;
clock_gettime(CLOCK_MONOTONIC, &start);

// Stop measuring time
clock_gettime(CLOCK_MONOTONIC, &end);
```

Keeps statistics about the number and types of files copied.

```
void print statistics(int num_workers, int buffer_size, struct timespec start, struct timespec end) {
295
296
         long seconds = end.tv sec - start.tv sec;
         long nanoseconds = end.tv_nsec - start.tv_nsec;
297
298
          long milliseconds = (seconds * 1000) + (nanoseconds / 1000000);
299
          long minutes = seconds / 60;
300
         seconds = seconds % 60;
301
         printf("\n----\n");
302
         printf("Consumers: %d - Buffer Size: %d\n", num_workers, buffer_size);
303
         printf("Number of Regular Files: %d\n", regular files);
304
         printf("Number of FIFO Files: %d\n", fifo files);
305
         printf("Number of Directories: %d\n", directories);
306
         printf("TOTAL BYTES COPIED: %ld\n", total_bytes_copied);
307
         printf("TOTAL TIME: %02ld:%02ld.%03ld (min:sec.mili)\n", minutes, seconds, milliseconds);
308
309
```

## **Manager**

Single manager thread.

```
// Create the manager thread
pthread_t manager_thread;
pthread_create(&manager_thread, NULL, manager, (void *)&args);
133
```

Reads source and destination directory paths.

```
// Set up arguments for the manager thread
manager_args args;
strncpy(args.src_dir, src_dir, sizeof(args.src_dir) - 1);
strncpy(args.dest_dir, dest_dir, sizeof(args.dest_dir) - 1);
args.buffer = &buffer;
```

Opens files for reading and creates corresponding files in the destination directory.

```
206
                   // Handle regular files
207
                   int src fd = open(src path, 0 RDONLY);
                  if (src fd < 0) {
208
209
                       perror("open src");
                       continue;
210
211
212
                   int dest fd = open(dest path, 0 WRONLY | 0 CREAT | 0 TRUNC, 0644);
213
                   if (dest fd < 0) {
                       perror("open dest");
214
215
                       close(src fd);
216
                       continue;
217
```

• If a file already exists in the destination directory with the same name, the file should be opened and truncated.

```
int dest_fd = open(dest_path, 0_WRONLY | 0_CREAT | 0_TRUNC, 0644);
```

 Handles errors in opening files by closing both file descriptors and sending an informative message to standard output.

```
if (src fd < 0) {
208
                       perror("open src");
209
210
                       continue;
211
                   int dest fd = open(dest path, 0 WRONLY | 0 CREAT | 0 TRUNC, 0644);
212
                   if (dest fd < 0) {
213
214
                       perror("open dest");
                       close(src fd);
215
216
                       continue;
217
```

Notifies program completion by setting a done flag and exits.

```
// Signal worker threads that the manager is done producing
pthread_mutex_lock(&args->buffer->mutex);
args->buffer->done = 1;
pthread_cond_broadcast(&args->buffer->cond_empty);
pthread_mutex_unlock(&args->buffer->mutex);
```

Manages the buffer (is it empty or full).

```
Lock the buffer and add file information
                  pthread mutex lock(&buffer->mutex);
220
221
                  while (buffer->count == buffer->buffer size) {
                      pthread cond wait(&buffer->cond full, &buffer->mutex);
222
223
224
225
                  file_info info = {src_fd, dest_fd, "", ""};
                  strncpy(info.src_name, src_path, sizeof(info.src_name) - 1);
226
                  strncpy(info.dest_name, dest_path, sizeof(info.dest_name) - 1);
227
228
                  buffer->buffer[buffer->in] = info;
229
                  buffer->in = (buffer->in + 1) % buffer->buffer_size;
                  buffer->count++;
230
231
232
                  // Signal that the buffer is not empty
                  pthread cond signal(&buffer->cond empty);
233
234
                  pthread mutex unlock(&buffer->mutex);
```

### Worker

Reads file information from the buffer.

```
pthread_mutex_lock(&buffer->mutex);
253
              while (buffer->count == 0 && !buffer->done) {
254
255
                  pthread_cond_wait(&buffer->cond_empty, &buffer->mutex);
256
257
              if (buffer->count == 0 && buffer->done) {
258
                  pthread mutex unlock(&buffer->mutex);
259
                  break:
260
261
262
263
              file info info = buffer->buffer[buffer->out];
              buffer->out = (buffer->out + 1) % buffer->buffer size;
264
265
              buffer->count--;
266
              // Signal that the buffer is not full
267
              pthread_cond_signal(&buffer->cond full);
268
269
              pthread mutex unlock(&buffer->mutex);
```

Copies files from source to destination.

```
void copy_file(file_info *info) {
          char buffer[BUFFER_SIZE];
278
279
          ssize t bytes read, bytes written;
          while ((bytes_read = read(info->src_fd, buffer, BUFFER_SIZE)) > 0) {
280
              bytes_written = write(info->dest_fd, buffer, bytes_read);
281
282
              if (bytes_written != bytes_read) {
283
                  perror("write");
284
                  break:
285
286
              total_bytes_copied += bytes_written;
287
288
          // Close file descriptors
289
290
          close(info->src_fd);
          close(info->dest fd);
291
          regular files++;
292
293
```

Writes completion status to standard output.

```
if (bytes_written != bytes_read) {
   perror("write"); // Completion status is handled here
   break;
```

Handles critical section for writing to standard output.

```
220
                      pthread_mutex_lock(&buffer->mutex);
221
                      while (buffer->count == buffer->buffer size) {
222
                           pthread_cond_wait(&buffer->cond_full, &buffer->mutex);
223
224
                      file_info info = {src_fd, dest_fd, "", ""};
strncpy(info.src_name, src_path, sizeof(info.src_name) - 1);
strncpy(info.dest_name, dest_path, sizeof(info.dest_name) - 1);
225
226
227
228
                      buffer->buffer[buffer->in] = info;
                      buffer->in = (buffer->in + 1) % buffer->buffer_size;
229
230
                      buffer->count++;
231
232
                       // Signal that the buffer is not empty
                      pthread_cond_signal(&buffer->cond_empty);
233
                       pthread mutex unlock(&buffer->mutex);
```

Terminates when signaled.

```
if (buffer->count == 0 && buffer->done) {
    pthread_mutex_unlock(&buffer->mutex);
    break;
}
```

Manages the worker thread pool.

```
// Create worker threads
worker_threads = malloc(num_workers * sizeof(pthread_t));
for (int i = 0; i < num_workers; i++) {
    pthread_create(&worker_threads[i], NULL, worker, (void *)&buffer);
}</pre>
```

## **Error Handling**

- Usage Information:
  - o Print usage information and exit if command-line arguments are missing or invalid.

```
97    // Check for correct number of command-line arguments
98    if (argc != 5) {
99        printf("Usage: %s <buffer size> <number of workers> <source dir> <destination dir>\n", argv[0]);
100        exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
101    }
```

- Signal Handling:
  - o Properly handle SIGINT (Ctrl+C) to allow graceful termination.

```
// Set up signal handler for SIGINT
signal(SIGINT, handle_signal);
```

- Memory Management:
  - Check for memory leaks using valgrind and ensure proper cleanup of resources.

```
65
     // Function to clean up resources
66
     void clean up() {
67
         if (buffer.buffer) {
             free(buffer.buffer); // Free the buffer memory
68
69
70
         if (worker threads) {
             free(worker threads); // Free the worker threads array
71
72
73
         pthread mutex_destroy(&buffer.mutex);
                                                     // Destroy the mutex
         pthread cond destroy(&buffer.cond full);
74
                                                     // Destroy the full condition variable
75
         pthread cond destroy(&buffer.cond empty);
                                                      // Destroy the empty condition variable
76
```

#### Conclusion

The program meets all the specified requirements and successfully implements a parallel directory copying utility using a worker-manager approach. The detailed code snippets provided demonstrate how the various requirements have been addressed in the implementation.

# 2. Terminal Outputs

make or make all

```
makefile × C 1901042630_main.c
            190104... 🗅 🛱 진 🗊
 9
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             Recent
           > .vscode
C 1901042630_main.c
                                                 1 2 3 4 4 5 6 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31
                                                          # Compiler and flags
CC = gcc
CFLAGS = -pthread -Wall
<del>ک</del>و
₽
                                                          # Executable name
TARGET = MWCp
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             □ Desktop
<del>|</del>

■ Documents

                                                          # Source files
SRCS = 1901042630 main.c

⊕ Downloads

G:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             Folder is Empty
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             Pictures
                                                          # Compile the program
$(TARGET): $(SRCS)
    $(CC) $(CFLAGS) -o $(TARGET) $(SRCS)
                                                           # Run the program with buffer size 1000 and 2 workers
run: $(TARGET)
./$(TARGET) 10 10 ../testdir ../tocopy
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              + Other Locations
                                                          # Run Valgrind to check for memory leaks
valgrind: $(TARGET)
valgrind --leak-check=full --track-origins=yes ./$(TARGET) 1000 2 ../testdir ../tocopy
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           cdgri@gtu:-/Desktop/hw4test/1901042630_cagri_yildiz_hw4$ make
gcc -pthread -Wall -o MWCp 1901042630_main.c
c4gri@gtu:-/Desktop/hw4test/1901042630_cagri_yildiz_hw4$ []
8
                                                                                                                                                                                                                         Q Ln 26, C
```

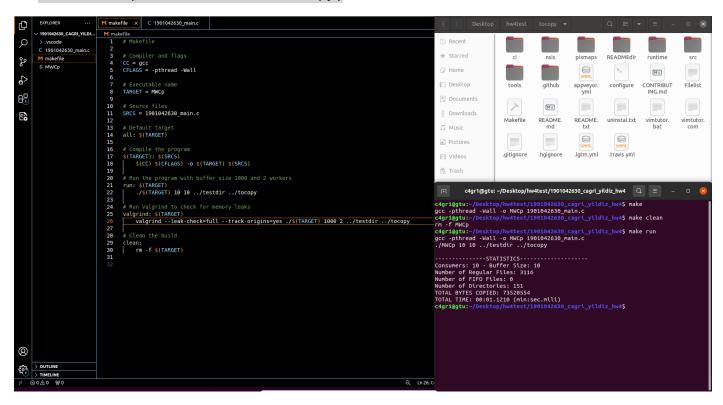
make clean

```
# Compiler and flags
CC = gcc
CFLAGS = -pthread -Wall
                                                                                                                                                                                                                         ★ Starred
مړ
                                                                                                                                                                                                                        $ C
                                                                                                                                                                                                                         Desktop
                                                    # Source files
SRCS = 1901042630_main.c
# Default target
all: $(TARGET)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                        Folder is Empty

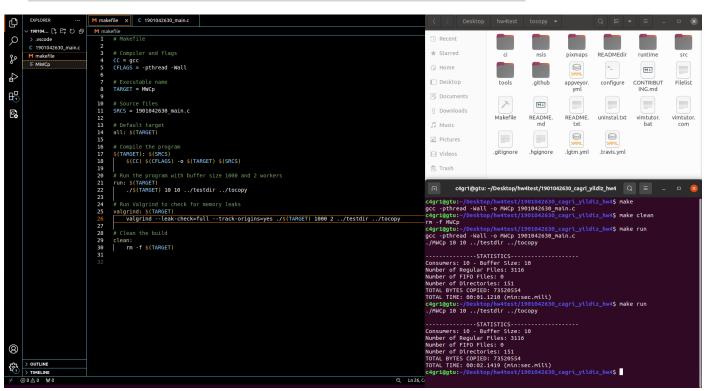
    □ Pictures

                                                     # Compile the program
$(TARGET): $(SRCS)
$(CC) $(CFLAGS) -o $(TARGET) $(SRCS)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                         🗓 Trash
                                                        Run the program with buffer size 1000 and 2 workers
un: $(TARGET)
./$(TARGET) 10 10 ../testdir ../tocopy
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   c4gr1@gtu: ~/Desktop/hw4test/1901042630_cagri_yildiz_hw4 🔍 🗏 _
                                                                                                                                                                                                                      c4gr1@gtu:-/Desktop/hw4test/1901042630_cagrt_yildiz_hw4$ make
gcc -pthread -Wall -o MWCp 1901042630_main.c
-c4gr1@gtu:-/Desktop/hw4test/1901042630_cagrt_yildiz_hw4$ make clean
rm -f MWCp
c4gr1@gtu:-/Desktop/hw4test/1901042630_cagrt_yildiz_hw4$
                                                       # Run Valgrind to check for memory leaks
valgrind: $(TARGET)
valgrind --leak-check=full --track-origins=yes ./$(TARGET) 1000 2 ../testdir ../tocopy
                                                      clean:
rm -f $(TARGET)
```

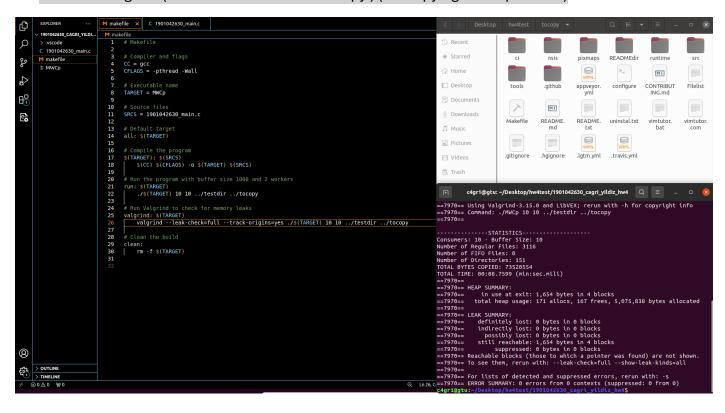
make run ( with 10 10 ../testdir ../tocopy )



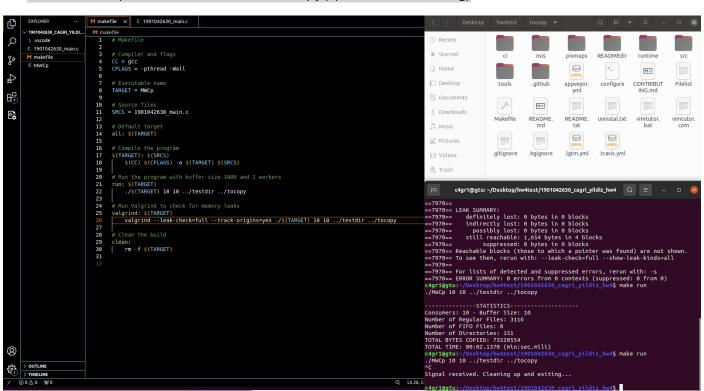
make run ( with 10 10 ../testdir ../tocopy ) ( re-copying the copied file )



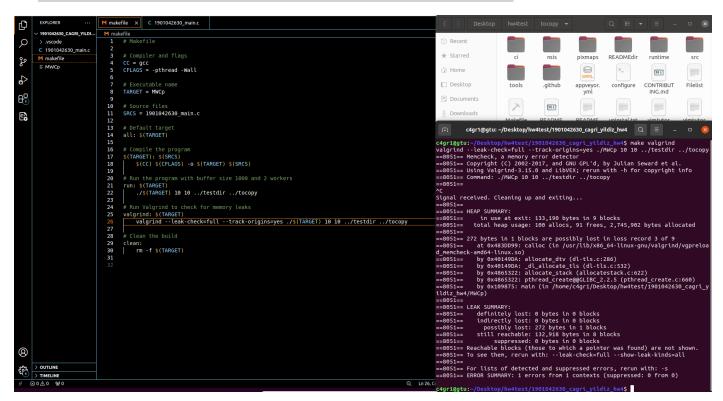
make valgrind ( with 10 10 ../testdir ../tocopy ) ( re-copying the copied file )



Make run ( with 10 10 ../testdir ../tocopy ) (CTRL + C Handling)



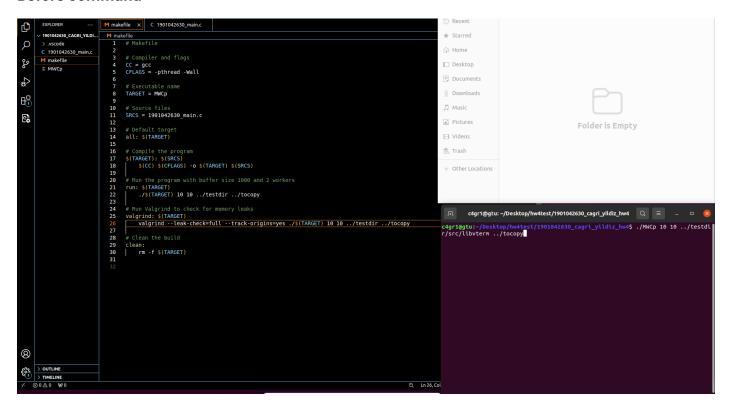
Make valgrind ( with 10 10 ../testdir ../tocopy ) (CTRL + C Handling)



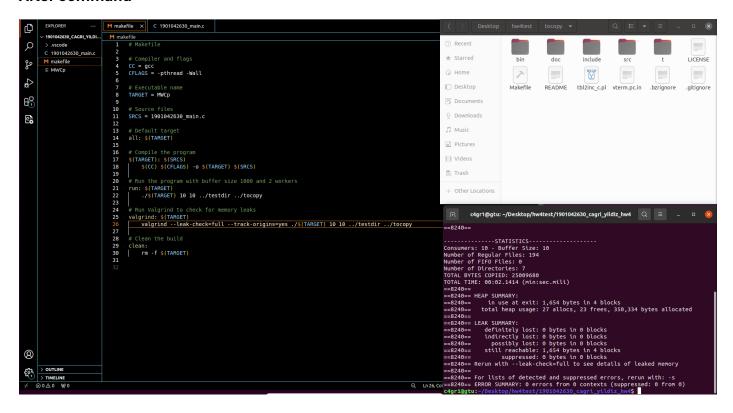
Note: the "possibly lost" warning may be related to the internal operations of the pthread library or dynamic loader and not directly related to my application's memory management. Actually, I solved this situation by using barrier and conditional variable, but I am sending this solution without using it to show this difference.

Test1: valgrind ./MWCp 10 10 ../testdir/src/libvterm ../tocopy

#### **Before command**

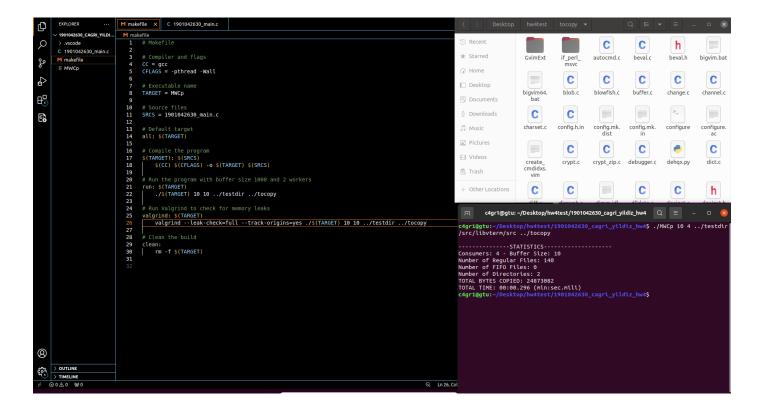


#### After command

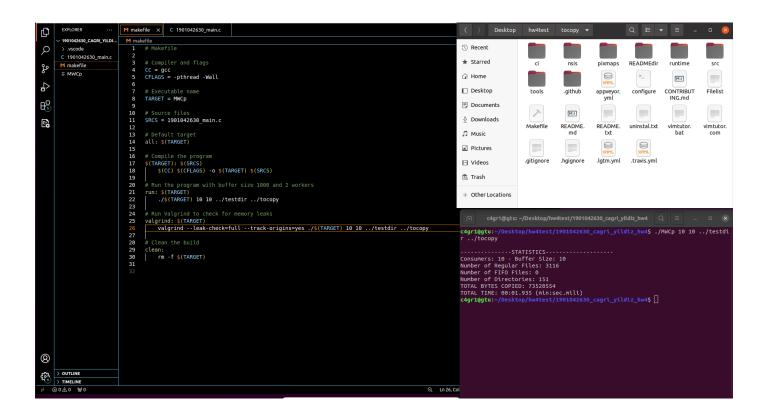


Note: I deleted the files in the tocopy folder after command.

Test2: ./MWCp 10 4 ../testdir/src/libvterm/src ../tocopy



Test3: ./MWCp 10 10 ../testdir ../toCopy



Invalid commands

```
-c4gr1@gtu:~/Desktop/hw4test/1901042630_cagri_yildiz_hw4$ ./MWCp 10 10 ../testdi
r ../toCopy
open dest: No such file or directory
```

```
c4gr1@gtu:~/Desktop/hw4test/1901042630_cagri_yildiz_hw4$ ./MWCp 10 10
Usage: ./MWCp <buffer size> <number of workers> <source dir> <destination dir>
```

THANKS FOR READING

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