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一、Pseudo code

```
Read input
Create graph(G)
Dijkstra(G,s){
    For each vertex v,
        Mark v as unvisited, and set d(v) = ∞
    Set d(s) = 0
    while (there is unvisited vertex){
        v= unvisited vertex with smallest d(v)
        Visit v,and Relax all its outgoing edges
    }
    Return d;
max_weight =  most weighted edge in shortest path to destination
Ans = d(v) – max_weight
```

二、Description

　我使用 Adjacency list 來儲存 graph，再用 binary heap 實作 Dijkstra algorithm 部分

三、Time complexity

用 Adjacency list 建立 graph 花 $O(V+E)$ 時間，在 Dijkstra algorithm 用 binary heap 實作花 $O((E+V)logV) = O(ElogV)$ 時間

所以總共 time complexity 為 $O(ElogV)$