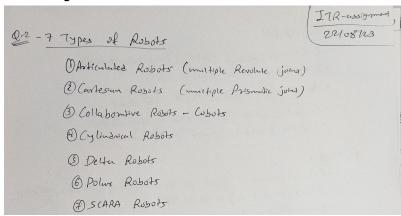
Jenishkumar Chauhan 23210047 (M.Tech in Mechanical Engineering)

ITR Assignment-1 Tasks:

- 1. Read Chapter 1 of the textbook.
- 2. Identify one or two examples of robots for each of the seven categories of robots mentioned in class. Submit your selected examples as a list of YouTube links with 2-3 line explanations for each.
- => 7 categories of Robot

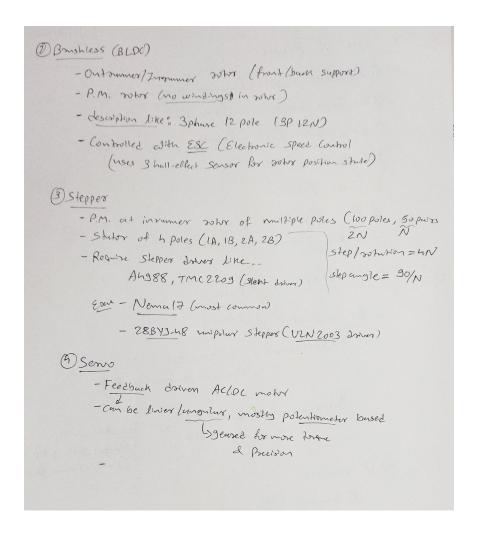


- 1. Articulated Robot
- RRR/RRR/..typeconfiguration
- Multiple revolute joint in chain (SCM)
- Mimics human arm
- Fanuc LR Mate 200iD/4S
- <u>Puma260</u>
- 2. Cartesian Robot
- PPP type configuration
- 3 principal axes of control are linier
- Kuka KR80L
- ONEreach Cartesian robot
- 3. Collaborative Robot (cobot)
- Low force, human interaction, safe
- Different from Traditional Robot
- <u>Universal ur5e</u>
- Kuka HRC
- 4. Cylindrical Robot

- RPP type configuration
- ANALEXrobot R19
- 5. Delta Robot
- Mostly used in pick & place
- Kuka KR Delta
- 6. Polar Robot
- Robot configuration with a combined linear joint & 2 rotary joint
- Also known as special robot
- Stanford type robot
- 7. SCARA Robot
- PRR type configuration
- Selective Compliance(flexibility in one direction) Assembly Robot Arm
- Mostly used in P&P & assembly operations
- Kuka KR SCARA

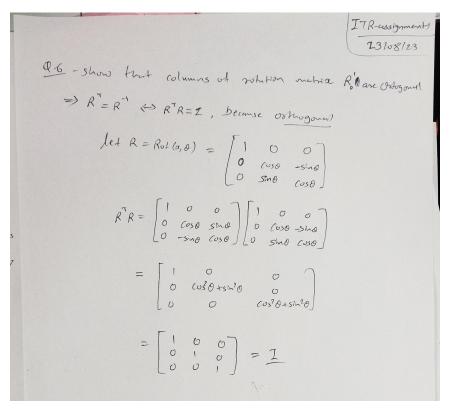
=> Ref:

- https://robodk.com/download
- https://robodk.com/industrial-robots-reach/
- https://robodk.com/doc/en/Getting-Started.html
- https://robodk.com/blog/industrial-robot-reach-charts/
- 3. Review the most common types of motors and summarize them with a 2-3 sentence description of each of them. The description offered in this video may be a good starting point.



- 4. Review the basic kinematic principles summarized in this video.
- 5. Review the key ideas related to connecting motor drivers, microcontrollers, and power supply to a motor described in the <u>link here</u>. This information maybe useful for future implementation.

6. Show that columns of the rotation matrix R(0, 1) are orthogonal.



Ref

7. Show that det(R 0,1) = 1.

$$Q.2 - Show that $det(R_0') = 1$

$$= \begin{cases} let R_0' = Rot(x, \theta) = \begin{cases} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & los \theta - sho \\ 0 & sho & los \theta \end{cases}$$

$$det(R_0') = 1 (los \theta \cdot (los \theta - (sho) \cdot sho) + 0 (los \theta \cdot 0 - (sho) \cdot 0) + 0 (sho \cdot 0 - los \theta - 0)$$

$$= 1 (los \theta \cdot los \theta - los \theta - los \theta - los \theta - 0)$$

$$= 1 (los \theta \cdot los \theta - los \theta - los \theta - los \theta - 0)$$

$$det(R_0') = 1$$$$

- 8. Read about the order of rotations and sample examples in the textbook.
- 9. Review the textbook explanation and example related to a rotation matrix for rotation about an arbitrary axis k.

Submit the assignment in the form of a PDF with active links for Task 2 and appropriate explanations for Task 3, 6, and 7. Nothing is to be submitted for tasks 1, 4, 5, 8 and 9.