# **Answers to Odd Problems**

### 1. Basic Concepts

 $1. \Omega = \{ABC, ACB, BAC, BCA, CAB, CBA\}, 3.1/4, 5.$  (a) 16/36, (b) 20/36, 7. 3/4, 9. 1:4/57, 2:16/57, 3:15/57, 4:12/57, 11. Number of outcomes out of 216: (a) 1, (b) 3, (c) 6, (d) 10, (e) 15, (f) 21, (g) 25, (h) 27, 13. 90, 15. 77, 17. 0.2, 19. Yes, 21. Yes, 25. 0.44, 27. 19/27, 29. (a) 0.048, (b) 0.296, (c) 0.464, (d) 0.192, 31. 0.4032, 33. 0.4914, 35. 0:6/36, 1:10/36, 2:8/36, 3:6/36, 4:4/36, 5:2/36, 37. The same as for the sum of two ordinary dice, 39. 7, 41. 1/4, 43. -17/216, 45. Flag or Joker: -13/54, 20: -12/54, 10: -10/54, 5: -12/54, 2: -9/54, 1: -6/54, 47. 32/10, 49. 26, 51. mean 5.8125, variance 1.03, 53. Mean 3.888, variance 0.432. 55. No.

## 2. Combinatorial Probability

1. 9!, 3. 3,360, 5. (a) 151,200, (b) 210, 7. 55, 9. (a)  $26^310^3$  (b) 0.6391, 11. 0.0605, 13. (a) 540, (b) 372, 15. 118,800, 17. (a) 240, (b) 480, 19.  $(P_{15,5})^4 P_{15,4}$ , 21. (a) 120, (b) 60, (c) 504,000, (d) 34,650, 23. (a) 50!/(8!7!), (b)  $C_{50,8}C_{50,7}$ , 25. 103,680, 27. (a) 4!=24, (b) 576, (c) 105, (d) 2,520, (e) 40,320, (f) 384, 29. 60/1024, 31. (a) 0.152, (b) 0.618, 33. (a) 0.05469, (b) 0.92981, 35. 21/32, 37. (a) 0.3874, (b) 0.3773, (c) 0.3725, 39. 0.3297, 41. Poisson: 0.778801, Exact: 0.778703, 43. 0.1889, 45. 0.9735, 47. 0.4232, 49. 0.11192, 51. 0.6664, 53. 10/21. 55. 0.3343, 57.  $C_{26,5}C_{4,1}/C_{30,6}$ , 59. 0.3684, 61. (a) 0.4085, (b) 0.5107, (c) 0.0766, 63.  $C_{12,5} \cdot C_{10,5} \cdot 5!$ , 65. 5.47 × 10<sup>-4</sup>, 67. 1/2, 69. 0.5814, 71. 0.2285, 73. (a) 0.7969, (b) 0.1992, (c) 0.0038, 75. (a) Five of a kind: 0.000771, (b) four of a kind: 0.019290, (c) full house: 0.038580, (d) three of a kind: 0.154320, (e) two pair: 0.231481, (f) one pair: 0.462962, (g) no pair: 0.092592, 77. 5/32, 79. (a) 0.9, (b) 0.3, 81. 0.3439, 83. 0.028, 85. P(A) = 0.1655, P(A)/P(B) = 3.9971, 87. First bound: 0.1667, second: 0.1551, third: 0.1555213, exact: 0.1555124

## 3. Conditional Probability

1. 2/3, 3. 4/25, 5. (a) 0.4385, (b) 0.4561, (c) 0.1052, 7. 6/7, 9. 2/3, 11. 1/3, 13.  $P(A \cap B) = 1/8$ , P(B) = 3/8,  $P(A \cup B) = 1/2$ , 15. 0.6, 17. Put 1 white ball in the first urn and all the other balls in the second. 19. 11/216, 21. 14: 146/1296,

23. 0.9568, 25. 0.17, 27. 2/5, 29. 0.7, 31. 0.4918, 33. 1/4, 1/3, 35. 1/51, 37. (a) 0.9, (b) 1/730, 39. 12/29, 41. 8/9, 43. 56/65, 45. 4/5, 47. 1/7, 49. (a) 1/2, (b) 5/9, 51. 8/9, 53. 5/6, 55. 4/7, 57. 4/7, 2/7, 1/7, 59. 0.062, 0.3387, 61.  $P(N_1 = k, N_6 = k)$  $i_1 = P(N_1 = i, N_6 = k) = (4/6)^{j-1} (5/6)^{k-j-1} (1/6)^2$ , 63. (a) 1/6 (b) 1/2, X=11/9 2/9 1/3 65. 0 1/6 1/18 3 0 1/9 0

### 4. Markov Chains

1. (a) x = 0.4, y = 0.4, z = 0.6, (b) x = 0.2, y = 0.5, z = 0.2, 3. 0.294, 5. 13/32, 7. (b) 0.22, 0.166, 9. 51.2% in 1980, 56.8% in 1990, and 60.9% in 2000, 11. (a) 0.55, (b) 0.575, (c) 0.6, 13. 0.7825, 0.727291, 8/11 = 0.0727272, 15. 38%, 25%, 8/33 = 24%, 17. 0.211, 0.286, 0.502, 19. 4/19, 21. (b) 7/13, 23. 4/5, 25. 0.25, 0.5, 0.25, 27. (a) 0.35, 0.34, 0.31, (b) 0.5294, 0.3235, 0.1470, 29. Long run frequencies are A:0.2, C:0.55, T:0.25, 31. (b) 0.2321, 0.1964, 0.5714, 33. 0.2817, 35.  $\pi(0) = 100/122$ ,  $\pi(1) = 10/122$ ,  $\pi(2) = 2/122$ ,  $\pi(3) = 10/122$ , 37.  $\pi(0) = 0.1$ ,  $\pi(1) = 0.4$ ,  $\pi(2) = 0.3$ ,  $\pi(3) = 0.2$ , 39. 1/3, 41. 16.666, 43. (a) 1/4, (b) 3.916, 45. 0.125/0.685

### 5. Continuous Distributions

1. c = 1/3, 3. (a) 1/2, (b) 0.3, (c) 0.05, 5. (a) 15/28, (b) 127/49, (c) 2.304, 7. Yes.  $x^{-2}e^{-1/x}$ , 9. (a)  $x^2/4$  for  $0 \le x \le 2$ , (b) 1/4, (c) 7/16, (d)  $\sqrt{2}$ , 11. (a)  $x^{1/2}$  for  $0 \le x \le 1$ , (b)  $1 - 1/\sqrt{3}$ , (c) 1/6, (d) 1/4, 13. any number in [0, 1], 15. (a)  $1 - x^{-3}$  (b)  $(1 - u)^{-1/3}$ , 21.  $y^{-1/2}/2$ , 23.  $1 - \exp(-e^{-x})$ , 25. (a) f(y) + f(-y) for  $0 \le y \le 1$ , (b)  $\{f(\sqrt{z}) + f(-\sqrt{z})\}/2\sqrt{z}$  for  $0 \le z \le 1$ , 27. (a) c = 1, (b) 3/8, 29.  $(1 - z)^2/2$  for  $0 \le z \le 1$ , 31. 7/16, 33.  $F(x, y) = \min\{x, y\}$  if x, y > 0 and  $\min\{x, y\} \le 1$ , F(x, y) = 1 if  $\min\{x, y\} > 1$ , 0 otherwise, 35.  $F_X(x) = F_{X,Y}(x, \infty) = \lim_{y \to \infty} F_{X,Y}(x, y)$ , 37. (a)  $f_X(x) = (2/\pi)\sqrt{1 - x^2}$ , (b)  $f_Y(y|X = x) = 1/2\sqrt{1 - x^2}$  for  $-\sqrt{1 - x^2} < y < \sqrt{1 - x^2}$ , 39.  $f_X(x) = 3(1 - x)^2$  for 0 < x < 1,  $f_Y(y) = 6y(1 - y)$  for 0 < y < 1, (b)  $f_X(x|Y = y) = 1/(1 - y)$ , 0 < x < 1 - y

#### 6. Limit Theorems

1. -1, 3. -3/5, 5. 5.03, 7. 3.114, 9. 123.136, 11. Mean 6, variance 43, 13. (a) mean 2, variance 1.82, (b) 1 boy and 1 girl, 15. Mean 14.7, variance 38.99, 17. (a)  $P(X \ge 75) \le 2/3$ , (b)  $P(40 < X < 60) \ge 0.75$ , 19. Chebyshev:  $\le 1/4$ , normal approx: 0.0455, 21. 0.484, 23. 0.041, 25. 0.0016, 27. 24, 29. 0.0085, 31. 0.1056, 33. (a) 0.2658, (b) 0.2565, (c) 0.2475, 35. (a) 0.0566, (b) 0.0884, 37. 157, 39. 373, 41. 0.3897, 43. 527, 45. 0.0116, 47. [0.508, 0.528], 49. [0.0044, 0.0356], 51. 52.33, 53. 0.0081, 55. Yes, 57. No, 59. 23