

4.3) Show $V[\partial] \geq V[\varepsilon]$

$$V[\varepsilon] = E[\varepsilon^2] - E[\cancel{\varepsilon}]^2 \quad \text{by property of BLP}$$

$$V[\partial] = E[\partial^2] - E[\cancel{\partial}]^2$$

$$V[\partial] \geq V[\varepsilon]$$

$$E[\partial^2] \geq E[\varepsilon^2]$$

$$E[Y^2 - 2Yg(s) + g(s)^2] \stackrel{?}{\geq} E[Y^2 - 2Yf(x) + f(x)^2]$$

$$\begin{aligned} E[\cancel{g(s)}^2] - 2E[Y\cancel{g(s)}] &\geq E[\cancel{f(x)}^2] - 2E[Y\cancel{f(x)}] \\ - E[\cancel{g(s)}]^2 + E[g(s)]^2 &- E[\cancel{f(x)}]^2 + E[f(x)]^2 \\ \downarrow &\quad \downarrow \\ 0 &\quad 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$E[g(s)]^2 - 2E[Yg(s)] \geq E[f(x)]^2 - 2E[Yf(x)]$$

$$E[g(s)]^2 - 2E[\gamma g(s)] \geq E[f(x)]^2 - 2E[\gamma f(x)]$$

It is noted here that

$$\begin{aligned} g(s) &= \tilde{\alpha} + \tilde{\beta} S = \tilde{\alpha} + \beta(X+U) \\ &= \tilde{\alpha} + \tilde{\beta} X + \tilde{\beta} U \end{aligned}$$

$$E[\tilde{\alpha} + \tilde{\beta} X + \beta U]^2 > E[\alpha + \beta X]^2$$

& the second term

$$E[\tilde{\alpha} \gamma + \tilde{\beta} X \gamma + \beta U \gamma] > E[\alpha \gamma + \beta \gamma]$$

Since first term go by c^2 & second term go by c

the LHS is larger than the right hand side

$$\therefore V[g] \geq V[\epsilon]$$