SVA Simulation

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Simulation Set-Up

Simulation studies recreated to my best abilities from "A general framework for multiple testing dependence" (Leek et al. 2008)

We generate X from the following model: $X = BS + \Gamma G + U$.

We have 1000 genes, 20 samples, and 2 latent variables. The design matrix S is a case control set-up of 10 cases and 10 controls.

$$\sigma_{i}^{2} \sim InvGamma(10,9)$$

$$U_{ij} \sim N(0, \sigma_{i}^{2})$$

$$b_{m,1} \sim N(0,1), m = 1, ..., 1000$$

$$b_{m,2} \sim N(0,3.1), m = 1, ..., 300$$

$$b_{m,2} \sim N(2.5,1), m = 301, ..., 1000$$

$$\Gamma_{m,1} \sim N(0,2.5), m = 301, ..., 700$$

$$\Gamma_{m,2} \sim N(0,2.5), m = 501, ..., 900$$

$$G_{1:10} \sim Bernoulli(.7)$$

$$G_{11:20} \sim Bernoulli(.2)$$

Run SVA and regression to estimate parameters and SVs

We look at the number of SVs estimated, whether the latent variables are spanned by the estimated SVs, the recovered regression coefficients, the null p-value distribution, and the ranks of top genes.

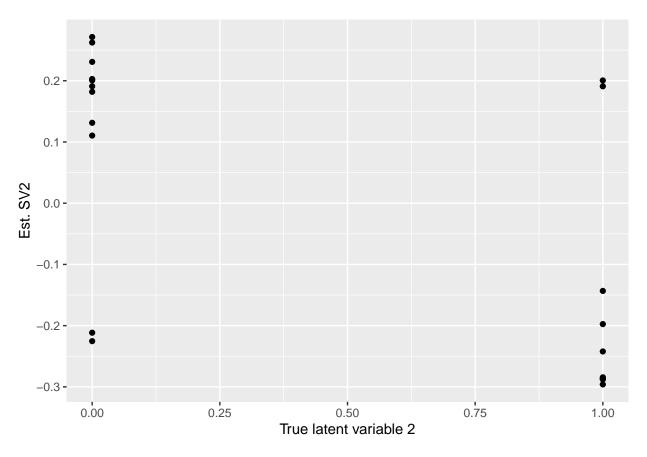
Todo: ranks of top genes code unsure right now.

```
nullMod = t(S)[, 1]
n.sv = num.sv(X, t(S), method = "be")
cat("Method be: Number of SVs: ", n.sv, "\n")
```

```
## Method be: Number of SVs: 2
```

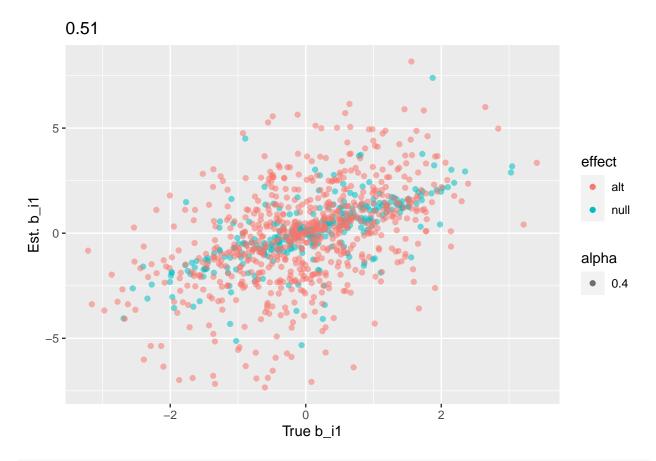
```
leek.n.sv = num.sv(X, t(S), method = "leek")
cat("Method leek: Number of SVs: ", leek.n.sv, "\n")
## Method leek: Number of SVs: 16
svobj = sva(X, t(S), nullMod, n.sv = n.sv)
## Number of significant surrogate variables is: 2
## Iteration (out of 5):1 2 3 4 5
#visually look at predicted SVs.
qplot(as.numeric(G[1 ,]), svobj$sv[, 1], xlab = "True latent variable 1", ylab = "Est. SV1")
    0.4 -
    0.2 -
Est. SV1
    0.0 -
   -0.2 -
   -0.4 -
                             0.25
                                                0.50
          0.00
                                                                   0.75
                                                                                      1.00
                                        True latent variable 1
```

qplot(as.numeric(G[2 ,]), svobj\$sv[, 2], xlab = "True latent variable 2", ylab = "Est. SV2")

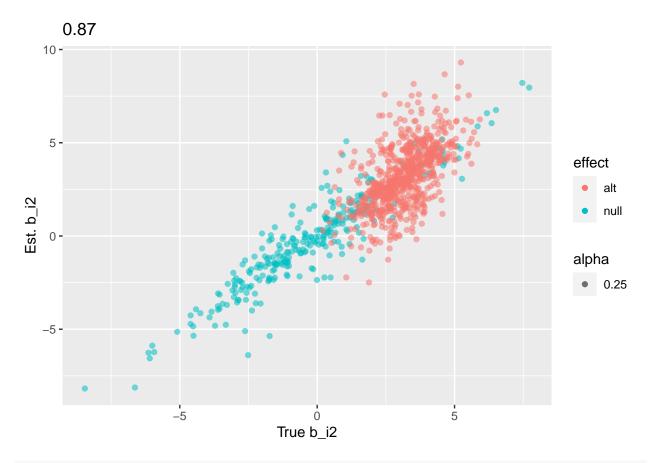


```
nullmodsv = cbind(nullMod, svobj$sv)
modsv = cbind(t(S), svobj$sv)
#run full regression.
fitsv = lm.fit(modsv, t(X))

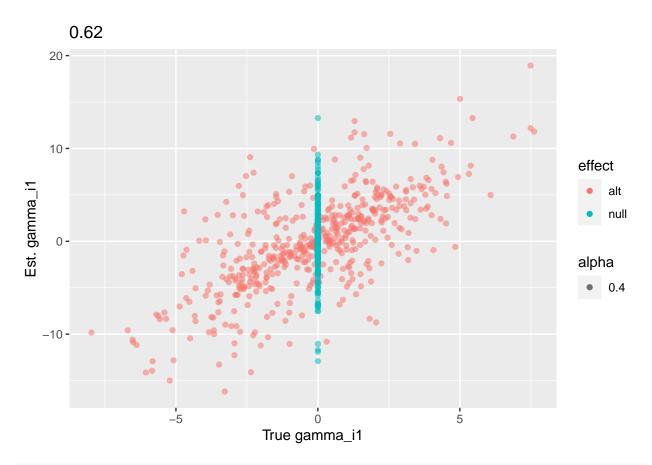
#visually look at predicted coefficients
effect = c(rep("null", 300), rep("alt", m - 300))
qplot(B[, 1], fitsv$coefficients[1 ,], color = effect, main = round(cor(fitsv$coefficients[1 ,], B[, 1])
```



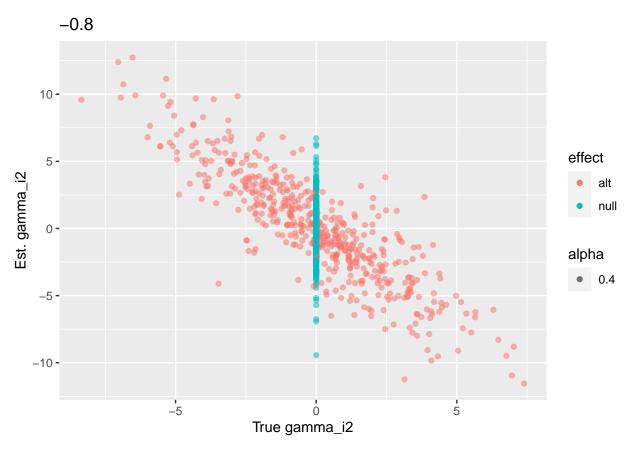
 ${\tt qplot(B[,\ 2],\ fitsv\$coefficients[2\ ,],\ color\ =\ effect,\ {\tt main}\ =\ round(cor(B[,\ 2],\ fitsv\$coefficients[2\ ,],\ fitsv\$coefficients[2\ ,])}$



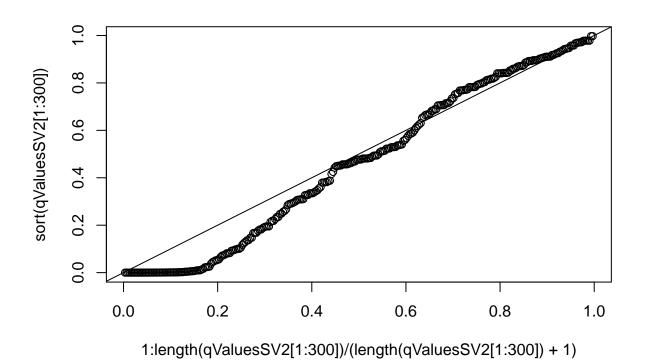
```
effect = c(rep("null", 200), rep("alt", 500), rep("null", 300))
qplot(Gamma[, 1], fitsv$coefficients[3 ,], color = effect, main = round(cor(Gamma[, 1], fitsv$coefficients
```



```
effect = c(rep("null", 400), rep("alt", 500), rep("null", 100))
qplot(Gamma[, 2], fitsv$coefficients[4 ,], color = effect, main = round(cor(Gamma[, 2], fitsv$coefficients
```



```
\#just\ compute\ p-value\ of\ b\_12 = 0\ using\ F\ statistics.
pValuesSv = f.pvalue(X, modsv, nullmodsv)
#double check with existing function:
pValuesSV2 = rep(NA, 1000)
fstat = rep(NA, 1000)
for(i in 1:1000) {
  dat = data.frame(x = X[i ,], pv = S[2 ,], sv1 = svobj$sv[, 1], sv2 = svobj$sv[, 2])
 dat_nullmod = lm(x ~ pv, dat)
  dat_mod = lm(x \sim pv + sv1 + sv2, dat)
  an = anova(dat_nullmod, dat_mod)
  pValuesSV2[i] = an$`Pr(>F)`[2]
  fstat[i] = an F[2]
}
qValuesSv = p.adjust(pValuesSv, method = "BH")
qValuesSV2 = p.adjust(pValuesSV2, method = "BH")
plot(1:length(qValuesSV2[1:300])/(length(qValuesSV2[1:300])+1),sort(qValuesSV2[1:300]))
abline(a = 0, b = 1)
```



```
ks.test(qValuesSV2[1:300],"punif",0,1)
##
##
    One-sample Kolmogorov-Smirnov test
##
## data: qValuesSV2[1:300]
## D = 0.15798, p-value = 6.279e-07
## alternative hypothesis: two-sided
table(qValuesSV2[1:300] < .05)
##
## FALSE TRUE
     242
table(qValuesSV2[301:1000] < .05)
##
## FALSE
         TRUE
     284
           416
fstat_rank = rank(-fstat)
true_rank = rank(-abs(b2))
qplot(true_rank, fstat_rank)
```

