18-660: Numerical Methods for Engineering Design and Optimization

Homework 7

Issued:

October 10

Due:

October 17 (midnight, Pittsburgh time)

Please submit the PDF file of your solution to the course web site before midnight on the due day.

Problem 1: Nonlinear Equation Solver

Apply Newton-Raphson method to solve the following nonlinear equations. Show your equations to calculate the solution x for the first three iterations.

$$x^3 = 0$$
 where $x^{(0)} = 1$ (1)

$$e^x = 1$$
 where $x^{(0)} = 1$ (2)

 $x^{(0)}$ represents the initial starting point.

(1):
$$F[x^{(0)}] = 1$$
, $F'[x^{(0)}] = 3$
 $F[x^{(0)}] \neq M[+3 \cdot (x^{(0)} - 1) = 0$
 $= 7 \times (1) = \frac{2}{3}$, $F[x^{(0)}] = \frac{8}{27}$, $F'[x^{(0)}] = \frac{12}{1089} = \frac{4}{3}$
 $F[x^{(2)}] = \frac{2}{27} + \frac{4}{13} (x^{(2)} - \frac{2}{3}) = 0$
 $\Rightarrow x^{(2)} = \frac{4}{9}$, $F[x^{(2)}] = \frac{16}{27}$
 $F[x^{(2)}] = \frac{64}{229} + \frac{16}{27} (x^{(3)} - \frac{4}{9}) = 0 = \frac{16}{27} x^{(3)} = \frac{124}{729}$
 $\Rightarrow x^{(3)} = \frac{3456}{11669} = 0.296$, $F[x^{(3)}] = 0.026$, $F[x^{(3)}] = 0.263$

(2):
$$F[x^{(0)}] = e, F'(x^{(0)}] = e$$
 $F[x^{(1)}] = e + e(x^{(1)} - 1) = 0$
 $\Rightarrow x^{(1)} = 0, F[x^{(1)}] = 1, F[x^{(1)}] = 1$
 $F[x^{(2)}] = 1 + 1(x^{(2)} - 0) = 0$
 $\Rightarrow x^{(2)} = -1, F[x^{(2)}] = \frac{1}{e}, F'[x^{(2)}] = \frac{1}{e}$
 $F[x^{(3)}] = \frac{1}{e} + \frac{1}{e}(x^{(3)} + 1) = 0$
 $\Rightarrow x^{(3)} = -2, F[x^{(3)}] = \frac{1}{e^2}, F'[x^{(2)}] = \frac{1}{e^2}$