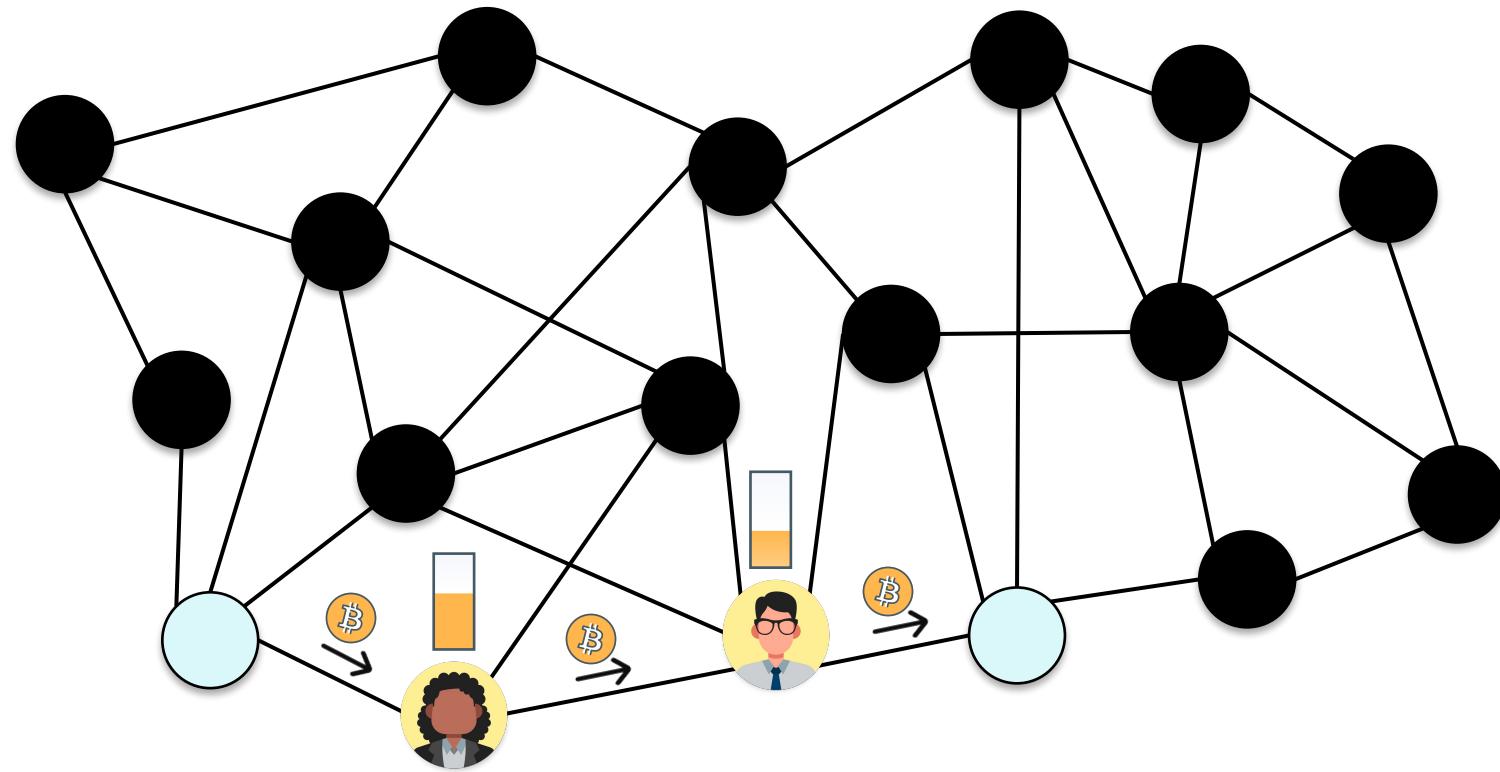
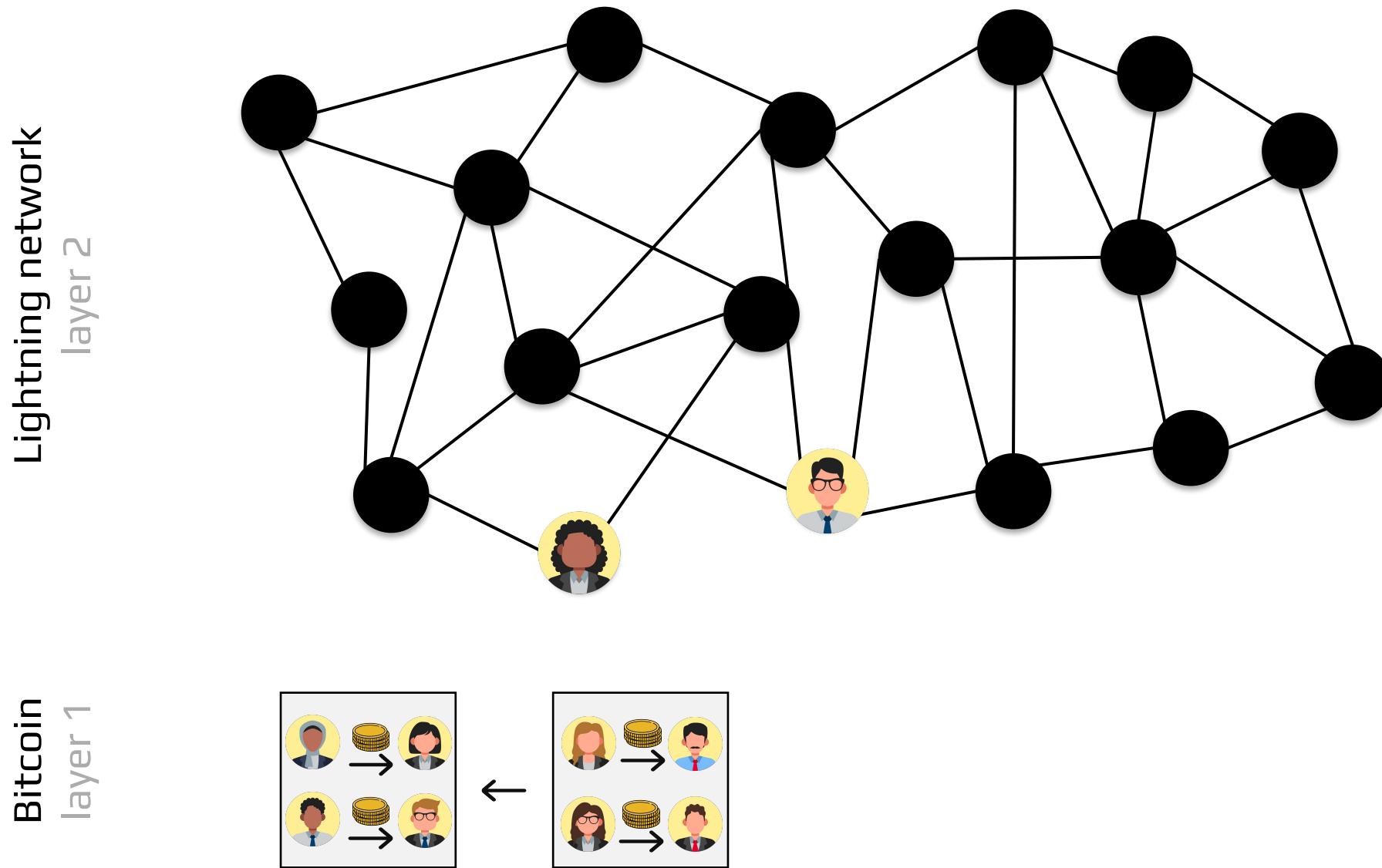


# On the Lifecycle of a Lightning Network Payment Channel

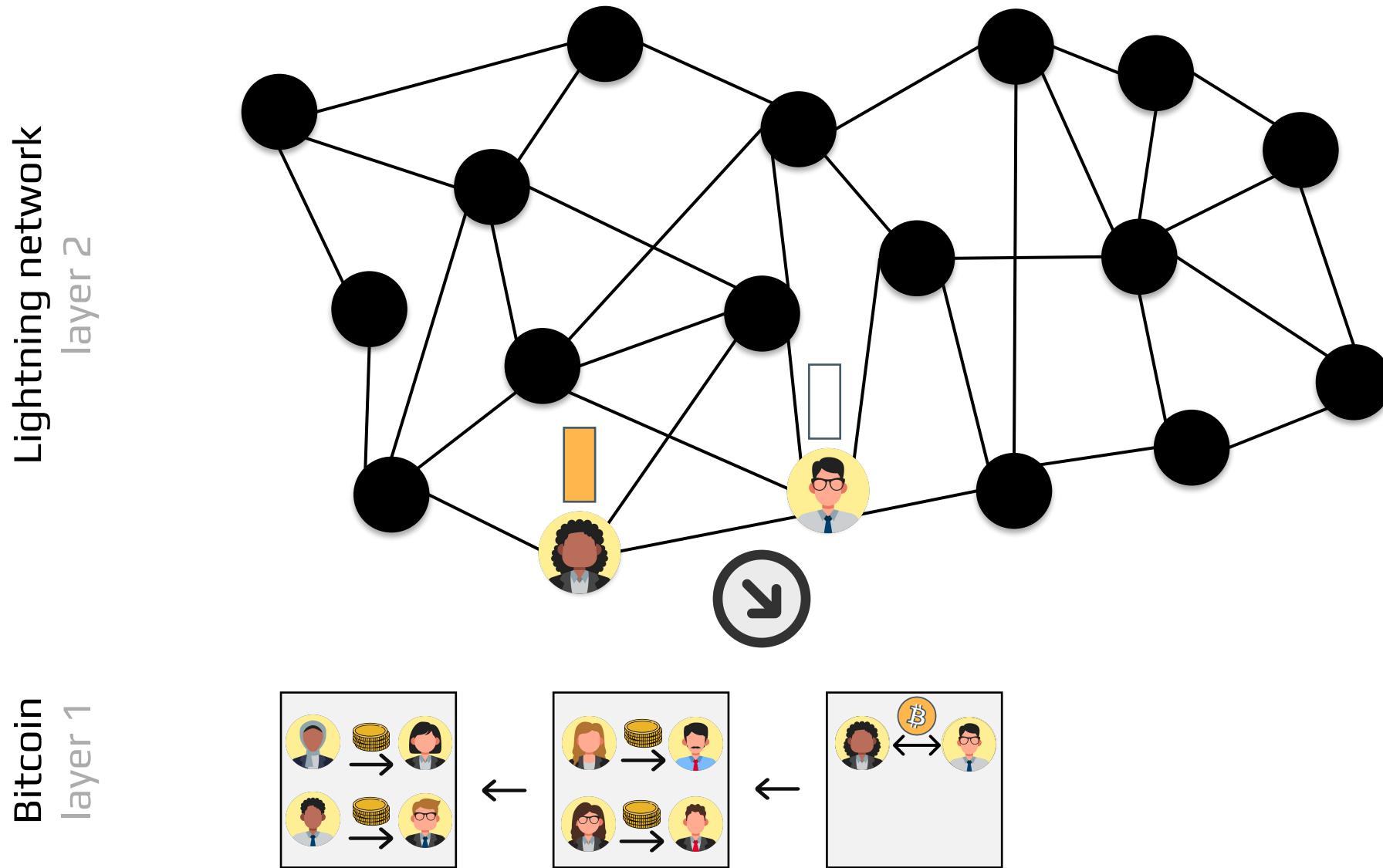


**Florian Grötschla, Lioba Heimbach, Severin Richner and Roger Wattenhofer**  
ETH Zurich

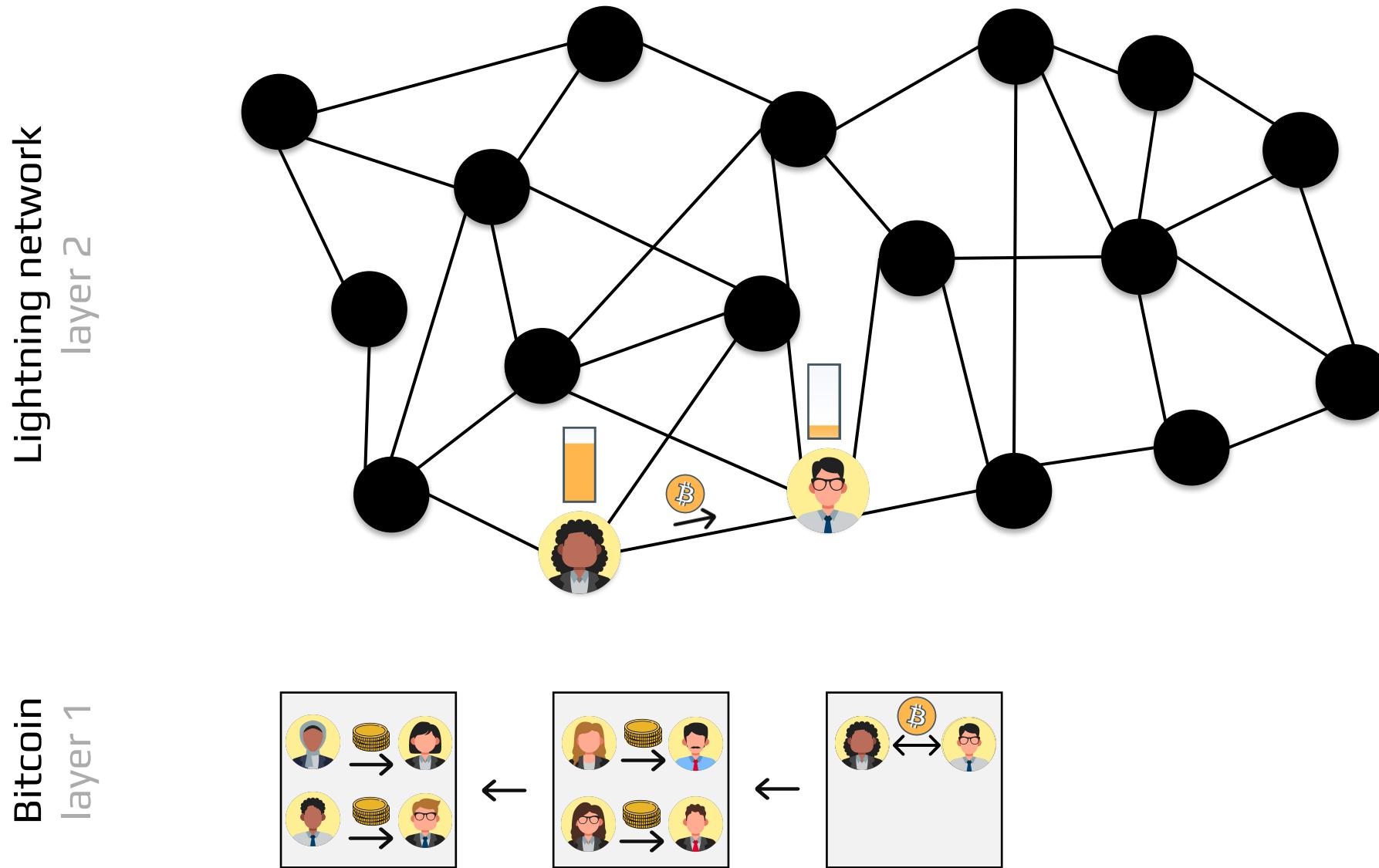
# Payment channels



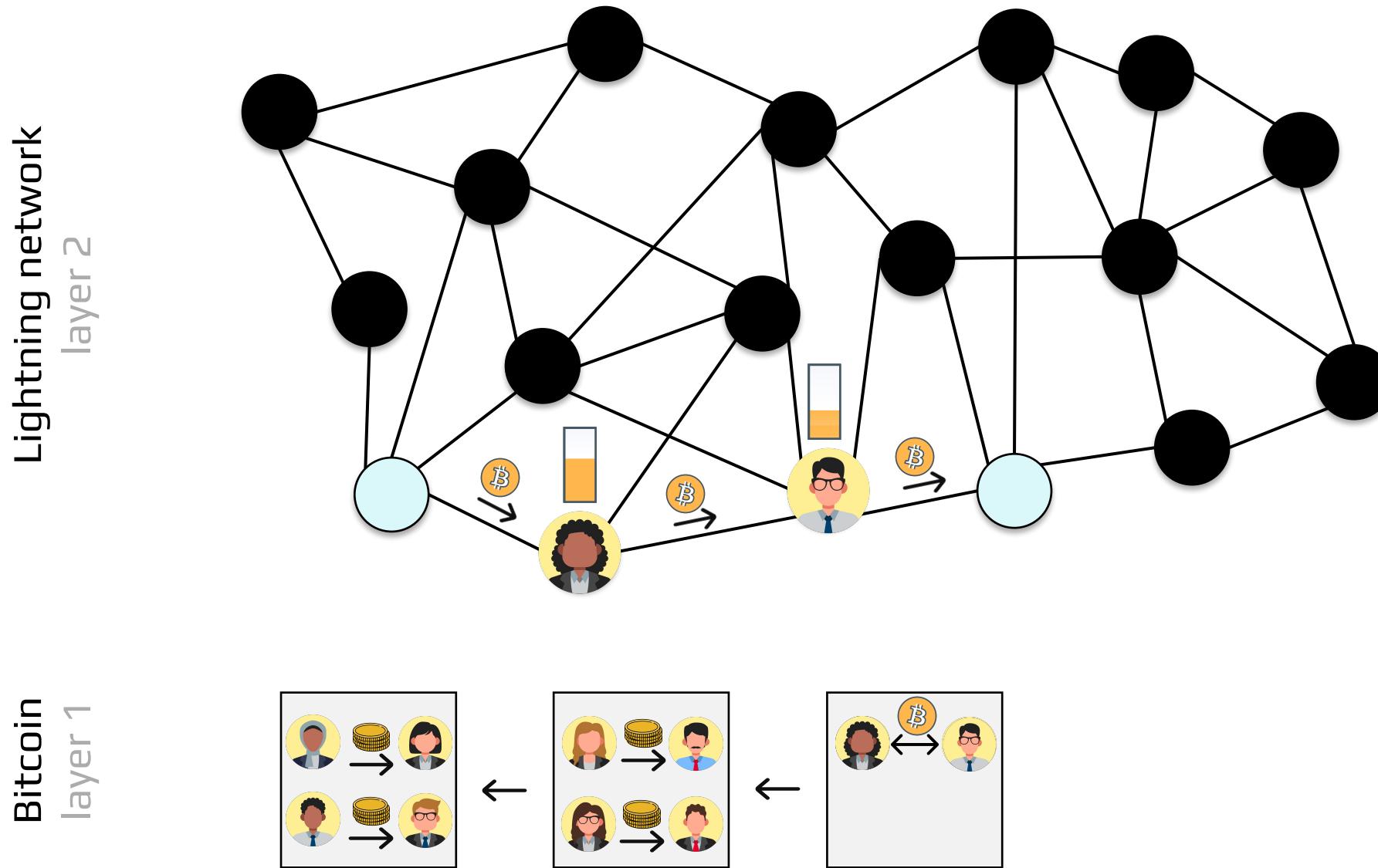
# Payment channels – channel opening



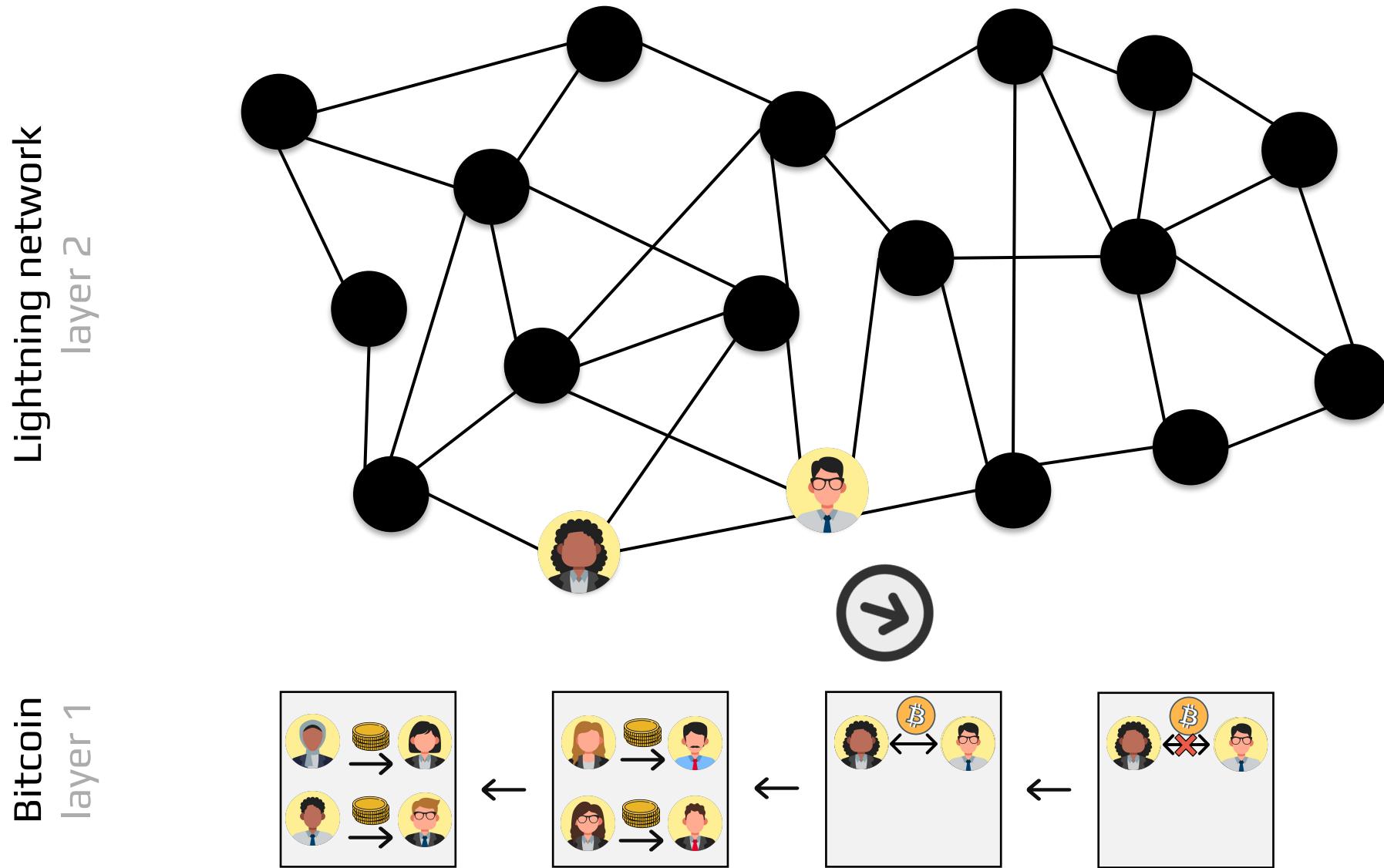
# Payment channels – channel lifetime



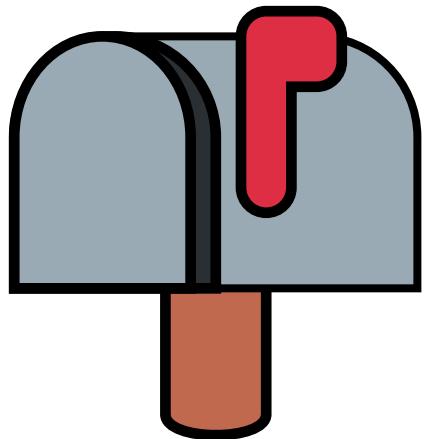
# Payment channels – channel lifetime



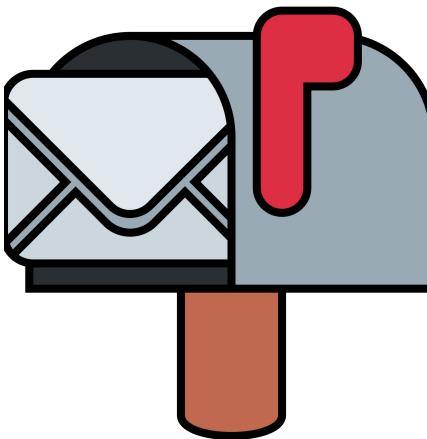
# Payment channels – channel closing



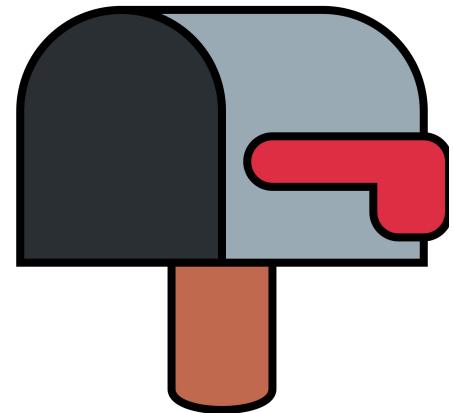
# Lifecycle of a Channel



opening



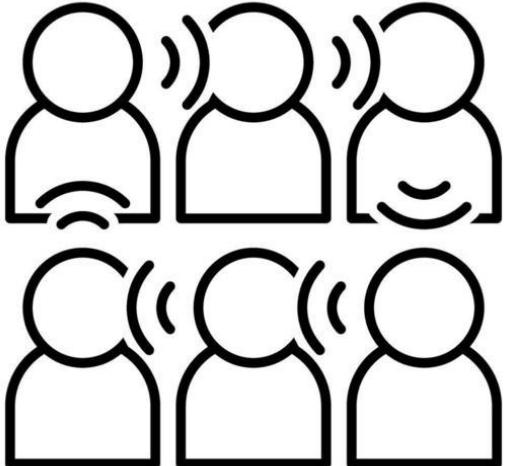
lifetime



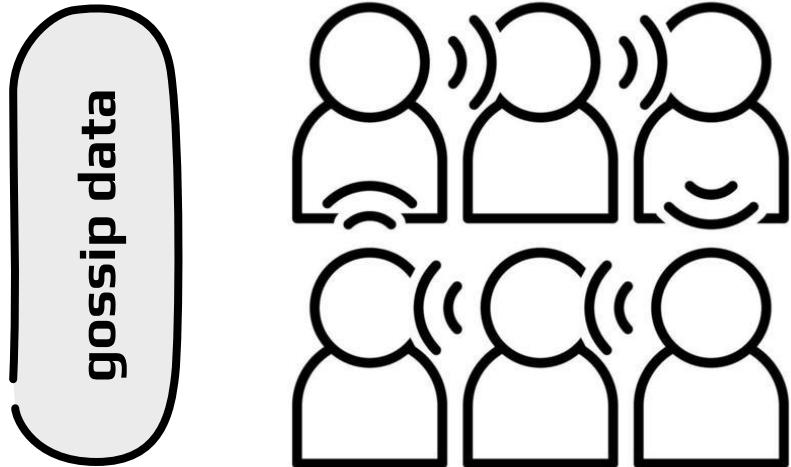
closing

# Data collection

gossip data

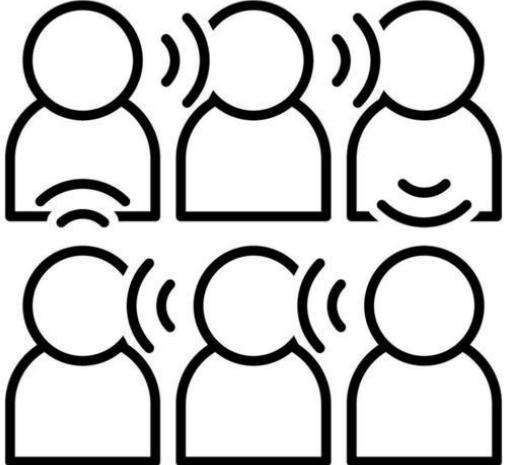
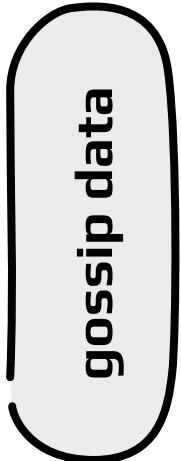


# Data collection



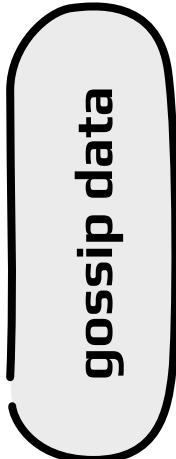
- channel announcements
- node announcements
- channel updates (fees, ...)

# Data collection



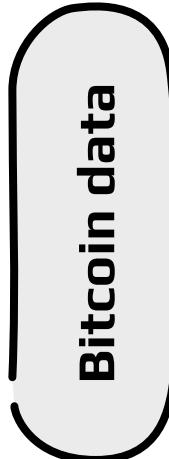
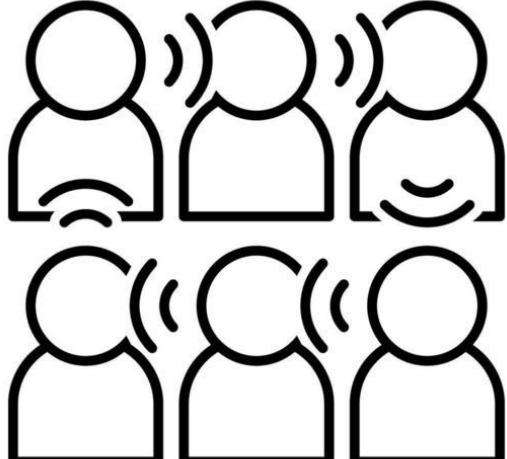
- channel announcements
- node announcements
- channel updates (fees, ...)

# Data collection



gossip data

- channel announcements
- node announcements
- channel updates (fees, ...)



Bitcoin data

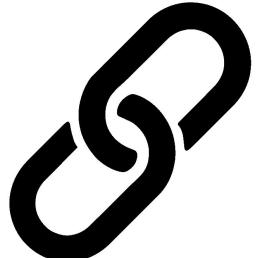
- private channel detection
- channel closing classification

# Methodology

## Private Channels



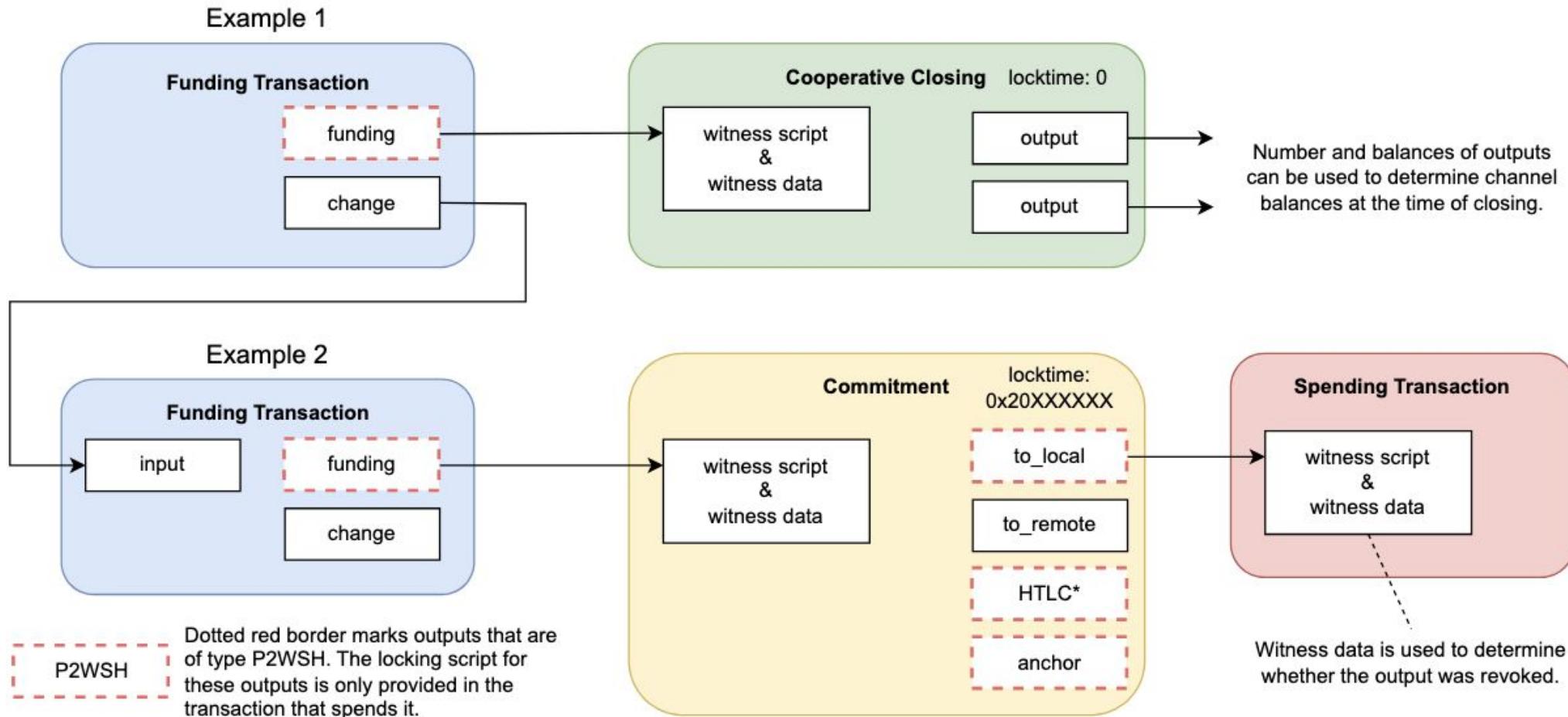
Many channels remain unannounced.  
We adopt heuristics from Kappos et al. to identify likely private channels.



## On-chain Analysis

- Trace funding transactions to their spending outputs.
- Distinguish closing types (commitment, cooperative, etc.)
- Classify output roles (local, remote, HTLCs, change)

# Transaction flow



# Scripts

## Script Funding

```
1: 2 <pubkey1> <pubkey2> 2 OP_CHECKMULTISIG
```

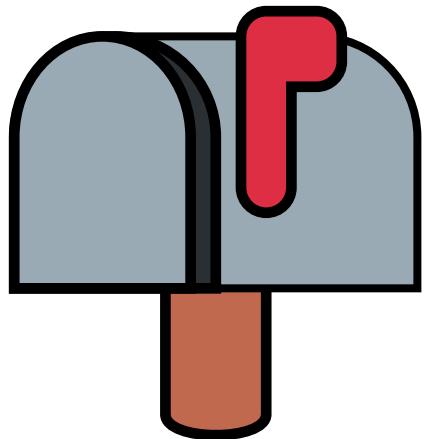
wrapped in P2WSH

## Script Local Output

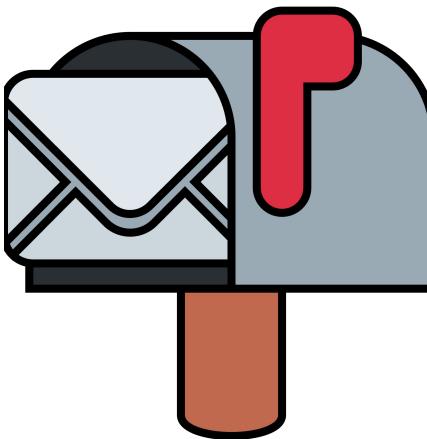
```
1: OP_IF
2:   # Penalty transaction
3:   <revocationpubkey>
4: OP_ELSE
5:   'to_self_delay'
6:   OP_CHECKSEQUENCEVERIFY
7:   OP_DROP
8:   <local_delayedpubkey>
9: OP_ENDIF
10: OP_CHECKSIG
```

part of Commitment

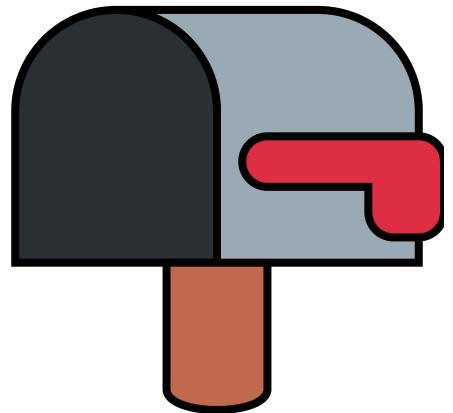
# Lifecycle of a Channel



opening

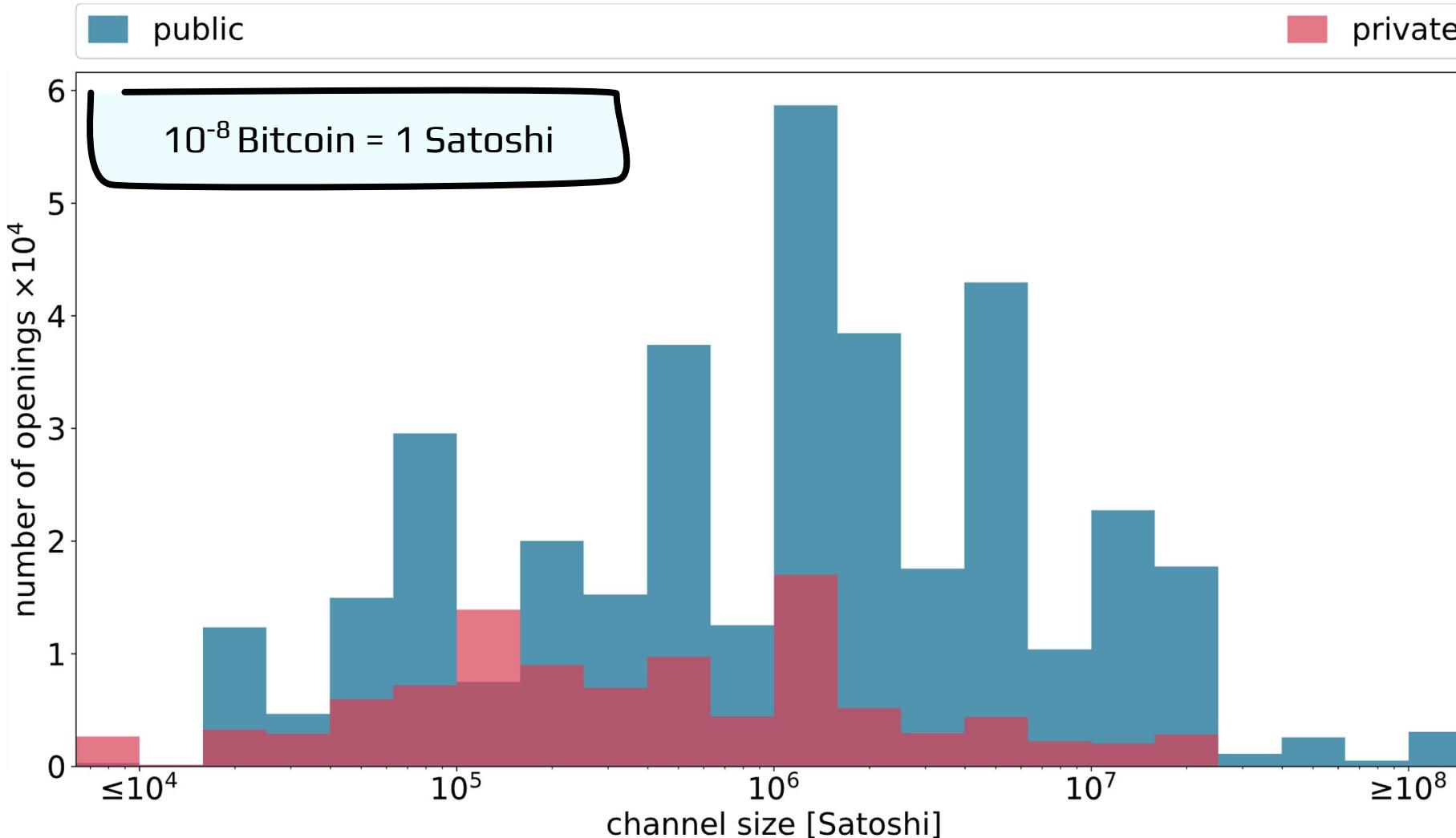


lifetime

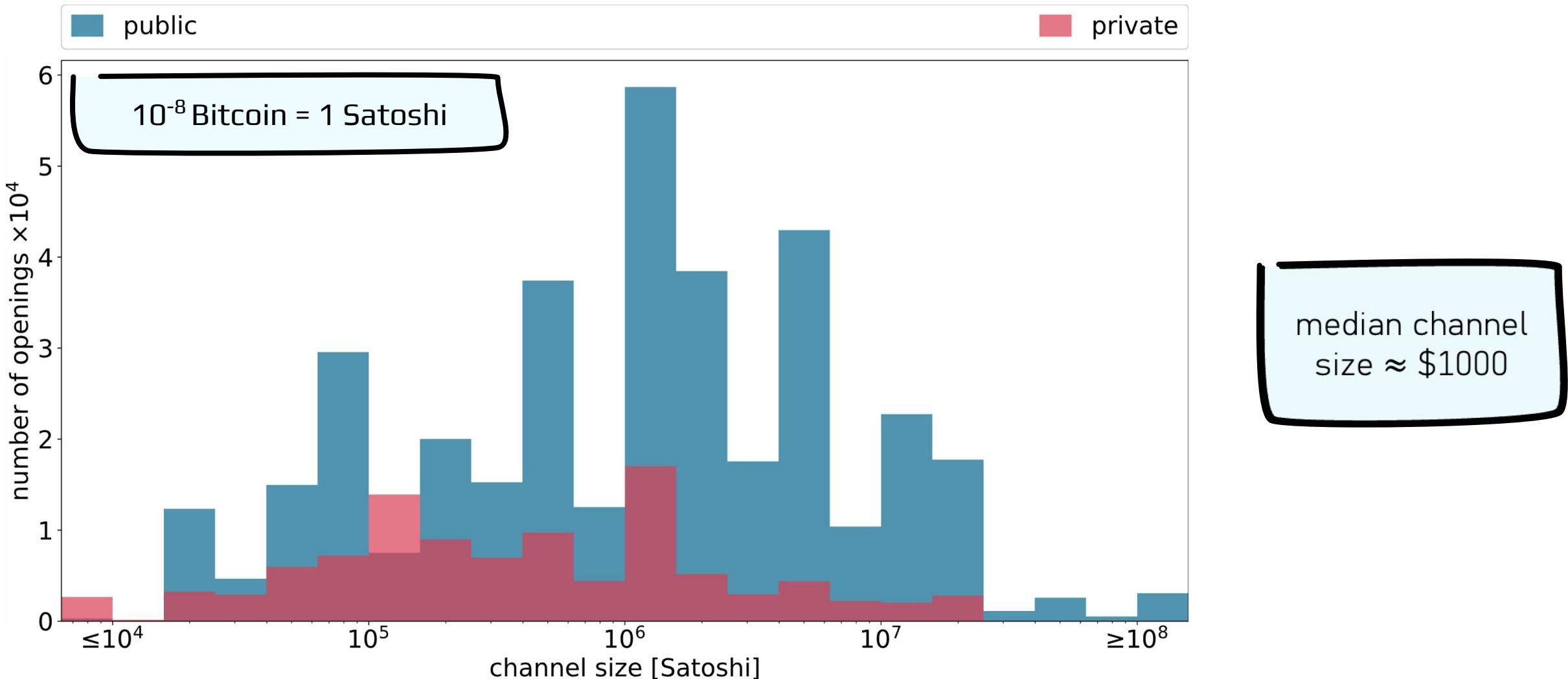


closing

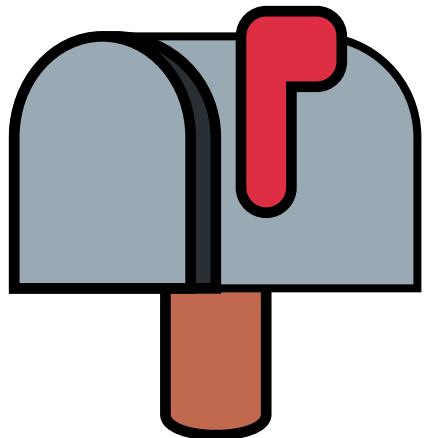
# Public channels tend to have a greater capacity than private channels



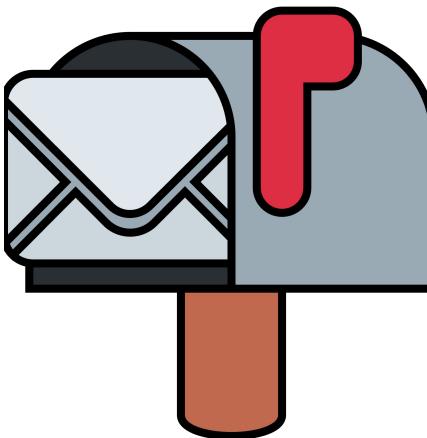
# Public channels tend to have a greater capacity than private channels



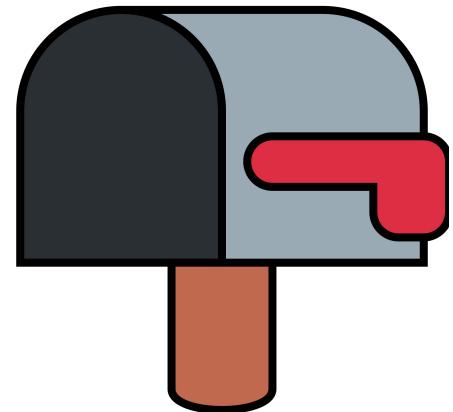
# Lifecycle of a Channel



opening

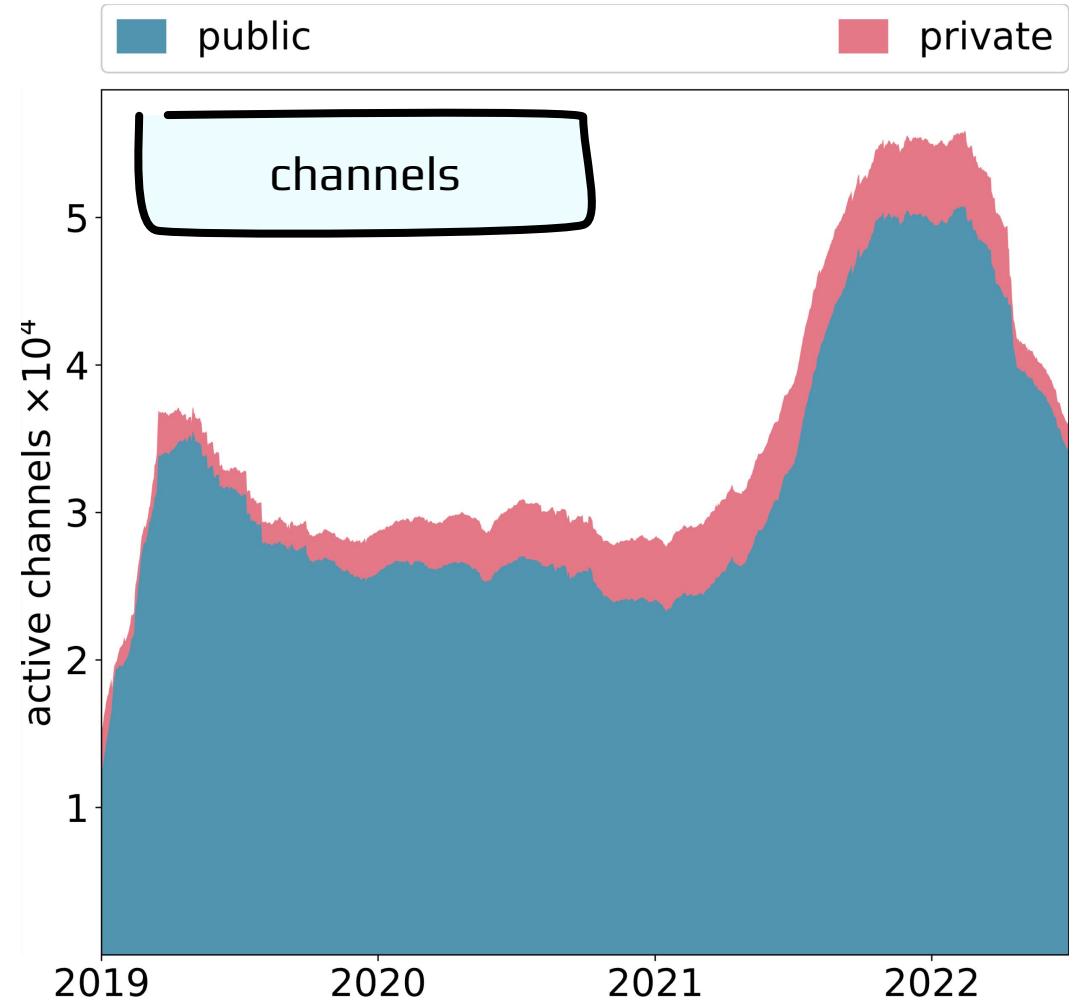
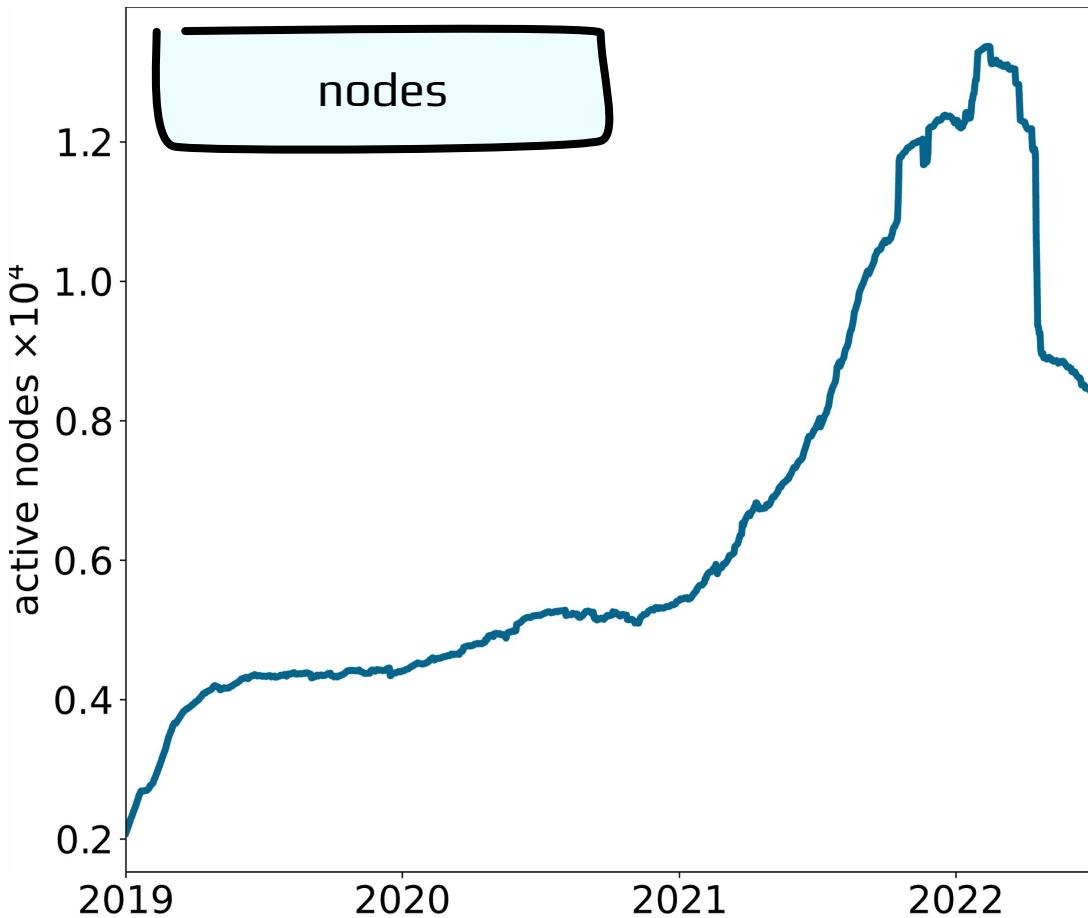


lifetime

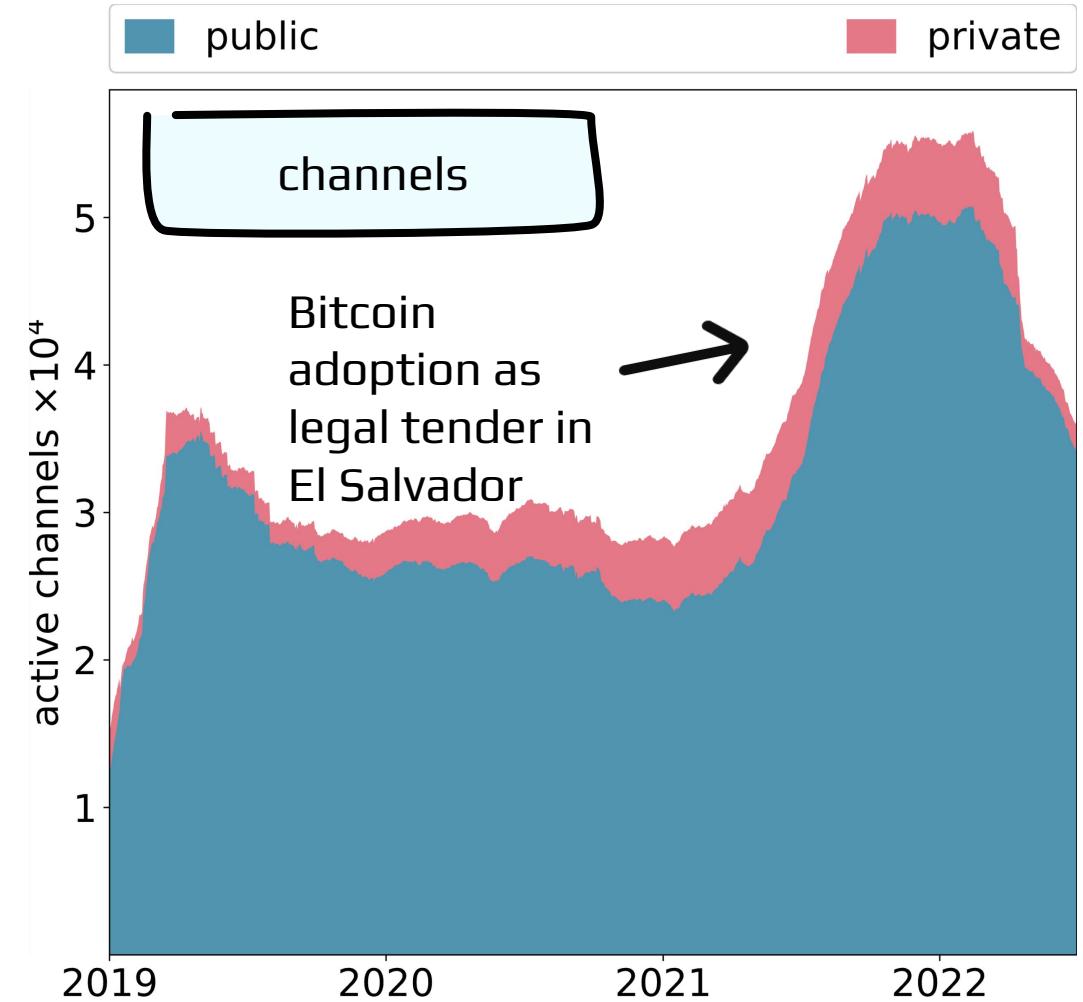
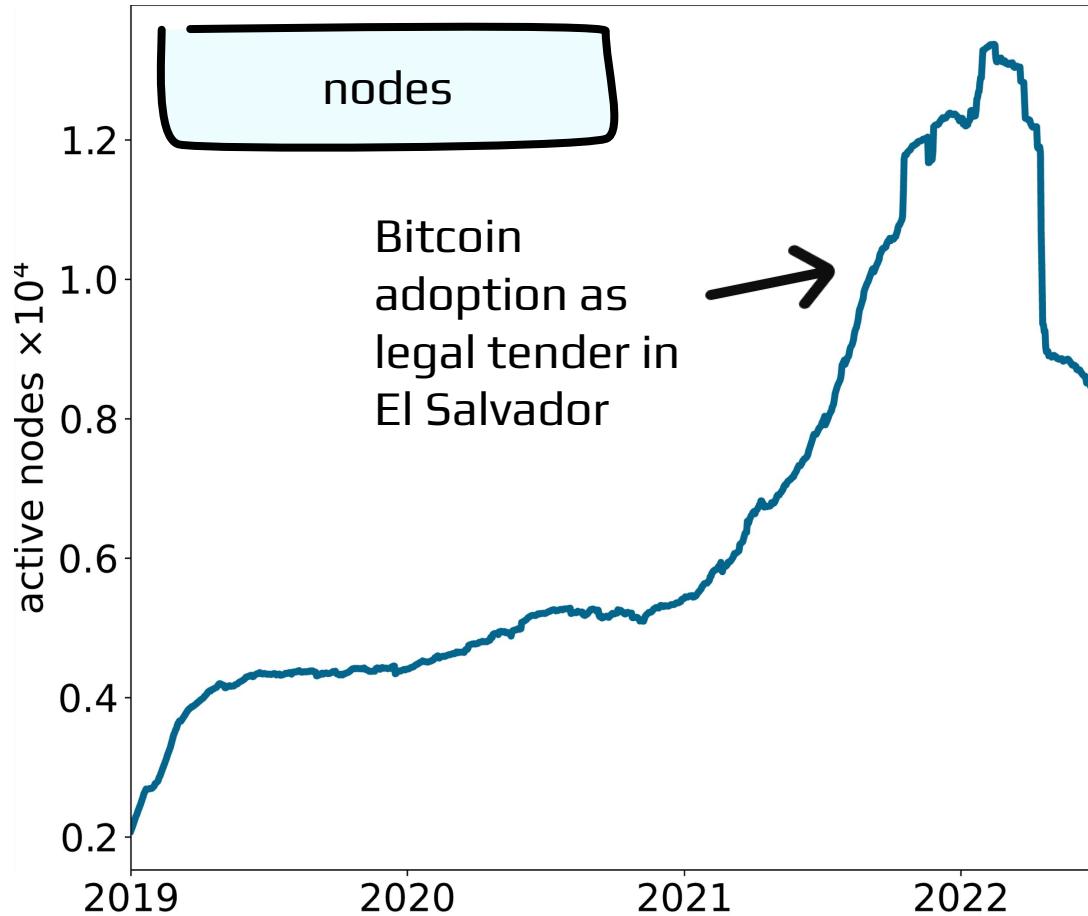


closing

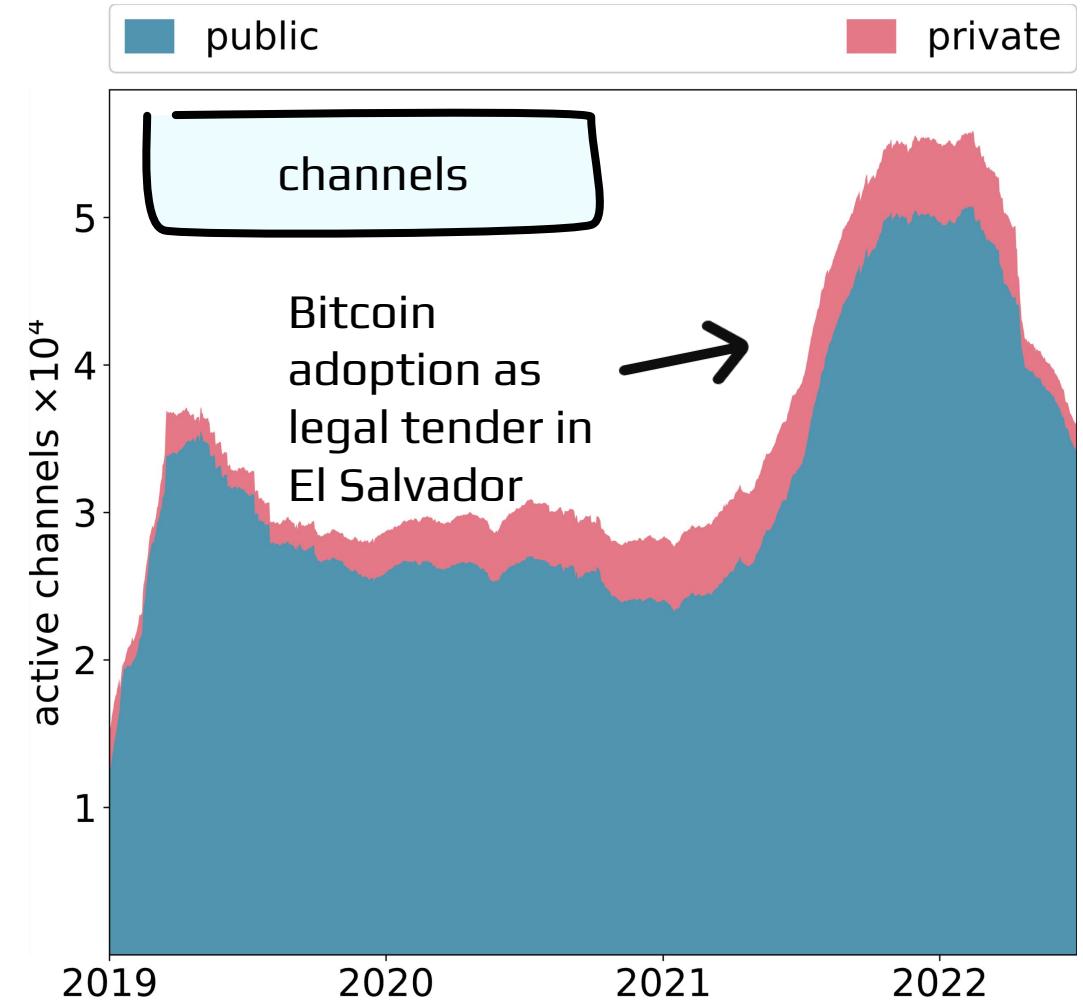
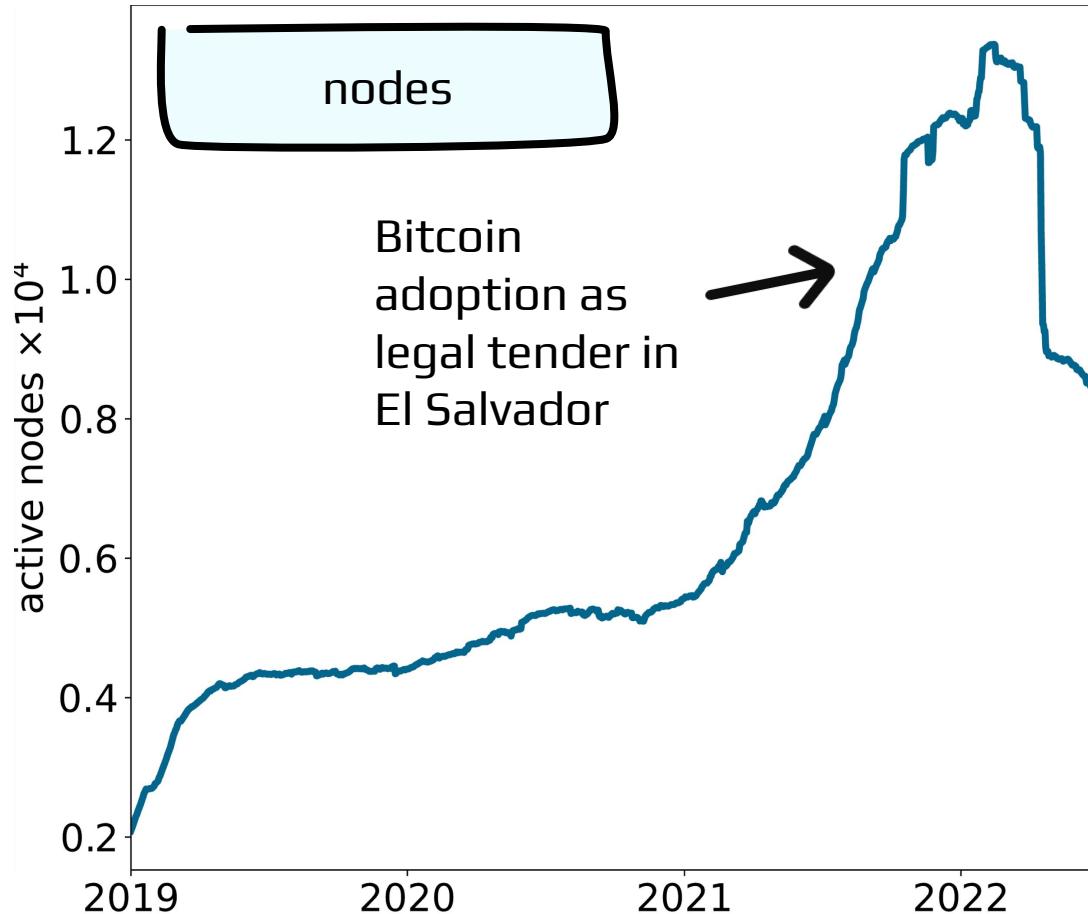
# The Lightning network size is generally increasing



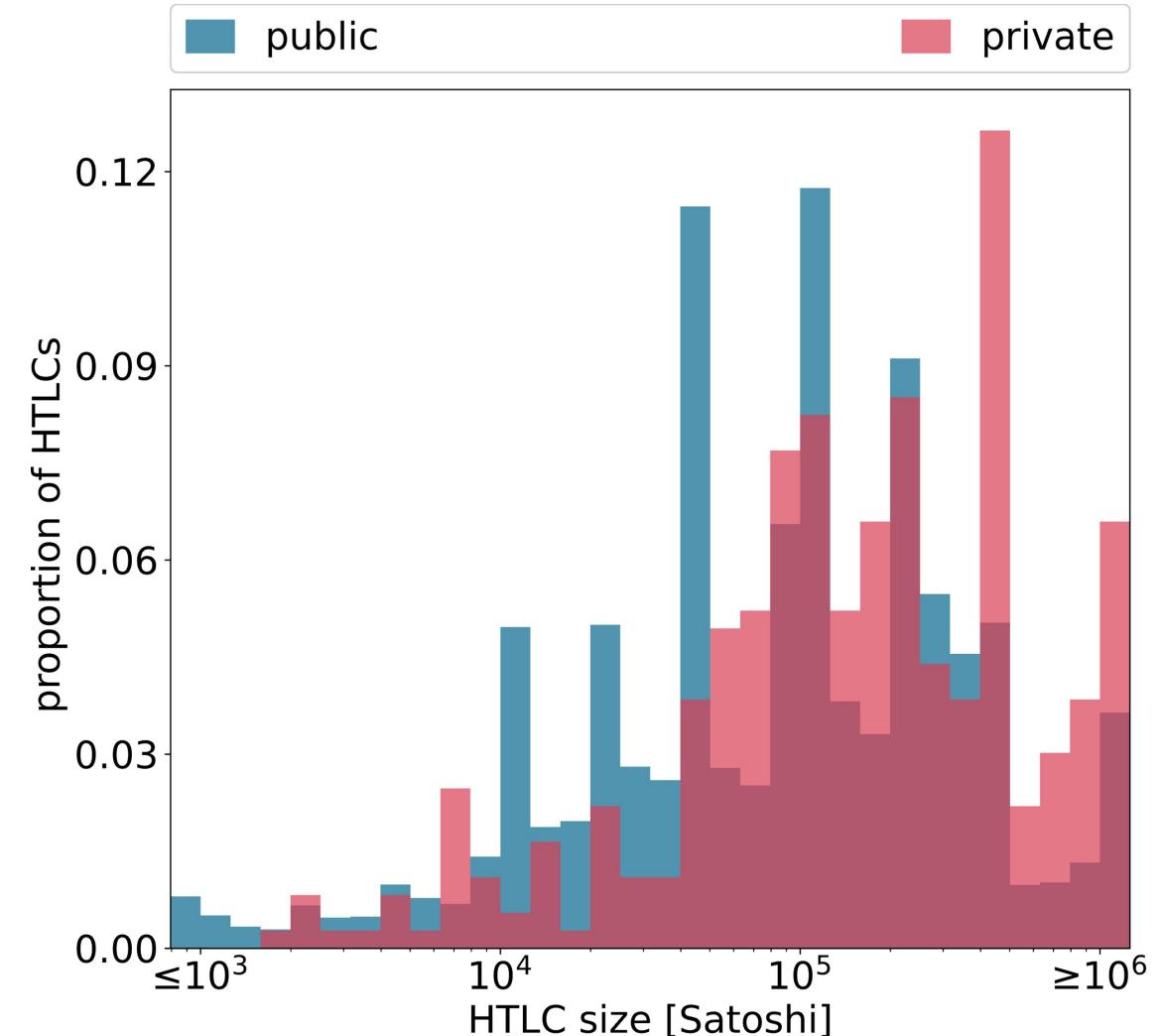
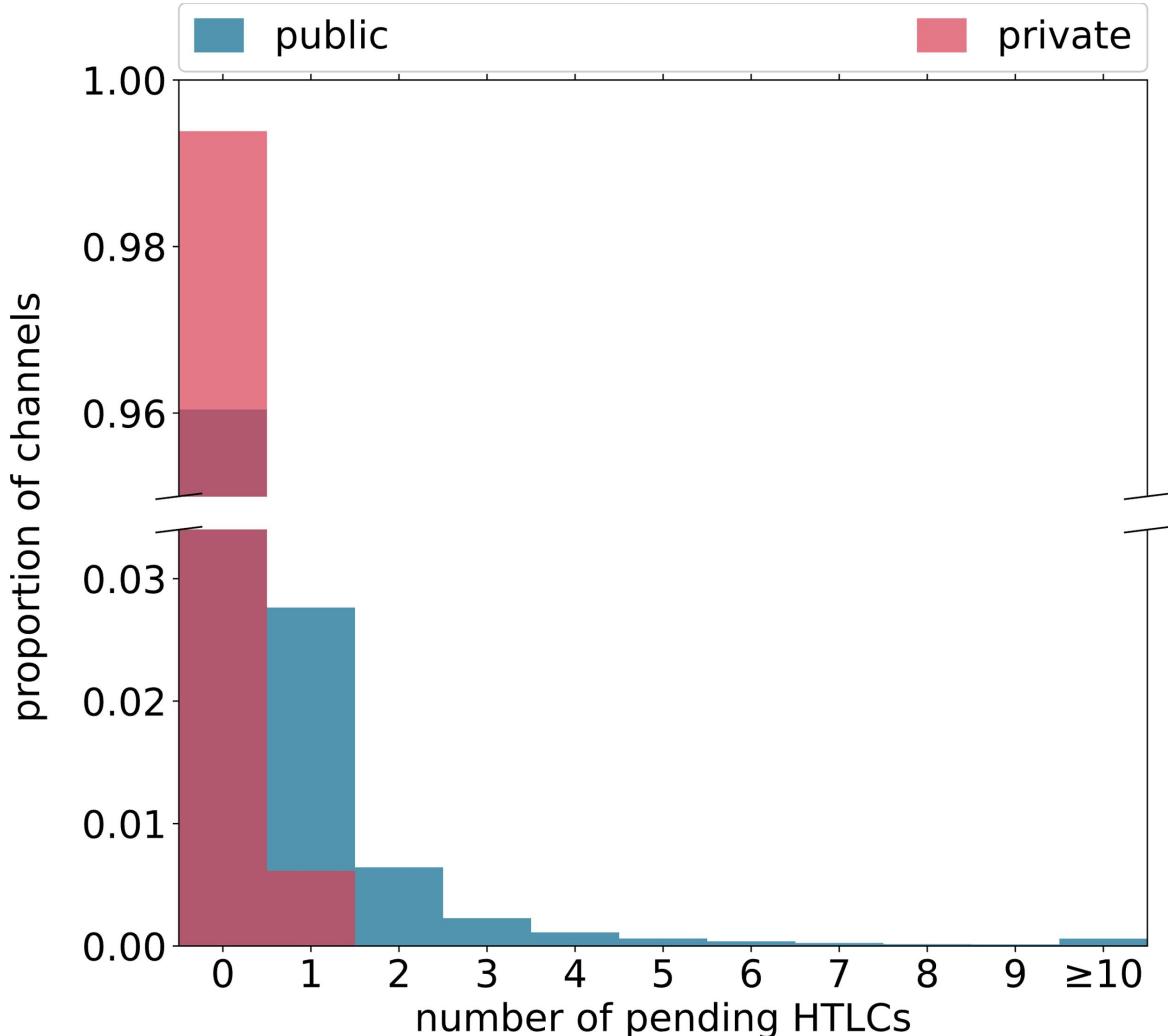
# The Lightning network size is generally increasing



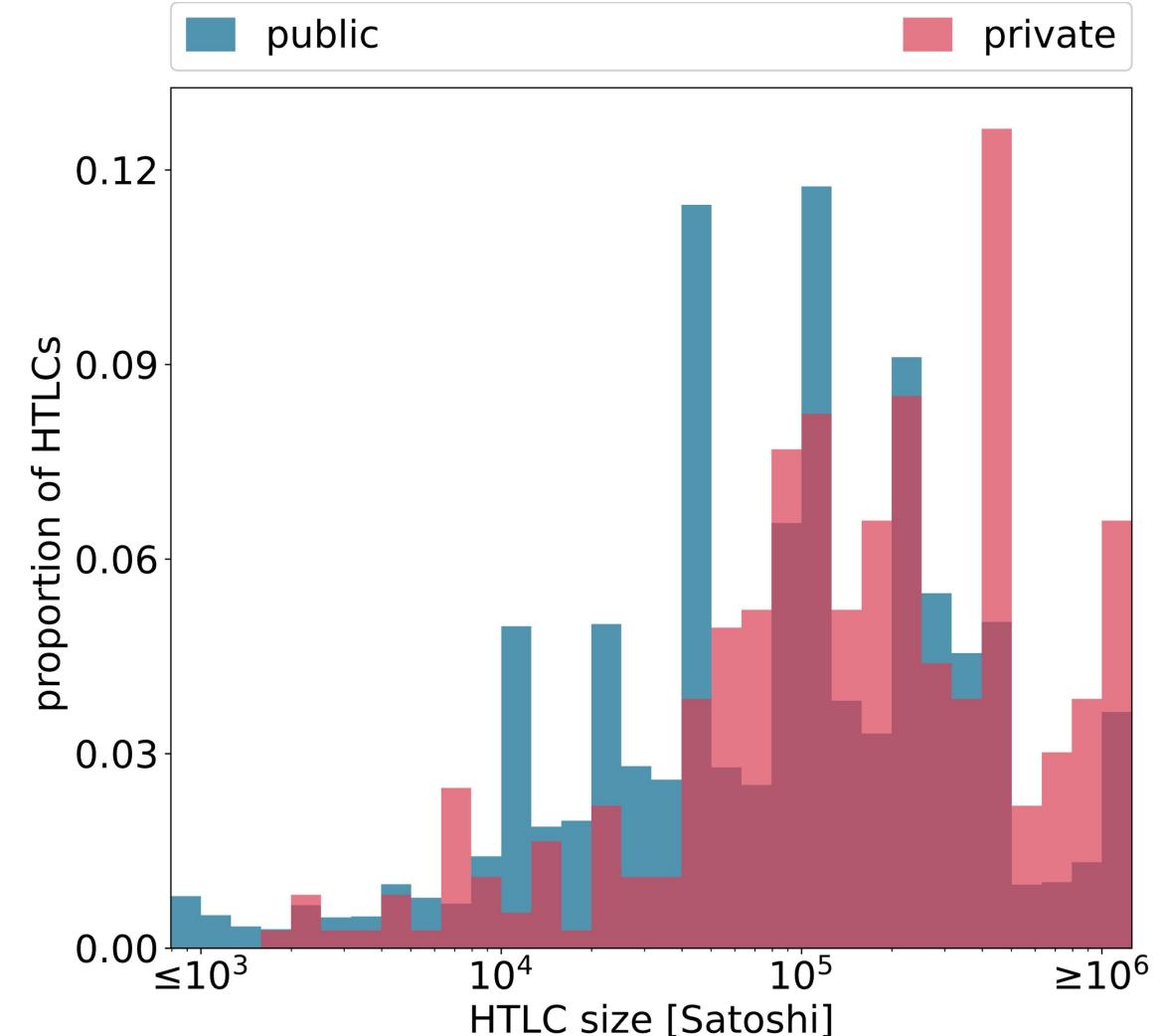
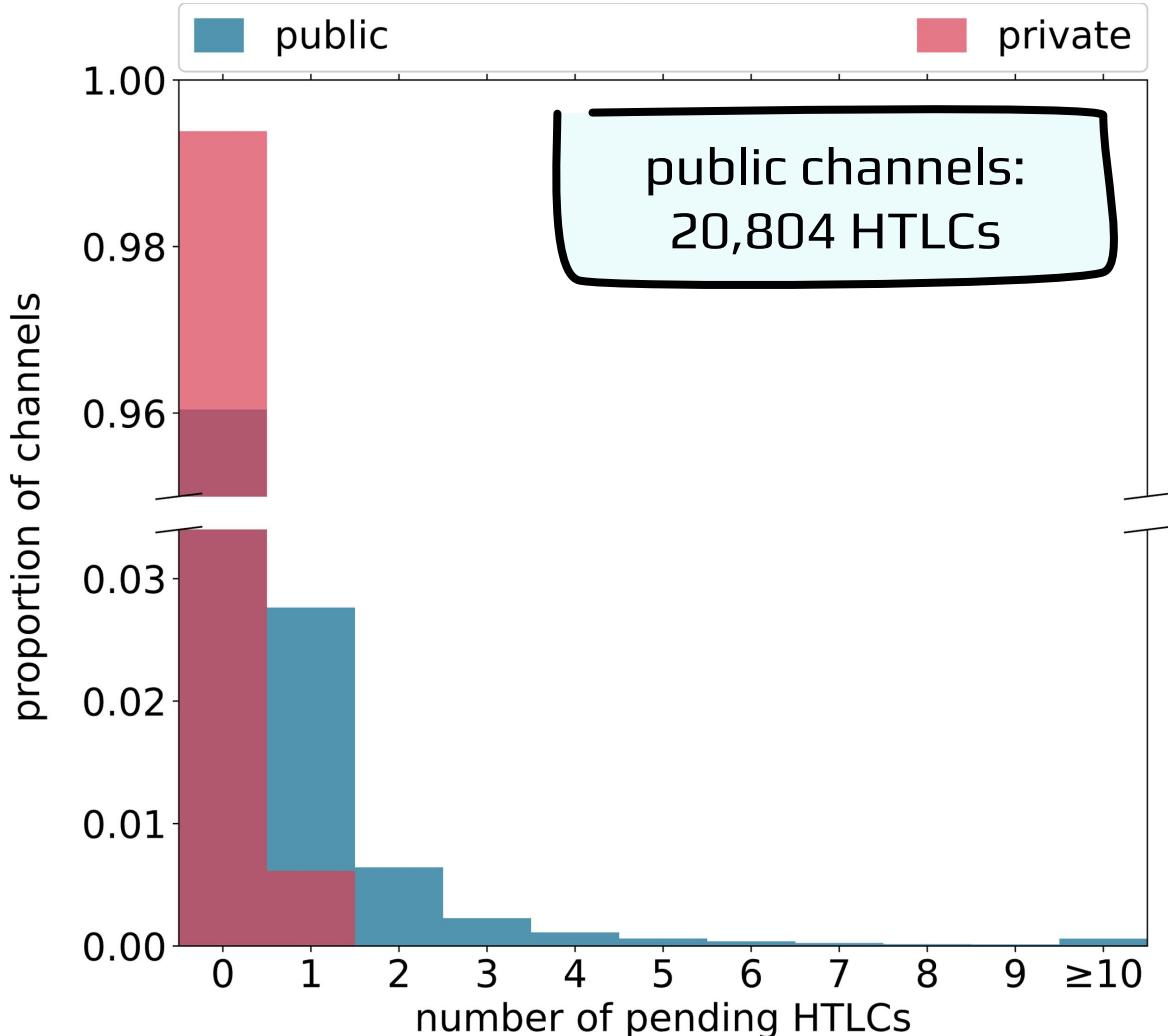
# The Lightning network size is generally increasing but has been decreasing lately



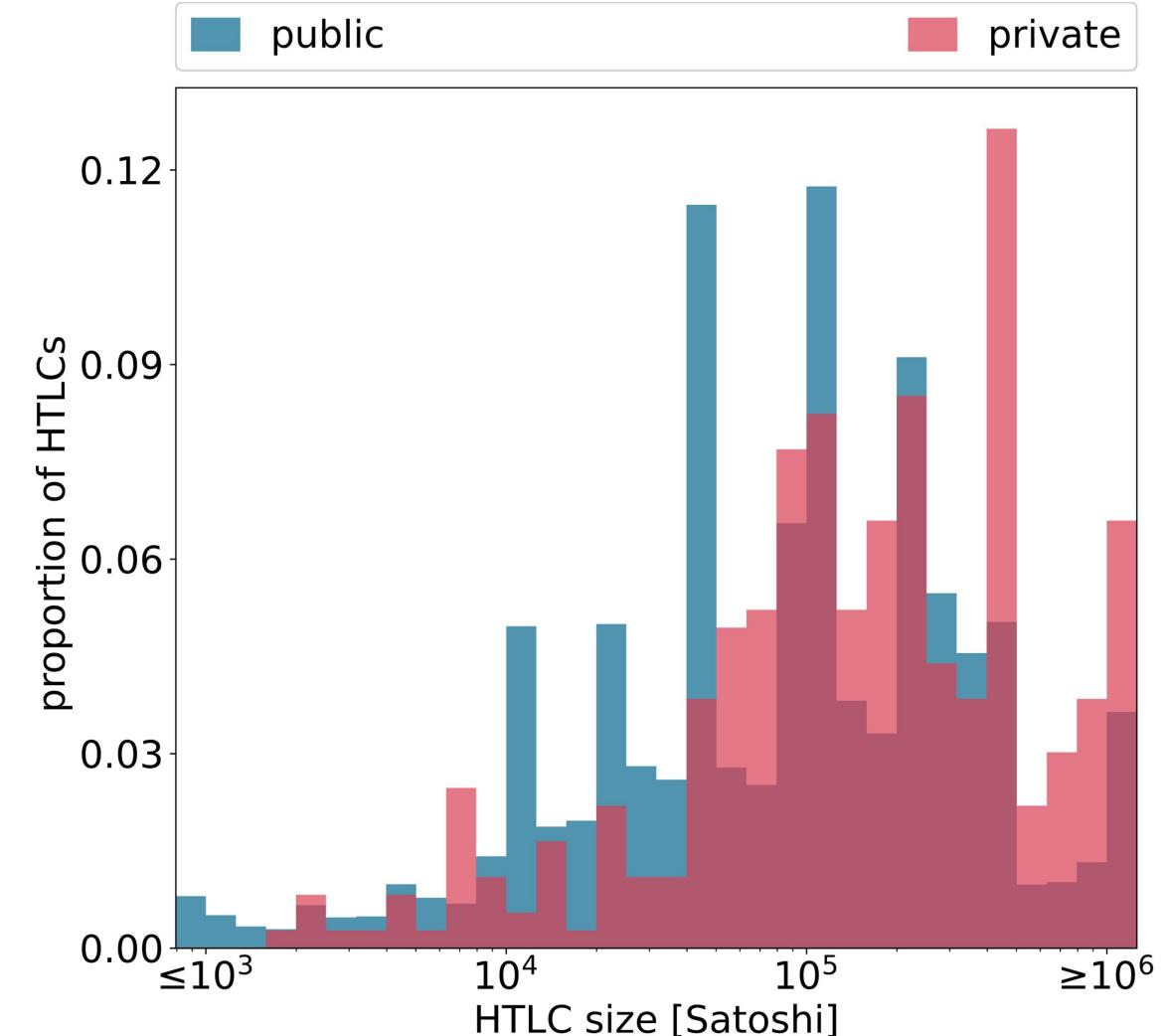
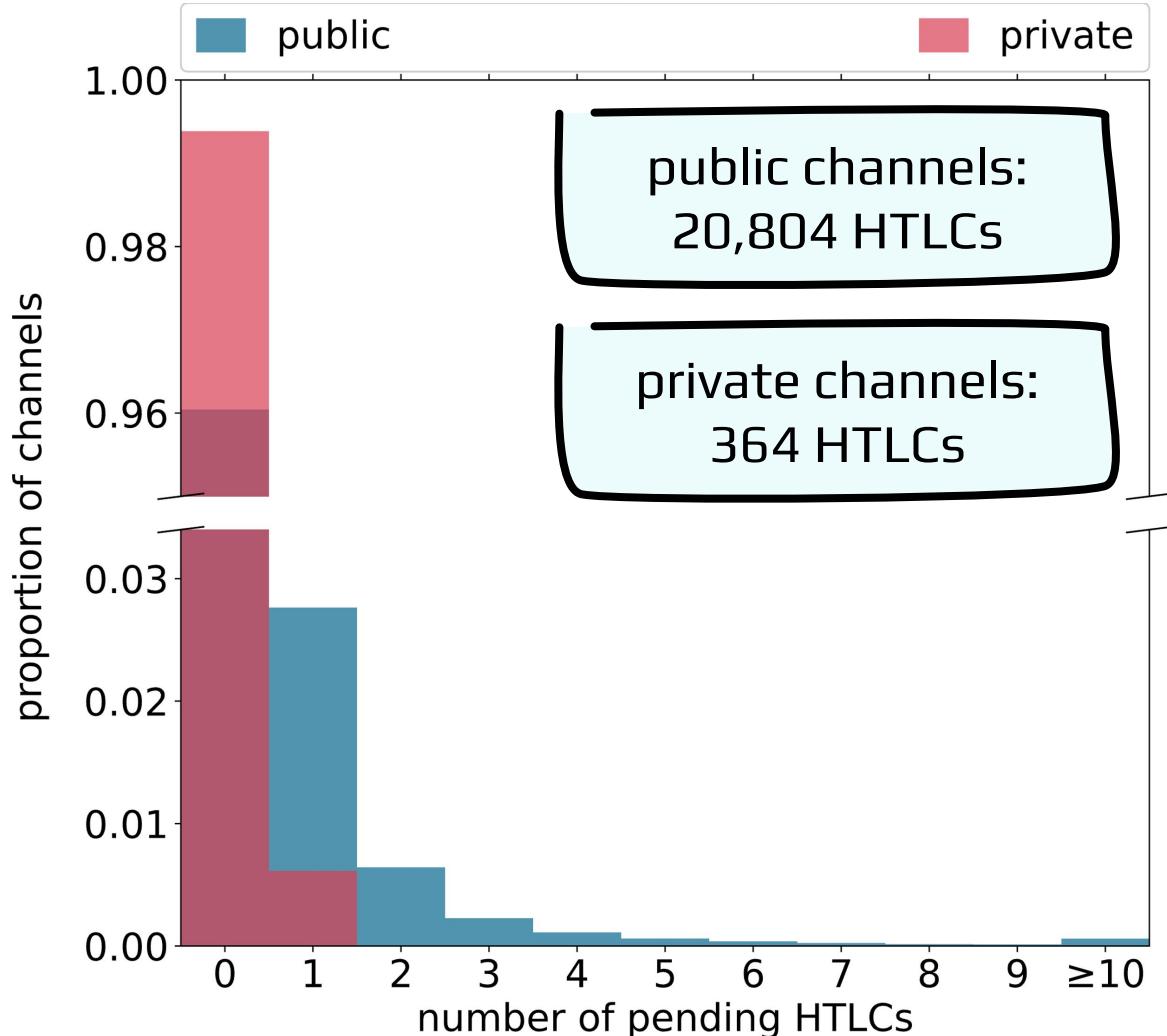
# Pending HTLCs represent unconfirmed transactions (single- and multi-hop)



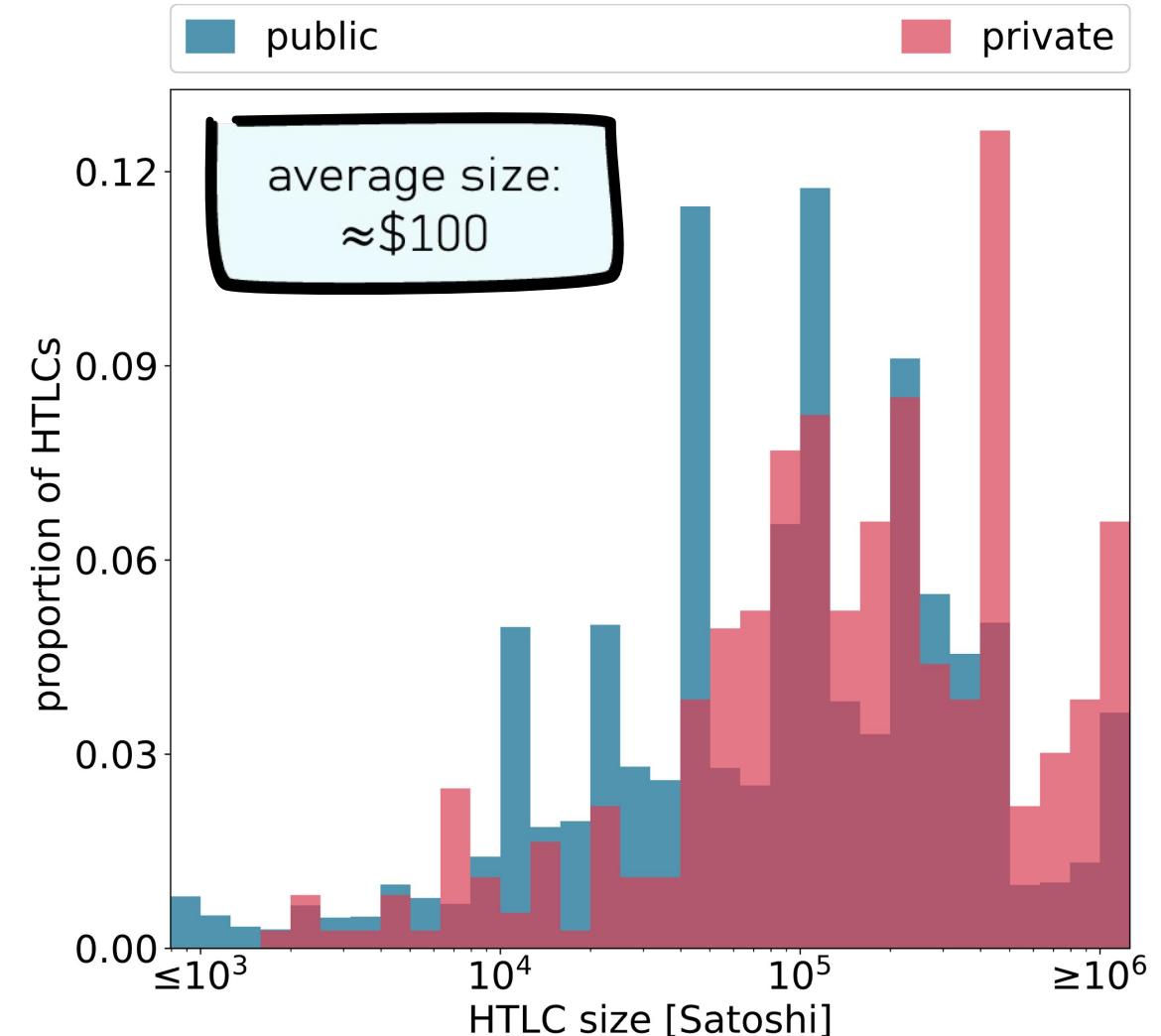
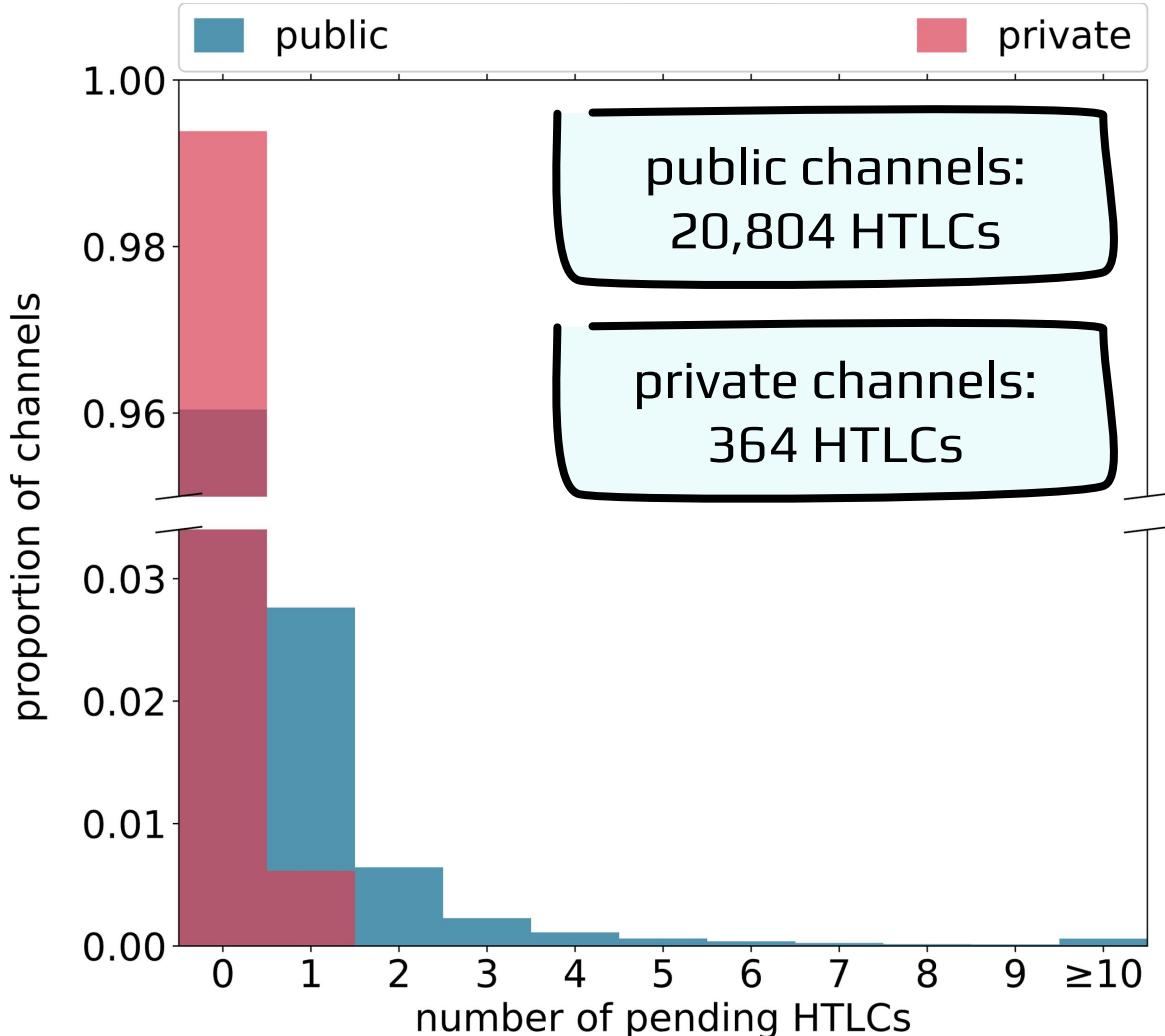
# Pending HTLCs represent unconfirmed transactions (single- and multi-hop)



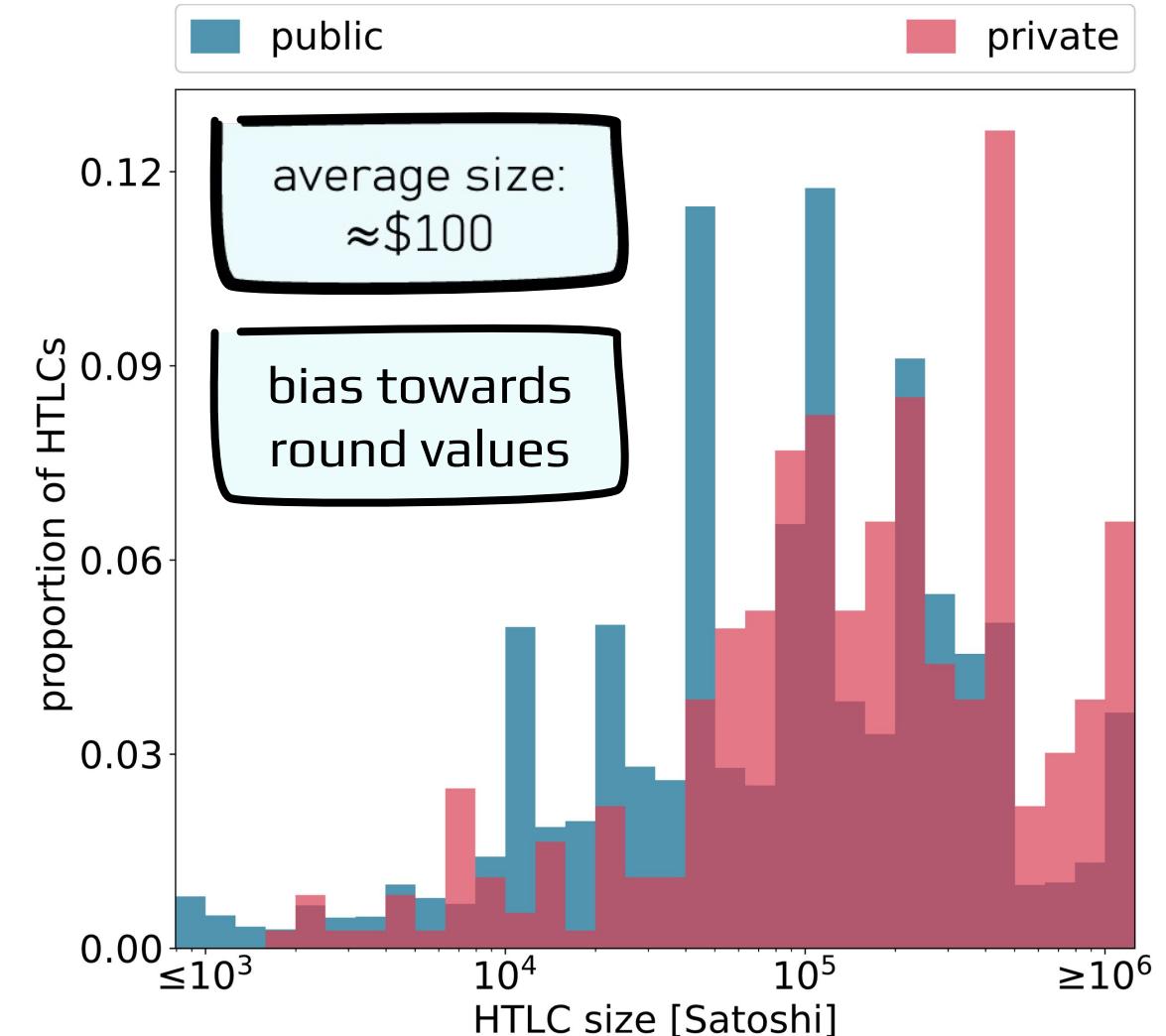
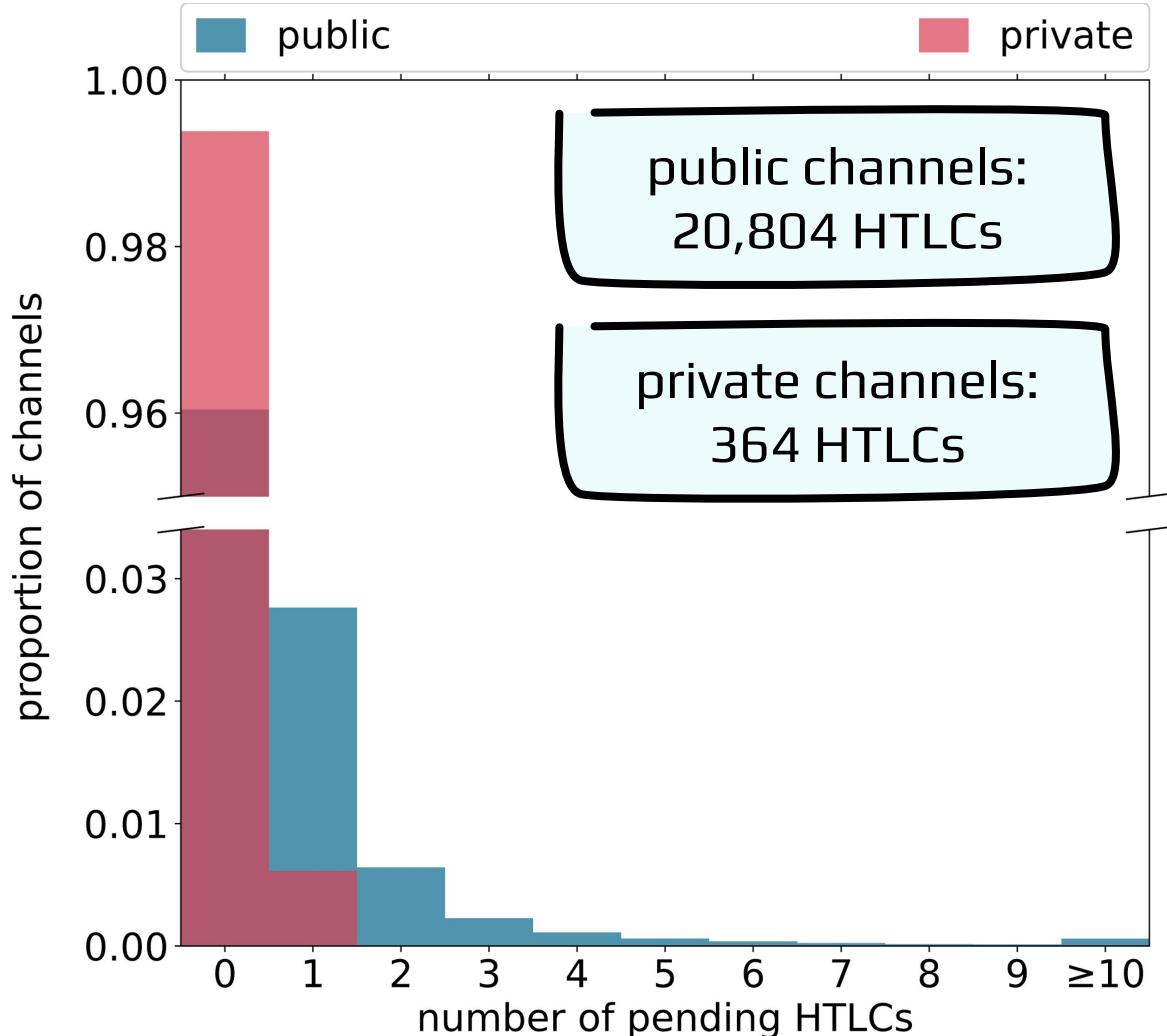
# Pending HTLCs represent unconfirmed transactions (single- and multi-hop)



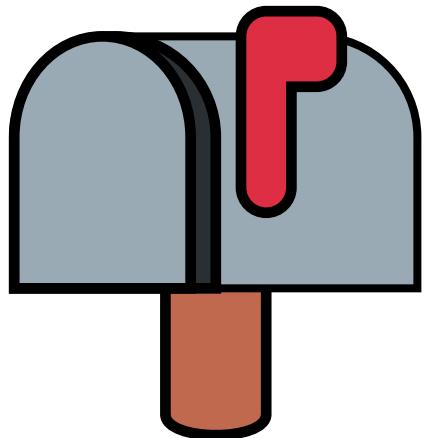
# Pending HTLCs represent unconfirmed transactions (single- and multi-hop)



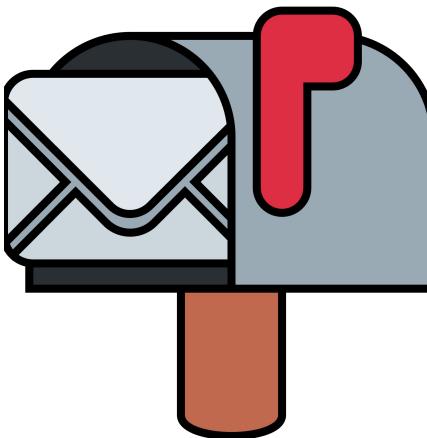
# Pending HTLCs represent unconfirmed transactions (single- and multi-hop)



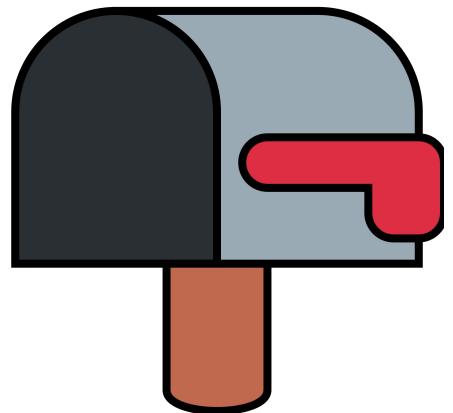
# Lifecycle of a Channel



opening

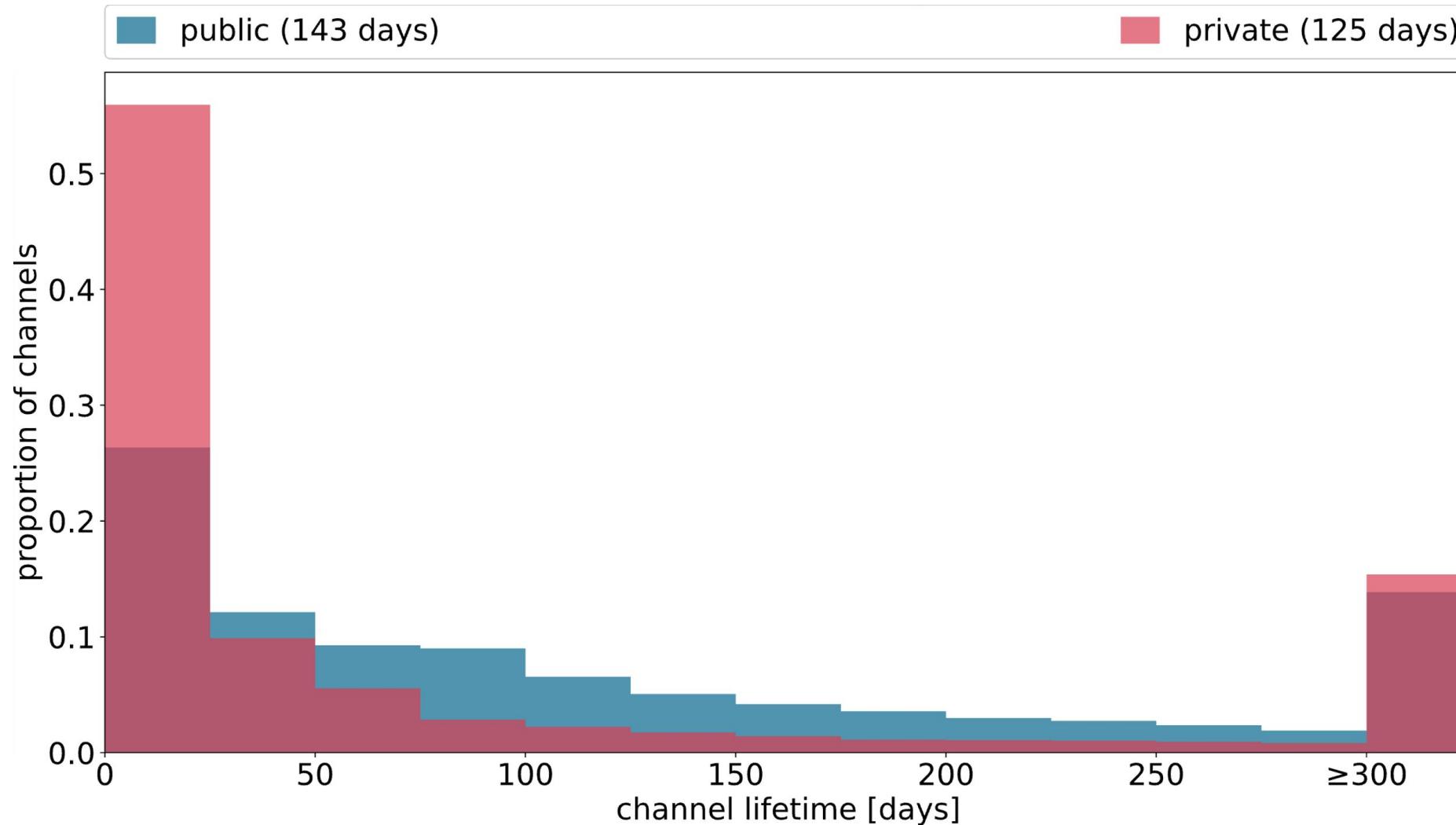


lifetime

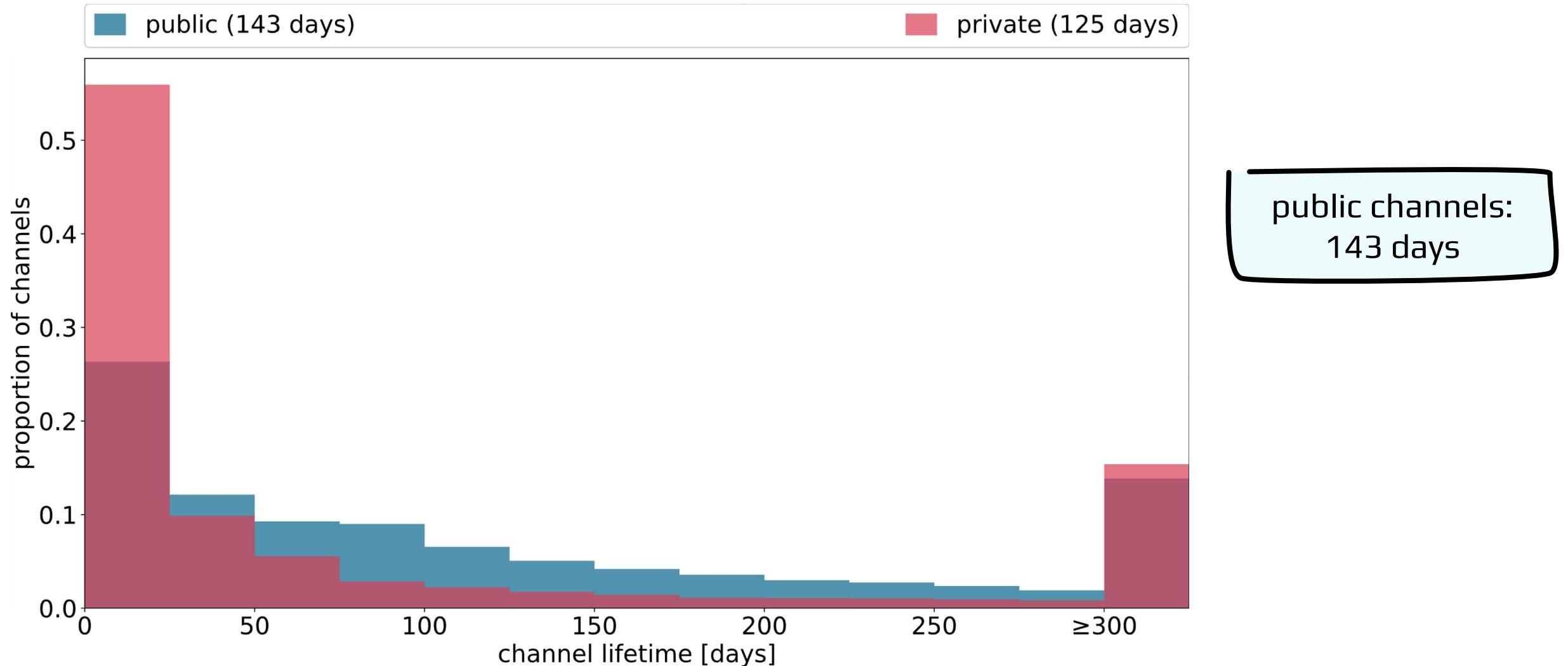


closing

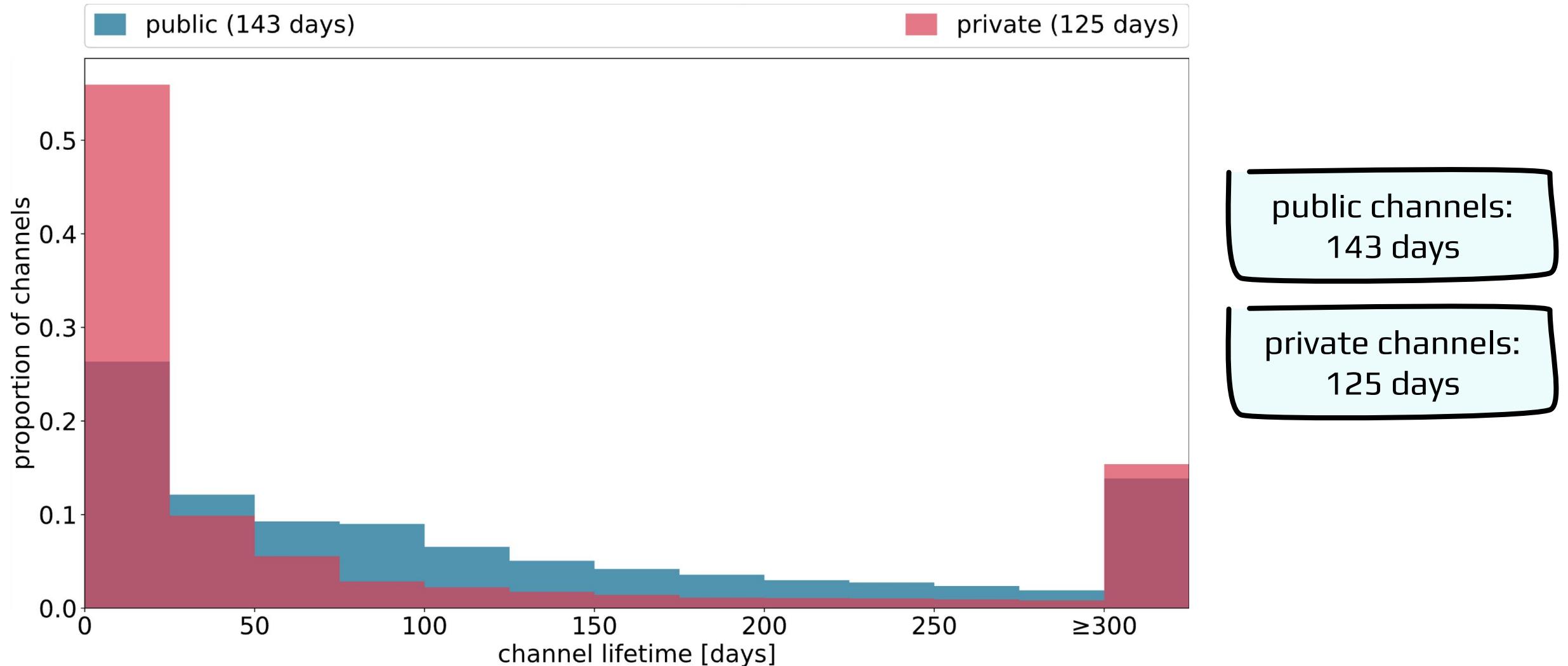
# Public channels have longer lifetimes than private channels



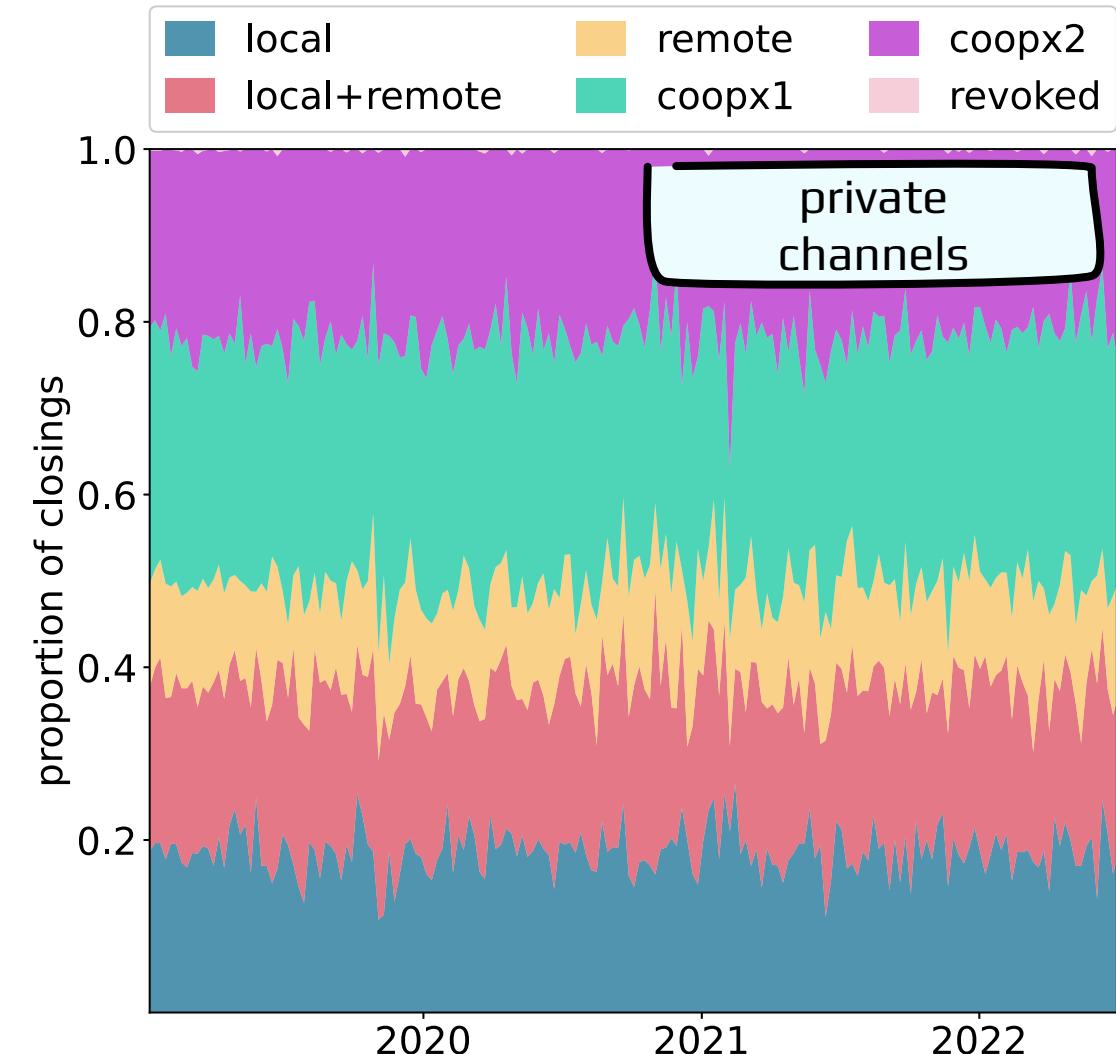
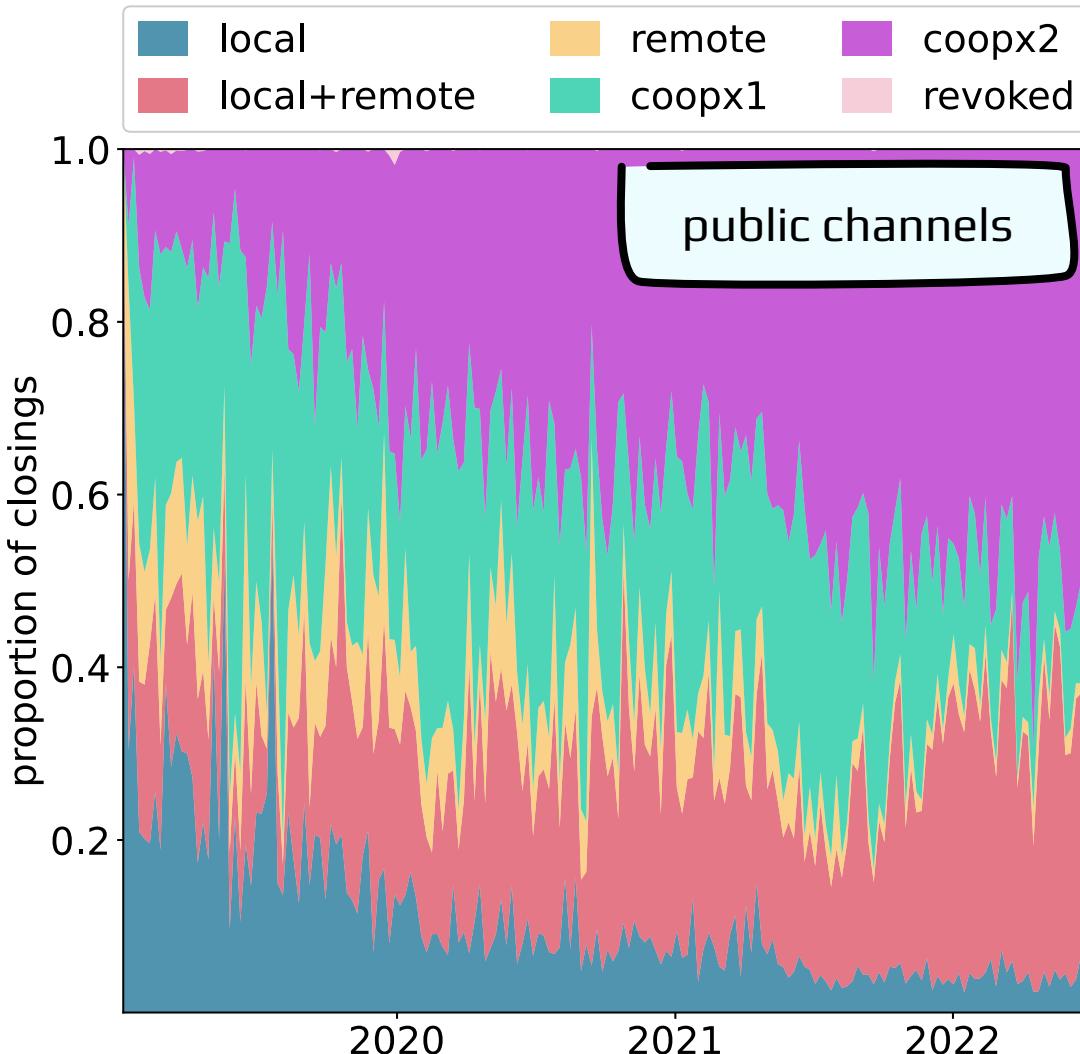
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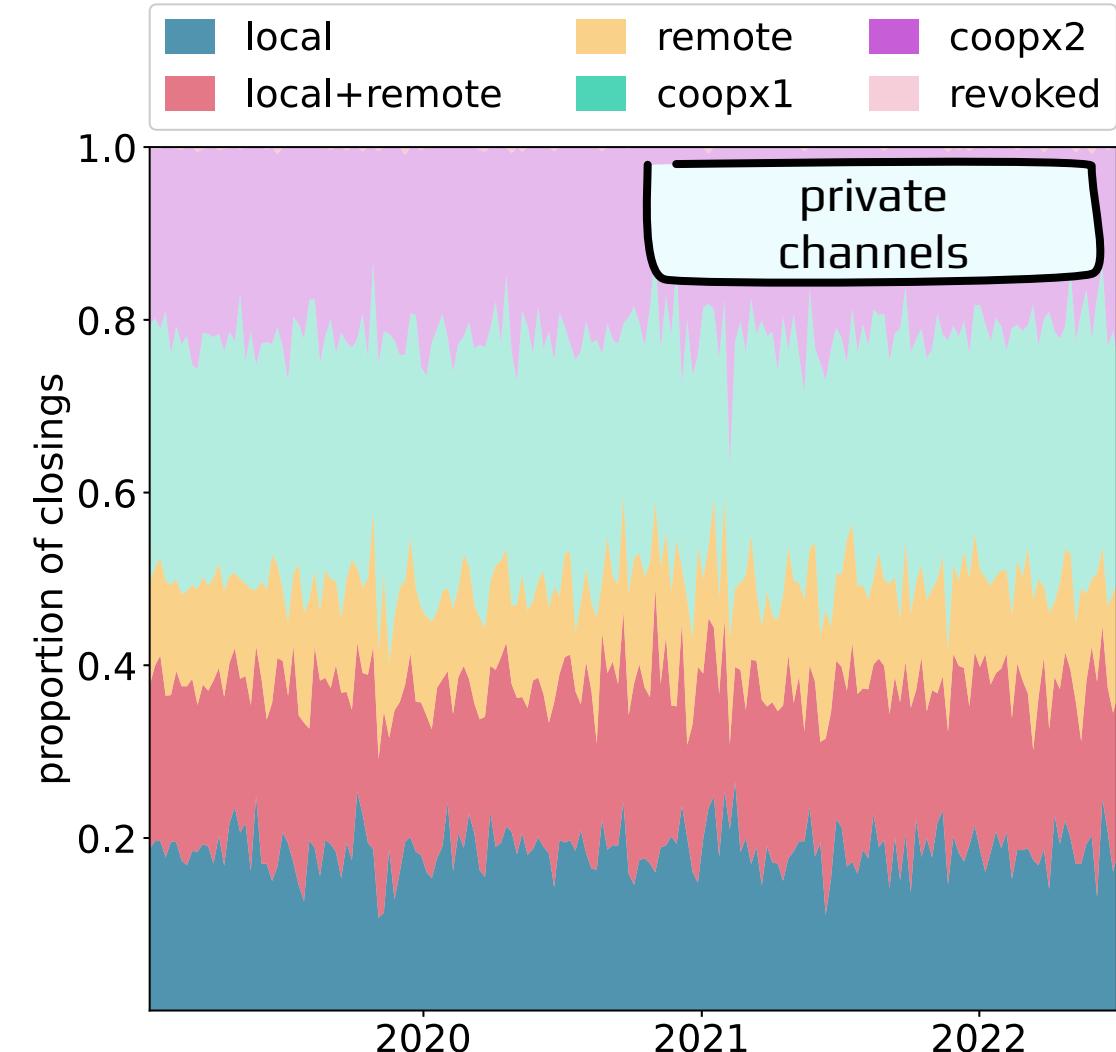
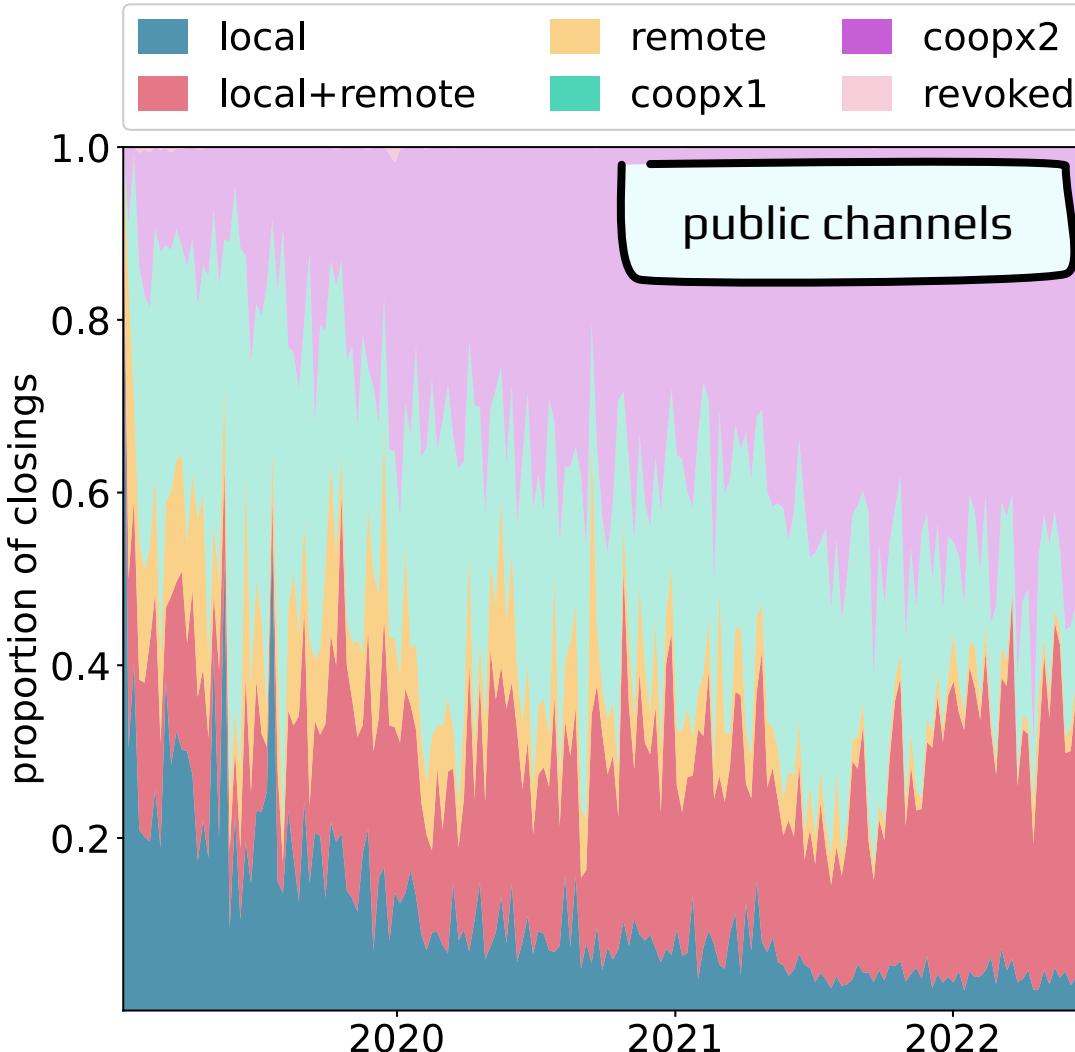
# Public channels have longer lifetimes than private channels



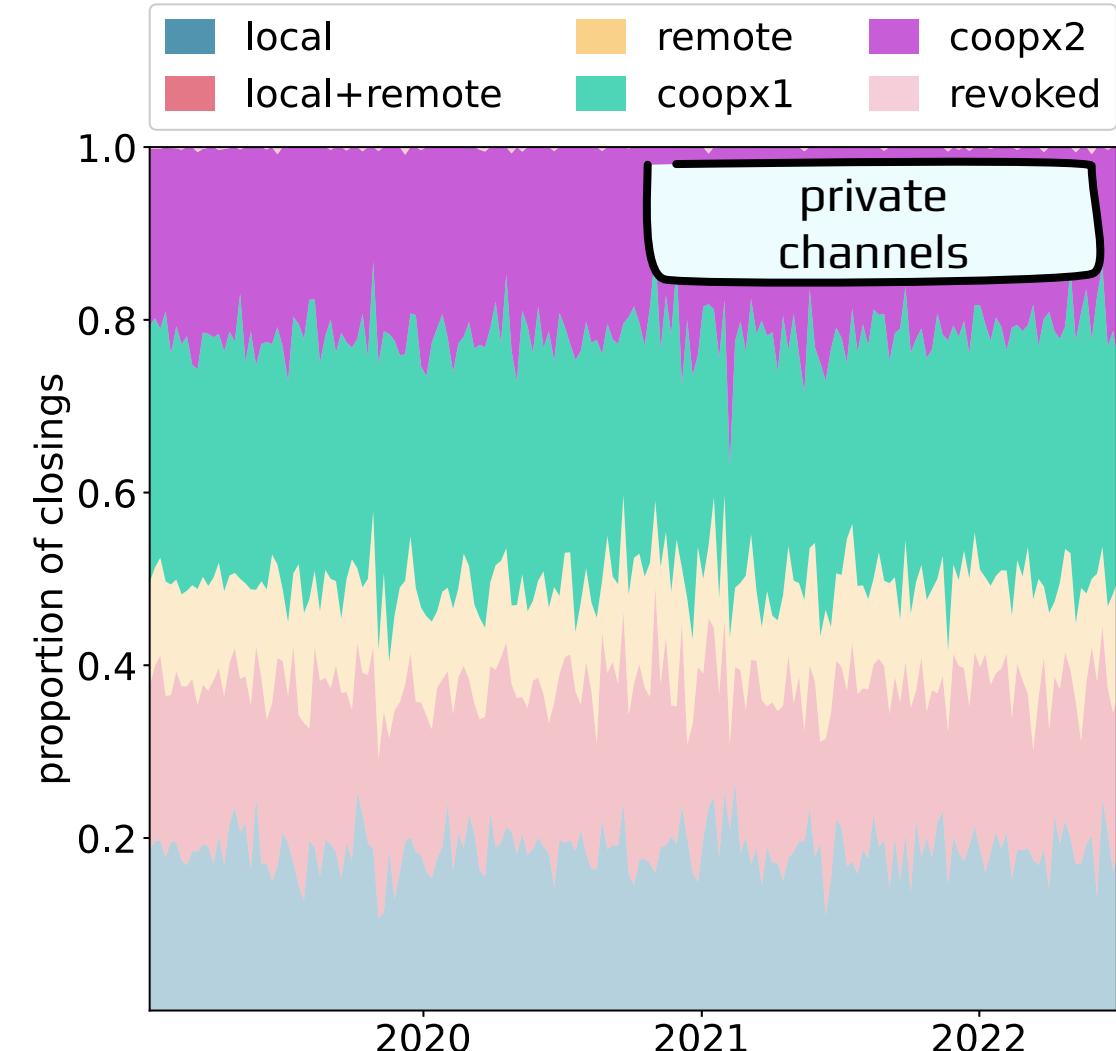
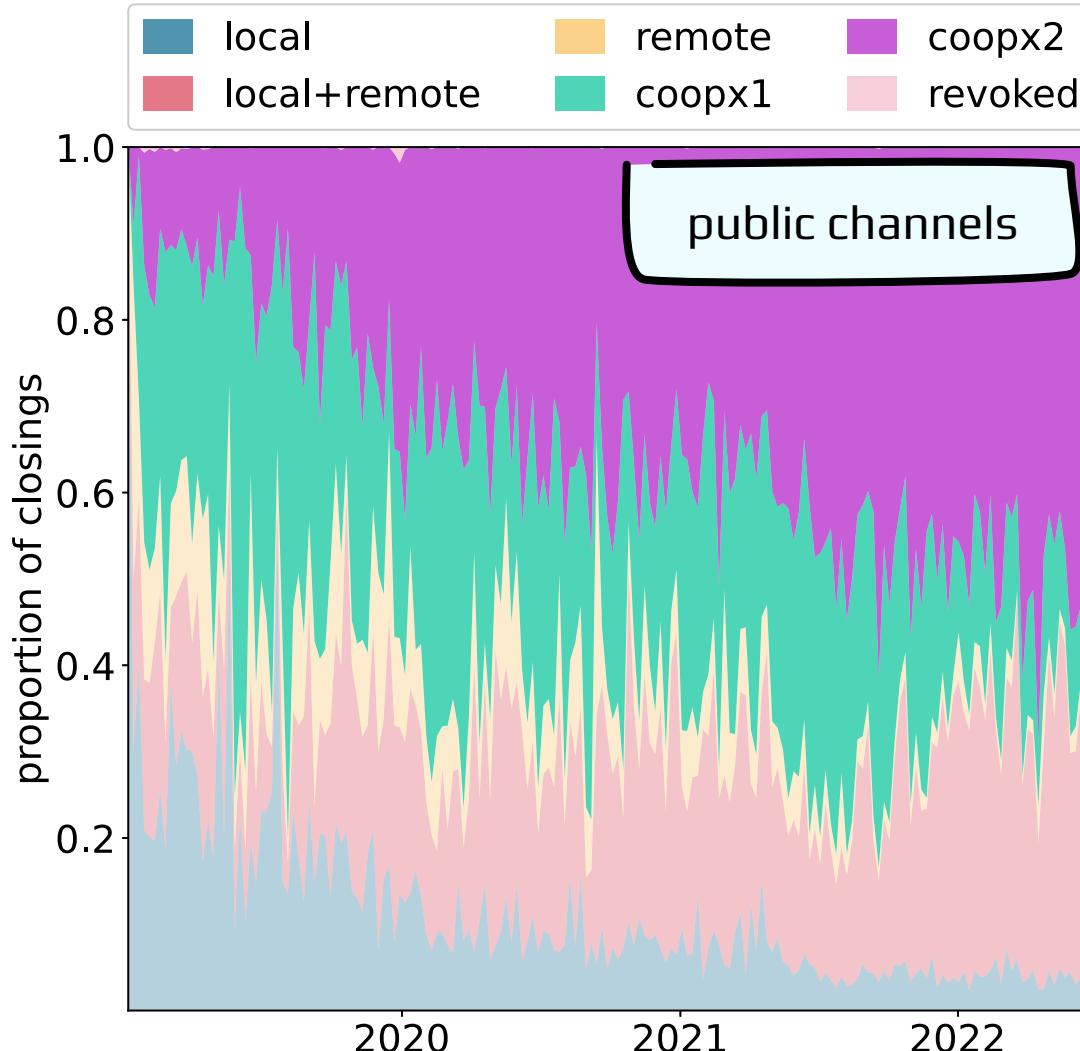
# Channel closing outputs



# Channel closing outputs: unilateral closing

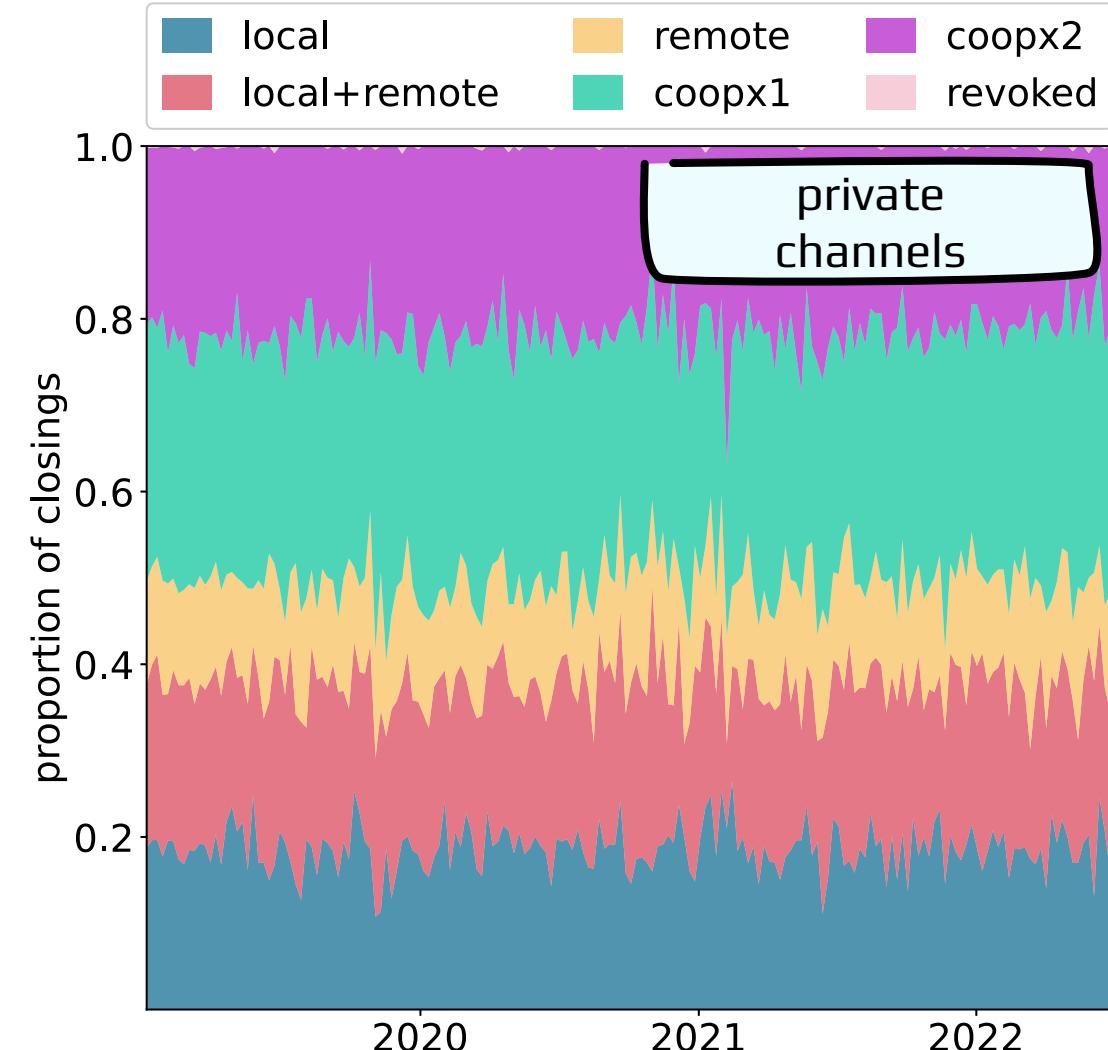
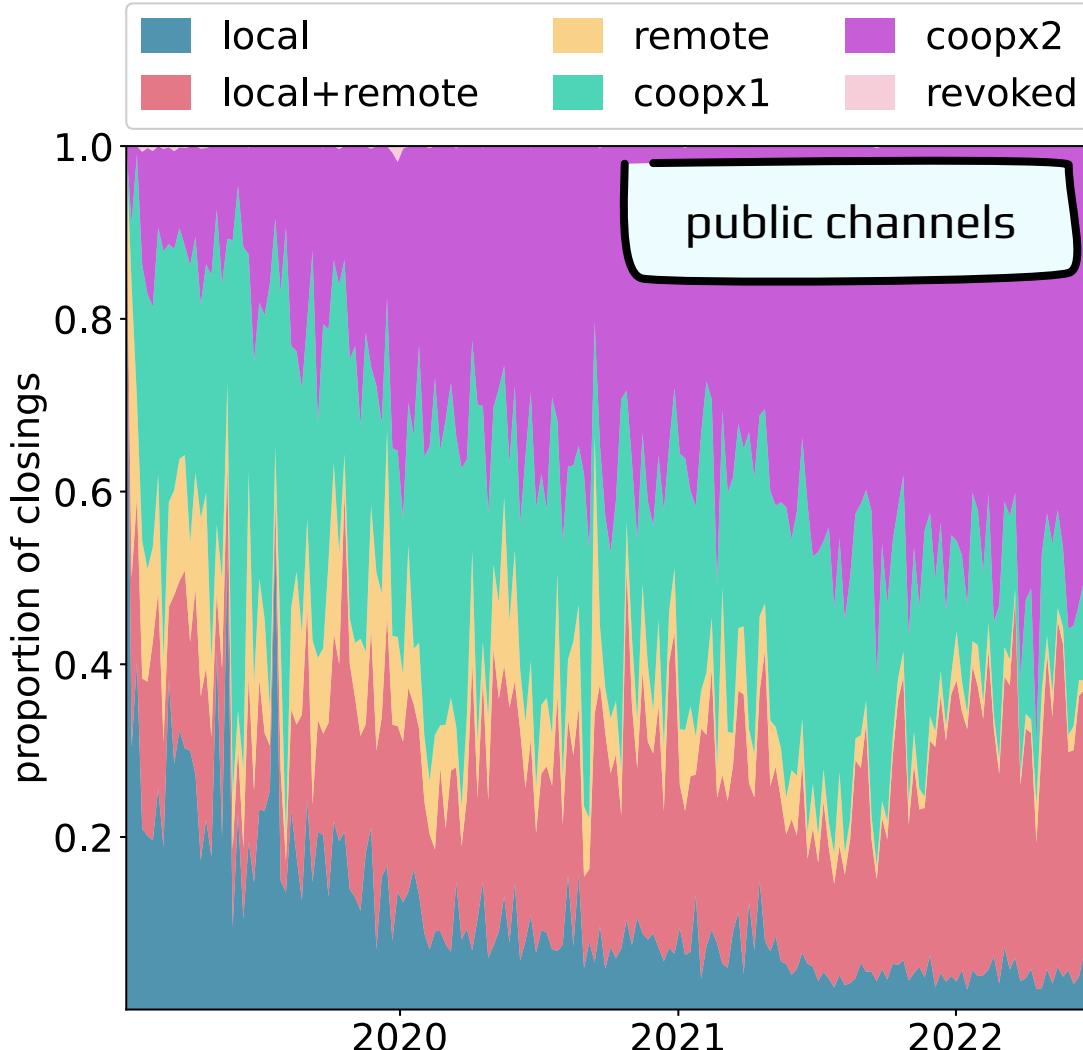


# Channel closing outputs: cooperative closing

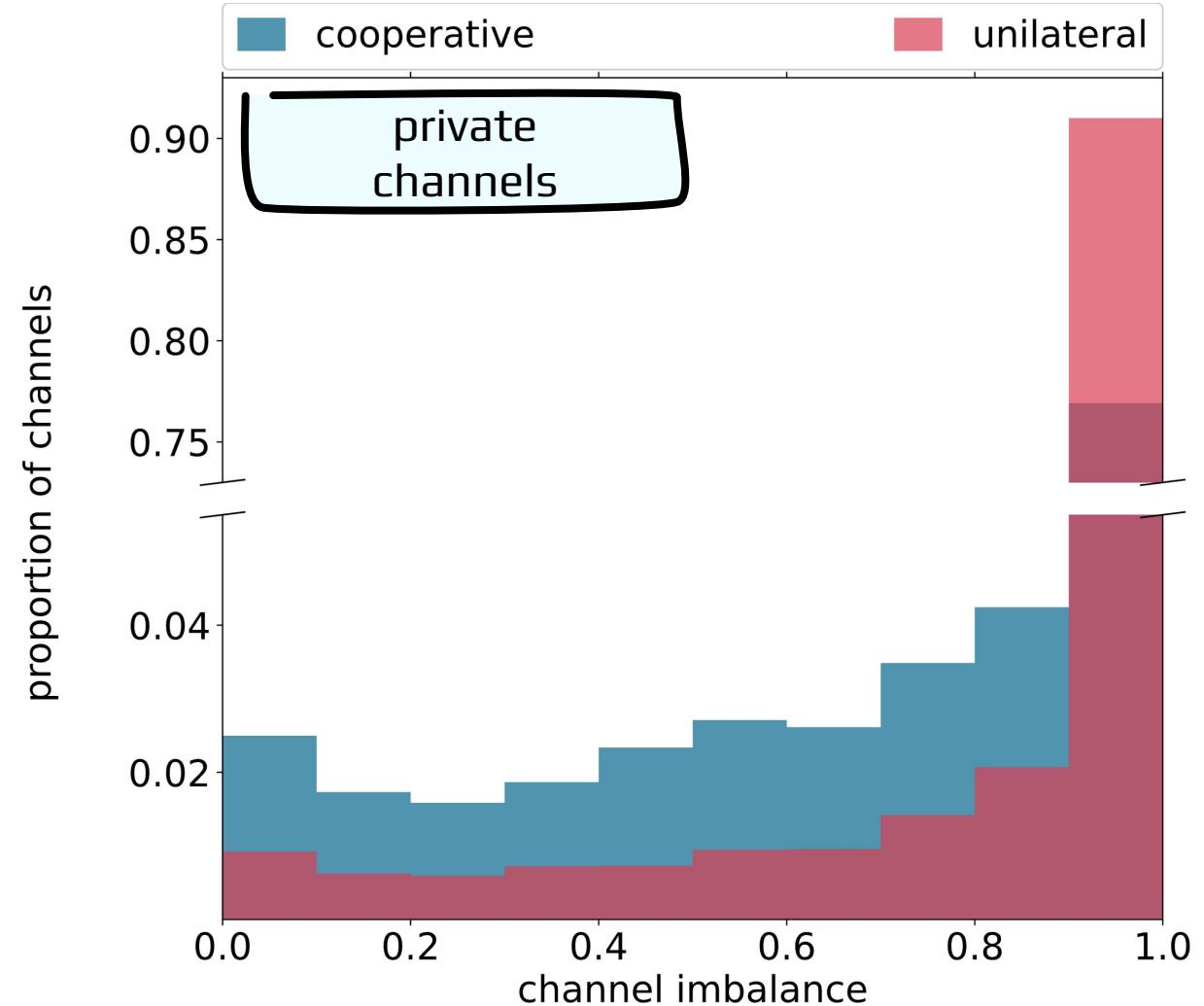
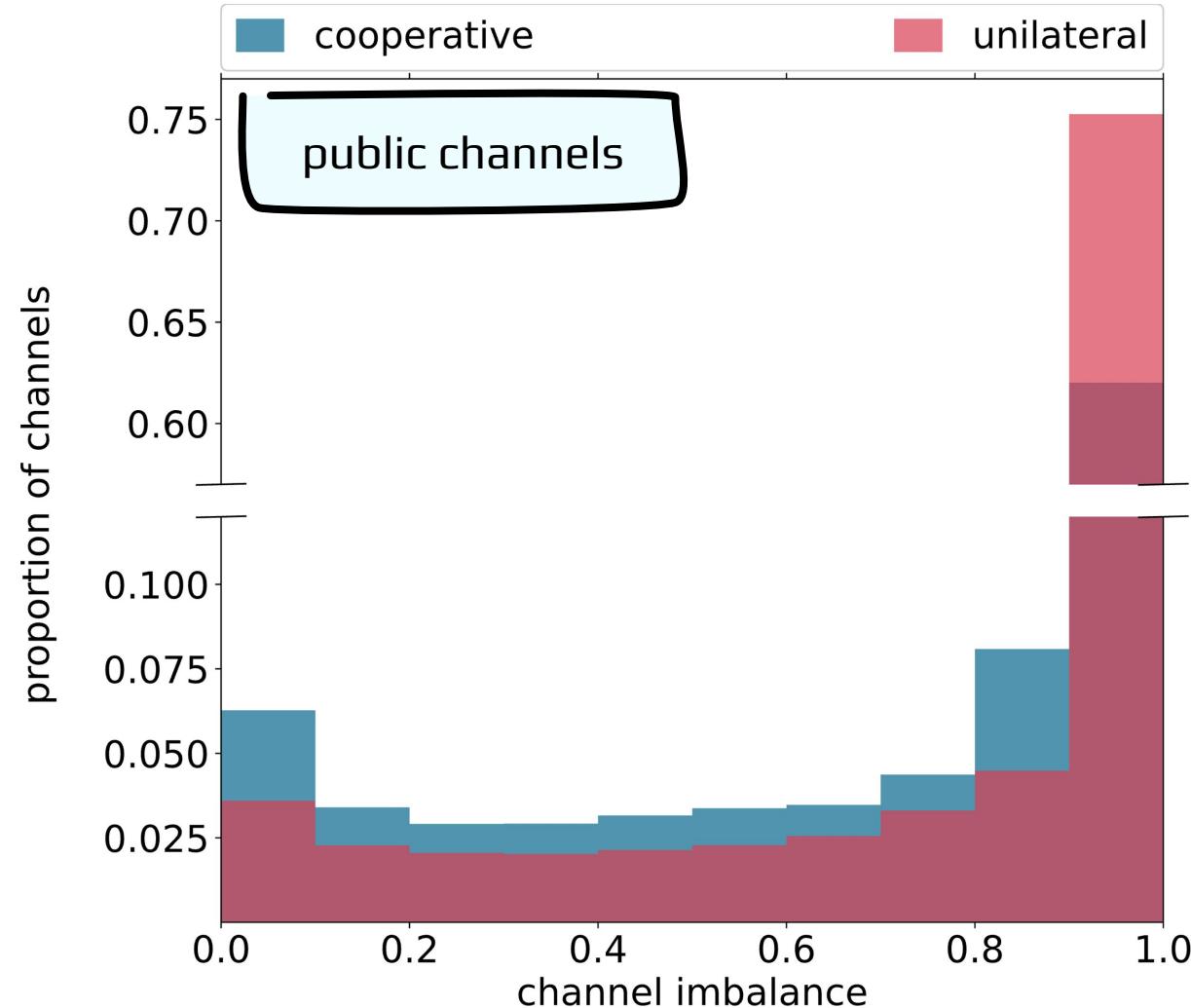


# Channel closing outputs

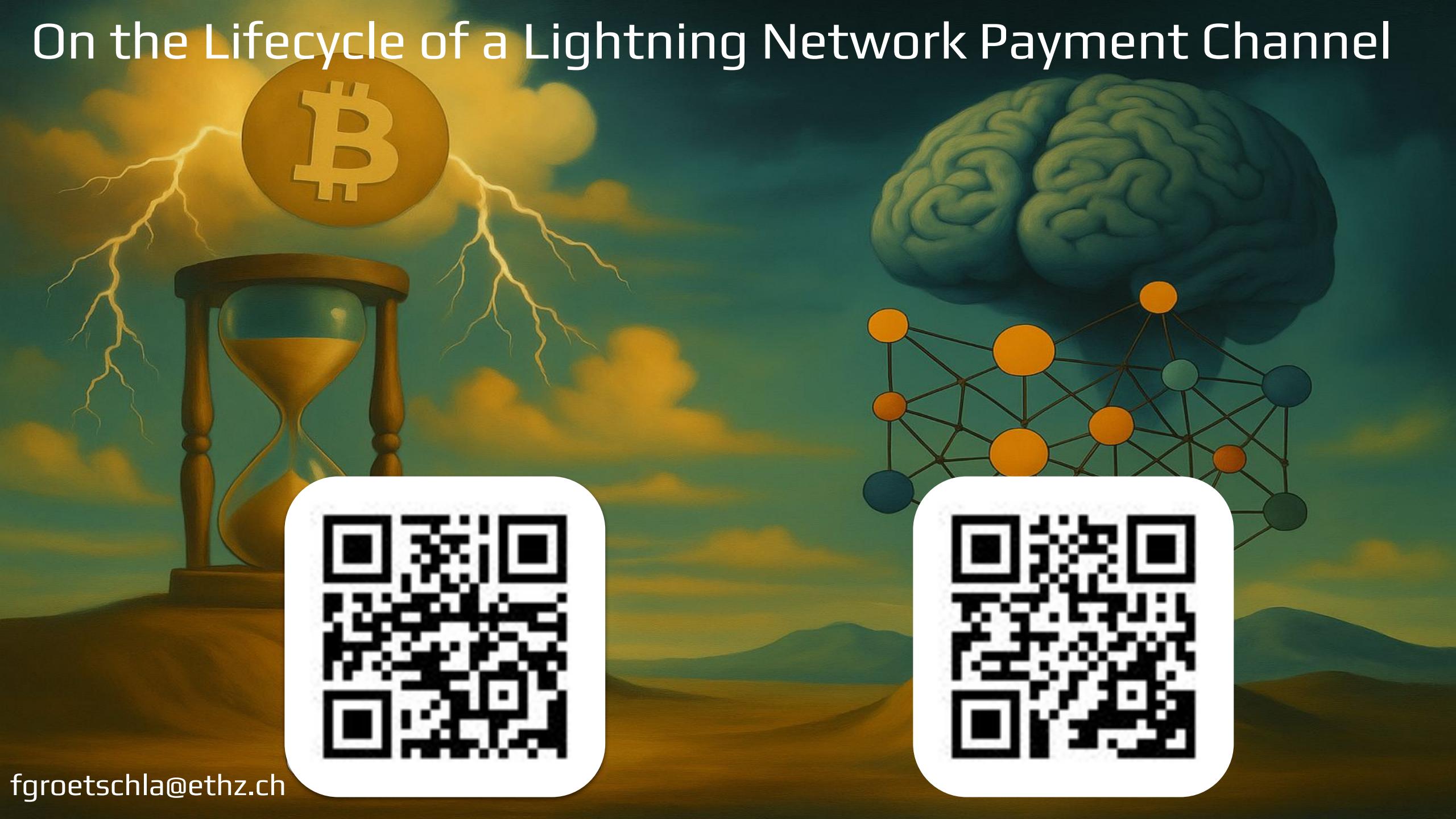
revocations are extremely rare



# Channels are highly unbalanced at closing, especially unilaterally closed channels



# On the Lifecycle of a Lightning Network Payment Channel



fgroetschla@ethz.ch