```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <ctype.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <limits.h>
#ifndef __LINKEDLIST_H
#define __LINKEDLIST_H
 * A doubly linked-list node.
typedef struct ll_node_s {
    int value;
    struct ll_node_s *prev;
    struct ll_node_s *next;
} ll node;
 * Returns a pointer to the first node of a list, given a pointer to any node
ll node *ll head(ll node *list);
* Returns a pointer to the last node of a list, given a pointer to any node * in the list. If the provided pointer is `NULL`, instead returns `NULL`.
ll_node *ll_tail(ll_node *list);
/**
 * in the list and 0 for `NULL`.
unsigned long ll_length(ll_node *list);
/**
\ast Given a pointer to a node in a list, returns a pointer to the first node \ast at or after that node which has the given `value`. If given `NULL`, or \ast if no such node exists, returns `NULL`.
ll_node *ll_find(ll_node *list, int value);
/**
 * Given a pointer to a node in a list, remove that node from the list,
 * `free`ing its memory in the process. Returns a pointer to the node that
* occupies the same position in the list that the removed node used to
occupy
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* (which may be `NULL` if the removed node was the last node in the list).
* If given `NULL`, this function does nothing and returns `NULL`.
ll_node *ll_remove(ll_node *list);
* inserts `value` immediately following the node pointed to by `list`; 
* otherwise inserts `value` immediately before that node. If `list` is NULL,
* the newly inserted node is the entire list. In all cases, the new node is * allocated using `malloc` and returned by the function.
ll_node *ll_insert(int value, ll_node *list, int before);
/**
* Displays the contents of the list separated by commas and surrounded by
* brackets, with the pointed-to node highlighted with asterisks.
void ll_show(ll_node *list);
#endif /* ifdef __LINKEDLIST_H */
ll_node *ll_head(ll_node *list){
    if(list == NULL)
         return NULL:
    while(list->prev != NULL)
         list = list->prev;
    return list; //returns the head node.
ll_node *ll_tail(ll_node *list){
    if(list == NULL)
         return NULL;
    while(list->next != NULL)
         list = list->next;
    return list; //returns the tail node.
void ll_show(ll_node *list) {
    ll_node *ptr = ll_head(list);
printf("%c", '[');
while(ptr) {
         if (ptr->prev) printf("%c", ',');
         printf(" %d", ptr->value);
// if (ptr == list) putchar('*');
         ptr = ptr->next;
    puts(" ]");
ll node *ll remove(ll node *list)
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```
ll_node *curN;
    if(list == NULL)
        return NULL;
    //removes the node
    //Singleton
    if(list->next == NULL && list->prev == NULL)
        curN = NULL;
    }
    else if(list->next == NULL){ //tail case
        curN = list->prev;
        list->prev->next = NULL;
        curN = NULL;
    }
    else if(list->prev == NULL)//head case
        curN = list->next;
        list->next->prev = list->prev;
    else //otherwise:
        curN = list->next;
        list->prev->next = list->next;
list->next->prev = list->prev;
    free(list);
    return curN;
ll_node *ll_pop(ll_node *list)
    //puts("pop method");
ll_node *curN;
    //puts("list before");
    if(list == NULL)
        return NULL;
    if(list->next == NULL && list->prev == NULL)
        //puts("Singly Node");
        curN = NULL;
    else{
        while(list->next != NULL) //Move to the head of the list.
             list = list->next;
        curN = list->prev;
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list->prev->next = NULL; //Set the next node's prev to NULL
    // puts("list after");
// ll_show(list);
free(list);
    // puts("list after free");
// ll_show(list);
    return curN;
int ll_peek(ll_node *list)
    //ll_show(list);
// printf("%d\n", list—>value);
    return list->value;
ll_node *ll_insert(int value, ll_node *list, int before)
    //the new node
ll_node* new = (ll_node*)malloc(sizeof(ll_node));
    new->value = value;
    new->next = NULL;
    new->prev = NULL;
                       insert before/after head (crash)
    if(list == NULL)
        return new;
    else if(before < 1)</pre>
              //Insert after null
          list->next = new;
         if (list->next == NULL) //if the element is the tail
             new->prev = list;
             list->next = new;
             new->next = NULL;
         else if(list->prev == NULL)//if the element is the head
             new->prev = list;
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new->next = list->next;//list pointer exists (next)
             list->next->prev = new;
             list->next = new;
        }
        //Otherwise...
        else
             new->prev = list;
            new->next = list->next;//list pointer exists (next)
list->next->prev = new; //list->next pointer doesn't exist
             list->next = new;
        }
    }
    //need if statements head or tail for both insert cases
    else if(list->next == NULL)
        new->next = list;
        new->prev = list->prev;
        list->prev = new;
        list->prev->next = new;
    else if(list->prev == NULL)
        new->next = list;
        list->prev = new;
    }
    else
        //insert value BEFORE node
        new->next = list;
        new->prev = list->prev;
        list->prev->next = new;
        list->prev = new;
    }
    return new;
ll_node *ll_push(int value, ll_node *list){
    return ll_insert(value, list, 0);
```

```
int main(int argc, char const *argv[]){
     char buff[4096];
     size_t size = 4096;
int i;
     ll_node *stack;
     ll_node *temp;
     int count = 0;
     while(1) //EOF check
           if(read(0, buff, size) == 0)
                ll_show(stack);
                return 0;
           }
          // puts("Wow");
          char *string = strdup(buff);
          char *s;
           int num;
          char *t;
          int result;
           int op1;
          int op2;
          //Sort through the buffer.
while(( s = strsep(&string," ")) != NULL){
                // printf("s is (%s) \n", s);
if(strcmp(s," ") != 0 && strcmp(s,"") != 0 )
if(((num = strtol(s,&t,10)) != 0) || strcmp(s,"0") == 0 ||
strcmp(s,"0\n") == 0 || strcmp(s,"0 ") == 0 || strcmp(s,"0 \n") == 0 ||
strstr(s,"0") != NULL)
                           stack = ll_push(num, stack);
                           count += 1;
                     }
//Adding
else if(strcmp(s,"+") == 0 || strcmp(s,"+\n") == 0 ||
strcmp(s,"+ ") == 0 || strcmp(s,"+ \n") == 0)
                           if(count < 2)</pre>
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return 0;
                                                puts("Adding");
                         op2 = ll_peek(stack);
stack = ll_pop(stack);
                         op1 = ll_peek(stack);
                         stack = ll_pop(stack);
                         result = op1 + op2;
                         stack = ll_push(result,stack);
                                              puts("push result onto stack");
                         count-= 1;
else if(strcmp(s,"-") == 0 || strcmp(s,"-\n") == 0 ||
strcmp(s,"- ") == 0 || strcmp(s,"- \n") == 0)
                         if(count < 2)</pre>
                              return 0;
                         }
                         op2 = ll_peek(stack);
stack = ll_pop(stack);
                         op1 = ll_peek(stack);
                         stack = ll pop(stack);
                                               printf("op1 = %d \ n", op1);
                         result = op1 - op2;
                         stack = ll_push(result, stack);
                         count-= 1;
//Multiplying
else if(strcmp(s,"*") == 0 || strcmp(s,"*\n") == 0 ||
strcmp(s,"* ") == 0 || strcmp(s,"* \n") == 0)
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if(count < 2)</pre>
                             return 0;
                                             puts("Mult.");
                        op2 = ll_peek(stack);
stack = ll_pop(stack);
                        op1 = ll_peek(stack);
                        stack = ll_pop(stack);
                        result = op1 * op2;
                        stack = ll_push(result, stack);
                        // puts("push result onto stack");
// ll_show(stack);
                        count-= 1;
else if(strcmp(s,"/") == 0 || strcmp(s,"/\n") == 0 ||
strcmp(s,"/ ") == 0 || strcmp(s,"/\n") == 0)
                        if(count < 2)</pre>
                                           ll_show(stack);
                             return 0;
                        }
                        op2 = ll_peek(stack);
stack = ll_pop(stack);
                        op1 = ll_peek(stack);
                        stack = ll pop(stack);
                                       ll_show(stack);
                                     printf("op1 = %d \ n", op1);
                        result = op1 / op2;
                        stack = ll_push(result, stack);
                        // puts("push result onto stack");
// ll_show(stack);
                        count = 1;
                   else{
                          ll_show(stack);
                        return 0;
```

```
}
}//ends big if statement
memset(buff,0,strlen(buff));
}
// ll_show(stack);
}
return 0;
}
```